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ABSTRACT

To provide federal, state, and local health agencies with information needed to achieve the national objectives of improving health, assisting families to escape poverty, and providing parents with freedom of choice in determining the number and spacing of their children, information was collected from 3,072 United States counties. Data from a variety of public and professional sources and from surveys conducted in 1969 requesting data on numbers of patients served are summarized into 34 categories of service, need, and demographic, health, and resource information, for selected counties, cities, states, or regions. In 1968 there were an estimated 5,367,000 medically indigent women of childbearing age in need of subsidized family planning services, but only 773,000 (less than 15 percent) were reported as patients in public and private health agencies offering planning services. Services were identified in 1,200 of the 3,072 counties with 200 counties serving 1,000 or more patients and the remaining 1,000 counties serving less than 500 patients. Approximately 41 percent of the patients received services from the public health department, 27 percent from public and voluntary hospitals, 27 percent from Planned Parenthood Affiliates, and 5 percent from other agencies. These and other data are provided in tabular and chart form. (SB)

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Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: United States, Each State and County, 1968

Summary for the U.S., each region, state and county; of need for subsidized family planning services; current service levels; related health, social and demographic indices; and available resources for expansion of family planning programs.

A Report Produced by
Center for Family Planning Program Development
The Technical Assistance Division of
Planned Parenthood-World Population

for the
Family Planning Program
Office of Health Affairs
Office of Economic Opportunity
Executive Office of the President

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE
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PREFACES

Family Planning and the Poor

Gary D. London, M.D., *Director*, Health Services Office,
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(1967-69)

Nearly five years ago the federal government, through the Office of Economic Opportunity, made its first experimental grant to a family planning project. It was a modest grant ($8,000) to a fairly small community (Corpus Christi, Texas). But this little publicized, first exploratory effort of OEO to bring what the United Nations has subsequently defined as a "basic human right" to poor women in a small Texas city opened the way for today's federal investment of more than $30 million in family planning services for the poor – nearly half of it through the Office of Economic Opportunity.

Today it is generally recognized that full and free access to voluntary family planning services is one of the most effective avenues for escape from poverty, as well as for improving the total health of mothers and children. It is recognized not only by academics, lawmakers and government officials, but – most important – by poor people themselves. For it has been the initiative of the poor, through their local Community Action Agencies, which has been primarily responsible for the growth in the number of OEO's family planning projects from 14 in five states in 1965, to over 230 in 42 states and Puerto Rico today.

And it was the clear evidence that the poor wanted modern family planning services and would use them effectively to achieve their own desires to have less children than they were having that led the Congress to declare family planning a Special Emphasis Program of the War on Poverty and a high priority program in maternal and child health services of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

Today, I am pleased to say, a number of federal agencies are supporting the development of family planning programs in the U.S. The Children's Bureau of DHEW has recently allocated some $12 million for family planning projects in 79 cities. In addition DHEW Maternity and Infant Care Projects, Model City programs, the Indian Health Service of HSMHA and the Department of Defense are all providing at least some services in this area. Federally sponsored research efforts to improve contraception also have increased considerably.

OEO is proud of its role in stimulating the initiation of federally funded services for poor women in many communities, just as we are proud of having pioneered the first comprehensive neighborhood health centers (48 of them), the training and utilization of indigenous health workers to reach out into proverty communities, and the general involvement of poor people in making their own decisions about programs involving their lives and health. A Presidential Committee on Population and Family Planning recommended last January that the federal government rapidly increase its expenditures for OEO, DHEW and other federally funded family planning services until an annual outlay of $150 million is reached to serve five million women. It declared that the accomplishment of this goal would require "the active participation of private physicians, hospitals, health departments, voluntary agencies, anti-poverty programs and welfare departments," and acknowledged that a variety of complementary federal programs would be needed to activate these diverse groups.

Money, of course, is an essential ingredient in supplying voluntary family planning services to all who want and need them. But there are other problems, too. Enthusiasm, for example, might be enough to advance a program carried out by a single agency in a small community serving a few hundred women. But there is a significant difference in scale – and complexity – when one talks about a program designed to serve some five million women throughout the country that will coordinate and enhance the efforts of numerous governmental and voluntary agencies and institutions on national, state, county and local levels. Enthusiasm alone will not suffice.

The Center for Family Planning Program Development was commissioned to undertake this study of national family planning need, services and resources to help create the information base necessary for effective program planning in today's complex and challenging situation. Such data have been collected for each of the country's 3,072 counties for the fiscal year 1968. Thirty-six categories of service, need, demographic, health and resource information are published in the main table of this report; and many more are published here for selected counties, cities, states or regions. Such a study is a vital first step toward intelligent planning and implementation of effective, efficient and coordinated family planning programs.

It is only, of course, a first step. The study itself uncovers numerous inconsistencies, duplications and lacunae in the service data currently being reported; therefore, for effective planning and program development, there must be established a national system for reporting service statistics which is consistent, accurate and relevant.

Nearly two years ago, the OEO began to investigate ways of providing systematic program reporting from the projects it funded. More recently, as the result of discussions with the Children's Bureau, the Health Services and Mental Health Administration and Planned Parenthood, it was agreed that a national system for reporting service statistics would be designed and operated by the National Center for Health Statistics. OEO and Children's Bureau projects are now beginning to participate in an interim system, anticipating the installation of a fully developed national system early in 1970 which will include most government-funded and voluntary agency family planning clinics in the country.

But to call this study a first step is not to minimize it. The estimates which appear here are the first ever assembled for the nation as a whole, and for individual regions, states and counties. They provide a basis, albeit an approximation, for moving ahead rapidly to achieve our national objectives.

Timetable for Action

George Contis, M.D., *Director*, Family Planning Program
Office of Health Affairs, Office of Economic Opportunity

In his July 18, 1969 message to Congress on Population and Family Planning, President Nixon clearly expressed his concern over the population growth in this country and abroad. He noted that though the present U.S. growth rate of about one percent was not as great as that of developing nations, it presented a serious challenge for our society. At a time when this nation is renewing its efforts to ensure that its resources are available to all its citizens, the President's message has particular significance.

As President Nixon pointed out, our social institutions must keep pace with the demands of a steadily increasing population. Program planning in the vital areas of education, housing, urban development, and health must receive increased emphasis. As an integral part of any health care program, family planning information and services must be made available to all those who want and need them. The President has called for the accomplishment of this task within the next five years, recognizing family planning as one of the surest and least costly ways of breaking the poverty cycle.

It is for this reason that "Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: United States, Each State and County, 1968" is an especially important report. For the first time, need for family planning services on a *county by county* basis is described. Health officials, private organizations, and all those interested in this problem will find the information extremely valuable in mapping a course of action to bring family planning to those among the poor who want it. The report is a milestone in the family planning effort in this country.

Section I

Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: United States, Each State and County, 1968

SECTION I. NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES: UNITED STATES, EACH STATE AND COUNTY, 1968

INTRODUCTION

Federal support of family planning programs, administered by the Office of Economic Opportunity (OEO) and the Department of Health, Education and Welfare (DHEW), has three objectives: To improve the health of the American people, to assist families to escape from poverty, and to provide parents with freedom of choice in determining the number and spacing of their children. Since public policy on family planning began to shift in the early 1960s, the number of governmental and private sector health agencies involved in the family planning field has increased rapidly. In 1967 family planning was articulated as national policy when Congress adopted the Economic Opportunity Amendments designating family planning as a "special emphasis" component of the anti-poverty program.* Congress also amended the Child Health Act of 1967 to earmark for family planning service projects not less than six percent of the funds appropriated for maternal and child health programs administered by the Children's Bureau, DHEW, to require the states to extend family planning services progressively throughout their jurisdictions by 1975, and to require the states to offer and provide family planning services to all appropriate public assistance recipients.** These enactments made explicit for the first time the national commitment to provide modern voluntary family planning services to all Americans who need and want them, particularly to those who cannot afford private medical care.

To achieve these objectives of national policy, federal, state and local health agencies, public and private, have a need for basic information for use in program planning. Such information should estimate the size of the population in need of subsidized family planning services, approximate the level of services currently being provided and identify existing health and related resources which might participate in an expanded program. This report, based on all available information, seeks to provide such estimates for fiscal year 1968 (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968). It is one of a series produced by the Center for Family Planning Program Development, the Technical Assistance Division of Planned Parenthood-World Population, to provide program planning information useful for the expansion of family planning services. The study on which it is based is supported by a contract from the Office of Economic Opportunity (No. B 89-4588).

A substantial body of information was assembled for each of the 3,072 U.S. counties. The data include: Population estimates; income levels; health, demographic and social indices (such as infant mortality rates, numbers of infant deaths, births, birth rates, and fertility rates); existing health resources; available federal programs; and current family planning service levels. (For definitions, sources and limitations of data included in this report, see Section III.)

In addition to collecting existing information from a variety of public and professional sources and organizing it to facilitate a summary assessment of the situation in each county, the Center conducted surveys early in 1969 of all identifiable organized family planning programs requesting data on numbers of patients served. Programs surveyed included clinics operated by public health departments, public and voluntary hospitals, local groups affiliated with Planned Parenthood-World Population and other agencies. The completion rate for these surveys was close to 100 percent, although there was wide variation in the quality of data received. (See Section III-D.) A broader array of information relevant to family planning needs, service levels and actual and potential service resources for all counties and states and for the nation as a whole has thus been assembled than has heretofore been available.

The report presents and analyzes service data as reported directly to the Center for Family Planning Program Development by hospitals, Planned Parenthood Affiliates and other service agencies; state health departments reported service data for the county health units under their jurisdiction. These data are approximations which are as accurate as the state of local recordkeeping will permit at this time. Wherever possible, the figure reported by the service agency was accepted and entered into the file; follow-up queries clarified some ambiguities. Many of the service agencies do not keep records which enable them to distinguish numbers of patients served from clinic visits; their estimates of patients served, therefore, were generally recorded, although, in some cases, it was necessary to translate the visit data supplied into an approximate number of patients.

All service reports, clinic locations and sponsorships for each county were entered on a county worksheet which facilitated sorting out of obvious reporting duplication. Such duplication sometimes occurred when more than one agency (e.g., a health department and hospital) shared responsibility for providing the service at a particular location, and both reported the patients served at that location. While it was possible to deduct apparent duplications from each county's service total, the information available was not sufficient to determine which agency was primarily responsible for providing the services. Thus the county's overall service figure was corrected but the duplicated patients were not ascribed to one or another of the service agencies. Instead, each agency's column in the file shows the number of patients claimed by the agency in its report.

Less obvious duplication, however, could not be eliminated. Nor did the data permit classification of patients served by agencies other than Planned Parenthood according to medical indigency status. For these reasons, the number of medically indigent family planning patients reported as served by organized clinics in FY 1968 is probably overestimated. (For a discussion of the methods employed to analyze and interpret the survey responses, see Section III-D).

The report does not attempt to estimate how many low-income women received family planning care in FY 1968 through private physicians, either at no charge, financed with their own funds or through such public programs as Medicaid. No systematic data exist with which to estimate this number nationally, much less for each county; fragmentary data from Medicaid programs in several states suggest that less than ten percent of low-income women may have effective access to private physicians for family planning care. (See discussion below.)

Nor does the report attempt to deal with the issue of the quality of services rendered in existing programs, or of continuity of care and of fertility control practice. These related questions are of considerable significance in assessing the impact of any family planning program. In the light of the current state of recordkeeping in the field, it is virtually impossible to secure national data relevant to these issues from the diverse family planning service agencies. Until there is a more uniform national recordkeeping and reporting system, quality and continuity of care will more feasibly be assessed in special local studies. A national study of this kind can presently estimate only the extent to which programs have been successful in at least enrolling the population in need. This is a necessary first step toward systematic evaluation of any program.

Fertility Control and the Poor

Demographic studies illustrate two aspects of the fertility behavior of the poor: 1) They appear to be considerably less successful than higher-income couples in having only the number of children they want; 2) many already use *some* methods of fertility control, but often these are the most ineffective ones.

The disparity between high and low-income couples in fertility control has been amply documented. Despite the expressed preferences of both groups for an average of three children, the non-poor had an average annual fertility rate in 1960-65 of 98.1 births per

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* P.L. 90-222, Title II, Sec. 222a.

** P.L. 90-248, Title V, Secs. 502, 505a, 508a; Title IV, Sec. 201a.

1,000 women aged 15-44, while the poor and near-poor had a rate of 152.5 – a rate 55 percent higher.* The effects of this disparity can be seen in the profile of U.S. poverty: Nearly half of the children in poverty in 1966 were growing up in families with five or more children under 18; and the risk of poverty increased rapidly from nine percent for one-child families to 42 percent for families with six or more children.**

Even these recent high fertility rates of the poor, however, are considerably lower than the rates that would be expected if the poor made no effort to control fertility. National studies*** demonstrate that many low-income couples attempt to practice fertility control, but most of them have to rely heavily on the least effective non-medical techniques. From studies of medical care for the poor, it seems probable that even those who do use the more effective methods have had inadequate medical consultation and instruction and continue to have only sporadic contact with qualified physicians. The 55 percent difference in fertility rates between poor and non-poor seems to stem largely from this considerable difference in the means of fertility control to which the poor have had access.

The objective of national policy is to remedy this inequity by providing low-income couples with effective access to the same modern methods of fertility control which higher income Americans enjoy. The need for family planning assistance among low-income couples who are already attempting to control their fertility may appear less absolute than for those who do not yet practice any form of family limitation and spacing. These couples, however, must be considered as part of the universe of need since they require either access to the more effective medical techniques or more adequate medical supervision to insure safety and efficacy. To do otherwise would be to perpetuate ineffective fertility control practices – under inadequate or no medical supervision – among poor Americans.

A Note on Terminology

In this report, a number of concepts are presented which may be relatively unfamiliar. Full definitions are presented in Section III; to facilitate reading, following are brief definitions of major terms:

Medically Indigent Women in Need of Subsidized Family Planning Services is used throughout the report to denote all low-income women of reproductive age who are at risk of pregnancy and are not sterile, pregnant or seeking a desired pregnancy. This group is also referred to as "women in need" and the "total in need".

A Family Planning Service is defined in this study as the provision of any medical means by which conception is prevented or postponed. (It is also called fertility regulation, contraception, birth control and planned parenthood, and includes the rhythm method.)

A Family Planning Patient is defined as a person reported as receiving *a family planning service* from an organized program.

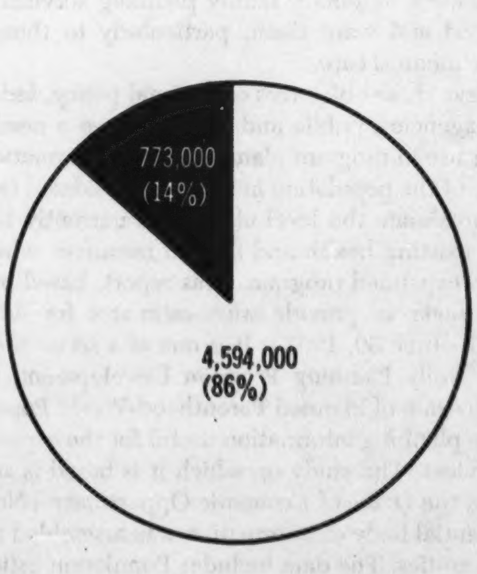
A Family Planning Program is defined as any identifiable arrangement through which an agency provides *family planning services.*

Unmet Need or *Medically Indigent Women in Need of Subsidized Family Planning Services Not Served,* are the total number of women in need minus the adjusted total number of patients reported as receiving services in FY 1968 from organized programs. This group is also referred to in the text and tables as the "unserved"; the proportion that they represent of all women in need is called the "percent unserved" or "percent of unmet need".

The Medically Indigent, as used in this report, is an approximation of the number who fall below the poverty and near-poverty levels formulated by the Social Security Administration. The term is used in the report interchangeably with "poor" and "low-income".

Resources—Since family planning is a health service, the foundation of any expanded program consists primarily of the community's *health resources,* i.e., hospitals, health departments, comprehensive health centers, medical schools, voluntary health agencies, physicians and such programs as OEO-funded family planning projects and Maternity and Infant Care projects. In addition, a key administrative, funding or catalytic role in developing programs may be undertaken by the community's *organizational resources,* such as Community Action Agencies or Model City programs. The report and tables summarize for each county these resources which may be potentially available for the development of family planning programs.

Figure 1 5.4 Million Women Estimated to Be in Need of Subsidized Family Planning Services, and Unmet Need, FY 1968.



Number of Medically Indigent Women (000s):

■ Reported as Receiving Family Planning Services From All Known Public and Private Agencies

□ Not Reported as Receiving Family Planning Services

NATIONAL OVERVIEW

In FY 1968, there were an estimated 5,367,000 medically indigent women of childbearing age in need of subsidized family planning services in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. They represented one out of every five U.S. women of reproductive age who in 1968 needed protection against unwanted pregnancy. The estimate of 5,367,000 was obtained by applying the Dryfoos-Polgar-Varky formula (see Section III-C) to Census Bureau estimates of the number of women aged 15-44 in 1966 in each county. It is the residual number of women after subtracting from the total number of low-income women of childbearing age an estimate of those who are sterile, pregnant or seeking a desired pregnancy. The estimating method assumes that low-income parents want to have the average of three children that they, like other Americans, say they prefer, and that they would be potential family planning patients only when they are not having or seeking these desired pregnancies.

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* A. A. Campbell, "The Role of Family Planning in the Reduction of Poverty," *Journal of Marriage and the Family,* 30:236, May 1968.

** M. Orshansky, "The Shape of Poverty in 1966," *Social Security Bulletin,* March 1968.

*** Cf. P. K. Whelpton, A. A. Campbell and J. E. Patterson, *Fertility and Family Planning in the United States,* Princeton, 1966; and R. Freedman, P. K. Whelpton, and A. A. Campbell, *Family Planning, Sterility and Population Growth,* McGraw Hill, 1959.

In FY 1968 only 773,000 women were reported as patients of all known public and private sector health agencies which offered family planning. This represents less than 15 percent of all who needed these services. About 4,594,000 women, or 85.6 percent of the total in need, remained unserved (Figure 1, previous page).

For each county and state, detailed data on estimated family planning need and service levels, selected health and demographic indices, and existing and potential resources which might be available for program expansion are presented in Table 1 (Section II).

In the country as a whole, some family planning services, provided either by public or voluntary hospitals, health departments, Planned Parenthood Affiliates or other agencies, were identified in 1,200 counties. The aggregate figure, however, tends to create a misleading impression of a much broader availability of family planning service than is actually the case. In the overwhelming majority of these counties, the number of patients served is so minimal that these counties can hardly be described as having programs that make subsidized family planning services available. Indeed, in almost 1,000 of these 1,200 counties, the FY 1968 programs reported serving less than 500 patients or could provide no service figures at all.* (It is of interest that in more than half of the 130 counties which report serving 1,000 or more patients, there were OEO family planning projects in FY 1968.) The scope of existing programs is illustrated in Table A which aggregates the service figures reported by *all* agencies in these counties, and in Figure 2 (below and right column).

Figure 2 1,200 Counties with Identifiable Family Planning Programs, by Number of Patients Served, All Agencies, FY 1968

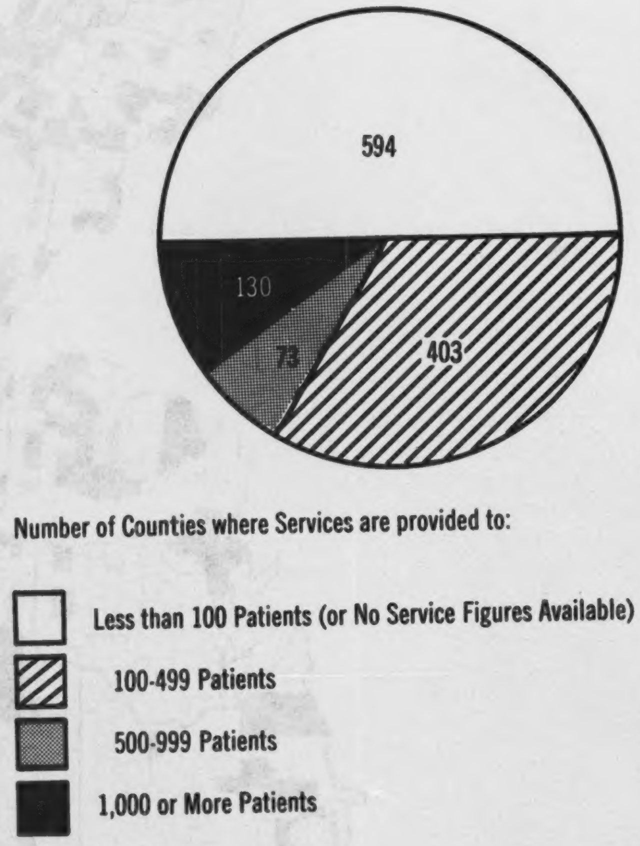

TABLE A. FAMILY PLANNING NEED, SERVICES AND UNMET NEED IN 3,072 U.S. COUNTIES, BY NUMBER OF PATIENTS REPORTED SERVED IN IDENTIFIABLE PROGRAMS, ALL AGENCIES, FY 1968

			Identifiable Programs, by Number of Patients Served							
	Total	No Identifiable Program	Total	No Service Figures Available	Less than 10	10-49	50-99	100-499	500-999	1,000 or More
Counties (Number)	3,072	1,872	1,200	122	63	215	194	403	73	130
Cumulative %	—	—	100%	10.2	15.4.	33.3	49.5	83.1	89.2	100.0
Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	5,366.7	1,429.7	3,937.0	179.5	52.5	232.5	255.5	915.4	340.9	1,960.7
Medically Indigent Women Served (000s)	773.1	—	773.1	Unknown	.3	6.3	14.0	90.1	50.4	612.0
Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	4,593.6	1,429.7	3,163.9	Unknown	52.2	226.2	241.5	825.3	290.5	1,348.7
Percent Unserved	85.6	100	80.3	—	99.4	97.2	95.0	90.2	85.2	68.8

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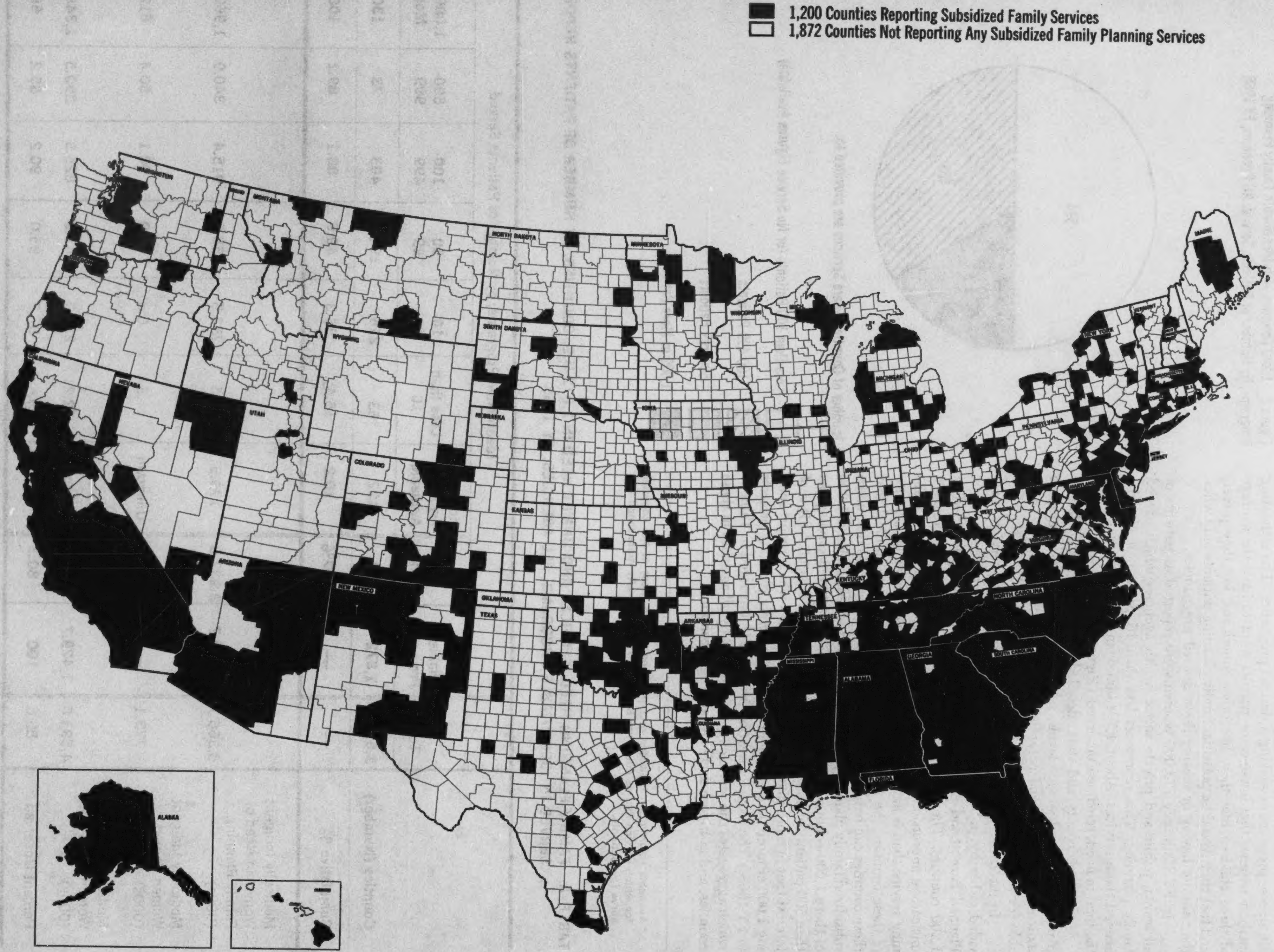
* Available information indicates that the programs in most of the counties for which service figures could not be secured are generally quite small and serve few patients.

Figure 3 Reported Subsidized Family Planning Services in the United States: 3,072 Counties


■ 1,200 Counties Reporting Subsidized Family Services
□ 1,872 Counties Not Reporting Any Subsidized Family Planning Services
WASHINGTON
OREGON
CALIFORNIA
NEVADA
IDAHO
MONTANA
WYOMING
UTAH
ARIZONA
COLORADO
NEW MEXICO
NORTH DAKOTA
SOUTH DAKOTA
NEBRASKA
KANSAS
OKLAHOMA
TEXAS
MINNESOTA
IOWA
MISSOURI
ARKANSAS
LOUISIANA
WISCONSIN
ILLINOIS
MICHIGAN
INDIANA
OHIO
KENTUCKY
TENNESSEE
MISSISSIPPI
ALABAMA
GEORGIA
FLORIDA
SOUTH CAROLINA
NORTH CAROLINA
VIRGINIA
WEST VIRGINIA
MARYLAND
PENNSYLVANIA
NEW YORK
NEW JERSEY
VERMONT
NEW HAMPSHIRE
MAINE
ALASKA
HAWAII

About all that can be said for most of these counties, therefore, is that as of FY 1968, only a tentative beginning had been made toward providing family planning services to the population in need.

In the remaining 1,872 counties – more than 60 percent of all U.S. counties – there were no identifiable family planning programs of any kind. These counties accounted for an estimated 1,430,000 women in need, or nearly one-third of all medically indigent women who were still without access to modern family planning services (Figure 3, previous page).

Comparison with Previous Estimates

The FY 1968 service total of 773,000 patients in all public and private sector agencies is substantially lower than previous estimates. For example, the Bureau of the Budget projected from DHEW estimates a figure of one million low-income patients served in FY 1968;* the President's Committee on Population and Family Planning stated that the DHEW and OEO programs *alone* "now reach about one million needy women";** while an independent estimate made in the fall of 1968 put the total number of patients enrolled in *all* public and private sector programs at approximately 850,000.*** These earlier projections were based on aggregate national estimates while this report is based on detailed surveys of the state and local agencies providing services. In this study, each survey response was analyzed, an attempt was made to clarify ambiguities through queries to the service agency, and the most obvious reporting duplications were eliminated. The current report, therefore, is likely to present a more reliable estimate of the number of patients served in FY 1968.

As would be expected from previous reports,† the largest group of women in need of subsidized family planning services is located in metropolitan areas: 47.3 percent live in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas with more than 250,000 population and another 7.8 percent live in smaller SMSAs. The remainder, 44.9 percent, live in counties which are outside SMSAs. These non-metropolitan counties are not, however, synonymous with "rural" or "farm" areas; only one-fourth of the non-metropolitan women in need – or 600,000 – live in counties where more than 30 percent of the population live on farms.

In fiscal 1968, approximately 41 percent of all family planning patients were reported as receiving services from public health departments, 27 percent from public and voluntary hospitals, 27 percent from Planned Parenthood Affiliates, and five percent from other agencies (Figure 4, right column). This should be regarded as only an approximation of the actual distribution of services because of the duplication of reporting among agencies which jointly participate in providing services. This distribution should not be confused with the financing of these services which often tends to be complex; the OEO program, for example, operates through delegate agencies and provided major financial support in FY 1968 to 168 local family planning projects operated by most types of delivery agencies.

Figure 4 Approximate Distribution of Family Planning Services: Percent of Patients Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agency, FY 1968.

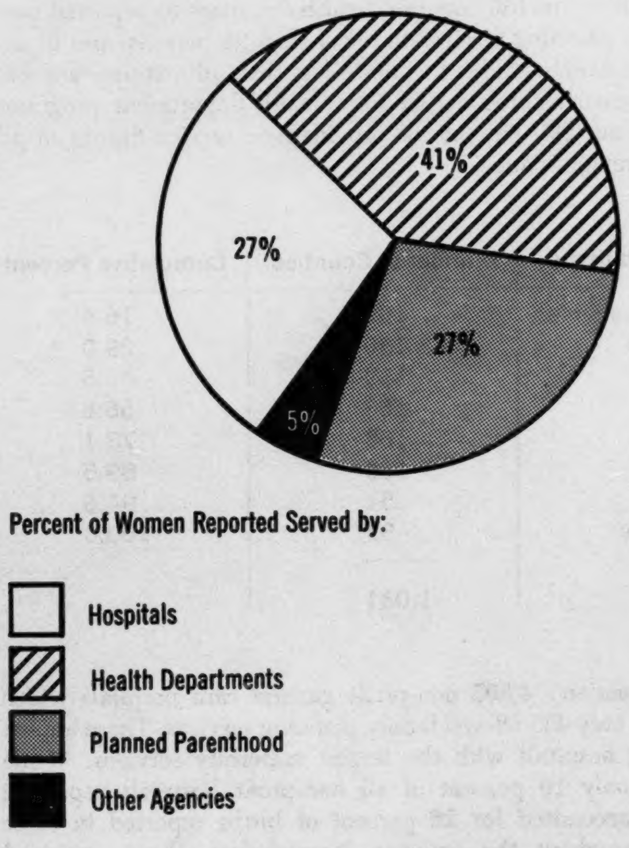
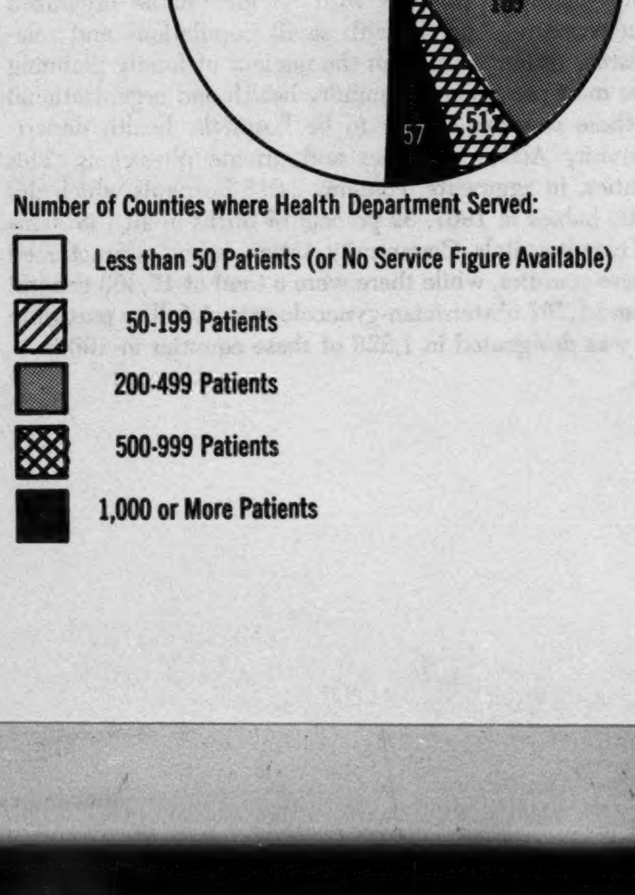


Figure 5 Number of Patients Reported Served in Health Department Family Planning Programs in 1,031 Counties, FY 1968



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* Bureau of the Budget, *Special Analysis of the FY 1970 Federal Budget*, pp. 166-7.

** President's Committee on Population and Family Planning, *Population and Family Planning—The Transition from Concern to Action*, November 1968, p. 16.

*** F. S. Jaffe and A. F. Guttmacher, "Family Planning Programs in the U.S.," *Demography*, 5:919, 1968.

† G. Varky, et al., *Five Million Women—Who's Who Among Americans in Need of Subsidized Family Planning Services*, Planned Parenthood-World Population, 1967; F. S. Jaffe and C. J. Bernsohn, *Closing the Gap in Subsidized Family Planning Services in 110 Metropolitan Areas with More than 250,000 Population*, Planned Parenthood-World Population, 1967.

Public health departments were reported to be providing some family planning services in 1,031 out of 3,072 counties. Most of these programs, however, are very small and the impression of widespread availability is again misleading. In 169 counties, the health department claimed to be providing services but no service figures could be secured; other information indicates that these programs serve very few patients. In 130 counties, health departments reported providing family planning services to fewer than 25 persons, and in another 287 the number served came to less than 100. It appears that in FY 1968 nearly three out of four health department programs served less than 200 patients or provided no service figures at all (Figure 5, previous page).

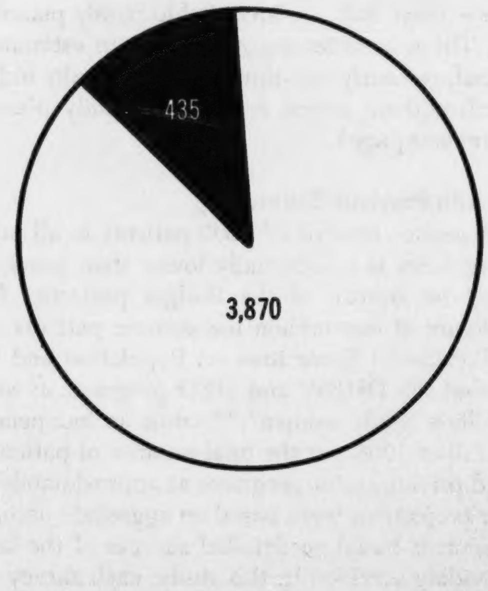
Number of Patients	Number of Counties	Cumulative Percent
No figures available	169	16.4
Less than 25	130	29.0
25-49	119	40.5
50-99	168	56.8
100-199	168	73.1
200-499	169	89.5
500-999	51	94.6
1000 or more	57	100.0
TOTAL	1,031	

Of the nation's 4,305 non-profit general care hospitals which report births, only 435 offered family planning services. These appear to be among hospitals with the largest maternity services: While constituting only 10 percent of all non-profit hospitals reporting births, they accounted for 26 percent of births reported in these hospitals throughout the country. Nevertheless, there remained 3,870 hospitals – accounting for 74 percent of U.S. births in non-profit hospitals – which did not appear to provide family planning services in FY 1968. Some of these hospitals are likely not to treat medically indigent patients and others might be precluded from providing family planning services on religious grounds. Even after taking these factors into account, however, it is apparent that a significant component of the maternity care system in many communities is not yet participating in the delivery of family planning services (Figures 6, 7, right column).

A total of 128 local groups affiliated with Planned Parenthood-World Population operated medical clinics at 525 locations in 173 counties. Finally, family planning services were provided in 29 counties by 30 agencies other than hospitals, health departments or Planned Parenthood Affiliates. (These are referred to in this report as "other agencies"; see Section III-D.)

The group of 1,872 counties with no identifiable organized services includes many counties with small populations and relatively few existing resources to form the nucleus of family planning programs. The most prevalent community health and organizational resources in these counties appear to be hospitals, health departments, Community Action Agencies and private physicians. This group of counties, in aggregate, contains 2,215 hospitals which delivered 950,000 babies in 1967, 32 percent of births in all U.S. non-profit general care hospitals. Community Action Agencies functioned in 1,082 of these counties, while there were a total of 17,363 general practitioners and 1,767 obstetrician-gynecologists. A full or part-time health officer was designated in 1,229 of these counties in 1966.

Figure 6 Reported Family Planning Services Provided in 4,305 U.S. Non-profit General Care Hospitals Reporting Births, FY 1968

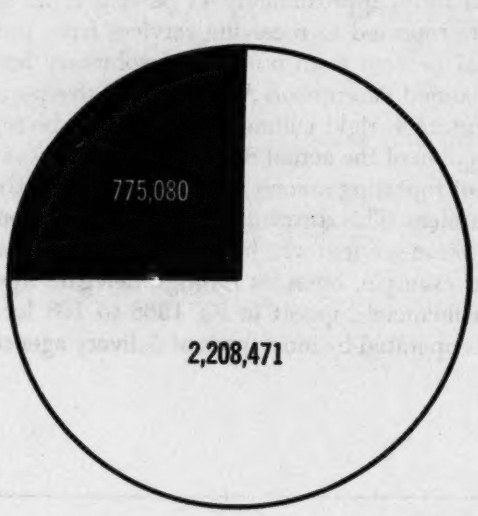


Number of U.S. Hospitals:

■ Reporting Family Planning Services

☐ Reporting No Family Planning Services

Figure 7 Reported Family Planning Services Provided in Non-profit General Care Hospitals Reporting Births: by Number of Births Reported, 1967.



Number of Births in:

■ Hospitals Reporting Family Planning Services

☐ Hospitals Reporting No Family Planning Services

Figure 8 Unmet Family Planning Need in the United States: Per Cent by State

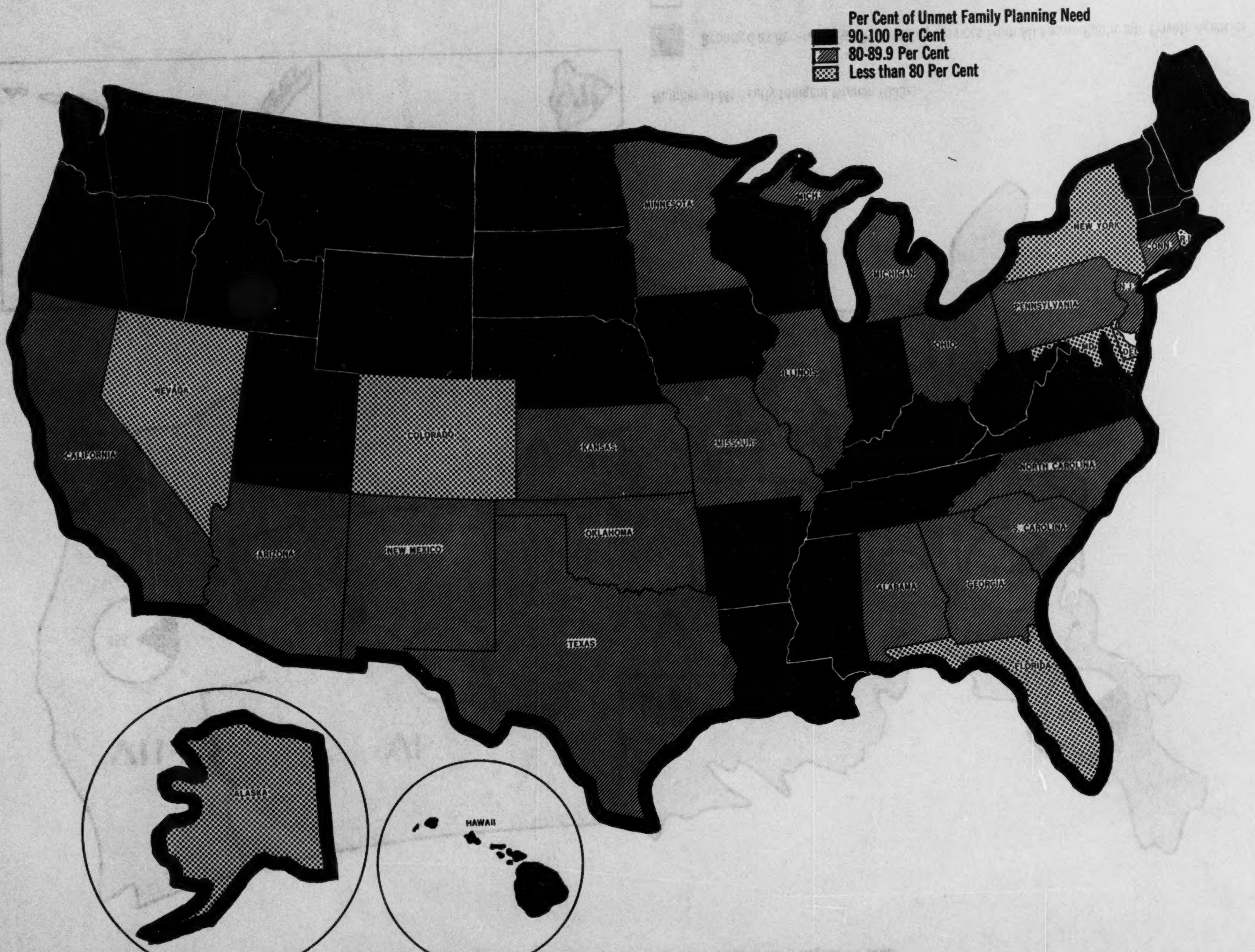
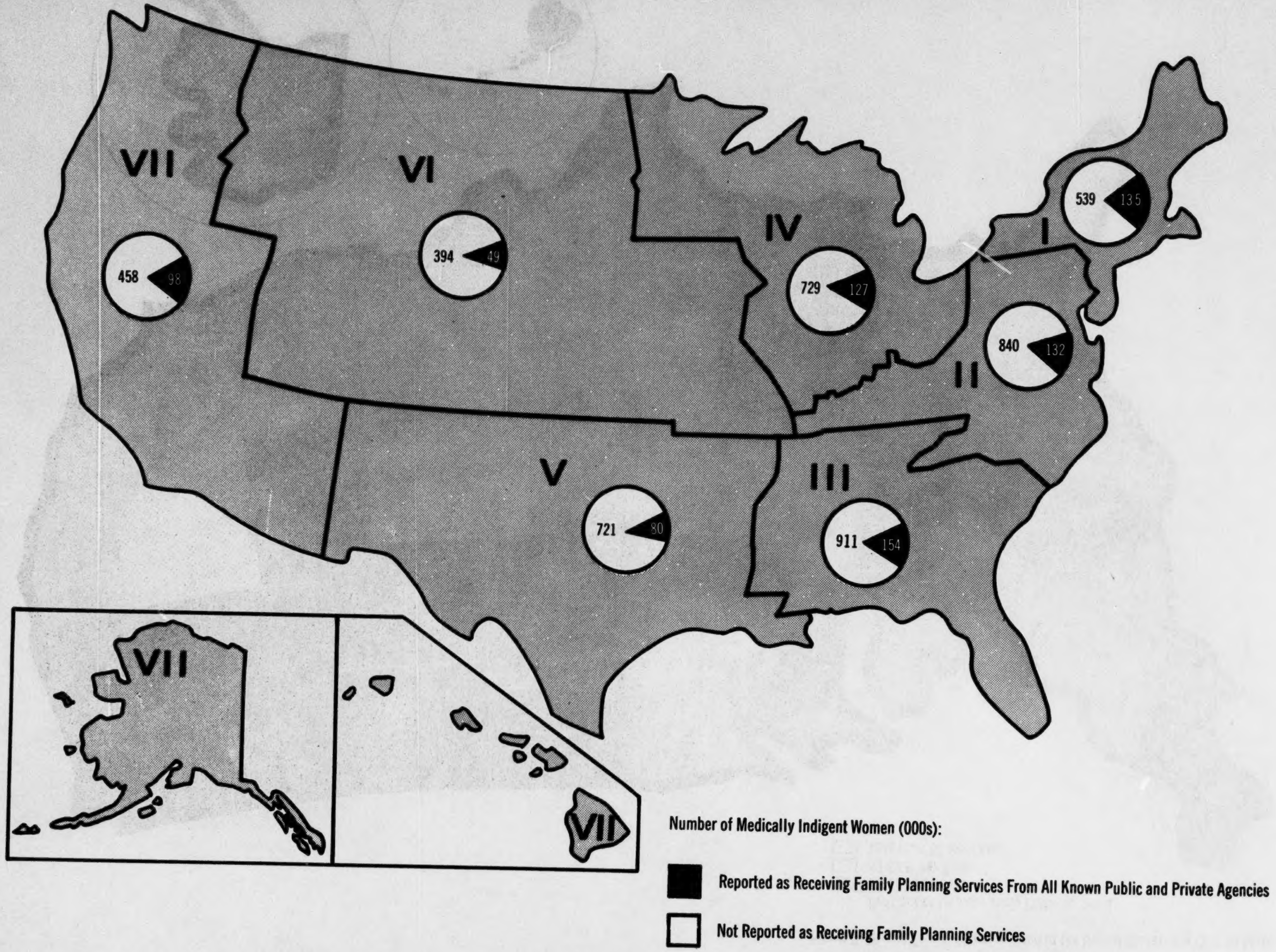

Per Cent of Unmet Family Planning Need
■ 90-100 Per Cent
▨ 80-89.9 Per Cent
▩ Less than 80 Per Cent
MINNESOTA
MICH
MICHIGAN
NEW YORK
CONN
R.I.
PENNSYLVANIA
N.J.
OHIO
ILLINOIS
MD.
DEL.
NEVADA
COLORADO
KANSAS
MISSOURI
CALIFORNIA
NORTH CAROLINA
OKLAHOMA
ARIZONA
NEW MEXICO
S. CAROLINA
ALABAMA
GEORGIA
TEXAS
FLORIDA
ALASKA
HAWAII

Figure 9 773,000 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services, Compared to Unmet Need, by Office of Economic Opportunity Region, FY 1968


VII
458
98
VI
394
49
IV
729
127
I
539
135
II
840
132
V
721
80
III
911
154
VII
VII
Number of Medically Indigent Women (000s):
Reported as Receiving Family Planning Services From All Known Public and Private Agencies
Not Reported as Receiving Family Planning Services

Geographical Patterns

Since so many counties have no organized programs, it is not surprising that only 341, or one out of ten, U.S. counties showed an unmet need of less than 85.6 percent – the percent unserved nationally. Only 36 counties, or one in 85, had an unmet need of less than 50 percent:

Percent of Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Not Served in FY 1968	Number of Counties
Less than 50%	36
50-59.9	23
60-69.9	55
70-79.9	124
80-85.5	103
85.6-89.9	171
90-100	2,560
TOTAL	3,072

Twenty-four states had an unmet need of more than 90 percent; 18 had between 80 and 90 percent; while only eight states and the District of Columbia had less than 80 percent (Table B; Figure 8, page 9).

Regionally, unmet need in virtually all of the OEO regions clustered between 80 and 90 percent (Figure 9, previous page):

OEO Region	Percent of Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services Not Served in FY 1968.
I (Conn., Maine, Mass., N.H., N.J., N.Y., R.I., Vt.)	79.9%
II (Del., D.C., Ky., Md., N.C., Pa., Va., W. Va.)	86.6
III (Ala., Fla., Ga., Miss., S.C., Tenn.)	85.5
IV (Ill., Ind., Mich., Minn., Ohio, Wisc.)	85.2
V (Ark., La., N. Mex., Okla., Texas)	90.0
VI (Colo., Idaho, Iowa, Kans., Mo., Mont., Nebr., N. Dak., S. Dak., Utah, Wyo.)	89.0
VII (Ariz., Calif., Nev., Oreg., Wash., Alaska, Hawaii)	82.4

TABLE B: PERCENT OF UNMET NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES, BY STATE, FY 1968

Above 90% (24)		80-90% (18)		Below 80% (9)	
Arkansas	95.2	Alabama	81.0	Alaska	54.2
Hawaii	92.2	Arizona	82.7	Colorado	71.0
Idaho	99.1	California	80.0	D.C.	11.7
Indiana	94.3	Connecticut	83.3	Delaware	62.5
Iowa	91.9	Georgia	87.6	Florida	78.7
Kentucky	91.9	Illinois	80.2	Maryland	65.8
Louisiana	91.3	Kansas	89.2	Nevada	68.7
Maine	99.2	Michigan	81.4	New York	71.7
Massachusetts	92.1	Minnesota	88.1	Rhode Island	79.7
Mississippi	90.2	Missouri	85.9		
Montana	92.3	New Jersey	85.1		
Nebraska	95.1	New Mexico	84.5		
New Hampshire	99.2	North Carolina	87.2		
North Dakota	98.2	Ohio	82.6		
Oregon	92.7	Oklahoma	88.8		
South Dakota	98.2	Pennsylvania	87.8		
Tennessee	93.4	South Carolina	83.9		
Utah	97.5	Texas	88.8		
Vermont	99.1				
Virginia	95.5				
Washington	91.3				
West Virginia	95.5				
Wisconsin	96.5				
Wyoming	99.4				

While there is thus some variation in the development of family planning services in the different regions, the range is much narrower than between the individual states and counties. There is more variation in the contribution of the different regions to overall national need and unmet need. More than half of the total national need and unmet need for family planning is clustered in Regions II, III and IV (Table C, page 14).

CONCENTRATION OF NEED AND SERVICE IN METROPOLITAN AREAS

Both the need for subsidized family planning services and the organized programs provided thus far are concentrated in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. Of the estimated 5,367,000 women in need, 2,540,000 live in 318 counties which comprise the 124 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas[*] with more than 250,000 population. Approximately 602,000 women in these SMSAs were reported to have received family planning services in FY 1968. Thus, existing programs in these SMSAs provided nearly 78 percent of all reported family planning services throughout the U.S. About 1,938,000 women, or 76 percent of all who need services in these large metropolitan areas, remain to be served. The largest metropolitan areas,

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[*] A Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area is defined as a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more. In addition to the county or counties, contiguous counties are included in the SMSA if they are essentially metropolitan in character and are socially and economically integrated with the central city.

Table D. Family Planning Need, Services and Unmet Need, U.S. and Each State, by SMSA Status and OEO Region, FY 1968

	Totals				SMSAs with More than 250,000 Population				SMSAs with Less than 250,000 Population			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Region and State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 2)	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 8 ÷ Co. 6)	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 12 ÷ Col. 10)
U.S. Total	**5,366.7**	**773,111**	**4,593.6**	**85.6**	**2,539.9**	**602,054**	**1,937.9**	**76.3**	**418.9**	**42,077**	**376.8**	**90.0**
REGION I Total	673.9	135,157	538.7	79.9	513.0	132,138	380.8	74.2	26.8	372	26.4	98.6
Conn.	40.8	6,803	33.9	83.3	32.0	6,631	25.4	79.3	3.8	172	3.6	95.5
Maine	27.7	219	27.5	99.2					6.8		6.8	100.0
Mass.	93.2	7,318	85.9	92.2	87.2	7,268	79.9	91.7	2.7	50	2.6	98.1
N. H.	13.9	110	13.8	99.2					4.0		4.0	100.0
N. J.	114.9	17,125	97.8	85.1	80.3	16,211	64.1	79.8	9.5	150	9.3	98.4
N.Y.	351.3	99,228	252.1	71.8	294.1	97,874	196.2	66.7				
R. I.	21.0	4,257	16.8	79.8	19.4	4,154	15.3	78.6				
Vt.	10.9	97	10.8	99.1								
REGION II Total	972.2	130,682	841.6	86.5	376.4	96,683	279.7	74.3	75.0	7,979	67.0	89.4
Del.	10.8	4,053	6.8	62.6	6.1	3,251	2.8	46.3				
D. C.	20.8	18,333	2.4	11.8	20.8	18,333	2.4	11.8				
Ky.	141.8	11,473	130.4	91.9	24.2	4,276	19.9	82.3	7.0	1,519	5.5	78.2
Md.	73.7	25,195	48.5	65.8	53.5	22,079	31.4	58.7				
N. C.	231.1	29,424	201.7	87.3	31.6	10,983	20.6	65.2	34.8	4,549	30.3	86.9
Pa.	263.6	32,011	231.6	87.9	183.0	31,068	151.9	83.0	11.1	336	10.7	97.0
Va.	150.5	6,648	143.9	95.6	51.5	6,000	45.5	88.3	10.3		10.3	100.0
W. Va.	79.8	3,545	76.3	95.6	5.9	693	5.2	88.2	11.8	1,575	10.2	86.7
REGION III Total	1,064.7	154,060	910.6	85.5	370.1	81,871	288.2	77.9	68.2	7,247	60.9	89.4
Ala.	175.3	33,240	142.1	81.0	49.3	14,936	34.4	69.7	29.7	3,387	26.3	88.6
Fla.	229.0	48,716	180.3	78.7	128.7	30,759	97.9	76.1	12.2	1,951	10.3	84.1
Ga.	205.2	25,311	179.9	87.7	60.7	15,455	45.2	74.5	20.2	1,715	18.5	91.5
Miss.	135.9	13,303	122.6	90.2	11.3	1,280	10.0	88.7	6.0	194	5.8	96.8
S. C.	133.1	21,310	111.8	84.0	44.9	7,838	37.1	82.6				
Tenn.	186.1	12,180	173.9	93.5	75.1	11,603	63.5	84.6				
REGION IV Total	856.4	127,121	729.3	85.2	451.2	116,959	334.2	74.0	76.3	8,830	67.5	88.5
Ill.	197.3	38,892	158.4	80.3	123.2	38,407	84.8	68.8	11.3	334	10.9	97.0
Ind.	109.8	6,225	103.6	94.3	41.1	5,055	36.1	87.7	18.1	892	17.2	95.1
Mich.	173.6	32,220	141.4	81.4	105.3	26,380	78.9	74.9	17.9	5,495	12.4	69.2
Minn.	79.9	9,459	70.5	88.2	27.8	9,349	18.5	66.4	.9		.9	100.0
Ohio	216.7	37,577	179.1	82.7	130.7	35,020	95.7	73.2	22.7	2,109	20.6	90.7
Wisc.	79.1	2,748	76.4	96.5	23.0	2,748	20.2	88.0	5.6		5.6	100.0
REGION V Total	801.1	79,892	721.2	90.0	300.7	52,503	248.2	82.5	105.3	11,174	94.1	89.4
Ark.	106.5	5,092	101.4	95.2	15.8	1,153	14.6	92.7	11.1	488	10.6	95.6
La.	170.9	14,777	156.1	91.4	61.2	12,631	48.6	79.4	14.8		14.8	100.0
N. Mex.	31.9	4,942	27.0	84.5	6.6	1,925	4.7	70.8				
Okla.	92.0	10,323	81.6	88.8	29.2	3,664	25.6	87.5	6.7	861	5.8	87.1
Texas	399.9	44,758	355.1	88.8	187.9	33,130	154.7	82.3	72.7	9,825	62.9	86.4
REGION VI Total	442.9	48,526	394.3	89.0	114.9	36,359	78.5	68.4	43.0	3,634	39.4	91.5
Colo.	45.5	13,187	32.3	71.0	20.4	10,989	9.4	46.0	7.5	1,022	6.5	86.4
Idaho	15.9	135	15.8	99.2					2.0	123	1.9	93.8
Iowa	69.8	5,584	64.2	92.0	9.0	2,321	6.7	74.3	8.5	1,201	7.2	85.8
Kansas	55.5	5,984	49.5	89.2	14.0	3,017	11.0	78.4	3.2	428	2.8	86.7
Mo.	137.9	19,388	118.5	85.9	55.3	18,063	37.2	67.3	7.3	420	6.9	94.2
Mont.	15.8	1,209	14.6	92.4					2.9		2.9	100.0
Nebr.	37.3	1,813	35.5	95.1	7.5	1,476	6.0	80.2	3.2	300	2.9	90.6
N. Dak.	17.6	314	17.3	98.2					1.2	140	1.0	88.2
S. Dak.	21.8	384	21.4	98.2					1.9		1.9	100.0
Utah	19.9	493	19.4	97.5	8.8	493	8.3	94.4	5.3		5.3	100.0
Wyo.	6.0	35	5.9	99.4								

Outside SMSAs				Percent of Total Need (Cols. 6, 10 or 14 ÷ Col. 2)			Percent of Reported Services (Cols. 7, 11, or 15 ÷ Col. 3)			Percent of Unmet Need (Cols. 8, 12 or 16 ÷ Col. 4)			
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 16 ÷ Col. 14)	Large SMSAs	Small SMSAs	Outside SMSAs	Large SMSAs	Small SMSAs	Outside SMSAs	Large SMSAs	Small SMSAs	Outside SMSAs	Region and State
2,407.9	**128,980**	**2,278.9**	**94.6**	**47.3**	**7.8**	**44.9**	**77.9**	**5.4**	**16.7**	**42.2**	**8.2**	**49.6**	**U.S. Total**
134.1	2,647	131.5	98.0	76.1	4.0	19.9	97.8	.3	2.0	70.7	4.9	24.4	**REGION I Total**
4.9		4.9	100.0	78.5	9.4	12.1	97.5	2.5		74.7	10.7	14.6	**Conn.**
20.9	219	20.7	99.0		24.5	75.5			100.0		24.7	75.3	**Maine**
3.4		3.4	100.0	93.5	2.9	3.6	99.3	.7		93.0	3.1	4.0	**Mass.**
9.9	110	9.8	98.9		28.8	71.2			100.0		29.0	71.0	**N. H.**
25.2	764	24.4	97.0	69.9	8.2	21.9	94.7	.9	4.5	65.5	9.5	25.0	**N. J.**
57.3	1,354	55.9	97.6	83.7		16.3	98.6		1.4	77.8		22.2	**N.Y.**
1.6	103	1.5	93.6	92.3		7.7	97.6		2.4	91.0		9.0	**R. I.**
10.9	97	10.8	99.1			100.0			100.0			100.0	**Vt.**
520.9	26,020	494.8	95.0	38.7	7.7	53.6	74.0	6.1	19.9	33.1	8.0	58.9	**REGION II Total**
4.8	802	4.0	83.2	56.0		44.0	80.2		19.8	41.5		58.5	**Del.**
				100.0			100.0			100.0			**D. C.**
110.7	5,678	105.0	94.9	17.0	4.9	78.1	37.3	13.2	49.5	15.3	4.2	80.6	**Ky.**
20.3	3,116	17.2	84.6	72.5		27.5	87.6		12.4	64.7		35.3	**Md.**
164.7	13,892	150.8	91.6	13.7	15.1	71.3	37.3	15.5	47.2	10.2	15.0	74.8	**N. C.**
69.6	607	68.9	99.1	69.4	4.2	26.4	97.1	1.0	1.9	65.6	4.6	29.8	**Pa.**
88.7	648	88.1	99.3	34.2	6.9	58.9	90.3		9.7	31.6	7.2	61.2	**Va.**
62.1	1,277	60.8	97.9	7.4	14.8	77.8	19.5	44.4	36.0	6.8	13.4	79.8	**W. Va.**
626.5	64,942	561.5	89.6	34.8	6.4	58.8	53.1	4.7	42.2	31.6	6.7	61.7	**REGION III Total**
96.3	14,917	81.4	84.5	28.1	16.9	54.9	44.9	10.2	44.9	24.2	18.5	57.3	**Ala.**
88.1	16,006	72.1	81.8	56.2	5.3	38.5	63.1	4.0	32.9	54.3	5.7	40.0	**Fla.**
124.3	8,141	116.2	93.5	29.6	9.9	60.6	61.1	6.8	32.2	25.1	10.3	64.6	**Ga.**
118.6	11,829	106.8	90.0	8.3	4.4	87.3	9.6	1.5	88.9	8.2	4.7	87.1	**Miss.**
88.2	13,472	74.7	84.7	33.7		66.3	36.8		63.2	33.2		66.8	**S. C.**
110.9	577	110.3	99.5	40.4		59.6	95.3		4.7	36.5		63.5	**Tenn.**
328.9	1,332	327.6	99.6	52.6	8.9	38.4	92.0	6.9	1.0	45.8	9.3	44.9	**REGION IV Total**
62.8	151	62.7	99.8	62.4	5.7	31.8	98.8	.9	.4	53.5	6.9	39.6	**Ill.**
50.6	278	50.3	99.5	37.5	16.4	46.1	81.2	14.3	4.5	34.8	16.6	48.6	**Ind.**
50.4	345	50.1	99.3	60.7	10.3	29.1	81.9	17.1	1.1	55.8	8.7	35.4	**Mich.**
51.2	110	51.1	99.8	34.8	1.1	64.1	98.8		1.2	26.3	1.2	72.5	**Minn.**
63.3	448	62.8	99.3	60.3	10.5	29.2	93.2	5.6	1.2	54.3	11.5	35.1	**Ohio**
50.5		50.5	100.0	29.1	7.1	63.8	100.0			26.5	7.4	66.1	**Wisc.**
395.1	16,215	378.9	95.9	37.5	13.1	49.3	65.7	13.9	20.3	34.4	13.0	52.5	**REGION V Total**
79.6	3,451	76.2	95.7	14.8	10.4	74.8	22.6	9.6	67.8	14.4	10.4	75.1	**Ark.**
94.9	2,146	92.8	97.7	35.8	8.6	55.5	85.5		14.5	31.1	9.5	59.4	**La.**
25.3	3,017	22.3	88.1	20.7		79.3	39.0		61.0	17.3		82.7	**N. Mex.**
56.0	5,798	50.2	89.6	31.8	7.3	60.9	35.5	8.3	56.2	31.3	7.1	61.5	**Okla.**
139.3	1,803	137.4	98.7	46.9	18.2	34.8	74.0	22.0	4.0	43.5	17.7	38.7	**Texas**
285.0	8,533	276.4	97.0	25.9	9.7	64.4	74.9	7.5	17.6	19.9	10.0	70.1	**REGION VI Total**
17.6	1,176	16.4	93.3	44.7	16.6	8.7	83.3	7.8	8.9	29.0	20.2	50.8	**Colo.**
13.9	12	13.9	99.9		12.5	87.5		91.1	8.9		11.8	88.2	**Idaho**
52.3	2,062	50.2	96.1	13.0	12.1	74.9	41.6	21.5	36.9	10.5	11.3	78.2	**Iowa**
38.3	2,539	35.8	93.4	25.2	5.8	69.0	50.4	7.2	42.4	22.1	5.6	72.2	**Kansas**
75.3	905	74.4	98.8	40.1	5.3	54.6	93.2	2.2	4.7	31.4	5.8	62.8	**Mo.**
13.0	1,209	11.7	90.7		18.2	81.8			100.0		19.7	80.3	**Mont.**
26.6	37	26.6	99.9	20.0	8.6	71.4	81.4	16.5	2.0	16.9	8.2	74.9	**Nebr.**
16.4	174	16.2	98.9		6.7	93.3		44.6	55.4		6.1	93.9	**N. Dak.**
19.8	384	19.4	98.1		8.8	91.2			100.0		9.0	91.0	**S. Dak.**
5.8		5.8	100.0	44.1	26.7	29.2	100.0			42.7	27.4	29.9	**Utah**
6.0	35	5.9	99.4			100.0			100.0			100.0	**Wyo.**

Table D. Family Planning Need, Services and Unmet Need, U.S. and Each State, by SMSA Status and OEO Region, FY 1968 continued

	Totals				SMSAs with More than 250,000 Population				SMSAs with Less than 250,000 Population			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Region and State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 2)	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 8 ÷ Co. 6)	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 12 ÷ Col. 10)
REGION VII Total	555.6	97,673	457.9	82.4	413.8	85,541	328.2	79.3	24.3	2,841	21.5	88.3
Ariz.	48.2	8,287	39.9	82.8	32.3	6,635	25.7	79.5				
Calif.	378.5	75,361	303.1	80.1	319.4	70,417	248.9	78.0	9.9	452	9.4	95.4
Nev.	7.7	2,417	5.3	68.7					5.9	2,269	3.6	61.4
Oreg.	42.9	3,121	39.8	92.7	16.3	2,623	13.6	83.9	8.6	120	8.4	98.6
Wash.	59.8	5,154	54.7	91.4	35.6	4,939	30.6	86.1				
Alaska	5.0	2,292	2.7	54.3								
Hawaii	13.5	1,041	12.5	92.3	10.2	927	9.3	90.9				

with about 24 percent of the population in need already under care, are somewhat ahead of the rest of the nation in development of family planning programs (Figure 10, following page).

Even in these large SMSAs, however, there is considerable unevenness in the growth of family planning programs. Only in four have as many as half of the women in need received service, and only in 16 have between 30 and 50 percent been served. In 79 SMSAs, less than one-fifth have been served. In 17, the number of patients reported for FY 1968 totals less than 300 each; in five, there were no identifiable family planning programs at all.

As would be expected, the distribution of need and services in these large SMSAs varies considerably by OEO region, dependent primarily on the extent to which the region is composed of large metropolitan areas. Large SMSAs account for 76 percent of overall need in Region I, for example, but only 26 percent in Region VI. These relationships are presented for each state and region in Table D (page 12, 13, and above).

In each region, the proportion of reported family planning services located in large SMSAs is higher than the proportion of the total population in need which lives in those areas. This may be explained by the fact that the health service systems in these large metropolitan areas are more highly developed than in smaller cities and rural areas. The large SMSAs have more hospitals, more physicians per capita, more functioning health departments and a larger number of voluntary agencies than other areas. Additionally, the Planned Parenthood organization has functioned in these large metropolitan areas for a considerable period of time.

As a result, the percent of the nation's unmet need located in these large U.S. metropolitan areas is lower (42.2 percent) than their proportion of all U.S. medically indigent women in need of family planning (47.3 percent), a relationship which is reversed in the smaller SMSAs and in the non-metropolitan counties.

Smaller SMSAs with populations below 250,000 comprise 126 counties and contain 419,000 women in need of family planning services, or 7.8 percent of the U.S. total. Approximately 42,000 of these women are reported to have received services, leaving 377,000 unserved. This represents 8.2 percent of all U.S. women not served. Here again, the range of variation is fairly wide among the regions and states.

In the 2,628 counties located outside of SMSAs, approximately 2,408,000 women – 45 percent of all U.S. women in need of services – live. As would be expected, the proportion already served in these counties is considerably lower than in the metropolitan area counties: Only 129,000 women, or 5.4 percent of those in need, were reported

TABLE C: FAMILY PLANNING NEED, SERVICES AND UNMET NEED, BY OEO REGION, FY 1968

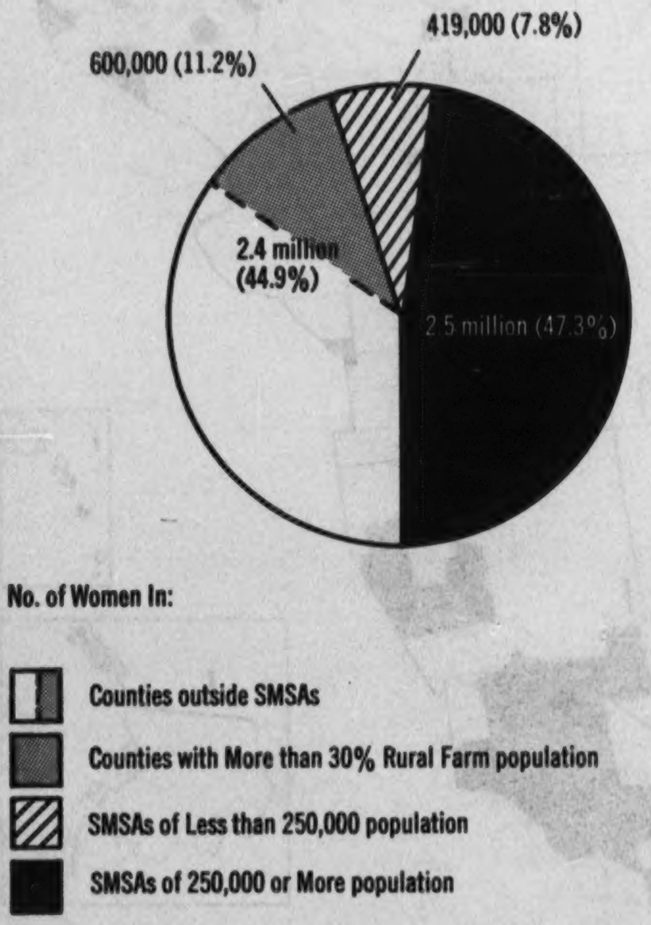
OEO Region	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning		Medically Indigent Women Served		Medically Indigent Women Not Served	
	Number	% U.S. Total	Number	% U.S. Total	Number	% U.S. Total
I	673,858	12.6	135,157	17.5	538,701	11.7
II	972,238	18.1	130,682	16.9	841,556	18.3
III	1,064,685	19.8	154,060	19.9	910,625	19.8
IV	856,425	16.0	127,121	16.4	729,304	15.9
V	801,072	14.9	79,892	10.3	721,180	15.7
VI	442,854	8.3	48,526	6.3	394,328	8.6
VII	555,615	10.4	97,673	12.6	457,942	10.0
Total	**5,366,747**	**100.1**	**773,111**	**99.9**	**4,593,636**	**100.0**

Outside SMSAs				Percent of Total Need (Cols. 6, 10 or 14 ÷ Col. 2)			Percent of Reported Services (Cols. 7, 11, or 15 ÷ Col. 3)			Percent of Unmet Need (Cols. 8, 12 or 16 ÷ Col. 4)			
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 16 ÷ Col. 14)	Large SMSAs	Small SMSAs	Outside SMSAs	Large SMSAs	Small SMSAs	Outside SMSAs	Large SMSAs	Small SMSAs	Outside SMSAs	Region and State
117.5	9,291	108.2	92.1	74.5	4.4	21.2	87.6	2.9	9.5	71.7	4.7	23.6	REGION VII Total
15.8	1,652	14.2	89.6	67.2		32.8	80.1		19.9	64.5		35.5	Ariz.
49.2	4,492	44.8	90.9	84.4	2.6	13.0	93.4	.6	6.0	82.1	3.1	14.8	Calif.
1.8	148	1.7	92.0		76.1	23.9		93.9	6.1		68.0	32.0	Nev.
18.1	378	17.7	97.9	37.9	19.9	42.2	84.0	3.8	12.1	34.3	21.2	44.5	Oreg.
24.2	215	24.0	99.1	59.5		40.5	95.8		4.2	56.1		43.9	Wash.
5.0	2,292	2.7	54.3			100.0	—		100.0			100.0	Alaska
3.3	114	3.2	96.5	75.8		24.2	89.0		11.0	74.7		25.3	Hawaii

to have received services in FY 1968. In these counties about 2,279,000 remain unserved. This represents almost half of all U.S. low-income women who are without access to subsidized family planning services.

Within the largest SMSAs, the need for family planning services is concentrated in counties which contain the nation's largest cities. Ten counties, three of them in New York City, contain 11 percent of total U.S. need for family planning services, 29 percent of all reported services and eight percent of the nation's unmet need (Table E, page 17).

Figure 10 Women Estimated to be in Need of Subsidized Family Planning Services, by Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSAs), FY 1968.



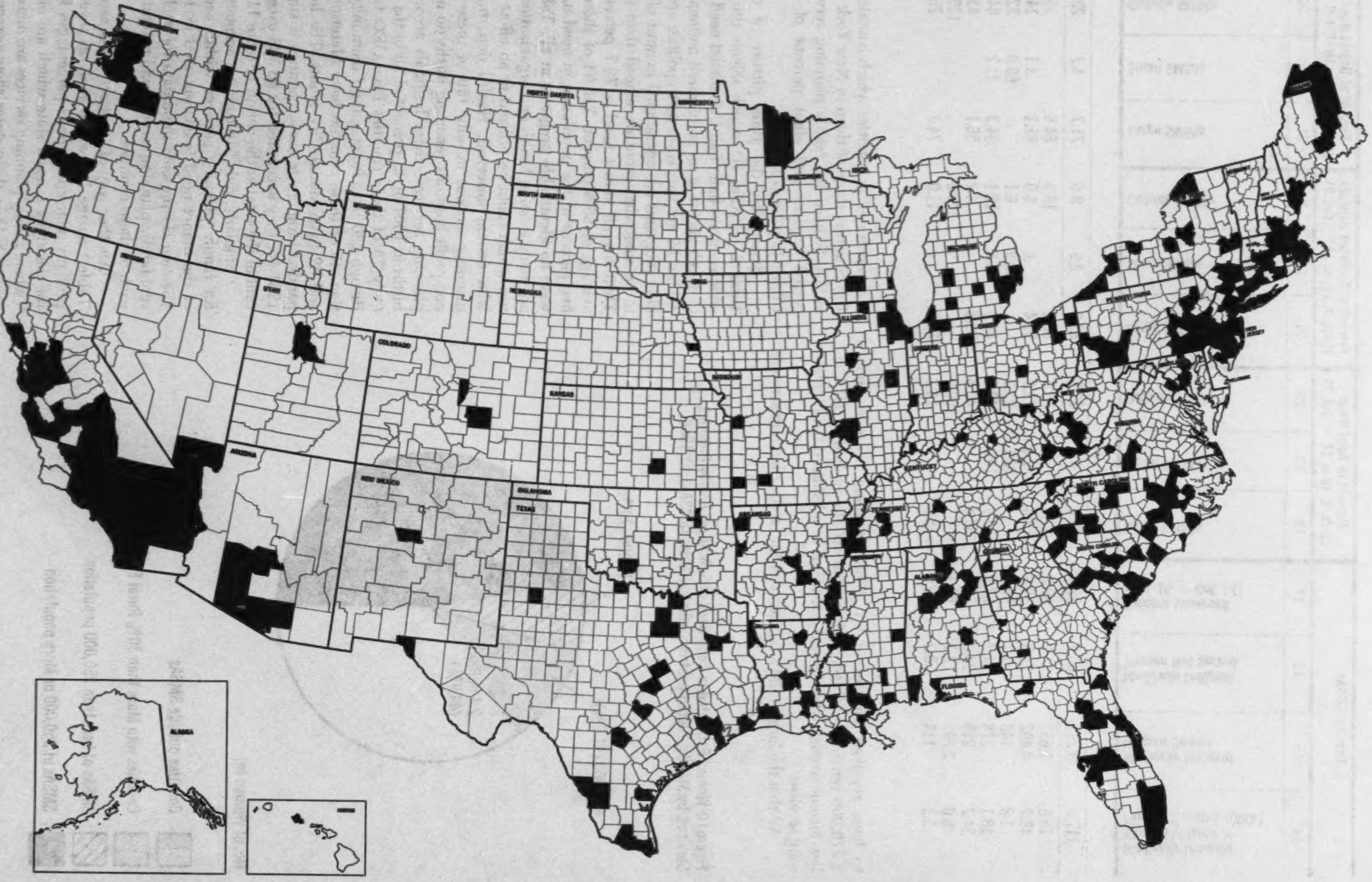
Essentially, the same picture of concentration is shown in Table 2 (Section II) which selects the 313 counties in 41 states which contain half of all U.S. unmet need and appear to hold the key to development of an accelerated national family planning program. All but 52 are located in metropolitan areas. Organized family planning programs are operational in most of these counties and appear to be somewhat more developed than in the rest of the country: Their overall unmet need is 79.7 percent, compared to a national average of 85.6 percent. Yet 64 of these counties served less than five percent of the population in need in FY 1968, and in 45 there were no identifiable programs at all. Table 2 also shows that there are many existing health and organizational resources in these counties which could be utilized in an effort to extend services to those who remain unserved. Health departments provide some family planning services in only 186 of these counties. A total of 1,219 non-profit hospitals reporting births do not presently provide family planning services; these hospitals accounted for nearly 1,300,000 births in 1967 or 43 percent of all births in U.S. non-profit hospitals. Only 75 of these counties have OEO family planning projects, although 280 have functioning Community Action Agencies. In addition, 45 of these counties have Maternity and Infant Care projects and 82 have Model City grants. The health significance of an expanded program in these counties is suggested by the fact that in 1961-65, they accounted for 85,528 excess infant deaths, or 58 percent of the total in the nation (Figure 11, page 16).

Similarly, only 516 counties account for half of the unmet need for family planning services within each state; in 29 states, half of the unmet need is concentrated in 10 counties or less. Table 3 (Section II) presents these data for each state and summarizes current family planning services and potential resources for expansion in each of these counties.

Another way of illustrating the same relationships is shown in Table F (page 17) which analyzes seven large industrial states and presents their unmet need percentages for the state as a whole and for the areas in each state which are outside of the largest SMSAs (where family planning services are more developed). Outside of the largest SMSAs these states show percentages of unmet need which are as high as in the more rural states.

Figure 11

■ Ten Per Cent of U.S. Counties (313 Counties) Containing 50 Per Cent of Unmet U.S. Family Planning Need



WASHINGTON
MONTANA
NORTH DAKOTA
MINNESOTA
SOUTH DAKOTA
WYOMING
CALIFORNIA
NEVADA
UTAH
NEBRASKA
IOWA
COLORADO
KANSAS
ARIZONA
NEW MEXICO
OKLAHOMA
TEXAS
MICHIGAN
ILLINOIS
INDIANA
OHIO
PENNSYLVANIA
NEW JERSEY
MISSOURI
KENTUCKY
TENNESSEE
NORTH CAROLINA
SOUTH CAROLINA
ARKANSAS
GEORGIA
ALABAMA
FLORIDA
MAINE
ALASKA

TABLE E: FAMILY PLANNING NEED, SERVICES AND UNMET NEED IN 10 LARGEST COUNTIES, FY 1968

County	State	City	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served
Los Angeles	Calif.	Los Angeles	126,348	32,519	93,829
Cook	Ill.	Chicago	82,490	38,311	44,179
Kings	N. Y.	New York City	63,973	21,956	42,017
Wayne	Mich.	Detroit	59,380	20,704	38,676
Philadelphia	Pa.	Philadelphia	49,469	17,513	31,956
New York	N. Y.	New York City	49,183	29,762	19,421
Harris	Texas	Houston	45,014	13,780	31,234
Bronx	N. Y.	New York City	36,441	19,112	17,329
Dade	Fla.	Miami	36,077	8,955	27,122
Baltimore	Md.	Baltimore	32,006	17,914	14,092
		Total	580,381	220,526	359,855
		Percent of U.S. Total	11%	29%	8%

NON-METROPOLITAN COUNTIES AND RURAL AREAS

Nearly half of the nation's unmet need for family planning services is located in counties outside of SMSAs. These counties, however, are not as "rural" as the non-metropolitan designation might imply. Many include smaller cities of less than 50,000 population, towns and villages.

In 1966, analysis of a special tabulation by the Bureau of the Census indicated that only 7.5 percent of women in need of subsidized family planning services lived on farms.* It is not possible from the present data directly to identify the population in need by farm residency. Need, current services and unmet need, however, are available for each county, classified by the proportion of the county's total population which lives on farms. Table 4 (Section II) presents these data, summarized by state, for the 984 counties which have a resident farm population of more than 30 percent, a cutting point which is regarded as defining a significantly rural area. Many of these counties have quite small populations – the smallest has only 608 people and more than nine out of ten contain less than 25,000 people. But they range in population up to 93,000. There are 600,000 women in need, or 11 percent of the U.S. total, in these counties. Since not all of them are farm residents, this finding appears to be consistent with the 1966 study.

Table 4 also details the status of current family planning programs in these counties, as well as the potential resources available for development of expanded family planning programs. As would be expected, these counties have fewer existing family planning programs – and fewer resources for service expansion – than more metropolitan counties. Only 29,000 women were reported to have received services in FY 1968, leaving 571,000 or 95.2 percent unserved. Health departments report providing *some* services in 246 of these counties, but they generally serve few patients: All but 77 reported serving less than 100 patients in FY 1968 or could provide no service figures at all. Services are also provided by 11 hospitals and four Planned Parenthood clinics. Only 14 counties have OEO-funded family planning projects, two have Neighborhood Health Centers, six have Maternity and Infant Care Projects and one has a Model City grant. But 583 of these 984 counties have functioning Community Action Agencies; and there are 665 hospitals in these counties reporting births which provide no family planning services.

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* Varky, et al., op. cit.

TABLE F: PERCENT OF UNMET FAMILY PLANNING NEED IN SELECTED STATES, STATEWIDE AND OUTSIDE LARGEST SMSAs, FY 1968

State	Statewide	Statewide Outside of Largest SMSAs	Largest SMSAs in State	
			Name	Percent Unserved
California	80.0%	89.5%	San Francisco-Oakland, Los Angeles	69.3%
Illinois	80.2	99.4	Chicago	60.9
Massachusetts	92.1	99.2	Boston	86.3
Michigan	81.4	88.2	Detroit	73.3
New York	71.7	89.1	New York City	61.5
Ohio	82.6	86.1	Cleveland	63.8
Pennsylvania	87.8	95.2	Philadelphia, Pittsburgh	79.3

These rural counties include many with high infant mortality rates. Nearly half of the 984 counties had rates above 24.9 infant deaths per 1,000 live births in 1961-65, the national median rate during that period.

COUNTIES WITH NO IDENTIFIABLE FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS

As noted previously, no organized family planning programs could be identified in 1,872 counties. The need in these counties totaled 1,430,000 women, or 31 percent of all unmet family planning need in the country.

It is almost axiomatic that most of these counties would be rural counties containing small populations. Yet this obscures another and perhaps more interesting finding: In each of 438 of these counties, there are between 1,000[*] and 10,000 women in need of subsidized family planning services. All told, these 438 counties account for 810,000 women in need, or 17 percent of the nation's total unmet need. These 438 counties warrant special attention since they appear to present many opportunities for development of family planning programs which could rapidly reach a significant number of currently unserved women. Table 5 (Section II) identifies each of these counties and summarizes the available data. The counties are distributed among the regions, as follows:

OEO Region	Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Program and with 1,000 or More Women in Need of Family Planning
I	54
II	68
III	11
IV	127
V	115
VI	44
VII	19
Total	438

While many of these counties have relatively small populations, half contain more than 50,000 persons:

Population	Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Program and with 1,000 or More Women in Need of Family Planning	
	Number	Percent
Less than 10,000	0	0
10,000-24,999	62	14.2
25,000-49,999	155	35.4
50,000-99,999	151	34.5
100,000-249,999	63	14.4
250,000-499,999	7	1.6
Total	438	100.1

These counties appear to have considerable existing health and program resources which could be utilized for development of family planning services. Only 59 counties, for example, have no non-profit hospitals reporting births while 223 have two or more; there are, in all, 752 hospitals in these counties which delivered 433,000 babies in 1967, or 15 percent of all births in U.S. non-profit hospitals. Similarly, 310 of these counties had a functioning Community Action Agency. In these counties as a whole, there were 9,129 general practitioners and 1,329 obstetrician-gynecologists. As would be expected, however, there was only one Maternity and Infant Care project and only 14 counties had Model City programs.

FAMILY PLANNING AND INFANT MORTALITY

Previous studies have demonstrated the relationship between infant mortality and related adverse pregnancy outcomes, on the one hand, and high parity and short intervals between births, on the other.[*] The incidence of infant mortality — and of prematurity, mental retardation, congenital malformations and brain damage — is substantially higher than average among fourth and subsequent births, births to older women and among first births to girls in their teens. The incidence of infant mortality also increases considerably when babies are born too close together. These relationships are compounded and intensified when too many pregnancies occur too rapidly to impoverished women whose health has been undermined by poor living conditions, malnutrition and inadequate medical care. Nowhere in the health field is poverty translated as directly in the cost of human life.

For these reasons, the relationship between need for family planning services and the incidence of preventable infant deaths has received special attention. The principal *medical* measures available to reduce infant mortality are comprehensive maternity care, improved infant and child care and family planning.[**] Comparative analyses of these programs by DHEW in 1966 led to the conclusion that family planning is the most cost-effective health measure available to reduce infant mortality, outranking the next most effective program (intensive care of "high risk" newborns) by a margin of 6 to 1 in infant deaths prevented for any given level of professional and financial resources expended.[***]

In 1967, the Children's Bureau published its first report on the extent of "excess infant deaths" for each U.S. county for the period 1956-60, defining "excess infant deaths" as the difference between the actual recorded number of deaths and the number that would have occurred if the county's infant mortality rate had been equal to the rate in the county occupying the tenth percentile position in a national array.[†] The study revealed that 56 metropolitan counties accounted for one-third of all excess infant deaths from 1956-60. A subsequent analysis by Planned Parenthood-World Population indicated that these counties also accounted for 26 percent of overall U.S. need for subsidized family planning services.[††]

The present study permits the relationship between incidence of excess infant deaths and need for subsidized family planning services to be analyzed for a later period and for a much larger number of counties. Data on excess infant deaths for each county from 1961-65, derived from the second Children's Bureau report,[*] were integrated into the file to facilitate a direct comparison. Table 6 (Section II) lists the 290 counties with the highest number of excess infant deaths from 1961-65 (defined as those in excess of a rate of 17.8 per 1,000 live births) and details the overall need for family planning in these counties. These counties, in aggregate, accounted for 62 percent of all excess infant deaths – a total of 92,706 unnecessary deaths – and for more than 50 percent of overall need for subsidized family planning services – 2,686,000 women (Figure 12, below).

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[*] The figure of 1,000 women in need is regarded as a gross rule-of-thumb for defining an area which could economically have its own organized family planning program, since 1,000 patients annually could be served in two half-day clinic sessions weekly.

[*] *Cf.*, for example, N. R. Butler and D. G. Bonham, *Perinatal Mortality*, London, 1963; J. Yerushalmy, "Studies of Pregnancy on the Island of Kauai," *American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology*, 71:80, 1956; S. L. Israel, and E. H. Bishop, *American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology*, 97:623, 1967; H. B. Newcombe, "Maternal Age and Birth Order Correlations," *Mutation Research*, 1:446, 1964; and J. A. Heady and J. N. Morris, "Social and Biological Factors in Infant Mortality; Variation of Mortality with Mothers' Age and Parity," *Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology of the British Empire*, 66:577, 1959.

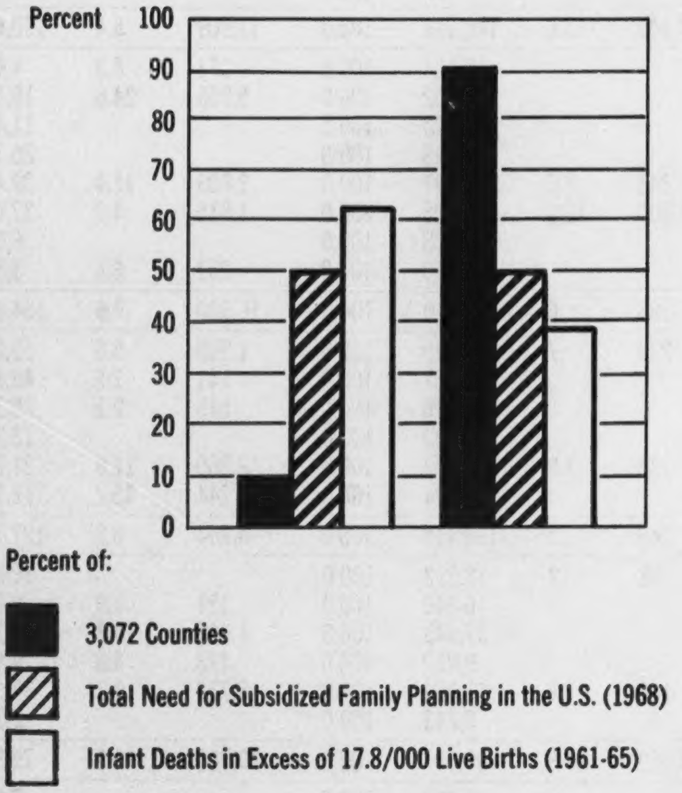
[**] American Medical Association Committee on Maternal and Infant Care, "Reducing Infant Mortality," *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 193:4, July 26, 1965.

[***] DHEW, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Program Coordination, *Maternal and Child Health Care Programs*, October 1966; U.S. Public Health Service, Bureau of Medical Services, *An Expanded Program to Reduce Infant Mortality*, August 1966.

[†] U.S. Children's Bureau, *Infant and Perinatal Mortality Rates, by Age and Color; U.S., Each State and County, 1951-55, 1956-60*, 1967.

[††] Planned Parenthood-World Population, *Family Planning and Infant Mortality: An Analysis of Priorities*, 1967 (Mimeo).

Figure 12 Percent of Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services and Percent of Excess Infant Deaths in 290 High Excess Infant Death Counties Compared to 2,782 Other Counties.



As would be expected, most of the counties with the highest number of infant deaths tabulated in Table 6 also appear among the 313 counties with half of U.S. unmet need for family planning services listed in Table 2. Yet the two lists of counties are not totally congruent: More than one-quarter of the high excess infant death counties are not among those counties with the largest number of women still unserved, and about one-third of the latter counties are not included among the former.

In the high excess infant death counties, approximately 24 percent of women in need were reported as having received services in FY 1968. Nevertheless, 2,057,000 women in these counties remained unserved – or 45 percent of total U.S. unmet need. In 42 of these counties, existing family planning programs reported serving less than five percent of the population in need while in 56, the number of patients reported served in FY 1968 totaled less than 300. Twelve counties reported the existence of an organized program but provided no data on patients served, while in 38 counties there were no identifiable family planning programs of any kind.

Since the period covered by the Children's Bureau study, the U.S. infant mortality rate has declined, from an average of 25.1 per 1,000 live births from 1961-65, to 21.7 in 1968. It is of interest that the most rapid growth of organized family planning services has occurred since 1965, particularly in the larger of these 290 counties which currently have the country's most highly developed networks of family planning services. The extent to which the increased availability of family planning services since 1965 has contributed to reduction of the overall national infant mortality rate cannot, however, be assessed based on the data in the present study.

MIGRANTS AND INDIANS

Of special interest from the vantage point of both poverty and health are two groups of Americans – migrant workers and American Indians. Data from DHEW permitted counties containing significant numbers of members of these groups to be identified. The service data secured from these counties, of course, covered services provided to all residents; those provided to migrants and Indians were not separately identified. But an assessment of the family planning situation in these counties offers at least some insight into the availability of family planning services for these impoverished groups.

The DHEW data identified 332 counties in 29 states containing a total home-based migrant population of 418,000 persons. More than half of these counties are in five states – Texas, North Carolina, California, Mississippi and Florida. While most have small populations, nearly one-fourth of the counties contain more than 100,000 persons each, and a number include such large cities as Miami, San Diego, Los Angeles and Detroit. This may help account for the fact that, overall, the unmet need in these counties is 83.1 percent – a lower figure than for the nation as a whole. However, there were no identifiable family planning programs in 127 of these counties.

More than half of the migrants enumerated by DHEW are based in only 17 counties. The data for these counties are presented in Table 7 (Section II). Family planning programs are operational in 13 counties, provided by 10 hospitals, 10 local health departments and five Planned Parenthood Affiliates, supported by eight OEO family planning project grants and four MIC grants. In four counties, however, no program was identifiable. In seven counties, there was no reported health department program and in the group of 17 as a whole, there were 58 hospitals not providing family planning services. The counties include 16 Community Action Agencies and four Model City programs.

Two hundred and seventy-six counties in 24 states were identified in which the Indian Health Service has responsibility for the medical care of 403,000 Indians and Aleuts. Nearly half of these counties are concentrated in Oklahoma, South Dakota, Minnesota and Nevada. Like the migrant counties, most have small populations; only eight contain more than 100,000 persons.

The family planning situation in these counties presents something of a paradox: Although there were no identifiable family planning programs of any kind in 172 counties, the overall percent of unmet need in the group of 276 was 86.4 percent – slightly higher than the national average but lower than in other counties of similar size and degree of rurality. The explanation appears to lie in the family planning services provided by the Indian Health Service.

Three-quarters of the Indians and Aleuts enumerated by DHEW live in only 50 counties. The data for these counties are presented in Table 8 (Section II). Forty-four hospitals, 19 health departments and five Planned Parenthood Affiliates provide family planning services in 36 counties which have seven OEO family planning project grants. In 14 counties, there are no identifiable family planning programs. In 31 counties, there is no reported health department program and in the 50 counties overall, there are 97 hospitals which do not provide family planning services. The counties include 37 Community Action Agencies, five Model City programs and one Neighborhood Health Center.

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[*] **U.S. Children's Bureau, *Infant and Perinatal Mortality Rates by Age and Color; U.S., Each State and County, 1956-60, 1961-65, 1968.***

Table G. Medically Indigent Patients Reported as Receiving Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and Principal Delivery Agency, FY 1968

Region and State	Patients										Apparent Duplication in Reporting		Adjusted State Total (Column 10 Minus Column 12)
	Non-Profit Hospitals		Health Departments		Planned Parenthood Affiliates		Other Agencies		Total Reported All Agencies				
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
U. S. TOTAL	**224,636**	**26.8**	**348,410**	**41.6**	**224,974**	**26.9**	**39,623**	**4.7**	**837,643**	**100.0**	**64,532**	**7.7**	**773,111**
REGION I Total	71,660	51.1	15,850	11.3	51,914	37.0	752	.6	140,176	100.0	5,019	3.6	135,157
Conn.	5,012	70.3			2,118	29.7			7,130	100.0	327	46.0	6,803
Me.	123	56.1					96	43.8	219	100.0			219
Mass.	6,829	93.3					489	6.7	7,318	100.0			7,318
N. H.			33	30.0	77	70.0			110	100.0			110
N. J.	5,141	28.7	541	3.0	12,206	68.2			17,888	100.0	763	43.0	17,125
N.Y.	54,517	52.8	15,276	14.8	33,197	32.2	167	.2	103,157	100.0	3,929	3.8	99,228
R. I.	38	.8			4,219	99.1			4,257	100.0			4,257
Vt.					97	100.0			97	100.0			97
REGION II Total	38,133	26.7	70,450	49.4	28,859	20.2	5,149	3.6	142,591	100.0	11,909	8.4	130,682
Del.	250	5.7	691	15.6	3,483	78.7			4,424	100.0	371	8.3	4,053
D. C.	6,908	28.4	14,010	57.6	3,384	13.9			24,302	100.0	5,969	24.6	18,333
Ky.	1,268	11.0	7,315	63.8	2,890	25.2			11,473	100.0			11,473
Md.	7,893	31.3	12,167	48.3	5,135	20.4			25,195	100.0			25,195
N. C.	5,589	16.8	26,789	80.6			849	2.6	33,227	100.0	3,803	11.4	29,424
Pa.	15,518	46.3			13,708	40.9	4,300	12.8	33,526	100.0	1,515	4.5	32,011
Va.	648	9.7	6,000	90.3					6,648	100.0			6,648
W. Va.	59	1.6	3,478	91.6	259	6.8			3,796	100.0	251	6.6	3,545
REGION III Total	31,380	18.4	127,410	74.7	10,682	6.3	968	.6	170,440	100.0	16,380	9.6	154,060
Ala.	713	2.0	26,650	75.6	7,634	21.7	233	.7	35,230	100.0	1,990	5.6	33,240
Fla.	3,958	8.0	45,499	92.0					49,457	100.0	741	1.5	48,716
Ga.	10,747	41.6	12,348	47.7	2,761	10.7			25,856	100.0	545	2.1	25,311
Miss.	692	5.2	12,611	94.8					13,303	100.0			13,303
S. C.	3,941	16.3	19,494	80.7			735	3.0	24,170	100.0	2,860	11.8	21,310
Tenn.	11,329	50.5	10,808	48.2	287	1.3			22,424	100.0	10,244	45.7	12,180
REGION IV Total	39,043	28.6	40,181	29.5	56,943	41.7	248	.2	136,415	100.0	9,294	6.8	127,121
Ill.	10,215	26.3	17,317	44.5	11,272	29.0	88	.2	38,892	100.0			38,892
Ind.	467	7.4	279	4.4	5,600	88.2			6,346	100.0	121	1.9	6,225
Mich.	9,099	24.5	13,693	36.9	14,351	38.6			37,143	100.0	4,923	13.3	32,220
Minn.	3,305	33.3	3,240	32.6	3,387	34.1			9,932	100.0	473	4.8	9,459
Ohio	15,058	36.4	5,652	13.7	20,484	49.5	160	.4	41,354	100.0	3,777	9.1	37,577
Wisc.	899	32.7			1,849	67.2			2,748	100.0			2,748
REGION V Total	10,753	11.9	23,594	26.0	37,711	41.6	8,539	20.5	90,597	100.0	10,705	11.8	79,892
Ark.	833	16.4	4,259	83.6					5,092	100.0			5,092
La.	535	3.6					14,452	96.4	14,987	100.0	210	1.4	14,777
N. Mex.	1,555	31.0	1,891	37.7	1,568	31.2			5,014	100.0	72	1.4	4,942
Okla.	2,345	16.5	5,123	35.9	3,589	25.2	3,189	22.4	14,246	100.0	3,923	27.5	10,323
Texas	5,485	10.7	12,321	24.0	32,554	63.5	898	1.8	51,258	100.0	6,500	12.7	44,758
REGION VI Total	12,579	23.1	22,398	41.2	18,935	34.8	486	.9	54,398	100.0	5,872	10.8	48,526
Colo.	4,099	25.4	5,490	34.0	6,562	40.6	5		16,156	100.0	2,969	18.4	13,187
Idaho			135	100.0					135	100.0			135
Iowa	2,918	46.0	134	2.1	3,093	48.8	191	3.0	6,336	100.0	752	11.8	5,584
Kans.	1,330	18.1	5,011	68.5	973	13.3			7,314	100.0	1,330	18.2	5,984
Mo.	2,237	11.1	9,972	49.7	7,710	38.4	150	.7	20,069	100.0	681	3.3	19,388
Mont.	403	33.3	806	66.6					1,209	100.0			1,209
Nebr.	641	35.4	575	31.7	597	32.9			1,813	100.0			1,813
N. Dak.	174	38.3	140	30.8			140	30.8	454	100.0	140	30.8	314
S. Dak.	384	100.0							384	100.0			384
Utah	393	79.7	100	20.2					493	100.0			493
Wyo.			35	100.0					35	100.0			35
REGION VII Total	21,088	20.5	48,527	47.1	19,930	19.3	13,481	13.1	103,026	100.0	5,353	5.2	97,673
Ariz.	2,249	26.3	3,458	40.4	2,844	33.2			8,551	100.0	264	3.0	8,287
Calif.	16,094	20.0	37,922	47.3	12,937	16.1	13,351	16.6	80,304	100.0	4,943	6.2	75,361
Nev.	148	5.8	2,269	89.0			130	5.1	2,547	100.0	130	5.1	2,417
Oreg.	212	6.8	1,128	35.9	1,797	57.3			3,137	100.0	16	.5	3,121
Wash.			2,802	54.4	2,352	45.6			5,154	100.0			5,154
Alaska	1,941	84.6	351	15.3					2,292	100.0			2,292
Hawaii	444	42.7	597	57.3					1,041	100.0			1,041

DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENT SERVICES AMONG PRINCIPAL DELIVERY AGENCIES

As of FY 1968, available data show that no single pattern has emerged for the delivery of subsidized family planning services. Among the regions and states there is very wide variation in the extent of responsibility for family planning undertaken by public and voluntary hospitals, health departments, Planned Parenthood Affiliates and other delivery agencies. These differences appear to stem both from historical factors – such as the states in which the Planned Parenthood organization has functioned – and regional and state variations in the pattern of delivery of general medical care for low-income persons.

Table G (previous page) presents data on patients reported by each of the principal delivery agencies for each state and region.

In many cases agencies which jointly participate in programs at the same location reported the same patients in their responses to the surveys; while it was possible to eliminate this duplication from the overall service total for the county, the data did not permit the duplicated patients to be ascribed definitively to one or another of the reporting agencies. The proportions of services reported by each of the principal delivery agencies therefore should be regarded as only an approximation of the actual distribution of services.

For the country as a whole, health departments appear to account for approximately 41 percent of current patients; public and voluntary hospitals, 27 percent; Planned Parenthood, 27 percent; and other agencies, five percent. These proportions apply to the services which the various agencies reported that they provided and do not indicate the funding sources for these services. OEO family planning grants, for example, finance services provided through each of the different types of delivery agencies: health departments, hospitals, Planned Parenthood and other agencies. The health department figures include services financed by local funds, federal Maternal and Child Health formula grants and OEO grants; they also include Maternity and Infant Care grant-funded services which are actually provided by health department staffs, as well as an undetermined amount of MIC family planning services provided by hospitals or Planned Parenthood Affiliates which could not be distributed back to these agencies.

Within these limits, the reported figures provide an approximate picture of the state of the field in FY 1968. The range of variation among the states is very wide; in some states almost all of the known services are provided by a single agency, and there appears to be little or no involvement of other agencies. On a regional basis, hospitals account for more than half of reported services in the northeast (Region I) where there has been a longtime pattern of hospital delivery of outpatient care for poor persons. In the southeast (Region III), mid-Atlantic (Region II) and western states (Region VII), on the other hand, health departments are responsible for the largest share of family planning services; this appears to be related to the greater involvement in these states of health departments in the provision of personal health services. Planned Parenthood Affiliates continue to be the principal providers of family planning services in the central (Region IV) and southwest (Region V) states (Figures 13-19, right and pages 22 and 23).

Table H (pages 24 and 25) summarizes the distribution of family planning clinics and facilities among the various delivery agencies by state and region. The patterns here parallel those among reported patients served in Table G.

MEDICAID AND THE PRIVATE PHYSICIAN

As noted earlier, the present study does not estimate the extent to which modern family planning services may be provided to medically indigent women by private physicians. Nor do the national fertility studies conducted in 1955, 1960 and 1965 provide a basis for estimation. An answer to this question would require, at minimum, an in-

Figure 13 135,000 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services in Office of Economic Opportunity Region I:* Approximate Percent Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
***Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont.**

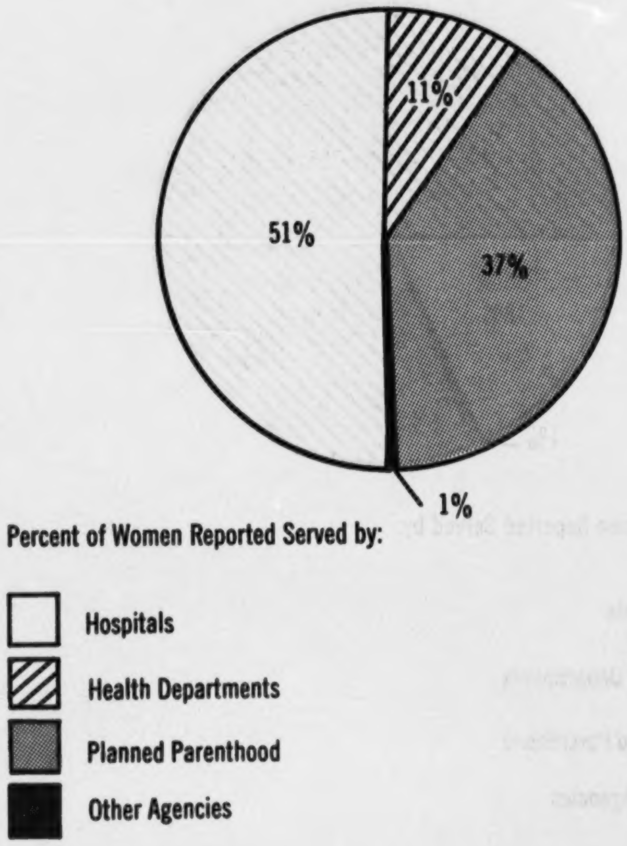


Figure 14 131,000 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services Office of Economic Opportunity Region II:* Approximate Percent Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
***Delaware, District of Columbia, Kentucky, Maryland, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia**

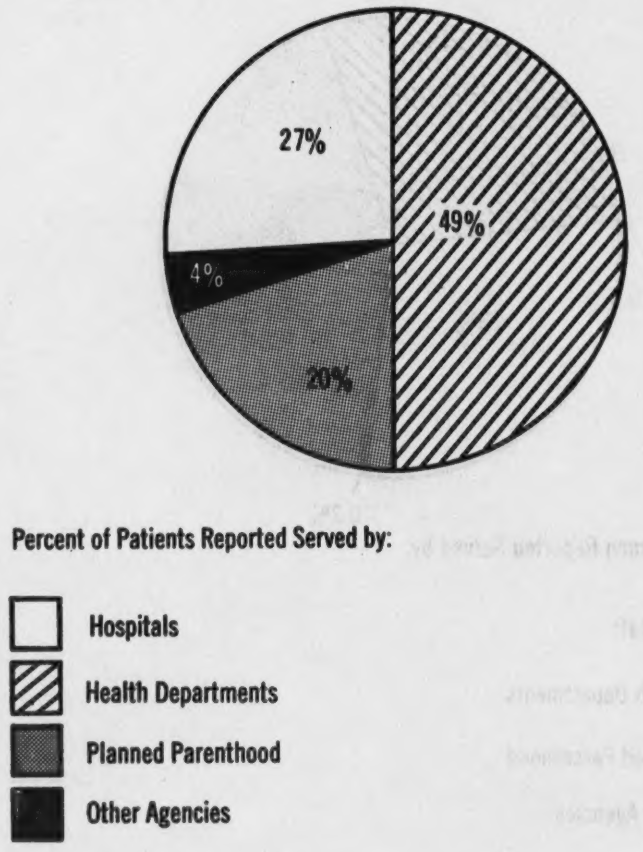


Figure 15 154,000 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services in Office of Economic Opportunity Region III:* Approximate Percent Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
*Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee.

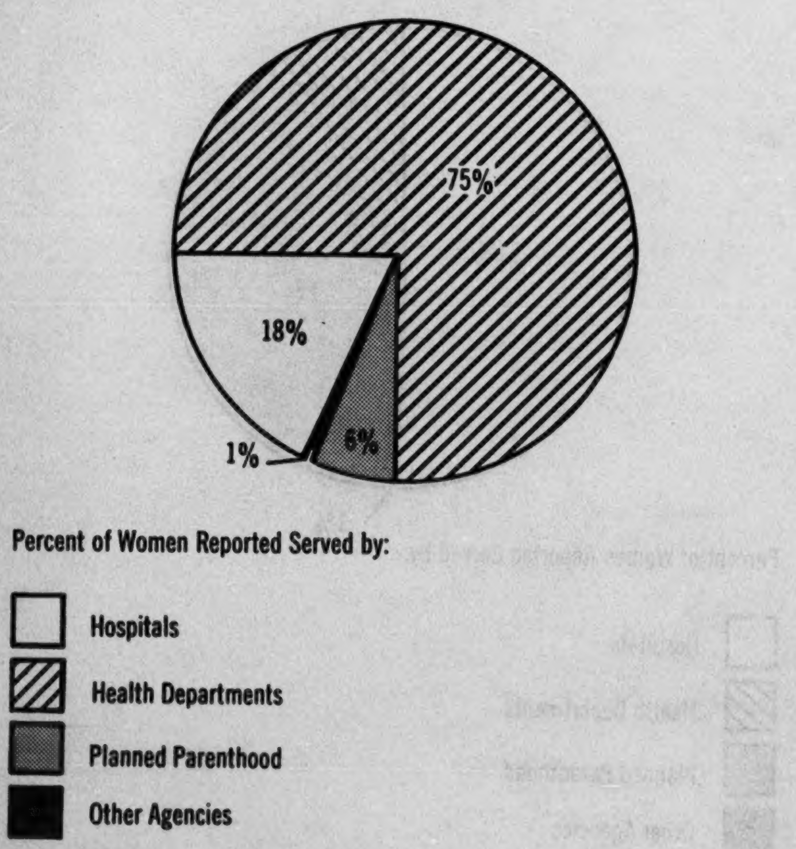


Figure 16 127,000 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services in Office of Economic Opportunity Region IV:* Approximate Percent Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
*Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin.

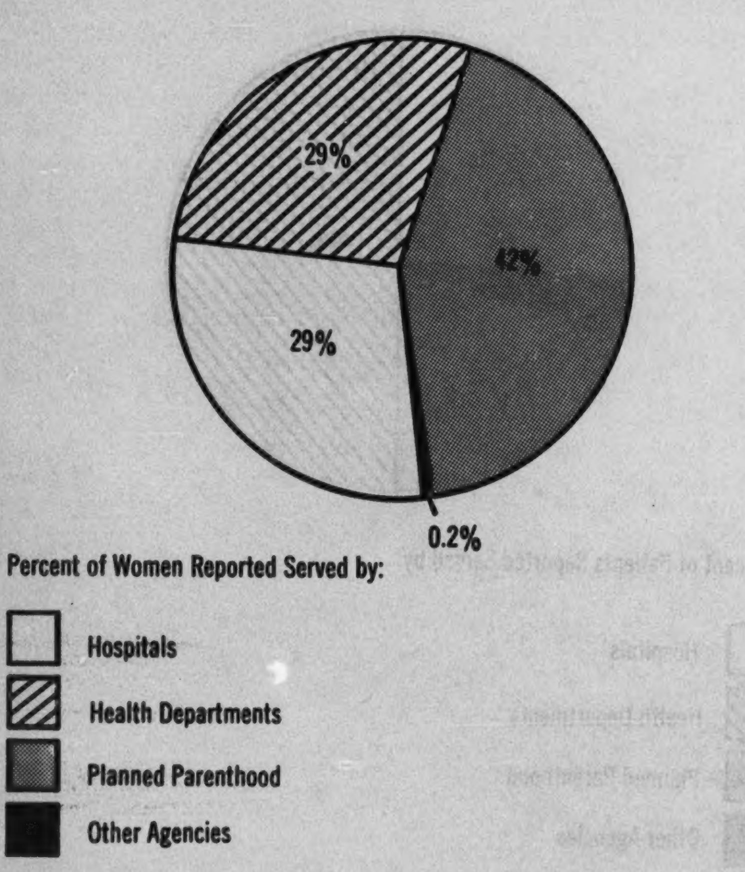


Figure 17 79,900 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services in Office of Economic Opportunity Region V:* Approximate Percent Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
*Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas.

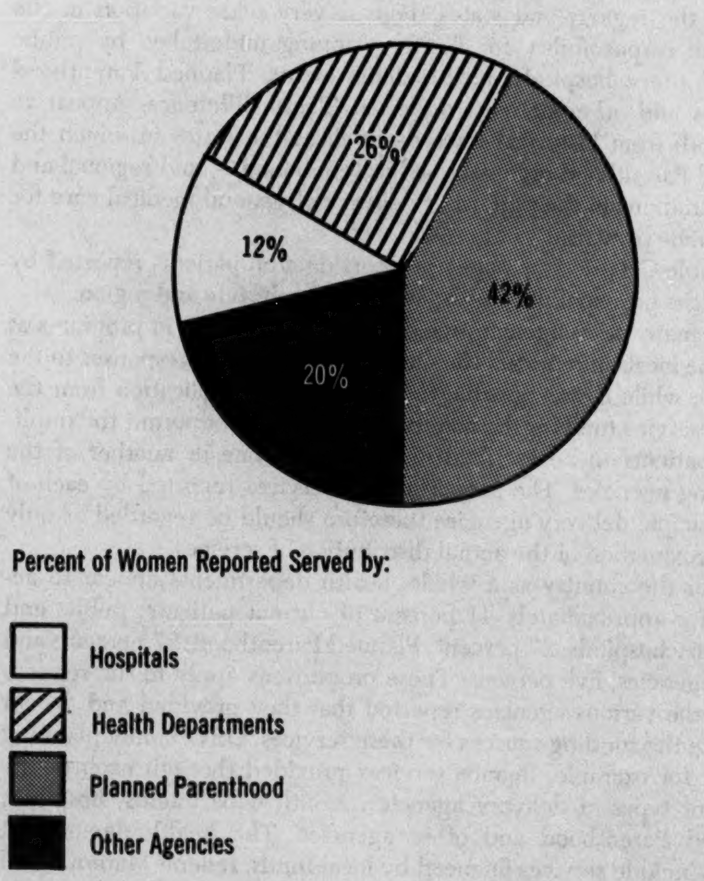


Figure 18 48,500 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services in Office of Economic Opportunity Region VI:* Approximate Percent Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
*Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming.

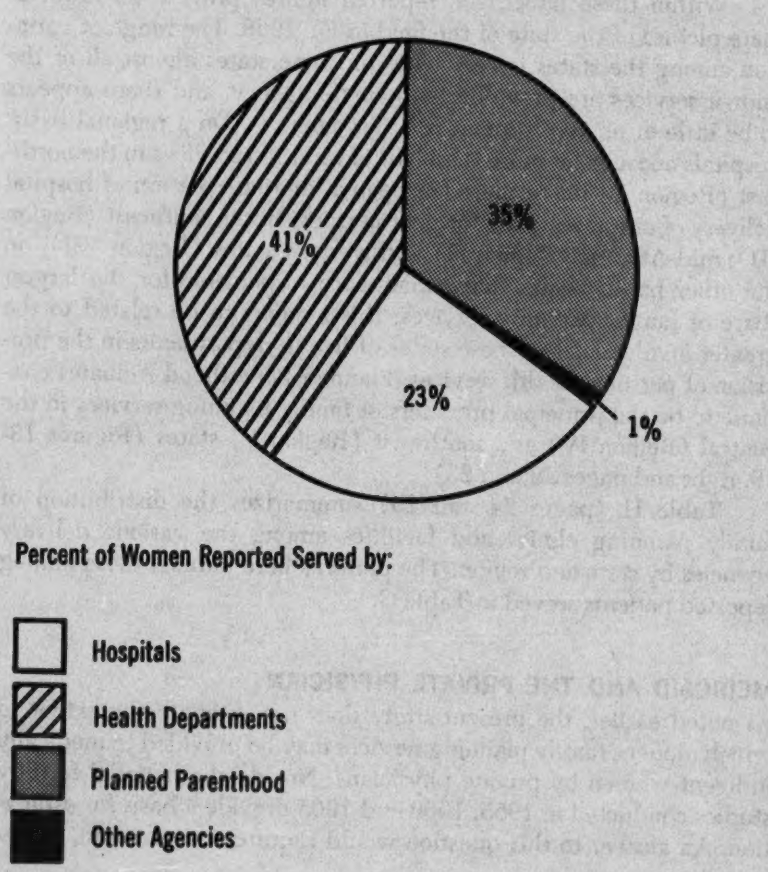
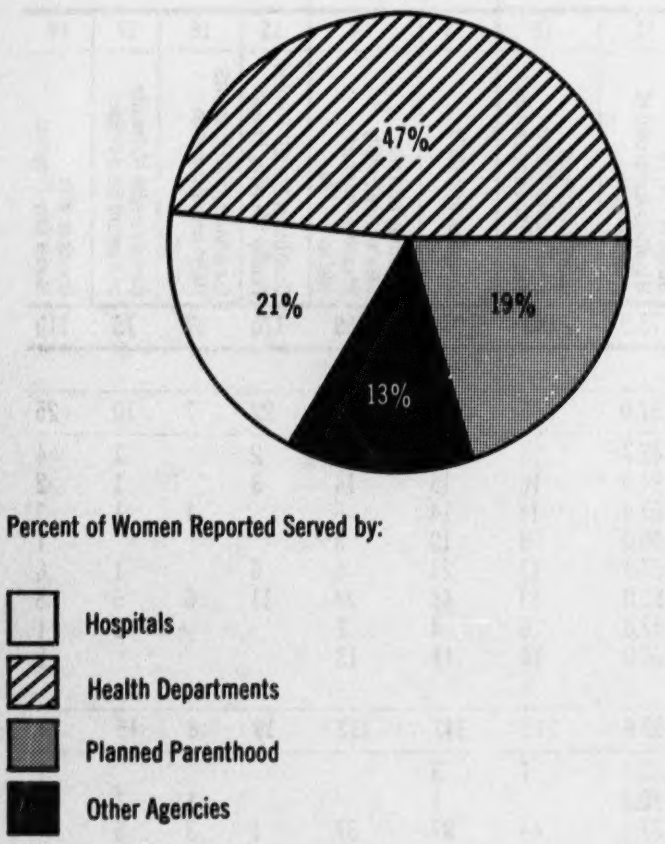


Figure 19 97,700 Women Receiving Subsidized Family Planning Services in Office of Economic Opportunity Region VII:* Approximate Percent Reported Served, by Principal Service Delivery Agencies, FY 1968.
***Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon, Washington.**



depth national survey of a representative sample of medically indigent women in their child-bearing years, or perhaps, a recall survey of physicians who treat low-income persons. Neither type of study was feasible in view of time and budget constraints.

Some information bearing on the question is provided by the preliminary findings of an independent study conducted this year by the Center for Family Planning Program Development.* Forty-three states and territories with approved Title XIX (Medicaid) plans were surveyed in March 1969 to determine eligibility requirements, services offered and approved providers of services. The state agencies administering the programs were asked whether the number of patients receiving family planning services through Medicaid could be determined or estimated, and the instruments or methods through which such a determination or estimate could be made (e.g., invoice or billing systems, reports, etc.). Replies were received from 41 jurisdictions. Only 37 states (and three Territories) had Title XIX programs operating for all or part of FY 1968 – the study year for this report. All 37 of these states replied to the questionnaire.

The responses made clear that eligibility for *any* services under Medicaid is limited to a relatively small part of the medically indigent population. Coverage encompassed mainly the "categorically needy and categorically related needy" – those who receive or are eligible to receive cash assistance under the four federal welfare categories of Aid to the Blind, the Disabled, the Aged and Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). Occasionally the "categorically related medically needy" – individuals with the same social or physical characteristics as those who receive cash assistance but who are deemed to have sufficient income for their daily needs other than medical care – were covered. Fourteen states provided the minimal coverage, while twelve others included the "categorically related medically needy"; in this latter group of states, the median level of medical indigency defining eligibility for care was $3,480 for a family of four.

In the remaining nine states eligibility was extended to a larger group of individuals who comprise the "non-categorically related medically needy" – those persons who, regardless of social or physical characteristics, have enough income for their needs except for medical care. With the exception of New York, however, few adults aged 21 to 64 who were not receiving cash assistance were covered; those in need of family planning, of course, fall largely in this group.

In May 1968,* in the 26 states with more limited coverage, about 75 percent of the total number of individuals for whom medical vendor payments were made were recipients of cash assistance. In the nine states with more liberal coverage, payments were made on behalf of only 236,000 adults; 219,000 of these, however, were found in the New York State program, which has since curtailed its coverage sharply.

Since Medicaid coverage is thus limited primarily to welfare recipients who comprise no more than 15 percent of the women in need of subsidized family planning services,** eligibility restrictions alone appear to rule out the likelihood that Medicaid is currently providing family planning services to a large proportion of those in need. This conclusion is reinforced by the restrictions on services offered under the program even to those who are eligible.

All states provided physicians' services, outpatient hospital services and laboratory services. However, these services were often limited by local restrictions. Maryland, for example, required that Title XIX eligibles use health department services whenever available and seek care from a private physician *only* with authorization of the local health officer. Thirty-three out of 37 states reported providing drugs; however, this also was often restricted by local regulations, such as the California requirement that drugs be provided only to patients in or just discharged from a hospital, or the requirement in other states (e.g., Louisiana, South Dakota) that only drugs which cannot be self-administered be made available through the program.

In reporting on the nature of the physicians' services provided – "Treatment," "Diagnostic" or "Preventive" – all 37 states indicated that treatment was provided, but 11 reported providing no preventive care.

Thirty of the Medicaid program directors indicated that they could not determine or even estimate the number of persons receiving family planning services through Medicaid. Two state directors indicated that an estimate could be, but has not been, made either because it did not seem important enough or because the annual compilation of data had not been completed. Two states provided partial estimates for a particular month. Three states provided annual figures. Where estimates were made, they were derived from various invoice and billing mechanisms. When the estimates were aggregated (including one state with incomplete tabulations for which an estimate could be derived from previous data), a maximum number of 30,000 individuals could be identified for whom *some* payment had been made for *some* type of family planning service.

In two states, the estimates were based on payments for contraceptive drugs through local pharmacies. Interestingly, these estimates seemed to match closely the number of welfare recipients receiving family planning care and physicians' services through the local Planned Parenthood Affiliates. (These Planned Parenthood physicians' services were not reimbursed by Medicaid in FY 1968, but the prescriptions issued by the physicians were filled at local drugstores.)

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* Center for Family Planning Program Development, "Survey of Family Planning Services Under Medicaid" (in preparation).

* The figures for May 1968 were used since they allow for the maximum build-up of programs started during the course of the fiscal year.

** Varky, *et al.*, *op. cit.*

Table H. Organized Family Planning Programs, Clinic Locations, and Resources for Program Expansion, U.S. and Each State, by OEO Region and Principal Delivery Agency, FY 1968.

				Family Planning Programs and Resources					Related Health and Organizational Resources								
						Planned Parenthood Affiliates						Community Action Agencies					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Region and State	Total Counties	Counties with Family Planning Programs	Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs	Number of Known Health Department Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals Providing Services	Number of Counties Served	Number of Clinic Locations	Number of Other Agencies Providing Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 10 Hospitals As Percent of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with CAAs	Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Program and with CAAs	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
U. S. Total	3,072	1,200	1,872	813	435	173	525	30	3,868	73.9	2,041	2,016	1,069	170	37	79	115
REGION I Total	150	61	89	35	124	38	108	6	410	57.0	135	134	75	22	7	10	25
Conn.	8	4	4		12	4	10		20	42.7	8	7	3	2		1	4
Maine	16	2	14		1			2	44	94.5	16	16	14	3		1	2
Mass.	14	8	6		19				67	63.4	14	14	6		1	1	5
N. H.	10	2	8	2		1	1		29	100.0	8	10	8				1
N. J.	21	15	6	7	26	8	24		52	57.1	17	21	5	6		1	6
N. Y.	62	26	36	26	65	21	69	4	172	52.0	53	48	24	11	6	5	5
R. I.	5	3	2		1	3	3		8	82.0	5	4	2			1	1
Vt.	14	1	13			1	1		18	100.0	14	14	13				1
REGION II Total	467	280	187	114	79	24	71	4	474	69.6	215	347	132	19	8	15	19
Dela.	3	3		8	2	3	5		4	30.4	1	3					1
D. C.	1	1		11	5	1	6		4	20.3		1			1	1	1
Ky.	120	76	44	9	6	3	3		76	87.1	44	97	37	1	3	5	4
Md.	23	23		68	9	2	5		31	57.3		19		1	1	1	1
N. C.	100	94	6		6			3	99	85.9	7	80	4	8		3	4
Pa.	67	25	42		46	14	51	1	153	61.9	67	58	35	6	2	2	6
Va.	98	47	51	10	4				62	86.1	51	43	19	2		1	2
W. Va.	55	11	44	8	1	1	1		45	93.4	45	46	37	1	1	2	
REGION III Total	515	482	33	252	31	7	19	3	467	76.3	35	381	28	23	7	25	13
Ala.	67	67		9	2	4	5	1	85	88.2		44		5	2	2	1
Fla.	67	67		84	7				99	79.9		38		2	1	17	2
Ga.	158	151	7	2	7	2	12		91	72.0	7	130	7	2	1	2	5
Miss.	82	79	3		2			1	68	90.9	3	37	1	5	1	2	
S. C.	46	45	1	82	3			1	53	77.9	1	46	1	8	1	2	2
Tenn.	95	73	22	75	10	1	2		71	60.3	24	86	19	1	1		3
REGION IV Total	523	80	443	93	67	39	147	2	865	78.9	470	407	331	21	3	6	22
Ill.	102	4	98	18	10	4	15	1	201	79.7	101	60	57	1	1	1	4
Ind.	92	8	84	18	4	6	27		93	89.3	88	54	46	3			2
Mich.	83	34	49	25	19	9	33		139	70.5	53	77	44	7		1	6
Minn.	87	6	81	7	6	3	7		160	95.5	85	81	76			2	3
Ohio	88	25	63	25	24	15	58	1	130	67.3	72	86	61	10	2	2	7
Wisc.	71	3	68		4	2	7		142	91.7	71	49	47				
REGION V Total	502	140	362	118	40	17	82	8	471	75.8	380	253	142	49	1	9	13
Ark.	75	39	36	44	1				58	90.9	37	48	24	2		7	1
La.	64	6	58	1	5			6	67	72.5	58	31	25	5			1
N. Mex.	32	17	15	21	9	2	7		32	79.5	17	22	7	1			2
Okla.	77	47	30	2	10	2	10		87	92.4	35	60	15	19	1		3
Texas	254	31	223	50	15	13	65	2	227	70.5	233	92	71	22		2	6

Table H. Organized Family Planning Programs, Clinic Locations, and Resources for Program Expansion, U.S. and Each State, by OEO Region and Principal Delivery Agency, FY 1968.

continued

				Family Planning Programs and Resources					Related Health and Organizational Resources								
						Planned Parenthood Affiliates						Community Action Agencies					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Region and State	Total Counties	Counties with Family Planning Programs	Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs	Number of Known Health Department Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals Providing Services	Number of Counties Served	Number of Clinic Locations	Number of Other Agencies Providing Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 10 Hospitals As Percent of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with CAAs	Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Program and with CAAs	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
REGION VI Total	746	84	662	78	37	37	68	2	690	86.8	701	370	244	21	5	6	11
Colo.	63	19	44	23	4	19	25	1	58	85.8	50	19	4	3	2	3	2
Idaho	44	3	41	3					41	100.0	41	18	16			1	1
Iowa	99	18	81	2	5	8	9	1	106	86.8	97	99	81	5			1
Kans.	105	10	95	21	1	3	5		127	95.0	96	26	19	2			1
Mo.	114	13	101	8	10	5	22		78	80.6	104	114	101	7	3	1	2
Mont.	56	5	51	12	3				48	96.4	54	18	16	2			2
Nebr.	93	4	89	4	2	2	7		90	94.8	91	35	33	1		1	
N. Dak.	53	3	50	1	2				48	96.5	52	1		1			1
S. Dak.	67	6	61		7				45	92.4	67	21	18				
Utah	29	2	27	4	3				25	64.9	27	11	9				1
Wyo.	23	1	22						24	100.0	22	8	7				
REGION VII Total	169	73	96	123	57	11	30	5	491	81.5	105	124	67	15	6	8	12
Ariz.	14	8	6	22	15	2	3		37	52.8	10	14	6	2			1
Calif.	58	45	13	80	27	6	22	5	275	81.9	16	39	6	10	5	3	7
Nev.	17	4	13		2				12	98.3	15	17	13			1	
Oreg.	36	8	28	8	1	2	3		55	94.4	28	21	15	1	1	1	
Wash.	39	5	34	9	2	1	2		86	94.6	34	29	24	2		1	2
Alaska	1	1			8				10	66.0							1
Hawaii	4	2	2	4	2				16	24.4	2	4	3			2	1

In the other states, both family planning prescriptions and physicians' services were purchased under Title XIX, but again the number of patients (and the number of reimbursements to Planned Parenthood Affiliates for such patients) seemed to indicate that relatively few individuals were receiving services outside of organized clinic facilities.

CHANGES SINCE 1966-67 IN LARGE SMSAs

Some measure of the growth of family planning services in the last several years is afforded by comparing the results of the present study for FY 1968 with an earlier study of 110 large SMSAs for 1966-67.* While the data base and methodology of the two studies are not completely comparable, they are similar enough to make possible at least a gross assessment of the rate of change.

In the earlier study, patients reported served by all service agencies in the 110 SMSAs totaled approximately 452,000. The figure in the present report for these SMSAs is 591,000, a gain of 30 percent. Some of this increase is probably due to more complete reporting in this study, but most of it appears to represent an actual increase in service levels.

As measured by the change in percent of unmet need, however, the 110 SMSAs present a much less uniform picture. Indeed, nine show higher percentages of unmet need in the present report than in the 1966-67 study, possibly because of improved reporting. An additional 35 SMSAs show current unmet need figures which are lower than 1966-67 by five percentage points or less, a difference which can be regarded as insubstantial in view of the approximate nature of the data in both studies.

The remaining 66 SMSAs show current unmet need figures which are more than six percentage points lower than in 1966-67:

Difference in Percent of Unmet Need, 1968/1966-67	Number of Large SMSAs
6-10% lower	24
11-20% lower	35
More than 20% lower	7
	66

These gains appear to represent significant increases in programming. These findings, coupled with the data presented earlier, suggest strongly that a very large part of the national increase in organized family planning services in the period from 1966-67 to FY 1968 has been concentrated in these 66 SMSAs with more than 250,000 population.

---

* Jaffe and Bernsohn, op. cit.

CONCLUSION

Since this has been the first attempt to assess systematically the adequacy of existing family planning programs throughout the country, it is difficult to measure precisely the growth of these programs in the last several years. The present data suggest that there has been a significant increase in achieved national service levels since 1966. While previous estimates were based on considerably less data, a comparison indicates that the overall national gain has been on the order of 25 percent. This gain has coincided with the increased availability of federal funds.

The data show, however, that 84 percent of currently reported services are concentrated in about 200 counties. The balance is scattered in small programs in 1,000 counties. In nearly 1,900 counties there are no identifiable programs at all.

The report also shows that there are considerable health and organizational resources in many counties which do not yet participate in the delivery of family planning services. These resources provide a base on which an accelerated national program could be built. Such a program would attempt as rapidly as possible to involve these resources in the counties which have been identified as having significant numbers of women without access to modern family planning services. It would also begin a serious effort to solve the critical problem of delivery of services in sparsely settled rural areas.

In a handful of counties, current programs appear to have reached and enrolled more than four out of five of the women in need of subsidized family planning services. Since there is little basis for assuming that poor couples in these counties have substantially different values and aspirations than in other counties, it would seem entirely feasible to expect that similar results could be achieved elsewhere. Thus, the family planning goals set by the President's Committee on Population and Family Planning, and articulated by President Nixon's Message to Congress, appear realizable, given a commitment of sufficient national resources to establish the required programs and of sufficient attention and study to solve the problems remaining in the delivery system. This study, hopefully, will illuminate somewhat the shape and direction of such an accelerated national program.

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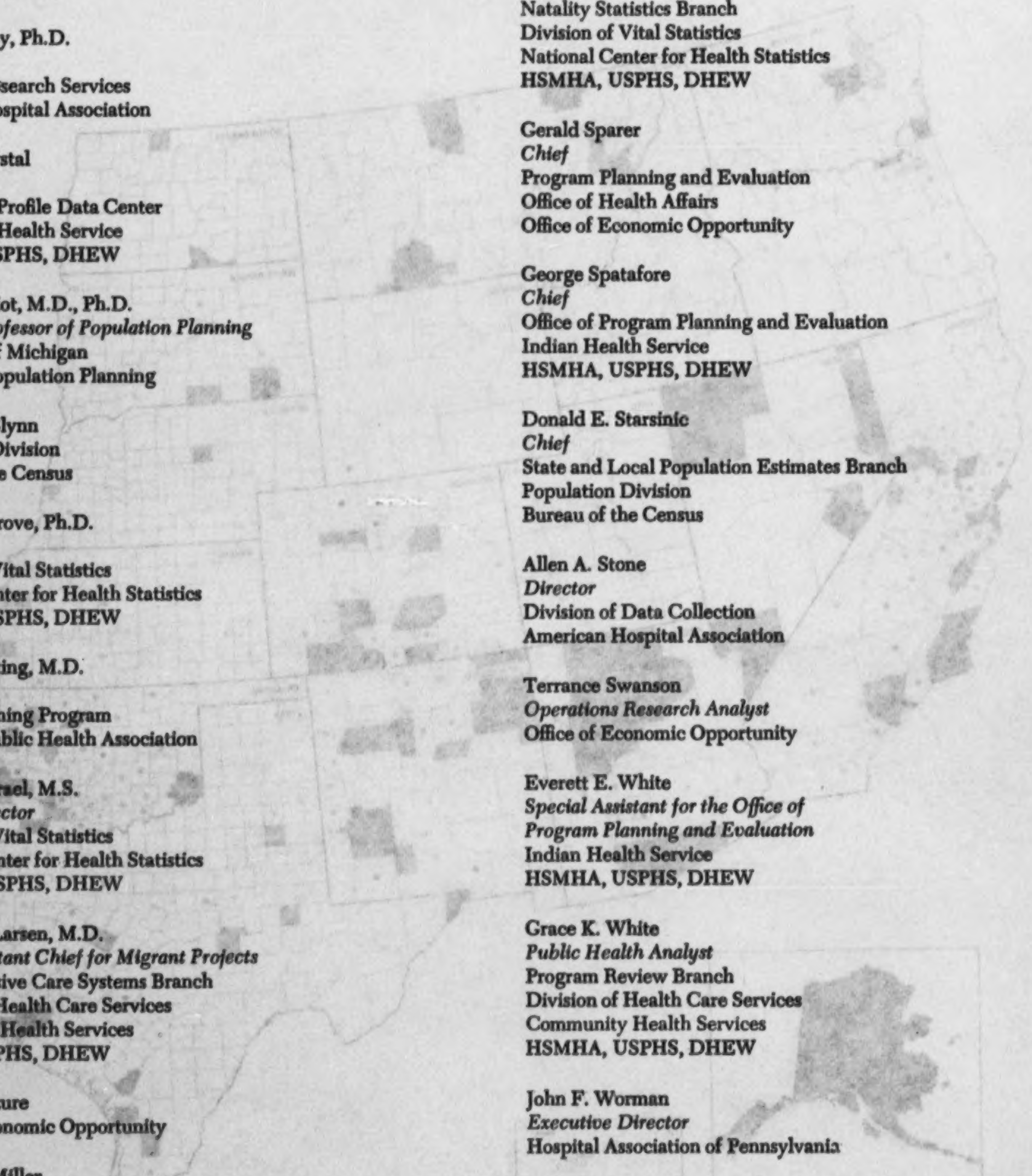


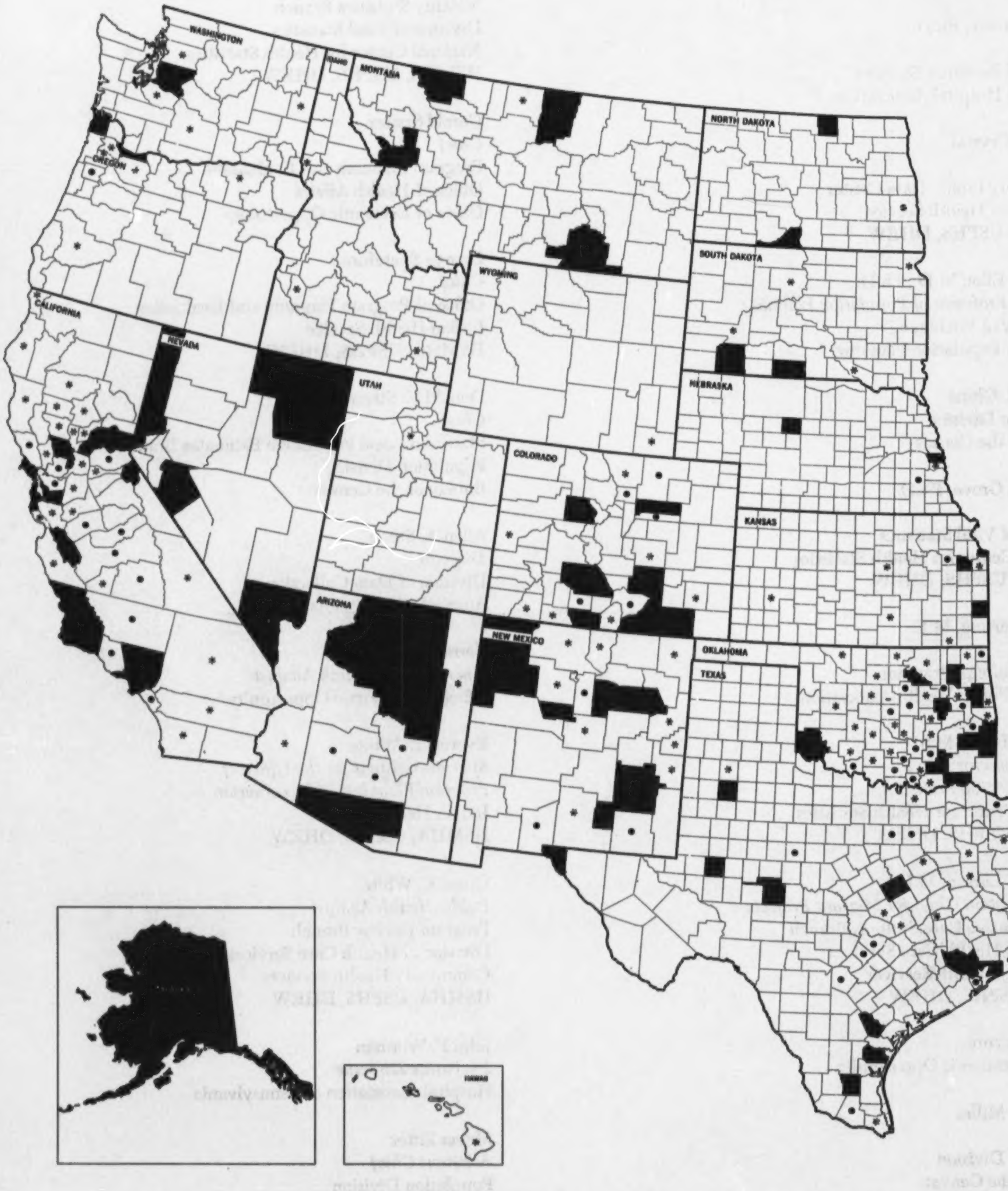
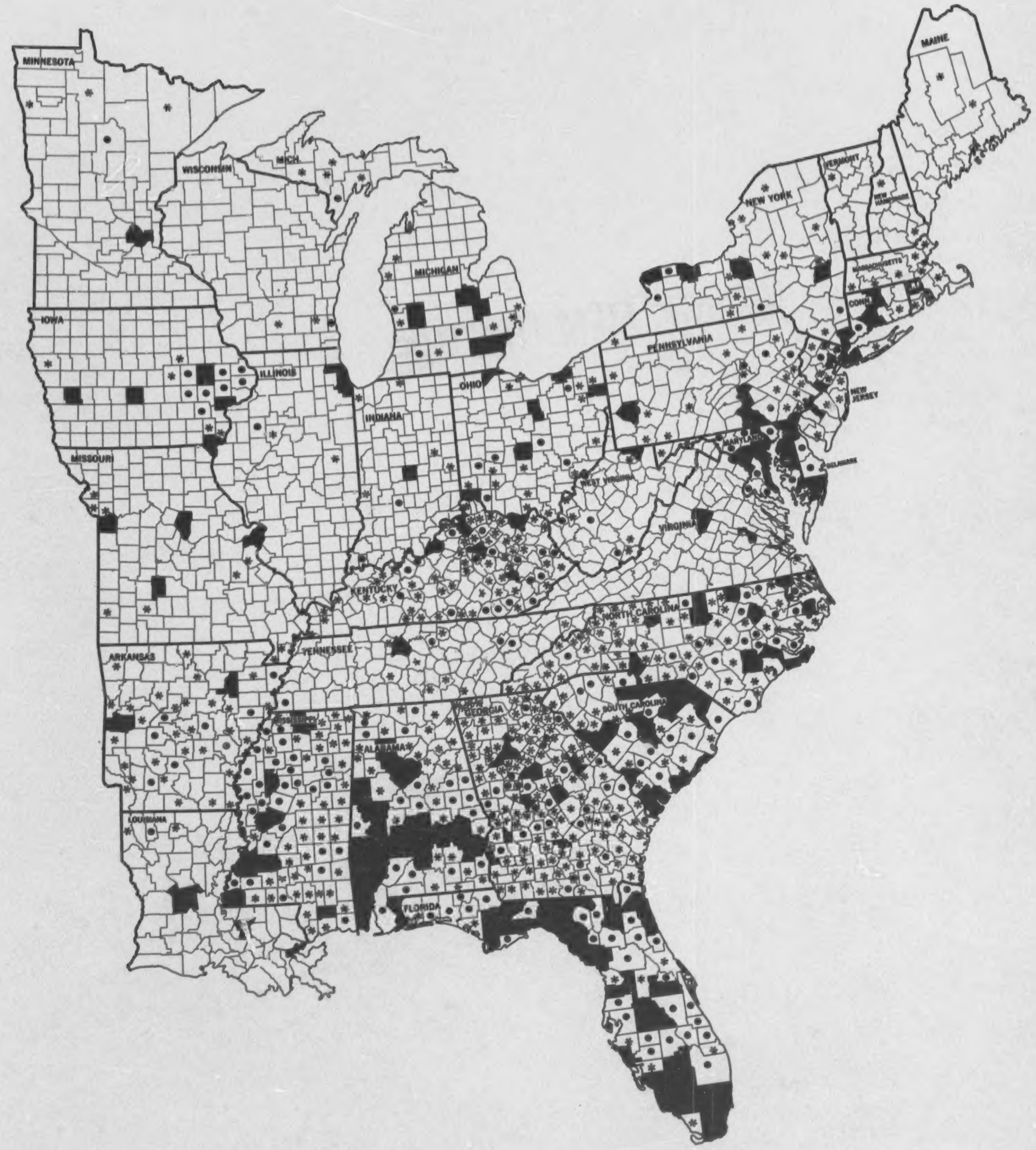

WASHINGTON
IDAHO
MONTANA
OREGON
CALIFORNIA
NEVADA
UTAH
WYOMING
NORTH DAKOTA
SOUTH DAKOTA
NEBRASKA
COLORADO
KANSAS
ARIZONA
NEW MEXICO
OKLAHOMA
TEXAS
HAWAII

Figure 20 Unmet Family Planning Need in the 3,072 Counties of the United States: Per Cent by County

Per Cent of Unmet Family Planning Need
- ☐ 100 Per Cent (1,994 Counties)[1]/
- * 90-99.9 Per Cent (566 Counties)
- ● 80-89 Per Cent (274 Counties)
- ■ Less than 80 Per Cent (238 Counties)

1/Including 122 counties where services are believed to exist, but no service figures have been reported.



MINNESOTA
WISCONSIN
MICH.
MICHIGAN
IOWA
ILLINOIS
INDIANA
OHIO
MISSOURI
KENTUCKY
TENNESSEE
ARKANSAS
LOUISIANA
ALABAMA
GEORGIA
FLORIDA
SOUTH CAROLINA
NORTH CAROLINA
VIRGINIA
WEST VIRGINIA
MARYLAND
DELAWARE
NEW JERSEY
PENNSYLVANIA
NEW YORK
CONN.
MASSACHUSETTS
VERMONT
NEW HAMPSHIRE
MAINE

Section II

Detailed Tables

In all the Detailed Tables, calculations were performed prior to rounding.

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 1. NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES: CURRENT PROGRAMS, RESOURCES, AND RELATED INDICES FOR U.S., EACH STATE AND COUNTY, FY 1968

NOTES TO TABLE 1.

To facilitate reading of this table, brief explanations are provided for each column heading; a full definition and sources of data may be found in Section III as noted.

Column 3

SMSA Designation: Counties located within or outside of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. Number is related to size of population in SMSA; blank indicates county is located outside of SMSA (Section III-A).

POPULATION AND SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS (COLS. 4-7)

Column 4

Population: Total population for 1966, as estimated by U. S. Bureau of the Census (Section III-B).

Column 5

Home-Based Migrants: Estimated number of migrants with permanent residence in county (Section III-B).

Column 6

Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction: Estimated numbers of Indians in counties where the Indian Health Service of the U.S. Public Health Service (Health Services and Mental Health Administration) provides medical care (Section III-B).

Column 7

Women 15-44: 1966 estimate by U.S. Bureau of Census (Section III-B).

ESTIMATED FAMILY PLANNING NEED AND SERVICE LEVELS (COLS. 8-11)

Column 8

Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning: The total number of women who are fertile, exposed to risk of pregnancy, not currently pregnant or seeking a desired pregnancy, approximated by applying the Dryfoos-Polgar-Varky formula to Census 1966 population estimates (Section III-C).

Column 9

Medically Indigent Women Served: Total number of patients reported for Fiscal 1968 by all known family planning services in hospitals, health departments, Planned Parenthood Affiliates and other agencies, in response to CFPPD survey of service agencies (Section III-D).

Column 10

Medically Indigent Women Not Served: The total in need (Column 8) minus the total reported as served (Column 9), or unmet need for subsidized family planning services.

Column 11

Percent Unserved: The total unserved (Column 10) divided by the total need (Column 8), also referred to as "percent of unmet need."

SELECTED HEALTH AND DEMOGRAPHIC INDICES (COLS. 12-18)

Column 12

Infant Mortality Rate: Five year average rate of deaths to infants under 1 year per 1,000 live births, by residence of mother, 1961-65 (Section III-E).

Column 13

Number of Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1000: The difference between the actual number of infant deaths between 1961-65 and the number which would have occurred at the rate of 17.8 per 1000 births (Section III-E).

Column 14

Estimated Fertility Rate per 1000 Women 15-44: The number of births in 1966 to women aged 15-44, divided by the estimated number of women aged 15-44 in 1966 (Section III-E).

Columns 15-16

Live Birth Order as Percent of Births: The proportion of live births in 1966 in the reported birth orders to all live births, by residence of mother. First births are presented in Column 15, fifth or higher order births in Column 16 (Section III-E).

Column 17

Out-of-Wedlock Births per 1000 Live Births: The proportion of out-of-wedlock births in 1966 to all live births, by residence of mother (not reported for 16 states) (Section III-E).

Column 18

Premature Births 2,500 Grams or Less (Percent of Live Births): The proportion of live births weighing 2,500 grams or less at birth in 1966 to all live births, by residence of mother (Section III-E).

EXISTING AND POTENTIAL RESOURCES FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS (COLS. 19-36)

Columns 19-24

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care: Data are for 1968 and exclude physicians employed by governmental agencies, interns, residents, fellows and those primarily concerned with research, administration and full-time teaching (Section III-F).

Column 19

Total number of *physicians* with office address in county.

Column 20

Ratio of *physicians per 100,000 population* in county.

Column 21

General practitioners: The number of physicians (as defined above) who identify their primary activity as general practice.

Column 22

Ratio of *general practitioners per 100,000 population* in county.

Column 23

Obstetrician-Gynecologists: The number of physicians (as defined above) who identify their primary specialty as obstetrics and gynecology.

Column 24

Ratio of *Obstetrician-Gynecologists per 100,000 population* in county or state.

Columns 25-27

Hospitals: Data are for 1967 and include short-term, general care, non-profit hospitals reporting births, operated by private agencies, non-Federal governmental agencies, Public Health Service and the Indian Health Service (Section III-F).

Column 25

Non-Profit General Care: The number of defined hospitals, in the county or state.

Column 26

Births: Total number of births reported for 1967 by all defined hospitals in the county or state.

Column 27

Number Reporting Family Planning Services: Hospitals that reported providing organized family planning services during Fiscal 1968, in response to CFPPD survey (Section III-D).

Column 28

Counties with Medical School: Bullet denotes location in a county of one or more approved medical schools as of 1967 (Section III-F).

Column 29

Counties with Community Action Agency: Bullet denotes county with one or more active CAAs as of August 1968 (Section III-F).

Column 30

Counties with OEO-funded Family Planning Project: Bullet identifies county with one or more OEO-funded family planning projects as of November 1968 (Section III-F).

Column 31

Counties with OEO Neighborhood Health Center: Bullet denotes location of one or more OEO comprehensive health centers in county as of October 1968 (Section III-F).

Column 32

Counties with Model City Program: Bullet denotes county with one or more Model City Planning grants as of December 1968 (Section III-F).

Column 33

Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project: Bullet denotes county with one or more MIC project grants as of Fiscal 1968 (Section III-F).

Column 34

Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project: Bullet denotes county with one or more NSP projects as of April 1969 (Section III-F).

Column 35

Counties Where Health Department Provides Family Planning Services: Bullets identify 1,031 counties where local health departments were reported as providing family planning services in Fiscal 1968; for some of these counties no estimate of patients served could be obtained. Lack of symbol indicates no reported health department service (Section III-F).

Column 36

Counties Where Planned Parenthood Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services: Bullet identifies county where a local group affiliated with Planned Parenthood-World Population provides medical family planning services (Section III-F).

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	U.S. TOTAL 3072 COUNTIES		195,699.2	417.8	403.5	39,542.8	5,366,747	773,111	4,593,636	86	25.1	148,709	91	34	15	88	8
	ALABAMA 67 COUNTIES		3,510.9	3.1		744.9	175,321	33,240	142,081	81	31.2	5,111	89	34	18	124	9
1	AUTAUGA		22.8			4.9	1,321	274	1,047	79	35.1	44	89	28	23	172	10
2	BALDWIN	1	54.1	.2		11.0	2,533	333	2,200	87	29.5	71	94	33	18	100	6
3	BARBOUR		25.7	.1		5.4	1,825	565	1,260	69	37.8	59	89	27	22	169	12
4	BIBB		15.1			3.1	1,025	106	919	90	40.3	36	94	31	27	114	9
5	BLOUNT		26.6			5.5	1,423	23	1,400	98	28.8	27	79	37	14	27	10
6	BULLOCK		13.0			2.4	891	293	598	67	39.5	35	100	32	30	293	15
7	BUTLER		22.8			4.4	1,463	333	1,130	77	30.2	34	102	36	21	159	7
8	CALHOUN	5	100.8			22.7	4,550	21	4,529	100	31.0	144	85	37	15	78	8
9	CHAMBERS		39.1			7.9	1,811	252	1,559	86	38.8	83	96	30	21	159	13
10	CHEROKEE		17.0			3.6	900	63	837	93	29.8	17	73	34	14	68	11
11	CHILTON		26.9			5.4	1,609	221	1,388	86	36.7	46	79	36	19	79	6
12	CHOCTAW		19.0			3.9	1,297	311	986	76	34.4	35	107	31	21	185	9
13	CLARKE		27.3			5.3	1,700	468	1,232	72	37.5	64	110	33	22	179	11
14	CLAY		13.1			2.5	762	91	671	88	38.1	25	84	29	15	138	6
15	CLEBURNE		11.4			2.4	695	58	637	92	28.1	12	84	33	22	30	6
16	COFFEE		32.7			6.8	1,850	257	1,593	86	26.0	29	87	41	14	100	7
17	COLBERT	5	51.2			11.2	2,170	248	1,922	89	23.5	31	85	34	10	102	8
18	CONECUH		16.5			3.2	1,098	129	969	88	30.9	25	86	30	29	131	9
19	COOSA		10.7			2.2	657	24	633	96	35.2	17	79	31	19	170	15
20	COVINGTON		38.5			7.8	2,137	165	1,972	92	37.2	70	86	36	14	77	9
21	CRENSHAW		14.2			2.8	1,043	98	945	91	35.0	23	82	32	24	153	7
22	CULLMAN		51.3			10.9	3,080	214	2,866	93	29.4	54	79	37	11	12	10
23	DALE		45.9	.1		9.9	2,352	70	2,282	97	29.7	59	104	44	12	50	6
24	DALLAS		57.1	.4		11.4	3,378	1,380	1,998	59	40.8	185	127	33	25	223	9
25	DE KALB		43.6			9.0	2,676	81	2,595	97	22.4	19	80	39	9	38	7
26	ELMORE	1	34.0			6.7	1,760	84	1,676	95	35.4	64	102	29	22	122	7
27	ESCAMBIA		36.1	.9		7.4	2,030	335	1,695	83	32.4	66	103	28	20	131	8
28	ETOWAH	1	95.4			20.4	4,162	60	4,102	99	31.7	129	82	37	15	89	9
29	FAYETTE		18.0			3.8	1,113	76	1,037	93	37.4	30	72	32	22	87	8
30	FRANKLIN		24.1			5.0	1,404	216	1,188	85	27.2	23	86	38	15	37	5
31	GENEVA		21.6			4.3	1,323	34	1,289	97	33.2	35	95	36	17	107	8
32	GREENE		13.1	.1		2.5	951	388	563	59	44.4	43	106	37	30	318	5
33	HALE		18.6			3.4	1,247	490	757	61	52.9	92	122	25	28	316	8
34	HENRY		15.1	.2		3.1	1,057	152	905	86	35.5	29	76	31	22	126	8
35	HOUSTON		56.0	.1		12.2	3,201	216	2,985	93	35.1	104	84	32	20	85	9
36	JACKSON		37.6			8.0	2,263	24	2,239	99	28.6	41	83	39	16	33	10
37	JEFFERSON	2	642.6			136.5	25,685	8,982	16,703	65	27.3	629	79	36	14	142	11
38	LAMAR		15.3			3.2	880	28	852	97	40.9	29	76	34	12	65	10
39	LAUDERDALE	5	67.3			14.3	2,936	222	2,714	92	17.9	1	84	31	13	70	7
40	LAWRENCE		28.5			6.0	1,808	62	1,746	97	20.1	7	108	28	18	124	8
41	LEE		60.2			13.9	3,403	622	2,781	82	36.9	114	84	37	16	107	11
42	LIMESTONE	1	42.5			9.1	2,432	208	2,224	91	25.4	36	97	32	15	98	6
43	LOWNDES		14.7			2.6	996	547	449	45	45.0	60	127	27	39	339	13

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
204,966	105	62,700	32	13,967	7	4,305	2,983,551	435	66	2,016	170	37	115	79	17	1,031	173	U.S. TOTAL 3072 COUNTIES	
2,326	66	842	24	169	5	87	47,408	2	1	44	5	2	1	2		67	4	ALABAMA 67 COUNTIES	
3	13	3	13													●		AUTAUGA	1
24	44	16	30	1	2	2	417			●						●		BALDWIN	2
14	55	11	43			1	306			●						●		BARBOUR	3
5	33	4	26							●						●		BIBB	4
7	26	6	23			1	352									●		BLOUNT	5
6	46	4	31			1	91			●						●		BULLOCK	6
13	57	8	35			2	251			●						●		BUTLER	7
57	57	18	18	6	6	2	1,493			●						●		CALHOUN	8
17	44	10	26			1	443			●						●		CHAMBERS	9
4	24	4	24			1	192			●						●		CHEROKEE	10
8	30	6	22			1	353			●						●		CHILTON	11
6	32	6	32			1	291									●		CHOCTAW	12
11	40	7	26			2	315									●		CLARKE	13
4	31	3	23			1	186			●						●		CLAY	14
2	18	2	18			1	37			●						●		CLEBURNE	15
17	52	10	31	2	6	2	298									●		COFFEE	16
28	55	13	25	3	6	1	793			●						●		COLBERT	17
6	36	5	30			1	10			●						●		CONECUH	18
1	9	1	9							●						●		COOSA	19
21	55	17	44			4	651			●						●		COVINGTON	20
6	42	5	35			1	67			●						●		CRENSHAW	21
19	37	11	21	1	2	1	712									●		CULLMAN	22
9	20	8	17			1	333			●						●		DALE	23
40	70	8	14	3	5	2	554			●	●					●		DALLAS	24
12	28	10	23			1	559			●						●		DE KALB	25
13	38	8	24			1	125			●						●		ELMORE	26
18	50	15	42			2	601			●						●		ESCAMBIA	27
72	75	17	18	4	4	2	1,604									●		ETOWAH	28
6	33	6	33			1	212			●						●		FAYETTE	29
17	70	6	25	2	8											●		FRANKLIN	30
9	42	9	42													●		GENEVA	31
4	31	4	31			1	62									●		GREENE	32
4	21	4	21			1	114									●		HALE	33
4	26	4	26			1	72			●						●		HENRY	34
49	87	13	23	5	9	1	693									●		HOUSTON	35
13	35	10	27			2	710			●						●		JACKSON	36
682	106	137	21	62	10	8	8,510	1	●	●	●			●		●	●	JEFFERSON	37
6	39	6	39			1	101			●						●		LAMAR	38
51	76	11	16	4	6	1	1,390			●						●		LAUDERDALE	39
9	32	6	21							●						●		LAWRENCE	40
28	47	11	18	2	3	1	745									●		LEE	41
12	28	9	21			1	662					●				●		LIMESTONE	42
3	20	3	20													●		LOWNDES	43

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	ALABAMA																
44	MACON		24.8			5.0	1,602	1,700			37.5	49	97	30	25	213	11
45	MADISON	1	188.0			45.6	7,293	916	6,377	87	26.8	188	91	35	12	81	8
46	MARENGO		26.9			5.1	1,696	930	766	45	42.2	87	115	26	26	234	7
47	MARION		24.8			5.3	1,650	31	1,619	98	31.4	29	81	40	13	23	8
48	MARSHALL		57.1			12.5	3,025	273	2,752	91	26.6	50	82	38	11	53	8
49	MOBILE	1	330.2	.1		69.5	12,867	3,793	9,074	71	27.0	384	97	32	20	131	10
50	MONROE		22.4			4.3	1,370	181	1,189	87	42.7	71	113	26	27	176	8
51	MONTGOMERY	1	174.2			37.3	7,709	1,686	6,023	78	35.9	347	81	33	22	182	9
52	MORGAN		76.9			16.9	3,496	434	3,062	88	25.4	61	97	35	12	77	8
53	PERRY		17.5			3.6	1,338	132	1,206	90	26.2	18	80	31	31	197	7
54	PICKENS		20.6			3.9	1,199	339	860	72	30.6	33	109	26	27	212	11
55	PIKE		28.7			6.0	1,985	167	1,818	92	51.6	102	93	36	24	156	7
56	RANDOLPH		19.4			3.8	1,114	146	968	87	27.9	20	84	36	13	111	9
57	RUSSELL	1	49.2	.1		10.5	2,843	120	2,723	96	36.6	124	104	30	22	135	11
58	ST. CLAIR		26.3			5.5	1,401	18	1,383	99	34.8	44	86	35	14	109	13
59	SHELBY	2	34.2			7.4	1,986	267	1,719	87	30.7	50	87	28	18	90	9
60	SUMTER		19.0			3.5	1,334	194	1,140	85	49.5	77	104	30	34	297	7
61	TALLADEGA		68.3			14.7	3,630	163	3,467	96	38.0	157	93	29	20	131	10
62	TALLAPOOSA		37.4			7.7	1,919	250	1,669	87	39.9	86	91	24	13	99	11
63	TUSCALOOSA	1	121.6	.4		27.2	6,349	433	5,916	93	29.1	133	71	36	16	133	12
64	WALKER	2	57.2			11.9	3,384	1,441	1,943	57	33.6	95	94	36	15	59	9
65	WASHINGTON		15.4	.2		3.0	896	206	690	77	30.0	23	110	25	27	133	10
66	WILCOX		17.8			3.3	1,287	292	995	77	44.1	65	129	26	35	353	7
67	WINSTON		16.1			3.6	1,051	304	747	71	45.2	42	86	39	9	39	10
	ARIZONA 14 COUNTIES		1,602.8	42.0	96.7	327.0	48,153	8,287	39,866	83	28.0	1,856	99	31	20		8
1	APACHE		46.7	2.9	26.7	9.4	2,793	239	2,554	91	41.3	179	152	21	41		9
2	COCHISE		57.5	.3	.1	10.7	1,507		1,507	100	27.7	77	125	33	19		9
3	COCONINO		58.1	2.9	15.7	12.3	1,885	379	1,506	80	39.7	167	109	31	27		8
4	GILA		27.8		3.5	5.3	896	119	777	87	52.8	133	137	30	24		8
5	GRAHAM		16.1		1.3	3.0	537		537	100	42.1	47	99	26	32		11
6	GREENLEE		10.3		.2	2.1	173		173	100	29.9	13	81	27	18		4
7	MARICOPA	2	838.1	10.0	8.5	174.5	23,656	4,355	19,301	82	23.7	530	94	33	17		8
8	MOHAVE		14.6		.6	3.0	503		503	100	27.6	13	114	35	13		8
9	NAVAJO		48.7	2.9	24.5	9.4	2,215	503	1,712	77	44.5	205	153	20	38		10
10	PIMA	1	314.8	3.8	7.8	64.3	8,679	2,280	6,399	74	23.7	200	85	32	17		8
11	PINAL		64.0	15.0	5.6	12.0	2,224	379	1,845	83	37.5	173	118	26	28		8
12	SANTA CRUZ		14.6			3.2	620		620	100	18.0		90	28	28		5
13	YAVAPAI		34.4		.6	6.5	1,024		1,024	100	29.6	31	79	37	13		7
14	YUMA		57.1	4.2	1.6	11.4	1,441	33	1,408	98	31.3	88	116	31	19		7
	ARKANSAS 75 COUNTIES		1,955.6	.6		389.5	106,454	5,092	101,362	95	27.5	1,983	88	34	18		9
1	ARKANSAS		26.6			5.3	1,339	153	1,186	89	27.8	29	96	30	24		8
2	ASHLEY		26.2			5.3	1,357	7	1,350	99	25.4	22	97	33	20		10
3	BAXTER		11.9			2.2	655	34	621	95	16.1		72	39	10		8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		ALABAMA	
10	40	4	16			2	1,482			●						●		MACON	44
127	68	39	21	12	6	1	3,053			●	●		●			●	●	MADISON	45
11	41	11	41			1	440									●		MARENGO	46
11	44	7	28	1	4	2	172			●						●		MARION	47
29	51	23	40			3	1,268			●						●		MARSHALL	48
307	93	80	24	27	8	5	6,829	1		●				●		●		MOBILE	49
7	31	7	31			1	276			●						●		MONROE	50
165	95	32	18	16	9	4	2,531			●	●	●				●		MONTGOMERY	51
61	79	23	30	5	6	1	946			●						●		MORGAN	52
4	23	4	23													●		PERRY	53
8	39	6	29													●		PICKENS	54
8	28	8	28			1	101			●						●		PIKE	55
3	15	2	10			1	188			●						●		RANDOLPH	56
12	24	8	16	1	2	1	338									●		RUSSELL	57
7	27	7	27													●		ST. CLAIR	58
14	41	10	29			1	359			●						●		SHELBY	59
5	26	4	21													●		SUMTER	60
29	42	15	22	4	6	2	1,317			●						●		TALLADEGA	61
18	48	16	43			3	649			●						●		TALLAPOOSA	62
107	88	31	26	7	6	1	2,145			●						●		TUSCALOOSA	63
28	49	17	30	1	2	1	828			●	●					●	●	WALKER	64
3	19	3	19			1	181									●		WASHINGTON	65
5	28	4	22													●		WILCOX	66
7	43	6	37							●						●	●	WINSTON	67
1,622	101	494	31	109	7	52	25,654	15		14	2		1			4	2	ARIZONA 14 COUNTIES	
8	17	3	6			4	1,172	1		●								APACHE	1
31	54	19	33	1	2	5	668			●								COCHISE	2
39	67	18	31	2	3	4	1,205	2		●						●		COCONINO	3
17	61	12	43			4	601	1		●								GILA	4
7	44	7	44							●								GRAHAM	5
5	48	1	10							●								GREENLEE	6
1,015	121	291	35	74	9	15	14,031	5		●	●					●	●	MARICOPA	7
10	69	7	48			1	253			●								MOHAVE	8
11	23	8	16			6	1,287	3		●								NAVAJO	9
376	119	62	20	28	9	4	3,478	1		●	●		●			●	●	PIMA	10
34	53	24	37			4	1,080	1		●						●		PINAL	11
9	62	6	41			1	283			●								SANTA CRUZ	12
28	81	21	61			2	414			●								YAVAPAI	13
32	56	15	26	4	7	2	1,182	1		●								YUMA	14
1,390	71	658	34	76	4	59	24,606	1	1	48	2		1	7		38		ARKANSAS 75 COUNTIES	
15	56	13	49			1	413							●		●		ARKANSAS	1
12	46	9	34	1	4	1	302									●		ASHLEY	2
11	93	8	67			1	134			●						●		BAXTER	3

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	ARKANSAS																
4	BENTON		43.8			8.4	2,153		2,153	100	25.8	30	85	38	10		10
5	BOONE		17.2			3.4	982		982	100	20.7	5	71	38	12		11
6	BRADLEY		14.5			2.8	790		790	100	21.7	5	76	31	20		7
7	CALHOUN		6.3			1.2	439		439	100	29.1	4	45	39	14		7
8	CARROLL		11.5			2.0	626		626	100	23.1	5	79	32	20		9
9	CHICOT		20.8			3.8	1,341	45	1,296	97	34.7	39	112	22	32		13
10	CLARK		22.8			5.0	1,425	59	1,366	96	26.2	15	68	33	15		4
11	CLAY		21.8			4.3	1,258		1,258	100	19.1	3	76	33	13		4
12	CLEBURNE		10.2			2.1	706		706	100	24.7	6	64	36	15		9
13	CLEVELAND		6.7			1.2	411		411	100	41.3	14	78	23	25		4
14	COLUMBIA		26.6			5.2	1,442		1,442	100	25.1	19	85	36	19		9
15	CONWAY		17.9			3.7	1,082	28	1,054	97	26.7	14	78	31	20		11
16	CRAIGHEAD		51.5	.1		11.0	2,597	197	2,400	92	24.6	36	74	36	8		6
17	CRAWFORD	1	24.2			4.7	1,319		1,319	100	19.8	5	85	33	13		6
18	CRITTENDEN	2	52.2			10.1	3,269	26	3,243	99	40.9	168	120	23	32		10
19	CROSS		20.6			4.1	1,269		1,269	100	39.5	50	108	35	26		8
20	DALLAS		10.1			1.9	613	92	521	85	29.2	11	78	43	15		7
21	DESHA		20.4			3.6	1,112	50	1,062	96	25.6	21	116	32	31		11
22	DREW		16.1			3.1	991		991	100	29.7	20	74	41	22		5
23	FAULKNER		32.1			7.3	2,068	44	2,024	98	27.9	26	66	40	14		9
24	FRANKLIN		11.3			2.1	657		657	100	30.7	13	81	34	15		7
25	FULTON		7.8			1.5	559		559	100	30.5	7	56	34	27		5
26	GARLAND		51.3			9.9	2,851	405	2,446	86	26.2	39	82	31	14		10
27	GRANT		9.5			1.9	556	4	552	99	32.8	10	46	33	16		5
28	GREENE		24.6			4.9	1,417		1,417	100	24.3	16	67	34	16		7
29	HEMPSTEAD		20.7			3.9	1,217	30	1,187	98	23.1	9	79	34	19		7
30	HOT SPRING		22.3			4.7	1,081		1,081	100	22.8	9	69	40	12		7
31	HOWARD		11.4	.1		2.1	592	8	584	99	24.7	8	94	31	19		6
32	INDEPENDENCE		22.7			4.5	1,517		1,517	100	22.8	9	69	45	10		9
33	IZARD		6.6			1.2	433		433	100	8.5		59	42	14		8
34	JACKSON		23.7			5.0	1,347	292	1,055	78	28.2	27	80	28	21		10
35	JEFFERSON	1	88.1			18.0	4,621	271	4,350	94	28.4	103	98	34	21		10
36	JOHNSON		12.6			2.4	802		802	100	21.8	4	81	36	9		4
37	LAFAYETTE		10.2			1.8	642		642	100	32.0	16	99	32	22		9
38	LAWRENCE		17.2			3.3	1,099		1,099	100	22.6	8	80	41	12		7
39	LEE		23.9			4.5	1,610		1,610	100	36.3	50	104	22	40		12
40	LINCOLN		14.2			2.4	810		810	100	41.4	35	120	34	28		8
41	LITTLE RIVER		9.6	.1		1.8	534		534	100	31.6	13	93	29	16		6
42	LOGAN		17.6			3.1	1,069	87	982	92	17.1		85	25	23		5
43	LONOKE		26.9			5.2	1,486	187	1,299	87	31.2	39	93	29	27		8
44	MADISON		10.3			1.9	680		680	100	22.8	4	62	32	13		10
45	MARION		6.7			1.2	438		438	100	23.6	2	75	35	7		2
46	MILLER	1	34.2			6.9	1,904	102	1,802	95	26.1	28	94	30	13		13
47	MISSISSIPPI		76.1			14.9	4,594	569	4,025	88	39.1	221	105	35	22		10
48	MONROE		17.8			3.4	1,131	9	1,122	99	34.5	35	104	37	24		10
49	MONTGOMERY		5.5			1.1	346		346	100	17.8		76	39	24		10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		ARKANSAS	
24	55	19	43			3	687			●								BENTON	4
17	99	10	58	1	6	1	592			●								BOONE	5
5	35	5	35			1	232			●								BRADLEY	6
1	16	1	16															CALHOUN	7
7	61	7	61			1	32			●								CARROLL	8
9	43	8	38			1	169									●		CHICOT	9
12	53	10	44			2	367									●		CLARK	10
7	32	7	32							●								CLAY	11
10	98	9	88							●								CLEBURNE	12
1	15	1	15															CLEVELAND	13
16	60	12	45			1	271											COLUMBIA	14
7	39	6	33			1	343			●						●		CONWAY	15
45	87	16	31	3	6	1	830									●		CRAIGHEAD	16
7	29	6	25			1	158			●								CRAWFORD	17
18	35	9	17	2	4	1	515									●		CRITTENDEN	18
7	34	6	29			1	349			●								CROSS	19
7	69	7	69			1	200									●		DALLAS	20
9	44	8	39			1	230									●		DESHA	21
5	31	4	25	1	6	1	167											DREW	22
13	41	11	34			1	514			●						●		FAULKNER	23
4	36	3	27							●								FRANKLIN	24
4	51	3	38			1	128			●								FULTON	25
74	144	19	37	4	8	2	869			●				●		●		GARLAND	26
4	42	4	42											●				GRANT	27
12	49	9	37			1	398			●								GREENE	28
9	44	9	44							●						●		HEMPSTEAD	29
12	54	11	49			1	351			●								HOT SPRING	30
6	53	6	53			1	156			●						●		HOWARD	31
17	75	14	62							●								INDEPENDENCE	32
3	45	3	45							●								IZARD	33
10	42	4	17	1	4					●						●		JACKSON	34
52	59	13	15	5	6	1	1,358			●				●		●		JEFFERSON	35
7	55	7	55			1	55			●								JOHNSON	36
2	20	2	20			1	152			●								LAFAYETTE	37
8	47	6	35			1	203			●								LAWRENCE	38
5	21	5	21															LEE	39
3	21	2	14															LINCOLN	40
4	42	3	31			1	140			●								LITTLE RIVER	41
7	40	6	34			1	63			●						●		LOGAN	42
8	30	8	30											●		●		LONOKE	43
3	29	2	20							●								MADISON	44
3	45	3	45			1	60			●								MARION	45
26	76	6	18	4	12	1	447			●			●			●		MILLER	46
30	39	19	25	1	1	2	384			●	●					●		MISSISSIPPI	47
8	45	8	45			1	265									●		MONROE	48
																		MONTGOMERY	49

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	ARKANSAS																
50	NEVADA		11.2			2.0	676	68	608	90	30.2	12	69	23	21		14
51	NEWTON		6.4			1.3	494		494	100	6.2		83	42	13		8
52	OUACHITA		32.0			6.6	1,772	21	1,751	99	23.3	16	78	32	18		9
53	PERRY		4.6			.8	283	32	251	89	22.7	2	88	41	15		
54	PHILLIPS		46.9			8.9	2,845	33	2,812	99	28.8	67	116	28	27		10
55	PIKE		8.8			1.7	561		561	100	26.5	6	90	29	17		8
56	POINSETT		29.8			5.9	1,784		1,784	100	21.0	13	104	37	23		9
57	POLK		12.7			2.4	751	24	727	97	20.5	3	73	32	14		7
58	POPE		26.4			5.5	1,563	68	1,495	96	22.5	11	83	35	10		11
59	PRAIRIE		11.0			2.2	603		603	100	34.4	16	78	21	29		5
60	PULASKI	1	280.0			58.9	11,157	1,076	10,081	90	27.6	313	92	38	13		10
61	RANDOLPH		11.4			2.0	633		633	100	26.8	11	106	25	26		6
62	ST. FRANCIS		34.6	.2		6.3	2,133	341	1,792	84	36.2	91	136	27	31		10
63	SALINE	1	32.1			6.4	1,361	51	1,310	96	23.7	16	84	40	13		7
64	SCOTT		8.3			1.5	554	117	437	79	13.0		83	43	11		11
65	SEARCY		8.9			1.6	573		573	100	38.8	15	84	40	16		9
66	SEBASTIAN	1	73.6			14.5	3,212	115	3,097	96	18.3	5	92	34	12		9
67	SEVIER		12.1			2.3	633		633	100	20.9	3	71	36	22		5
68	SHARP		6.4			1.1	396		396	100	31.1	7	74	31	10		7
69	STONE		7.1			1.5	608	5	603	99	13.3		55	46	15		5
70	UNION		50.3			10.0	2,390	164	2,226	93	23.0	26	78	31	20		10
71	VAN BUREN		7.4			1.3	487		487	100	32.2	8	72	33	17		8
72	WASHINGTON		72.6	.1		16.1	3,676	69	3,607	98	23.1	35	77	41	11		8
73	WHITE		38.7			8.3	2,391	85	2,306	96	23.9	20	72	34	13		8
74	WOODRUFF		14.4			2.6	895	79	816	91	34.5	28	109	21	37		9
75	YELL		13.4			2.5	786	45	741	94	23.9	7	73	39	11		9
	CALIFORNIA 58 COUNTIES		18,802.2	43.7	.7	3,868.1	378,496	75,361	303,135	80	22.5	8,474	87	36	13		8
1	ALAMEDA	3	1,030.5			210.6	20,881	8,548	12,333	59	21.8	413	85	38	11		8
2	ALPINE		.4			.1	14	10	4	29			545	44	6		
3	AMADOR		11.1			1.9	233	6	227	97	16.5		75	32	14		1
4	BUTTE		105.3	.2		21.7	3,017	185	2,832	94	22.3	40	76	39	12		7
5	CALAVERAS		12.4			2.3	287		287	100	15.4		60	32	13		7
6	COLUSA		12.7			2.4	264	3	261	99	23.9	8	81	36	15		4
7	CONTRA COSTA	3	514.4			113.7	8,454	1,528	6,926	82	19.8	93	76	35	10		8
8	DEL NORTE		16.7			3.2	290	3	287	99	25.6	15	89	38	15		6
9	EL DORADO		45.9	.2		9.9	898	129	769	86	26.3	29	65	37	14		9
10	FRESNO	1	414.3	2.0		86.6	11,034	1,852	9,182	83	24.7	30	92	32	18		7
11	GLENN		18.9			3.6	461	6	455	99	22.1	7	75	34	13		5
12	HUMBOLDT		101.3			19.7	1,806	3	1,803	100	25.7	87	88	35	13		5
13	IMPERIAL		78.9	10.8	.7	14.7	1,933		1,933	100	28.4	105	124	26	24		7
14	INYO		13.5			2.6	367	26	341	93	24.4	7	78	42	12		5
15	KERN	1	325.2	1.4		67.3	8,366	1,199	7,167	86	22.6	174	91	34	15		8
16	KINGS		67.7	1.1		14.3	2,044	46	1,998	98	28.6	87	102	34	15		8
17	LAKE		18.6	.6		3.1	572		572	100	30.1	13	67	35	17		9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		ARKANSAS	
4	36	4	36													●		NEVADA	50
1	16									●								NEWTON	51
20	62	13	41	1	3	1	411			●						●		OUACHITA	52
2	44	2	44							●						●		PERRY	53
19	41	17	36			1	437			●						●		PHILLIPS	54
5	57	4	45															PIKE	55
9	30	9	30															POINSETT	56
6	47	4	32	1	8	1	218									●		POLK	57
16	61	8	30	1	4					●						●		POPE	58
2	18	1	9															PRAIRIE	59
382	136	74	26	32	11	5	6,211	1	●	●	●			●		●		PULASKI	60
7	62	6	53			1	204			●								RANDOLPH	61
16	46	14	41			1	595			●						●		ST. FRANCIS	62
21	65	11	34			1	325			●				●		●		SALINE	63
3	36	3	36			1	72			●						●		SCOTT	64
3	34	3	34							●								SEARCY	65
114	155	24	33	9	12	2	2,018									●		SEBASTIAN	66
10	83	9	75			1	388											SEVIER	67
3	47	2	31							●								SHARP	68
2	28	2	28							●						●		STONE	69
46	91	18	36	4	8	1	677									●		UNION	70
5	68	4	54			1	33			●								VAN BUREN	71
68	94	27	37	5	7	2	1,369			●						●		WASHINGTON	72
26	67	20	52							●						●		WHITE	73
4	28	4	28													●		WOODRUFF	74
10	75	8	60			1	114			●						●		YELL	75
26,841	143	7,674	41	1,756	9	302	277,555	27	3	39	10	5	7	3	2	42	6	CALIFORNIA 58 COUNTIES	
1,619	157	407	39	122	12	15	16,741	2		●	●		●	●	●	●	●	ALAMEDA	1
																●		ALPINE	2
16	145	14	127			1	131									●		AMADOR	3
132	125	55	52	7	7	4	1,533			●						●		BUTTE	4
16	129	12	96															CALAVERAS	5
10	79	8	63			1	145									●		COLUSA	6
621	121	179	35	42	8	8	6,847			●			●			●		CONTRA COSTA	7
7	42	6	36			1	319									●		DEL NORTE	8
36	78	24	52	1	2	2	479			●						●		EL DORADO	9
422	102	139	34	28	7	7	6,594	1		●			●			●		FRESNO	10
9	48	9	48			1	242									●		GLENN	11
94	93	50	49	2	2	6	1,578									●		HUMBOLDT	12
54	68	22	28	4	5	5	1,551			●								IMPERIAL	13
12	89	6	44			2	258									●		INYO	14
281	86	98	30	17	5	5	4,663	1		●						●		KERN	15
42	62	29	43			5	1,096			●						●		KINGS	16
18	97	13	70			1	162			●								LAKE	17

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	CALIFORNIA																
18	LASSEN		18.4			3.8	341		341	100	27.0	13	62	35	10		10
19	LOS ANGELES	4	6,814.5	2.9		1,375.3	126,348	32,519	93,829	74	23.0	3,557	89	36	13		8
20	MADERA		43.6			8.9	1,466	245	1,221	83	27.8	46	87	32	20		6
21	MARIN	3	188.6	.6		38.4	2,464	810	1,654	67	18.6	13	79	38	8		8
22	MARIPOSA		6.2			1.1	185		185	100	24.8	3	68	35	11		5
23	MENDOCINO		51.1	.6		9.7	1,076	36	1,040	97	24.1	28	85	38	12		5
24	MERCED		107.3	.2		22.2	3,337	613	2,724	82	24.8	89	98	34	16		6
25	MODOC		7.5			1.4	156		156	100	25.6	5	66	40	15		4
26	MONO		3.5			.7	45		45	100	25.2	2	76	32	7		11
27	MONTEREY	1	229.9	.4		41.6	4,787	23	4,764	100	21.4	90	110	35	14		6
28	NAPA	1	78.2	.6		15.1	1,452	42	1,410	97	20.4	14	67	37	12		4
29	NEVADA		25.9			4.8	696	218	478	69	24.4	13	71	38	13		5
30	ORANGE	3	1,171.4	.4		275.6	22,102	2,697	19,405	88	21.2	382	82	34	13		7
31	PLACER	2	76.5	.2		15.4	1,577	588	989	63	22.7	30	72	32	14		5
32	PLUMAS		12.7			2.4	220		220	100	34.8	21	83	34	16		10
33	RIVERSIDE	3	415.6	2.6		85.6	12,164	399	11,765	97	25.5	297	87	33	16		7
34	SACRAMENTO	2	597.7	.2		126.5	9,504	850	8,654	91	20.8	192	84	35	12		7
35	SAN BENITO		19.1			3.8	433	139	294	68	24.1	12	97	37	21		6
36	SAN BERNARDI	3	628.9	1.2		129.9	16,193	615	15,578	96	23.1	338	89	34	15		8
37	SAN DIEGO	3	1,188.0	3.9		232.6	25,611	1,962	23,649	92	24.7	872	91	36	12		8
38	SAN FRANCISC	3	714.6			130.1	12,801	9,118	3,683	29	23.9	417	86	44	9		9
39	SAN JOAQUIN	1	283.5	2.0		57.4	6,707	227	6,480	97	20.4	67	85	36	13		6
40	SAN LUIS OBI		97.3	.2		18.1	2,434	517	1,917	79	21.4	33	79	38	13		7
41	SAN MATEO	3	519.1	.6		108.0	5,670	1,612	4,058	72	18.2	20	83	39	8		7
42	SANTA BARBAR	1	253.4	.5		54.7	4,862	2,756	2,106	43	20.6	71	81	37	11		6
43	SANTA CLARA	2	929.8	.5		209.9	15,609	1,205	14,404	92	18.3	48	89	35	11		7
44	SANTA CRUZ		112.9	1.4		20.9	3,657	348	3,309	90	22.3	38	77	37	14		7
45	SHASTA		75.5			16.2	1,840		1,840	100	23.2	38	79	38	12		8
46	SIERRA		2.6			.5	49		49	100	42.1	5	90	33	19		14
47	SISKIYOU		35.0			6.7	692		692	100	24.2	20	85	42	10		6
48	SOLANO	1	165.7			33.2	3,646	387	3,259	89	23.4	109	105	38	11		7
49	SONOMA	5	193.7	.6		39.2	5,280	994	4,286	81	22.3	73	77	36	11		7
50	STANISLAUS	5	187.3	1.0		38.7	5,575	300	5,275	95	19.7	33	84	34	14		7
51	SUTTER		42.5	5.5		8.9	930	15	915	98	25.0	32	95	38	11		6
52	TEHAMA		29.0			5.8	680	4	676	99	27.5	27	81	37	9		8
53	TRINITY		8.2			1.5	135		135	100	32.9	11	67	32	8		12
54	TULARE		190.6	.2		39.0	6,081	631	5,450	90	25.4	147	90	31	18		7
55	TOULUMNE		19.6			3.9	451		451	100	17.7		72	36	14		11
56	VENTURA	1	339.0	.8		75.3	7,409	1,278	6,131	83	21.6	118	86	31	16		8
57	YOLO	2	83.8	.2		18.2	1,608	654	954	59	20.2	20	84	31	13		6
58	YUBA		46.9	.2		9.7	1,302	15	1,287	99	21.7	22	102	32	12		6
	COLORADO 63 COUNTIES		1,955.4	3.8	1.6	400.5	45,499	13,187	32,312	71	25.5	1,598	87	35	13		11
1	ADAMS	3	153.1			34.8	2,283	739	1,544	68	21.4	69	93	30	15		10
2	ALAMOSA		10.8	.1		2.2	369		369	100	32.2	19	93	37	14		6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		CALIFORNIA	
8	44	6	33	1	5	1	197			●								LASSEN	18
10,427	153	2,997	44	676	10	64	100,531	6	●	●	●	●	●	●		●	●	LOS ANGELES	19
26	60	23	53	1	2	2	334	1		●						●		MADERA	20
388	206	73	39	21	11	1	1,545			●						●	●	MARIN	21
6	97	5	81			1	56											MARIPOSA	22
76	149	27	53	3	6	3	378			●						●		MENDOCINO	23
74	69	31	29	6	6	3	1,222			●						●		MERCED	24
4	53	4	53			1	108			●								MODOC	25
4	115	3	86			1	24											MONO	26
264	115	72	31	16	7	5	3,060			●		●				●		MONTEREY	27
166	212	47	60	7	9	2	864			●	●					●		NAPA	28
27	104	12	46	3	12	4	461									●		NEVADA	29
1,547	132	478	41	107	9	8	14,370			●						●		ORANGE	30
92	120	39	51	5	7	2	1,020			●	●					●		PLACER	31
12	95	10	79			3	151			●								PLUMAS	32
461	111	174	42	30	7	9	8,611	2		●								RIVERSIDE	33
763	128	240	40	60	10	6	8,589	1		●	●						●	SACRAMENTO	34
8	42	6	31			1	216									●		SAN BENITO	35
680	108	230	37	45	7	14	10,218	1		●						●		SAN BERNARDI	36
1,551	131	499	42	111	9	15	14,607	1		●	●		●			●		SAN DIEGO	37
2,080	291	339	47	127	18	12	14,266	6	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	SAN FRANCISC	38
307	108	107	38	18	6	5	4,289			●						●		SAN JOAQUIN	39
142	146	49	50	5	5	3	562			●						●		SAN LUIS OBI	40
765	147	122	24	53	10	5	5,957	1		●		●				●		SAN MATEO	41
386	152	80	32	25	10	6	3,228			●	●					●		SANTA BARBAR	42
1,550	167	278	30	125	13	11	18,324	2	●	●		●	●			●	●	SANTA CLARA	43
167	148	69	61	5	4	4	2,243			●						●		SANTA CRUZ	44
97	128	33	44	4	5	3	1,716			●								SHASTA	45
2	78	2	78			1	23											SIERRA	46
23	66	18	51			1	185											SISKIYOU	47
137	83	42	25	12	7	4	2,305	1		●	●					●		SOLANO	48
269	139	120	62	12	6	4	2,074			●						●		SONOMA	49
227	121	85	45	14	7	7	2,507	1		●								STANISLAUS	50
30	71	17	40	2	5	2	789									●		SUTTER	51
24	83	20	69			3	448									●		TEHAMA	52
6	73	6	73			1	70											TRINITY	53
158	83	78	41	10	5	7	3,166			●						●		TULARE	54
18	92	13	66			2	155											TOULUMNE	55
359	106	113	33	22	6	7	4,938			●						●		VENTURA	56
83	99	28	33	4	5	2	973			●	●					●		YOLO	57
38	81	8	17	3	6	2	436									●		YUBA	58
																		COLORADO	
2,446	125	657	34	174	9	63	30,494	4	1	19	3	2	2	3	1	13	19	63 COUNTIES	
59	39	35	23	3	2	1	161			●				●		●	●	ADAMS	1
11	102	6	56			1	326											ALAMOSA	2

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	COLORADO																
3	ARAPAHOE	3	130.1			27.6	1,972	304	1,668	85	20.3	36	84	33	11		10
4	ARCHULETA		2.7			.5	115	5	110	96	30.1	4	142	37	23		26
5	BACA		6.2			1.2	202		202	100	19.8	1	108	38	14		6
6	BENT		6.8			1.1	212	8	204	96	19.7	1	86	27	22		10
7	BOULDER	3	101.6			23.4	2,554	294	2,260	88	24.2	62	79	37	8		8
8	CHAFFEE		9.8			1.8	302		302	100	28.3	10	121	21	16		13
9	CHEYENNE		2.4			.4	57		57	100	19.1		64	40	27		
10	CLEAR CREEK		3.2			.6	74		74	100	21.3	1	105	41	16		13
11	CONEJOS		8.4	.1		1.5	413	97	316	77	34.4	19	123	22	39		17
12	COSTILLA		3.8	.1		.7	230	22	208	90	46.5	15	117	26	26		8
13	CROWLEY		3.3			.6	111		111	100	29.6	4	77	32	14		14
14	CUSTER		1.2			.2	56		56	100	23.3		70	29			29
15	DELTA		14.4			2.5	553		553	100	25.3	11	81	29	15		8
16	DENVER	3	489.1			94.8	10,437	9,652	785	8	26.6	479	92	38	11		12
17	DOLORES		1.6			.3	34		34	100	44.6	6	93	33	33		
18	DOUGLAS		6.8			1.5	185		185	100	17.9		43	31	13		3
19	EAGLE		5.4			1.0	160	123	37	23	27.1	7	139	37	16		11
20	ELBERT		3.5			.6	124		124	100	16.7		48	14	29		7
21	EL PASO	1	181.4			39.1	4,936	491	4,445	90	33.5	248	79	33	13		12
22	FREMONT		21.6			3.7	698		698	100	24.7	11	79	31	18		10
23	GARFIELD		15.5			3.1	400		400	100	27.1	11	70	30	7		10
24	GILPIN		.7			.1	32		32	100	64.5	3	57	33			
25	GRAND		3.5			.6	67		67	100	39.7	8	77	24	12		20
26	GUNNISON		7.9			1.9	296		296	100	15.5		69	53	9		5
27	HINSDALE		.2				6		6	100			118	100			
28	HUERFANO		7.3			1.3	333	61	272	82	44.4	20	91	28	16		8
29	JACKSON		1.6			.3	19		19	100	38.8	4	66	22	11		33
30	JEFFERSON	3	197.9			44.9	3,112		3,112	100	19.2	28	79	34	10		9
31	KIOWA		2.0			.3	36		36	100	23.6	1	72	33	17		8
32	KIT CARSON		7.4	1.3		1.4	190		190	100	33.1	11	105	28	11		5
33	LAKE		8.3			1.6	142		142	100	25.4	11	147	28	18		20
34	LAPLATA		16.3		.7	3.0	433	43	390	90	32.0	29	97	35	16		13
35	LARIMER		75.5	.9		16.0	2,364	120	2,244	95	23.3	36	75	42	9		7
36	LAS ANIMAS		16.4			3.0	674	181	493	73	31.5	23	89	39	16		11
37	LINCOLN		5.1			.9	128		128	100	12.3		74	33	6		6
38	LOGAN		18.4	.8		3.5	385		385	100	23.3	12	84	32	14		7
39	MESA		52.6	.3		10.6	1,331	24	1,307	98	24.9	34	75	35	12		8
40	MINERAL		.6			.1	26		26	100	23.8		93	80			
41	MOFFAT		6.5			1.2	91		91	100	25.6	7	88	35	6		8
42	MONTEZUMA		13.0		.8	2.5	410		410	100	20.6	4	113	29	16		8
43	MONTROSE		18.5			3.6	596		596	100	34.8	35	93	34	18		9
44	MORGAN		19.4			3.6	498		498	100	22.3	10	100	32	17		9
45	OTERO		24.9	.2		4.8	780		780	100	28.2	31	102	26	24		10
46	OURAY		1.5			.3	46		46	100	42.2	4	87	18	27		27
47	PARK		1.4			.2	24		24	100	23.5	1	88	20			20
48	PHILLIPS		4.1			.8	92		92	100	11.8		74	29	14		7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		COLORADO	
112	86	29	22	9	7	1	1,073							●		●	●	ARAPAHOE	3
1	38	1	38							●							●	ARCHULETA	4
1	16	1	16														●	BACA	5
2	30	2	30							●						●	●	BENT	6
137	135	40	39	11	11	3	1,754			●	●					●	●	BOULDER	7
10	102	8	82			1	234											CHAFFEE	8
2	85	2	85			1	58											CHEYENNE	9
2	62	2	62															CLEAR CREEK	10
2	24	2	24			1	212			●							●	CONEJOS	11
										●		●					●	COSTILLA	12
1	30	1	30							●								CROWLEY	13
1	84	1	84															CUSTER	14
9	62	7	49	1	7	1	209											DELTA	15
1,189	243	180	37	96	20	9	13,764	3	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	DENVER	16
																		DOLORES	17
2	29	2	29															DOUGLAS	18
3	56	2	37													●	●	EAGLE	19
																		ELBERT	20
206	114	42	23	16	9	3	1,731			●	●					●	●	EL PASO	21
12	56	8	37			2	255			●								FREMONT	22
12	77	8	51			2	269											GARFIELD	23
1	136	1	136															GILPIN	24
2	57	2	57															GRAND	25
3	38	3	38			1	115											GUNNISON	26
																		HINSDALE	27
4	54			1	14					●						●	●	HUERFANO	28
1	62	1	62															JACKSON	29
135	68	53	27	11	6	1	1,522											JEFFERSON	30
																		KIOWA	31
4	54	4	54			1	143											KIT CARSON	32
4	48	4	48			1	267											LAKE	33
29	178	7	43			2	430			●						●	●	LAPLATA	34
73	97	40	53	6	8	2	1,231			●						●	●	LARIMER	35
8	49	5	30	1	6	1	155			●			●			●	●	LAS ANIMAS	36
1	20	1	20															LINCOLN	37
19	103	10	54			1	320											LOGAN	38
67	127	27	51	2	4	3	560			●						●	●	MESA	39
																		MINERAL	40
4	61	4	61			1	112											MOFFAT	41
9	69	5	39			1	307			●								MONTEZUMA	42
10	54	6	32			1	233											MONTROSE	43
12	62	11	57			2	356											MORGAN	44
14	56	13	52			2	521			●								OTERO	45
1	68	1	68															OURAY	46
1	72	1	72			1	11											PARK	47
3	72	2	48			2	60											PHILLIPS	48

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	COLORADO																
49	PITKIN		3.2			.7	77		77	100	26.6	3	117	43	5		20
50	PROWERS		13.8			2.7	420		420	100	32.6	24	113	35	17		5
51	PUEBLO	1	117.2			22.4	2,599	531	2,068	80	25.6	102	94	33	17		13
52	RIO BLANCO		4.8			.9	84		84	100	34.2	10	97	27	5		18
53	RIO GRANDE		10.4	.1		1.9	388	50	338	87	46.5	39	104	30	24		11
54	ROUTT		5.7			1.0	167		167	100	23.2	3	96	33	15		13
55	SAGUACHE		4.2	.1		.7	187	67	120	64	39.6	14	100	34	24		18
56	SAN JUAN		1.0			.2	24		24	100	8.9		104	22			
57	SAN MIGUEL		1.9			.3	34		34	100	59.1	10	170	33	8		17
58	SEDGWICK		3.6			.6	70		70	100	32.0	5	77	32	16		
59	SUMMIT		1.6			.3	17		17	100	26.5	2	184	33	8		17
60	TELLER		3.3			.6	109		109	100	49.1	7	61	37	21		5
61	WASHINGTON		6.1			1.1	158		158	100	21.7	2	60	35	12		9
62	WELD		77.2			16.0	2,328	375	1,953	84	23.5	50	85	39	12		10
63	YUMA		8.0			1.4	249		249	100	18.8	1	82	34	17		2
	CONNECTICUT 8 COUNTIES		2,878.2			576.7	40,751	6,803	33,948	83	22.0	1,188	91	32	13		9
1	FAIRFIELD	7	757.6			153.3	10,393	1,615	8,778	84	21.6	264	83	31	12		9
2	HARTFORD	7	781.3			157.0	9,957	2,157	7,800	78	23.4	436	92	33	13		8
3	LITCHFIELD		133.9			26.0	1,937		1,937	100	19.4	19	89	32	16		6
4	MIDDLESEX	5	107.6			21.3	1,525		1,525	100	17.3		89	33	10		7
5	NEW HAVEN	7	707.2			139.4	10,264	2,859	7,405	72	22.6	332	91	32	13		9
6	NEW LONDON	6	220.2			43.0	3,814	172	3,642	95	22.3	116	111	31	12		8
7	TOLLAND	7	92.7			21.3	1,377		1,377	100	17.7		87	33	12		8
8	WINDHAM		77.8			15.5	1,484		1,484	100	20.5	21	94	33	16		9
	DELAWARE 3 COUNTIES		513.0			104.3	10,823	4,053	6,770	63	23.7	331	98	34	15	122	9
1	KENT		78.9			15.5	2,312	317	1,995	86	24.2	63	112	36	15	94	7
2	NEW CASTLE	1	356.5			73.5	6,059	3,251	2,808	46	21.1	125	93	34	13	116	9
3	SUSSEX		77.6			15.3	2,452	485	1,967	80	33.7	143	108	31	19	177	10
	DIST. OF COL 1 COUNTIES		805.6			164.7	20,781	18,333	2,448	12	33.9	1,580	99	40	15	305	13
1	WASHINGTON	3	805.6			164.7	20,781	18,333	2,448	12	33.9	1,580	99	40	15	305	13
	FLORIDA 67 COUNTIES		5,893.4	92.0	1.2	1,163.6	229,003	48,716	180,287	79	28.5	6,096	88	34	15	130	9
1	ALACHUA	5	94.8			21.3	4,429	628	3,801	86	28.2	111	79	38	13	144	9
2	BAKER		7.9			1.6	429	180	249	58	36.5	17	97	28	24	118	7
3	BAY	5	66.2			12.9	2,699	181	2,518	93	24.0	56	110	37	13	72	9
4	BRADFORD		13.5			2.7	661	256	405	61	29.2	16	84	32	14	193	14
5	BREVARD		212.5			49.8	6,393	957	5,436	85	25.7	160	86	32	11	77	8
6	BROWARD	1	464.4	12.1	.2	93.4	16,884	3,519	13,365	79	30.8	483	76	33	17	155	10
7	CALHOUN		7.5			1.4	453	110	343	76	39.9	18	94	23	36	14	4
8	CHARLOTTE		20.7			3.6	864	31	833	96	23.1	6	53	30	19	94	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		COLORADO	
9	281	7	219			1	80											PITKIN	49
8	58	6	44			1	330											PROWERS	50
144	123	21	18	9	8	2	2,073			●	●						●	PUEBLO	51
4	83	3	63	1	21	2	63											RIO BLANCO	52
8	77	6	58			2	214										●	RIO GRANDE	53
4	71	4	71			1	46											ROUTT	54
2	48	1	24														●	SAGUACHE	55
1	103	1	103															SAN JUAN	56
1	52	1	52															SAN MIGUEL	57
2	56	2	56			1	65											SEDGWICK	58
2	124																	SUMMIT	59
1	30	1	30															TELLER	60
3	49	2	33			1	31											WASHINGTON	61
72	93	17	22	7	9	1	1,094	1		●						●	●	WELD	62
6	75	5	63			2	109											YUMA	63
3,832	133	827	29	292	10	32	48,244	12	1	7	2		4	1	1		4	CONNECTICUT 8 COUNTIES	
1,059	140	228	30	81	11	7	12,106	6		●	●		●				●	FAIRFIELD	1
1,127	144	202	26	96	12	7	14,915	4		●	●		●	●			●	HARTFORD	2
141	105	55	41	8	6	4	1,668											LITCHFIELD	3
121	112	39	36	5	5	1	1,266			●								MIDDLESEX	4
1,039	147	210	30	76	11	8	13,392	1	●	●			●		●		●	NEW HAVEN	5
244	111	51	23	19	9	2	3,543	1		●			●				●	NEW LONDON	6
37	40	21	23	1	1	2	626			●								TOLLAND	7
64	82	21	27	6	8	1	728			●								WINDHAM	8
534	104	145	28	43	8	6	8,406	2		3			1			2	3	DELAWARE 3 COUNTIES	
42	53	13	16	5	6	1	823			●						●	●	KENT	1
427	120	99	28	35	10	2	6,348	1		●			●				●	NEW CASTLE	2
65	84	33	43	3	4	3	1,235	1		●						●	●	SUSSEX	3
1,734	215	278	35	135	17	9	24,130	5	1	1		1	1	1		1	1	DIST. OF COL 1 COUNTIES	
1,734	215	278	35	135	17	9	24,130	5	●	●		●	●	●		●	●	WASHINGTON	1
6,310	107	1,616	27	462	8	106	78,046	7	2	38	2	1	2	17	1	67		FLORIDA 67 COUNTIES	
128	135	20	21	10	11	2	2,490	1	●	●				●		●		ALACHUA	1
12	153	4	51	1	13	1	91			●				●		●		BAKER	2
38	57	12	18	3	5	1	743									●		BAY	3
6	44	5	37			1	207			●				●		●		BRADFORD	4
162	76	51	24	16	8	4	3,844			●	●					●		BREVARD	5
601	129	132	28	43	9	4	5,913	1		●				●		●		BROWARD	6
3	40	3	40			1	129			●						●		CALHOUN	7
22	106	12	58			2	172									●		CHARLOTTE	8

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	FLORIDA																
9	CITRUS		13.2			2.4	720	41	679	94	27.5	9	99	23	20	108	6
10	CLAY		22.1			4.3	902	177	725	80	26.7	23	120	34	14	108	8
11	COLLIER		28.0	6.8		6.0	1,297	413	884	68	32.8	36	91	29	16	133	10
12	COLUMBIA		24.1			4.9	1,185	185	1,000	84	39.4	58	111	31	22	162	7
13	DADE	3	1,080.6	11.0	.5	217.0	36,077	8,955	27,122	75	25.5	729	81	34	15	139	10
14	DE SOTO		13.7			2.4	593	75	518	87	39.2	27	96	35	15	154	10
15	DIXIE		5.1			1.0	303	147	156	51	24.8	5	140	22	16	43	9
16	DUVAL	2	499.2			102.0	16,657	6,634	10,023	60	27.7	602	101	36	15	143	10
17	ESCAMBIA	1	192.5			40.5	7,058	1,425	5,633	80	28.4	261	102	36	15	106	10
18	FLAGLER		4.8	.7		.9	255	42	213	84	47.6	15	97	36	13	378	7
19	FRANKLIN		7.7			1.4	592	66	526	89	25.3	7	110	35	20	165	9
20	GADSDEN		43.6			8.2	2,638	1,139	1,499	57	56.3	211	110	29	32	292	8
21	GILCHRIST		3.0			.6	182	22	160	88	35.0	5	83	8	25		8
22	GLADES		4.0	.9	.2	.8	197	86	111	56	40.3	7	78	18	30	182	18
23	GULF		9.1			1.8	393	234	159	40	28.4	13	105	37	12	126	5
24	HAMILTON		7.7			1.4	426	101	325	76	33.7	16	119	35	20	235	8
25	HARDEE		13.4			2.6	614	90	524	85	27.8	15	95	31	18	79	7
26	HENDRY		12.1	.9	.2	2.6	518	310	208	40	36.2	27	118	30	22	170	13
27	HERNANDO		13.2			2.4	702	182	520	74	26.7	13	92	36	15	140	7
28	HIGHLANDS		25.6	2.9		4.7	1,220	180	1,040	85	40.3	60	97	29	25	150	14
29	HILLSBOROUGH	2	447.0			89.8	18,458	3,473	14,985	81	28.8	506	95	36	13	114	9
30	HOLMES		11.3			2.2	772	83	689	89	38.9	19	77	40	18	60	2
31	INDIAN RIVER		32.6			6.1	1,356	213	1,143	84	32.1	46	93	30	20	192	11
32	JACKSON		34.4			6.5	1,898	310	1,588	84	27.8	33	86	35	19	132	7
33	JEFFERSON		9.4			1.8	550	321	229	42	45.8	32	112	28	31	290	4
34	LAFAYETTE		2.7			.5	114	40	74	65	50.4	8	93	26	17	87	13
35	LAKE		64.3			11.4	3,061	196	2,865	94	31.7	82	86	33	18	85	8
36	LEE		76.8	3.8		14.9	3,488	1,101	2,387	68	31.7	90	87	33	17	141	8
37	LEON	1	87.3			21.0	4,050	453	3,597	89	30.4	114	72	40	13	108	8
38	LEVY		12.5			2.4	724	160	564	78	29.1	13	92	34	21	191	11
39	LIBERTY		3.0			.6	161	53	108	67	20.1	1	98	32	18	214	4
40	MADISON		14.1			2.8	885	223	662	75	41.6	38	95	27	27	200	13
41	MANATEE		75.7	.9		12.7	3,370	304	3,066	91	28.5	62	76	36	11	163	8
42	MARION		63.8			13.0	3,468	504	2,964	85	32.4	92	91	34	20	138	9
43	MARTIN		23.5			4.3	938	29	909	97	35.4	36	92	25	21	112	11
44	MONROE		52.6			9.4	1,677	142	1,535	92	27.2	64	125	41	9	55	9
45	NASSAU		17.7			3.7	800	136	664	83	29.5	24	93	33	18	170	8
46	OKALOOSA		76.9			16.6	2,518	257	2,261	90	22.5	48	101	34	12	45	9
47	OKEECHOBEE		9.8			2.1	361	60	301	83	33.1	18	105	28	18	92	10
48	ORANGE	1	307.3	9.0		62.9	10,220	2,908	7,312	72	25.9	268	91	33	14	116	9
49	OSCEOLA		20.7			3.6	1,056	162	894	85	35.4	31	81	30	20	95	11
50	PALM BEACH	1	287.4	21.0		54.3	11,155	2,081	9,074	81	31.8	362	89	33	20	170	9
51	PASCO		44.8			7.9	2,227	253	1,974	89	32.5	45	71	33	16	65	7
52	PINELLAS	2	430.8			70.0	16,025	2,682	13,343	83	25.2	210	71	34	12	119	9
53	POLK	5	227.0	3.0		45.9	9,471	2,570	6,901	73	27.0	201	92	34	14	109	9
54	PUTNAM		33.6	.7		6.5	1,678	213	1,465	87	29.8	48	97	28	24	133	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		FLORIDA	
7	53	4	30			1	126									●		CITRUS	9
14	63	7	32			1	225			●				●		●		CLAY	10
33	118	10	36	3	11	1	495									●		COLLIER	11
16	66	8	33	2	8	1	402							●		●		COLUMBIA	12
1,784	165	377	35	109	10	10	15,926	1	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		DADE	13
13	95	6	44			1	219									●		DE SOTO	14
														●		●		DIXIE	15
459	92	87	17	49	10	4	3,997	1		●						●		DUVAL	16
144	75	28	15	13	7	2	2,385			●						●		ESCAMBIA	17
3	63	2	42													●		FLAGLER	18
1	13	1	13			1	39			●						●		FRANKLIN	19
30	69	10	23			1	312			●						●		GADSDEN	20
1	34	1	34											●		●		GILCHRIST	21
																●		GLADES	22
4	44	4	44			1	140			●						●		GULF	23
3	39	3	39			1	46							●		●		HAMILTON	24
10	75	9	67													●		HARDEE	25
6	50	5	41			1	263									●		HENDRY	26
8	60	5	38	1	8	1	260			●						●		HERNANDO	27
26	102	15	59	2	8	2	456									●		HIGHLANDS	28
399	89	105	23	33	7	3	4,531			●			●			●		HILLSBOROUGH	29
4	35	4	35			1	82			●						●		HOLMES	30
35	107	16	49	3	9	1	516			●						●		INDIAN RIVER	31
13	38	10	29			1	215									●		JACKSON	32
3	32	3	32							●						●		JEFFERSON	33
1	37	1	37											●		●		LAFAYETTE	34
48	75	30	47	2	3	3	857									●		LAKE	35
90	117	24	31	6	8	2	976			●						●		LEE	36
96	110	15	17	9	10	2	1,649			●						●		LEON	37
5	40	4	32			1	46							●		●		LEVY	38
										●						●		LIBERTY	39
5	35	4	28							●						●		MADISON	40
64	85	23	30	5	7	1	999			●						●		MANATEE	41
48	75	15	24	4	6	1	990							●		●		MARION	42
17	72	10	43	1	4	1	260									●		MARTIN	43
30	57	12	23	2	4	2	393									●		MONROE	44
6	34	6	34			1	204									●		NASSAU	45
26	34	12	16	2	3	3	628			●						●		OKALOOSA	46
5	51	2	20													●		OKEECHOBEE	47
367	119	68	22	35	11	5	6,402			●				●		●		ORANGE	48
8	39	7	34			1	82									●		OSCEOLA	49
357	124	80	28	24	8	6	4,385			●				●		●		PALM BEACH	50
19	42	14	31			1	294			●						●		PASCO	51
469	109	115	27	27	6	5	4,737	1		●						●		PINELLAS	52
223	98	58	26	23	10	7	4,298	1								●		POLK	53
12	36	7	21	1	3	1	355			●						●		PUTNAM	54

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	FLORIDA																
55	ST. JOHNS		31.0			6.0	1,443	368	1,075	74	33.6	50	84	28	20	102	9
56	ST. LUCIE		47.0	5.4		9.1	2,082	329	1,753	84	41.6	114	107	30	21	161	9
57	SANTA ROSA	1	32.0			6.1	1,126	73	1,053	94	23.8	30	142	38	10	44	6
58	SARASOTA	5	94.9	.5		16.6	3,350	712	2,638	79	26.5	56	65	38	10	132	10
59	SEMINOLE	1	68.4	12.5		13.9	3,223	507	2,716	84	30.7	98	99	32	17	132	8
60	SUMTER		13.6			2.6	774	193	581	75	38.4	28	96	33	23	167	10
61	SUWANNEE		16.9			3.3	951	115	836	88	30.5	22	85	40	15	154	13
62	TAYLOR		13.5			2.6	669	203	466	70	20.8	5	105	30	14	144	12
63	UNION		6.0			.9	224	82	142	63	20.1	1	74	27	27	121	6
64	VOLUSIA	5	161.5			29.5	7,392	500	6,892	93	31.5	166	80	37	14	176	10
65	WAKULLA		5.7			1.2	443	102	341	77	24.3	3	95	29	25	179	9
66	WALTON		14.8			2.8	824	113	711	86	29.5	16	69	35	25	111	7
67	WASHINGTON		11.0			2.1	680	126	554	81	27.8	10	97	34	19	129	9
	GEORGIA 158 COUNTIES		4,445.4	1.2		953.6	205,243	25,311	179,932	88	29.7	5,904	93	35	16		9
1	APPLING		14.2			3.0	929	81	848	91	27.3	14	89	25	16		11
2	ATKINSON		6.6			1.3	487	61	426	87	30.7	11	135	29	26		8
3	BACON		8.2			1.7	574	20	554	97	39.8	19	93	37	18		4
4	BAKER		3.8			.7	253	19	234	92	52.0	15	102	29	26		
5	BALDWIN		40.1			7.8	1,786	132	1,654	93	32.5	43	70	32	22		12
6	BANKS		7.9			1.8	457	12	445	97	21.1	2	47	30	14		7
7	BARROW		15.6			3.2	782	41	741	95	32.0	22	102	35	10		12
8	BARTOW		33.3			7.4	1,597	37	1,560	98	33.8	51	93	35	15		8
9	BEN HILL		13.8			2.8	824	177	647	79	30.3	17	80	43	17		8
10	BERRIEN		10.2			1.9	574	37	537	94	27.8	12	88	26	19		5
11	BIBB	1	148.2	.2		32.6	6,600	611	5,989	91	32.6	250	86	36	14		11
12	BLECKLEY		10.1			2.2	577	49	528	92	30.4	14	81	36	19		3
13	BRANTLEY		5.6			1.1	290	11	279	96	46.2	18	101	25	22		5
14	BROOKS		14.3			2.7	898	84	814	91	35.3	31	123	26	28		9
15	BRYAN		6.8			1.3	411	24	387	94	29.9	12	113	31	31		6
16	BULLOCH		29.4			6.3	1,690	78	1,612	95	28.4	31	88	31	21		9
17	BURKE		19.7			3.7	1,326	32	1,294	98	46.8	81	136	26	33		14
18	BUTTS		10.0			2.1	585	140	445	76	33.3	17	99	30	26		13
19	CALHOUN		7.2			1.4	524	12	512	98	34.9	16	115	26	35		11
20	CAMDEN		10.7			2.3	479	31	448	94	40.5	31	115	24	22		9
21	CANDLER		7.0			1.4	455	36	419	92	15.4		93	33	17		5
22	CARROLL		41.7			8.9	2,019	8	2,011	100	24.9	27	92	37	13		8
23	CATOOSA		25.0			5.8	817	14	803	98	22.9	12	80	40	6		6
24	CHARLTON		5.5			1.1	295	10	285	97	36.4	15	132	25	31		9
25	CHATHAM	1	187.4			38.6	7,886	942	6,944	88	27.1	217	97	35	15		10
26	CHATTOOGA		19.6			4.1	847	27	820	97	25.7	15	98	36	12		9
27	CHEROKEE		26.7			5.6	1,346		1,346	100	28.5	29	93	35	14		8
28	CLARKE		53.8			12.5	2,799	284	2,515	90	31.7	80	87	47	8		9
29	CLAY		4.5			.9	321	150	171	53	57.5	20	99	16	51		4
30	CLAYTON	3	73.6			18.3	1,948	68	1,880	97	19.8	15	91	34	9		7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		FLORIDA	
18	58	12	39	1	3	1	386									●		ST. JOHNS	55
30	64	8	17	2	4	1	857			●						●		ST. LUCIE	56
15	47	8	25	2	6	1	743									●		SANTA ROSA	57
155	163	45	47	8	8	2	1,148	1		●						●		SARASOTA	58
28	41	9	13	2	3	1	686			●						●		SEMINOLE	59
1	7	1	7													●		SUMTER	60
5	30	3	18	2	12					●				●		●		SUWANNEE	61
7	52	5	37	1	7	1	213			●						●		TAYLOR	62
6	99	3	50							●				●		●		UNION	63
153	95	50	31	15	9	3	2,033			●						●		VOLUSIA	64
1	18	1	18													●		WAKULLA	65
5	34	4	27			1	116			●						●		WALTON	66
2	18	1	9			1	85			●						●		WASHINGTON	67
3,388	76	1,024	23	278	6	98	73,851	7	2	130	2	1	5	2		151	2	GEORGIA 158 COUNTIES	
5	35	3	21			1	202									●		APPLING	1
1	15	1	15							●						●		ATKINSON	2
5	61	5	61			1	217			●			●			●		BACON	3
										●						●		BAKER	4
73	182	9	22	3	7	1	700			●						●		BALDWIN	5
1	13									●						●		BANKS	6
7	45	5	32	1	6	1	368									●		BARROW	7
8	24	7	21			1	451			●						●		BARTOW	8
5	36	5	36							●						●		BEN HILL	9
3	29	2	20													●		BERRIEN	10
163	110	39	26	13	9	1	3,076	1		●						●		BIBB	11
2	20	2	20							●						●		BLECKLEY	12
1	18	1	18							●						●		BRANTLEY	13
5	35	5	35							●						●		BROOKS	14
1	15	1	15							●						●		BRYAN	15
13	44	4	14	1	3	1	448			●						●		BULLOCH	16
7	36	4	20			1	181			●						●		BURKE	17
4	40	3	30			1	130			●						●		BUTTS	18
3	41	3	41													●		CALHOUN	19
8	75	6	56			1	102			●						●		CAMDEN	20
4	57	4	57							●						●		CANDLER	21
27	65	15	36	2	5	2	1,029			●						●		CARROLL	22
10	40	5	20			1	846			●						●		CATOOSA	23
3	54	2	36							●						●		CHARLTON	24
175	93	41	22	14	7	3	3,136	2		●			●			●		CHATHAM	25
7	36	6	31			1	76			●						●		CHATTOOGA	26
11	41	7	26			1	326			●								CHEROKEE	27
62	115	13	24	8	15	2	1,731			●			●			●		CLARKE	28
2	45	2	45			1	96			●						●		CLAY	29
22	30	9	12	1	1					●						●		CLAYTON	30

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	GEORGIA																
31	CLINCH		7.6			1.5	599	64	535	89	60.4	46	130	27	27		9
32	COBB	3	165.5			40.4	4,650	154	4,496	97	21.6	64	86	38	7		7
33	COFFEE		21.3	.1		4.2	1,255	99	1,156	92	37.0	53	108	31	20		10
34	COLQUITT		32.2			6.4	1,645	119	1,526	93	33.4	61	101	32	17		11
35	COLUMBIA		19.8			4.7	1,168	2	1,166	100	34.6	36	94	38	13		13
36	COOK		12.2			2.4	694	62	632	91	28.4	17	115	23	33		7
37	COWETA		31.0			6.4	1,615	156	1,459	90	24.7	23	105	33	18		9
38	CRAWFORD		5.9			1.1	400	95	305	76	34.5	12	112	17	43		9
39	CRISP		17.6			3.5	1,060	85	975	92	38.5	45	111	33	24		4
40	DADE		8.9			2.0	479	23	456	95	23.3	5	98	43	8		11
41	DAWSON		3.6			.8	270		270	100	19.6	1	64	40	16		4
42	DECATUR		24.5			4.8	1,377	61	1,316	96	29.7	33	101	33	24		11
43	DE KALB	3	340.3			79.8	7,277	2,090	5,187	71	20.2	81	87	40	9		8
44	DODGE		16.3			3.4	939	5	934	99	35.8	31	82	32	21		5
45	DOOLY		10.8			2.1	672	68	604	90	34.6	24	115	26	28		10
46	DOUGHERTY	1	88.8	.1		19.2	4,041	68	3,973	98	28.7	138	104	32	16		8
47	DOUGLAS		22.8			5.2	1,144	22	1,122	98	22.7	11	89	41	7		9
48	EARLY		13.4			2.6	961	9	952	99	31.7	24	104	34	20		10
49	ECHOLS		1.8			.4	110	1	109	99	18.8		39		29		
50	EFFINGHAM		13.1			2.8	652	14	638	98	36.5	23	84	29	30		7
51	ELBERT		18.3			3.7	898	5	893	99	20.4	5	93	34	17		7
52	EMANUEL		20.2			4.2	1,272	33	1,239	97	26.6	18	100	38	19		8
53	EVANS		8.2			1.6	476	69	407	86	29.4	11	99	23	29		4
54	FANNIN		13.2			2.8	783		783	100	36.1	19	69	37	15		8
55	FAYETTE		9.1			1.9	421	37	384	91	39.1	20	90	26	26		9
56	FLOYD		72.1			15.6	2,956	60	2,896	98	29.7	88	79	29	13		11
57	FORSYTH		15.2			3.5	833	17	816	98	26.0	12	87	34	12		10
58	FRANKLIN		13.2			2.8	768	3	765	100	28.1	13	91	35	17		9
59	FULTON	3	616.3	.4		132.7	24,678	10,069	14,609	59	30.0	846	93	38	14		12
60	GILMER		9.8			2.1	770	22	748	97	23.1	4	80	37	19		3
61	GLASCOCK		2.7			.5	175	86	89	51	37.4	6	115	39	13		6
62	GLYNN		50.4			10.8	2,206	65	2,141	97	27.5	60	102	39	13		7
63	GORDON		21.5			4.6	1,137	6	1,131	99	30.1	29	89	30	18		7
64	GRADY		18.5			3.7	1,121	75	1,046	93	39.4	44	94	27	22		4
65	GREENE		10.7			2.1	675	66	609	90	49.6	38	92	29	28		8
66	GWINNETT	3	56.3			12.7	2,467	70	2,397	97	27.4	55	99	35	13		8
67	HABERSHAM		19.4			4.1	993	53	940	95	23.8	12	81	37	9		6
68	HALL		55.2			12.2	2,615	47	2,568	98	22.8	31	98	36	14		10
69	HANCOCK		9.6			1.9	636	66	570	90	51.1	44	123	25	42		14
70	HARALSON		15.3			3.4	790	29	761	96	27.4	13	91	40	8		11
71	HARRIS		11.8			2.4	745	116	629	84	32.5	19	95	28	22		9
72	HART		17.8			3.9	982	120	862	88	28.1	15	79	28	17		12
73	HEARD		5.5			1.1	340	29	311	91	36.6	9	86	26	17		11
74	HENRY		23.5			5.0	1,087	81	1,006	93	30.3	33	95	25	24		14
75	HOUSTON	1	55.2			12.9	1,700	94	1,606	94	26.2	61	89	34	14		8
76	IRWIN		9.1			1.7	581	40	541	93	28.6	12	108	36	26		12

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		GEORGIA	
4	53	3	39			1	236			●						●		CLINCH	31
124	75	24	15	15	9	1	2,728									●		COBB	32
9	42	7	33			1	487			●						●		COFFEE	33
15	47	8	25			1	406			●						●		COLQUITT	34
4	20	4	20													●		COLUMBIA	35
4	33	3	25			1	211									●		COOK	36
21	68	7	23	1	3	2	616			●						●		COWETA	37
																●		CRAWFORD	38
9	51	8	45							●						●		CRISP	39
3	34	3	34							●						●		DADE	40
										●								DAWSON	41
12	49	6	24	1	4	1	306									●		DECATUR	42
178	52	48	14	16	5	2	2,730	1		●		●				●	●	DE KALB	43
6	37	3	18			1	117			●						●		DODGE	44
4	37	3	28							●						●		DOOLY	45
56	63	13	15	5	6	1	1,676			●						●		DOUGHERTY	46
5	22	5	22							●						●		DOUGLAS	47
4	30	2	15							●						●		EARLY	48
										●						●		ECHOLS	49
3	23	2	15													●		EFFINGHAM	50
9	49	8	44			1	312									●		ELBERT	51
7	35	6	30			1	215			●						●		EMANUEL	52
3	36	2	24							●						●		EVANS	53
4	30	3	23							●								FANNIN	54
3	33	3	33													●		FAYETTE	55
86	119	21	29	8	11	1	2,091			●						●		FLOYD	56
7	46	6	39			1	340			●						●		FORSYTH	57
9	68	8	61			1	364			●						●		FRANKLIN	58
1,039	169	115	19	115	19	7	20,059	2	●	●	●		●	●		●	●	FULTON	59
1	10					1	156			●						●		GILMER	60
1	37	1	37													●		GLASCOCK	61
50	99	18	36	2	4	1	1,059			●						●		GLYNN	62
9	42	5	23	1	5	1	274									●		GORDON	63
4	22	3	16			1	228			●						●		GRADY	64
6	56	5	47			1	224			●						●		GREENE	65
20	36	15	27			2	709			●						●		GWINNETT	66
9	47	8	41			1	275			●						●		HABERSHAM	67
51	92	8	14	5	9	1	1,369			●			●			●		HALL	68
3	31	2	21							●						●		HANCOCK	69
6	39	5	33			1	83			●						●		HARALSON	70
4	34	3	26							●						●		HARRIS	71
3	17	3	17			1	186			●						●		HART	72
2	36	2	36			1	66			●						●		HEARD	73
4	17	4	17													●		HENRY	74
23	42	14	25	2	4	1	498			●						●		HOUSTON	75
4	44	3	33							●						●		IRWIN	76

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	GEORGIA																
77	JACKSON		19.8			4.1	977	58	919	94	24.6	14	82	36	12		12
78	JASPER		5.8			1.1	367	79	288	78	47.2	20	117	32	31		10
79	JEFF DAVIS		9.5			1.9	553	15	538	97	29.1	12	92	46	11		6
80	JEFFERSON		18.6			3.7	1,263	8	1,255	99	37.8	44	107	28	26		8
81	JENKINS		9.1			1.7	545	84	461	85	44.0	32	98	35	28		8
82	JOHNSON		8.5			1.7	478	38	440	92	22.9	5	100	35	31		7
83	JONES		10.5			2.2	628	47	581	93	26.4	10	79	29	19		11
84	LAMAR		9.7			1.9	404	47	357	88	27.0	11	80	27	18		26
85	LANIER		4.9			.9	289	39	250	87	21.8	3	98	37	26		13
86	LAURENS		34.7			6.9	1,951	181	1,770	91	49.2	125	101	27	20		7
87	LEE		6.6			1.2	363	10	353	97	25.1	6	104	27	31		
88	LIBERTY		14.5			2.7	815	67	748	92	31.7	32	125	31	24		12
89	LINCOLN		5.5			1.1	376	2	374	99	54.9	20	86	29	24		20
90	LONG		4.2			.7	251	7	244	97	19.4	1	59	30	30		4
91	LOWNDES		51.8			10.6	2,385	245	2,140	90	25.9	54	114	35	15		9
92	LUMPKIN		7.7			1.8	498	6	492	99	17.9		76	40	16		6
93	MCDUFFIE		13.9			2.9	854	10	844	99	39.8	39	112	31	14		15
94	MCINTOSH		6.7			1.4	583		583	100	32.9	13	91	34	27		13
95	MACON		13.5			2.5	832	37	795	96	43.1	42	124	19	27		13
96	MADISON		12.9			2.8	818	16	802	98	25.3	10	100	30	10		14
97	MARION		5.4			1.0	387	13	374	97	32.7	10	115	18	40		13
98	MERIWETHER		19.5			3.9	1,137	162	975	86	34.4	35	96	32	27		8
99	MILLER		6.9			1.3	452		452	100	18.4		103	20	28		4
100	MITCHELL		20.2			4.0	1,155	110	1,045	90	32.0	40	115	32	22		8
101	MONROE		10.4			2.3	646	76	570	88	38.7	24	72	32	19		13
102	MONTGOMERY		7.2			1.4	460	11	449	98	38.9	16	93	24	30		11
103	MORGAN		11.4			2.3	657	25	632	96	35.2	23	113	20	34		9
104	MURRAY		13.8			3.1	731		731	100	22.7	7	70	31	13		8
105	MUSCOGEE	1	208.4			44.0	8,760	1,547	7,213	82	26.4	230	93	35	14		11
106	NEWTON		23.9			5.0	1,097	52	1,045	95	41.5	67	109	38	18		9
107	OCONEE		7.1			1.5	361	51	310	86	18.7	1	70	27	13		13
108	OGLETHORPE		7.8			1.6	492	8	484	98	43.6	22	85	40	27		10
109	PAULDING		15.8			3.5	747	49	698	93	29.5	17	86	32	15		9
110	PEACH		15.8	.2		3.4	847	106	741	87	39.8	40	99	31	23		13
111	PICKENS		9.7			2.0	539	1	538	100	15.3		91	31	15		4
112	PIERCE		10.0			2.0	565	75	490	87	30.1	14	101	32	15		14
113	PIKE		7.1			1.4	417	71	346	83	38.5	18	105	30	26		16
114	POLK		29.1			6.1	1,438	65	1,373	95	28.3	31	100	38	13		9
115	PULASKI		8.1			1.7	432	59	373	86	44.1	27	103	31	20		14
116	PUTNAM		8.3			1.7	470	10	460	98	21.3	3	93	26	33		4
117	QUITMAN		2.5			.5	179	2	177	99	29.6	4	117	26	35		10
118	RABUN		7.7			1.6	456	14	442	97	25.9	7	75	38	8		5
119	RANDOLPH		9.7			1.8	626	98	528	84	27.4	11	88	27	29		4
120	RICHMOND	1	172.7			37.1	8,984	1,365	7,619	85	25.7	134	82	41	12		10
121	ROCKDALE		14.8			3.3	700	70	630	90	36.1	28	100	40	14		7
122	SCHLEY		3.3			.7	244	23	221	91	24.6	2	92	29	19		13

2

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		GEORGIA	
7	35	7	35			1	246			●						●		JACKSON	77
3	52	3	52			1	77			●						●		JASPER	78
3	32	3	32			1	156			●						●		JEFF DAVIS	79
9	48	9	48							●						●		JEFFERSON	80
3	33	3	33													●		JENKINS	81
2	23	2	23							●						●		JOHNSON	82
2	19	1	10													●		JONES	83
5	51	4	41													●		LAMAR	84
3	61	2	41			1	107			●						●		LANIER	85
17	49	9	26			1	864			●						●		LAURENS	86
										●						●		LEE	87
2	14	2	14							●						●		LIBERTY	88
1	18															●		LINCOLN	89
										●						●		LONG	90
46	89	11	21	5	10	1	843			●						●		LOWNDES	91
2	26	2	26							●						●		LUMPKIN	92
8	57	8	57			1	84									●		MCDUFFIE	93
1	15	1	15							●								MCINTOSH	94
5	37	5	37							●						●		MACON	95
1	8	1	8							●						●		MADISON	96
2	37	2	37							●						●		MARION	97
13	67	6	31							●						●		MERIWETHER	98
3	44	3	44							●								MILLER	99
7	35	7	35							●						●		MITCHELL	100
4	38	4	38			1	110			●						●		MONROE	101
3	42	2	28							●						●		MONTGOMERY	102
3	26	3	26			1	213			●						●		MORGAN	103
4	29	4	29							●								MURRAY	104
119	57	17	8	15	7	2	3,044			●						●		MUSCOGEE	105
10	42	8	33			1	467			●						●		NEWTON	106
																●		OCONEE	107
2	26									●						●		OGLETHORPE	108
4	25	4	25			1	265			●						●		PAULDING	109
9	57	7	44			1	294			●						●		PEACH	110
5	51	5	51							●						●		PICKENS	111
4	40	4	40							●						●		PIERCE	112
1	14	1	14													●		PIKE	113
14	48	13	45			2	325			●						●		POLK	114
5	62	5	62			1	254			●						●		PULASKI	115
2	24	1	12							●						●		PUTNAM	116
										●						●		QUITMAN	117
4	52	3	39			1	113			●						●		RABUN	118
5	51	5	51							●						●		RANDOLPH	119
194	112	15	9	21	12	3	7,544	1	●	●						●		RICHMOND	120
3	20	2	13							●						●		ROCKDALE	121
1	31	1	31							●						●		SCHLEY	122

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	GEORGIA																
123	SCREVEN		14.0			2.7	869	171	698	80	47.6	49	96	34	22		15
124	SEMINOLE		7.2			1.5	516	4	512	99	24.0	5	92	42	22		13
125	SPALDING		40.1			8.6	1,883	223	1,660	88	32.4	62	93	37	13		11
126	STEPHENS		19.6			4.3	1,026	68	958	93	22.1	8	81	42	6		10
127	STEWART		7.1			1.4	507	14	493	97	46.9	25	109	22	27		7
128	SUMTER		27.4			5.6	1,601	215	1,386	87	38.8	69	106	31	19		9
129	TALBOT		7.9			1.7	671	39	632	94	54.2	30	88	29	36		12
130	TALIAFERRO		3.1			.5	189	26	163	86	46.9	9	112	34	21		7
131	TATTNALL		17.2			3.0	939	22	917	98	36.1	28	89	31	23		8
132	TAYLOR		8.2			1.6	510	21	489	96	55.9	37	125	34	27		7
133	TELFAIR		12.0			2.2	744	34	710	95	18.6	1	113	32	28		4
134	TERRELL		11.9			2.2	743		743	100	60.5	82	140	30	25		10
135	THOMAS		37.4			7.5	1,965	178	1,787	91	35.2	77	106	33	24		10
136	TIFT		25.9			5.4	1,564	35	1,529	98	26.7	27	105	33	15		7
137	TOOMBS		19.2			4.0	1,115	74	1,041	93	35.9	40	97	34	17		7
138	TOWNS		5.0			1.1	396	1	395	100	31.9	5	67	26	18		5
139	TREUTLEN		6.4			1.3	443	46	397	90	19.5	1	102	16	36		12
140	TROUP		45.9			9.5	2,409	228	2,181	91	32.8	70	87	35	17		10
141	TURNER		8.9			1.7	572	8	564	99	57.5	44	114	32	18		4
142	TWIGGS		8.2			1.7	474	58	416	88	38.2	22	118	23	33		11
143	UNION		6.8			1.4	498	5	493	99	23.7	3	81	37	21		5
144	UPSON		24.2			5.1	1,046	1	1,045	100	34.2	41	75	34	14		9
145	WALKER	1	48.5			10.5	1,917	92	1,825	95	23.2	28	87	37	9		8
146	WALTON		23.5			5.1	1,184	61	1,123	95	39.3	56	105	31	19		13
147	WARE		35.7	.1		7.5	1,580	58	1,522	96	30.8	51	91	32	13		8
148	WARREN		7.0			1.3	463	102	361	78	48.9	28	109	32	27		17
149	WASHINGTON		18.7			3.6	1,121	74	1,047	93	52.7	89	95	25	30		8
150	WAYNE		18.0			3.7	951	75	876	92	32.2	33	94	39	12		6
151	WEBSTER		2.9			.6	208	75	133	64	39.4	7	110	6	50		9
152	WHEELER		5.3			1.0	337	36	301	89	38.0	10	66	32	9		9
153	WHITE		7.4			1.6	418	56	362	87	18.8	1	75	28	12		12
154	WHITFIELD		52.2			12.0	2,215	115	2,100	95	30.8	72	94	36	11		10
155	WILCOX		6.9			1.3	441	37	404	92	41.1	16	74	36	15		6
156	WILKES		10.1			1.9	570	46	524	92	39.2	25	96	25	25		8
157	WILKINSON		10.3			2.1	555	146	409	74	35.5	21	114	26	25		7
158	WORTH		14.9			2.8	905	25	880	97	40.2	46	122	27	28		6
	IDAHO 44 COUNTIES		697.3	1.1	4.8	135.6	15,892	135	15,757	99	23.3	430	95	32	17		7
1	ADA	1	99.2			19.6	1,988	123	1,865	94	20.9	32	87	33	12		6
2	ADAMS		3.0			.5	67		67	100	14.9		90	8			13
3	BANNOCK		49.8	.1	.7	9.7	872	8	864	99	22.8	31	115	34	15		8
4	BEAR LAKE		6.4			1.2	116		116	100	28.4	7	91	35	24		9
5	BENEWAH		6.5	.3	.3	1.2	184		184	100	34.6	11	111	35	20		10
6	BINGHAM		29.6	.1	1.7	5.6	681		681	100	23.0	20	109	27	22		9
7	BLAINE		5.4			1.1	134		134	100	28.2	4	95	34	12		8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		GEORGIA	
6	43	5	36			1	68			●						●		SCREVEN	123
5	69	5	69													●		SEMINOLE	124
33	82	6	15	4	10	1	873									●		SPALDING	125
22	112	9	46	4	20	1	454			●						●		STEPHENS	126
3	42	3	42							●						●		STEWART	127
14	51	4	15	1	4	1	514			●						●		SUMTER	128
2	25	2	25													●		TALBOT	129
										●						●		TALIAFERRO	130
4	23	3	17							●						●		TATTNALL	131
3	37	3	37							●						●		TAYLOR	132
6	50	6	50							●						●		TELFAIR	133
5	42	4	34			1	121			●								TERRELL	134
39	104	8	21	2	5	1	512			●						●		THOMAS	135
17	66	10	39	1	4	1	456			●						●		TIFT	136
8	42	5	26	1	5					●						●		TOOMBS	137
3	60	3	60			1	126			●						●		TOWNS	138
2	31	2	31			1	76			●						●		TREUTLEN	139
43	94	13	28	3	7	2	768			●						●		TROUP	140
3	34	3	34			1	217			●						●		TURNER	141
2	24	2	24							●						●		TWIGGS	142
3	44	3	44							●						●		UNION	143
18	74	9	37	1	4	1	395									●		UPSON	144
18	37	15	31	1	2					●						●		WALKER	145
11	47	8	34			1	304			●						●		WALTON	146
32	90	11	31	2	6	1	804			●						●		WARE	147
2	29	2	29													●		WARREN	148
11	59	10	53			1	189			●						●		WASHINGTON	149
10	56	8	44			1	459			●						●		WAYNE	150
										●						●		WEBSTER	151
										●						●		WHEELER	152
5	68	5	68							●						●		WHITE	153
33	63	16	31	3	6	1	1,166			●						●		WHITFIELD	154
2	29	2	29							●						●		WILCOX	155
6	60	5	50			1	207									●		WILKES	156
4	39	4	39							●						●		WILKINSON	157
6	40	6	40							●						●		WORTH	158
																		IDAHO	
579	83	269	39	30	4	41	12,180			18			1	1		3		44 COUNTIES	
123	124	26	26	9	9	2	1,775			●			●	●		●		ADA	1
1	33	1	33							●								ADAMS	2
50	100	13	26	5	10	3	1,251									●		BANNOCK	3
3	47	1	16	1	16	1	180											BEAR LAKE	4
4	62	4	62			1	95											BENEWAH	5
13	44	8	27			1	368											BINGHAM	6
7	131	4	75			2	67											BLAINE	7

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	IDAHO																
8	BOISE		1.5			.3	37		37	100	16.1		86	8	42		
9	BONNER		15.1			2.8	443		443	100	26.4	11	70	37	12		10
10	BONNEVILLE		51.7			10.4	802		802	100	18.5	5	120	31	19		7
11	BOUNDARY		5.2		.1	1.0	143		143	100	20.7	2	81	8	21		10
12	BUTTE		3.3			.6	52		52	100	24.9	3	100	27	27		7
13	CAMAS		.7			.1	16		16	100	15.2		92	33	17		17
14	CANYON		60.4			11.9	1,814		1,814	100	25.4	45	86	32	15		4
15	CARIBOU		7.3			1.5	141		141	100	14.9		122	30	22		8
16	CASSIA		18.0			3.5	374		374	100	30.1	28	122	31	25		6
17	CLARK		.6			.1	16		16	100	28.6	1	119	50	17		
18	CLEARWATER		9.0		.1	1.7	183		183	100	30.8	12	110	33	12		9
19	CUSTER		2.6			.4	76		76	100	22.1	1	58	23	8		
20	ELMORE		17.8			3.2	448		448	100	27.3	30	111	40	11		8
21	FRANKLIN		8.0			1.4	204		204	100	15.3		105	19	24		9
22	FREMONT		9.4			1.9	227		227	100	27.7	10	82	20	21		12
23	GEM		9.1			1.7	255		255	100	14.4		82	29	19		3
24	GOODING		9.2			1.7	283		283	100	19.6	1	69	40	12		5
25	IDAHO		13.0		.3	2.3	288		288	100	18.9	2	102	23	30		5
26	JEFFERSON		11.7			2.1	236		236	100	19.9	3	118	36	23		10
27	JEROME		11.4			2.2	323		323	100	24.8	7	82	36	14		5
28	KOOTENAI		31.5		.2	6.2	803		803	100	24.7	19	86	34	11		6
29	LATAH		23.7			4.8	492		492	100	20.0	5	96	42	9		7
30	LEMHI		5.6			1.0	197		197	100	22.0	2	91	21	15		13
31	LEWIS		4.1	.3	.1	.8	61		61	100	45.7	11	62	38	17		8
32	LINCOLN		3.0			.5	55		55	100	8.6		80	29	14		
33	MADISON		10.2			2.2	243		243	100	30.4	14	104	33	22		3
34	MINIDOKA		17.1			3.5	389		389	100	25.2	15	103	22	27		7
35	NEZ PERCE		30.4	.2	1.1	6.1	692	4	688	99	23.6	16	82	33	14		8
36	ONEIDA		3.1			.5	73		73	100	22.9	2	75	30	15		5
37	OWYHEE		6.3		.2	1.2	194		194	100	16.6		83	32	16		8
38	PAYETTE		12.5			2.3	381		381	100	22.2	5	62	22	19		6
39	POWER		4.9	.1	.2	1.0	93		93	100	44.7	13	88	37	26		9
40	SHOSHONE		20.2			3.9	318		318	100	30.2	28	107	35	14		11
41	TETON		3.1			.6	87		87	100	29.8	4	72	13	35		9
42	TWIN FALLS		44.1			8.6	1,061		1,061	100	22.4	20	87	32	13		8
43	VALLEY		3.7			.7	68		68	100	35.7	7	72	37	22		
44	WASHINGTON		8.7			1.6	282		282	100	22.2	3	84	36	17		6
	ILLINOIS 102 COUNTIES		10,785.9			2,077.0	197,309	38,892	158,417	80	24.6	7,627	97	33	16	97	8
1	ADAMS	5	69.9			13.3	1,912		1,912	100	18.9	8	86	34	17	61	7
2	ALEXANDER		15.0			2.6	773		773	100	49.8	51	91	34	26	215	11
3	BOND		13.6			2.5	500		500	100	28.7	13	83	32	16	29	6
4	BOONE	1	23.7			4.7	460		460	100	27.7	22	100	34	13	43	8
5	BROWN		6.0			1.0	256		256	100	24.2	3	83	29	24		7
6	BUREAU		38.9			7.2	998		998	100	25.2	25	78	27	15	39	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		IDAHO	
										●								BOISE	8
11	73	8	53	1	7	1	655											BONNER	9
56	108	14	27	7	14	2	1,500											BONNEVILLE	10
3	58	3	58			1	75											BOUNDARY	11
2	60	2	60			1	72											BUTTE	12
1	135	1	135															CAMAS	13
60	99	26	43	1	2	2	1,063			●								CANYON	14
3	41	3	41			1	92											CARIBOU	15
12	67	9	50			1	472			●								CASSIA	16
																		CLARK	17
6	66	5	55			1	149			●								CLEARWATER	18
																		CUSTER	19
5	28	5	28			1	92			●								ELMORE	20
3	37	3	37			1	119											FRANKLIN	21
4	42	4	42			1	34											FREMONT	22
4	44	4	44			1	154			●								GEM	23
5	54	4	43			1	108			●								GOODING	24
8	62	7	54			2	207			●								IDAHO	25
3	26	2	17	1	9													JEFFERSON	26
5	44	5	44			1	228			●								JEROME	27
28	89	17	54			1	425											KOOTENAI	28
21	88	17	72	1	4	1	478			●								LATAH	29
4	72	4	72			1	99											LEMHI	30
3	74	3	74							●								LEWIS	31
1	33	1	33															LINCOLN	32
6	59	4	39	1	10	1	442											MADISON	33
8	47	7	41			1	219											MINIDOKA	34
39	128	15	49	1	3	1	505			●						●		NEZ PERCE	35
2	64	2	64			1	44											ONEIDA	36
										●								OWYHEE	37
4	32	4	32							●								PAYETTE	38
1	20	1	20			1	114											POWER	39
13	64	9	44			1	152											SHOSHONE	40
1	32	1	32															TETON	41
49	111	15	34	2	5	1	767			●								TWIN FALLS	42
5	134	5	134			2	80			●								VALLEY	43
2	23	2	23			1	99											WASHINGTON	44
																		ILLINOIS	
10,789	100	3,715	34	721	7	211	186,424	10	1	60	1	1	4	1	1	1	4	102 COUNTIES	
76	109	12	17	6	9	2	1,380											ADAMS	1
7	47	5	33			1	279			●								ALEXANDER	2
8	59	8	59			1	137			●								BOND	3
16	67	11	46	1	4	2	618											BOONE	4
4	67	3	50															BROWN	5
26	67	16	41			2	713											BUREAU	6

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	ILLINOIS																
7	CALHOUN		6.4			1.1	224		224	100	13.0		93	23	33	38	4
8	CARROLL		19.6			3.6	549		549	100	30.0	22	85	38	12	45	6
9	CASS		14.7			2.8	476		476	100	21.8	5	84	32	15	43	5
10	CHAMPAIGN	1	150.3			32.3	3,491	334	3,157	90	24.9	95	72	43	9	70	6
11	CHRISTIAN		36.6			6.7	985		985	100	22.3	17	91	31	19	32	6
12	CLARK		16.3			2.9	583		583	100	28.5	15	80	27	13	42	6
13	CLAY		15.2			2.7	476		476	100	16.2		89	39	15	25	5
14	CLINTON		25.5			4.7	667		667	100	15.9		107	25	28	20	4
15	COLES		46.4			9.6	1,326		1,326	100	20.9	12	67	41	11	46	6
16	COOK	4	5,399.8			1,028.5	82,490	38,311	44,179	54	26.2	4,998	104	33	16	130	9
17	CRAWFORD		19.4			3.6	546		546	100	21.0	5	65	41	10	42	8
18	CUMBERLAND		10.2			1.9	257		257	100	19.7	2	88	26	13	12	9
19	DE KALB		64.2			14.5	1,463		1,463	100	23.3	32	74	35	12	22	6
20	DE WITT		15.3			2.7	403		403	100	24.3	10	96	30	13	38	4
21	DOUGLAS		18.5			3.5	453		453	100	18.2	1	82	34	16	35	6
22	DU PAGE	4	400.7			83.6	3,597		3,597	100	17.9	4	86	26	15	25	6
23	EDGAR		22.7			4.2	777		777	100	26.1	16	79	37	13	65	8
24	EDWARDS		7.1			1.2	260		260	100	22.3	3	69	40	10	71	7
25	EFFINGHAM		23.7			4.3	618		618	100	20.0	6	103	27	21	23	7
26	FAYETTE		22.2			3.8	789		789	100	20.9	6	88	34	15	36	7
27	FORD		16.9			3.3	461		461	100	19.5	2	72	27	11	25	6
28	FRANKLIN		39.3			7.1	1,577		1,577	100	22.7	14	74	40	12	23	8
29	FULTON		42.0			7.8	1,115		1,115	100	19.6	7	80	35	10	29	5
30	GALLATIN		7.7			1.5	444		444	100	23.4	4	81	33	15	50	12
31	GREENE		16.5			2.9	564		564	100	17.7		103	36	19	88	6
32	GRUNDY		25.6			5.1	459		459	100	19.1	3	93	26	16	21	9
33	HAMILTON		9.0			1.6	387		387	100	25.1	5	72	32	14	88	11
34	HANCOCK		25.4			4.8	823		823	100	20.1	5	74	34	15	11	6
35	HARDIN		5.1			1.0	264		264	100	37.3	9	65	38	9	63	6
36	HENDERSON		7.0			1.2	211		211	100	12.4		105	29	11	48	2
37	HENRY	1	51.9			9.7	1,234		1,234	100	22.5	22	88	29	14	30	7
38	IROQUOIS		35.2			6.8	961		961	100	17.8		77	33	15	46	8
39	JACKSON		55.3			12.4	2,197		2,197	100	21.3	16	67	45	10	50	6
40	JASPER		11.3			2.0	445		445	100	18.7	1	85	23	27	12	6
41	JEFFERSON		32.0			6.0	1,127		1,127	100	26.4	24	71	30	15	70	6
42	JERSEY		18.4			3.7	524		524	100	17.9		84	35	14	32	5
43	JO DAVIESS		21.7			3.8	569		569	100	16.5		93	20	28	61	5
44	JOHNSON		7.2			1.3	338		338	100	33.6	8	64	31	14	24	12
45	KANE	4	243.0			47.4	2,916		2,916	100	24.9	181	99	33	14	49	7
46	KANKAKEE	5	98.4			17.8	1,773		1,773	100	24.3	65	102	31	18	72	9
47	KENDALL		23.7			4.9	425		425	100	22.3	11	85	29	11	38	5
48	KNOX	5	61.2			11.5	1,156	151	1,005	87	20.4	14	82	31	10	36	9
49	LAKE	4	342.9			66.0	3,994		3,994	100	21.3	124	96	32	15	47	8
50	LA SALLE		109.0			19.7	1,628		1,628	100	21.5	41	94	32	15	38	9
51	LAWRENCE		18.6			3.5	595		595	100	16.4		69	34	14	66	7
52	LEE		44.2			8.8	1,048		1,048	100	24.8	25	67	31	14	64	6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		ILLINOIS	
2	31	2	31							●								CALHOUN	7
9	46	8	41			1	131											CARROLL	8
10	68	5	34			1	185											CASS	9
156	104	39	26	13	9	3	2,396			●							●	CHAMPAIGN	10
17	46	17	46			1	568			●								CHRISTIAN	11
5	31	5	31							●								CLARK	12
7	46	3	20	2	13	1	147			●								CLAY	13
12	47	11	43			1	251			●								CLINTON	14
34	73	17	37	1	2	2	942			●								COLES	15
6,519	121	1,958	36	451	8	64	100,657	9	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	COOK	16
16	82	13	67			1	178			●								CRAWFORD	17
5	49	5	49							●								CUMBERLAND	18
43	67	19	30	5	8	2	579											DE KALB	19
9	59	8	52	1	7	1	162			●								DE WITT	20
10	54	8	43			1	141			●								DOUGLAS	21
411	103	128	32	30	7	4	5,784											DU PAGE	22
14	62	10	44			1	213			●								EDGAR	23
2	28									●								EDWARDS	24
19	80	13	55			1	610			●								EFFINGHAM	25
12	54	8	36			1	313			●								FAYETTE	26
12	71	10	59			2	339											FORD	27
22	56	16	41			2	429											FRANKLIN	28
28	67	20	48	1	2	2	587											FULTON	29
4	52	4	52															GALLATIN	30
9	54	9	54			2	283			●								GREENE	31
10	39	7	27			1	355											GRUNDY	32
2	22	2	22			1	70			●								HAMILTON	33
12	47	11	43			1	143											HANCOCK	34
2	39	2	39			1	46											HARDIN	35
2	29	2	29															HENDERSON	36
29	56	23	44			3	718											HENRY	37
23	65	20	57	2	6	2	420											IROQUOIS	38
42	76	12	22	4	7	3	932			●			●					JACKSON	39
4	35	4	35							●								JASPER	40
20	63	11	34	1	3	2	464											JEFFERSON	41
6	33	6	33			1	278			●								JERSEY	42
8	37	8	37			1	90			●								JO DAVIESS	43
1	14	1	14							●								JOHNSON	44
251	103	80	33	18	7	6	6,233			●								KANE	45
103	105	36	37	8	8	2	1,860			●								KANKAKEE	46
5	21	4	17															KENDALL	47
63	103	21	34	6	10	2	1,072										●	KNOX	48
309	90	80	23	18	5	5	4,906			●	●							LAKE	49
86	79	47	43	3	3	4	1,844											LA SALLE	50
10	54	7	38	1	5	1	167			●								LAWRENCE	51
30	68	19	43			1	553			●								LEE	52

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	ILLINOIS																
53	LIVINGSTON		40.6			7.4	851		851	100	20.2	9	82	26	18	13	6
54	LOGAN		35.8			7.1	848		848	100	22.5	13	61	39	11	51	6
55	MCDONOUGH		31.6			6.5	997		997	100	19.6	5	69	42	8	54	7
56	MCHENRY	4	99.0			19.5	1,494		1,494	100	20.6	29	95	30	18	26	8
57	MCLEAN	1	95.6			20.2	2,163		2,163	100	18.4	5	75	33	13	40	6
58	MACON	1	124.4			24.5	2,454		2,454	100	24.5	84	94	32	13	81	7
59	MACOUPIN		49.1			9.1	1,456		1,456	100	19.0	5	76	29	12	32	4
60	MADISON	3	244.1			48.9	4,586		4,586	100	23.1	134	90	34	16	67	7
61	MARION		39.2			7.3	1,258		1,258	100	25.6	29	82	33	15	93	7
62	MARSHALL		12.9			2.4	342		342	100	20.7	4	90	30	22	47	9
63	MASON		15.3			2.8	400		400	100	21.5	5	90	42	15	80	8
64	MASSAC		13.5			2.6	560		560	100	30.9	15	64	25	14	108	8
65	MENARD		10.1			1.9	253		253	100	26.7	8	83	28	17	51	8
66	MERCER		18.6			3.5	586		586	100	19.2	2	75	34	14	53	5
67	MONROE		19.1			3.7	402		402	100	19.4	3	88	33	17	18	3
68	MONTGOMERY		30.9			5.5	982		982	100	21.8	11	96	29	17	53	5
69	MORGAN		37.9			7.1	950		950	100	19.7	6	72	33	15	43	4
70	MOULTRIE		13.1			2.4	339		339	100	14.3		88	38	15	75	9
71	OGLE		43.2			8.4	1,078		1,078	100	20.5	11	96	31	13	30	7
72	PEORIA	1	195.5			36.9	3,556	96	3,460	97	23.3	113	104	38	15	134	8
73	PERRY		21.6			4.1	744		744	100	19.7	3	77	38	6	32	5
74	PIATT		16.8			3.4	400		400	100	17.6		57	36	16	52	3
75	PIKE		19.7			3.5	749		749	100	17.7		87	38	14	13	7
76	POPE		3.8			.6	181		181	100	10.7		47	60	7		
77	PULASKI		10.2			1.8	533		533	100	44.8	27	74	28	26	169	12
78	PUTNAM		4.5			.8	108		108	100	35.0	7	92	31	8		8
79	RANDOLPH		31.0			5.2	817		817	100	18.1	1	96	37	11	32	7
80	RICHLAND		16.7			3.1	575		575	100	20.1	4	89	32	12	50	6
81	ROCK ISLAND	1	163.9			31.4	2,567		2,567	100	26.6	148	103	34	13	53	8
82	ST CLAIR	3	270.7			52.5	6,903		6,903	100	27.8	310	102	28	20	153	9
83	SALINE		27.4			5.1	1,362		1,362	100	23.2	11	65	43	12	42	7
84	SANGAMON	1	159.4			31.1	3,160		3,160	100	22.8	83	91	38	13	97	8
85	SCHUYLER		7.9			1.3	283		283	100	25.4	5	79	31	15	74	9
86	SCOTT		5.9			1.0	205		205	100	23.8	4	89	38	22	22	11
87	SHELBY		23.8			4.5	840		840	100	22.2	9	73	33	15	25	5
88	STARK		7.8			1.4	221		221	100	17.1		92	23	22	15	11
89	STEPHENSON		51.4			10.1	1,260		1,260	100	23.8	29	80	31	14	62	7
90	TAZEWELL	1	108.4			22.0	1,603		1,603	100	19.7	22	98	33	11	23	4
91	UNION		18.0			3.1	599		599	100	22.2	6	72	32	11	27	13
92	VERMILION	5	95.8			18.2	2,250		2,250	100	28.4	102	91	35	13	104	7
93	WABASH		13.3			2.6	333		333	100	22.6	6	87	29	10	54	4
94	WARREN		22.1			4.3	622		622	100	27.1	19	86	30	14	38	6
95	WASHINGTON		14.0			2.5	449		449	100	35.7	19	67	28	13	12	6
96	WAYNE		18.0			3.4	646		646	100	19.8	3	68	41	12	26	7
97	WHITE		17.8			3.4	631		631	100	26.0	12	67	35	10	61	3
98	WHITESIDE		62.9			12.2	1,421		1,421	100	19.3	10	96	33	15	41	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		ILLINOIS	
30	74	23	57	1	2	2	520											LIVINGSTON	53
28	78	22	62			1	425			●								LOGAN	54
18	57	9	29			1	485											MCDONOUGH	55
63	64	34	34	5	5	3	1,091											MCHENRY	56
78	82	23	24	6	6	2	1,152											MCLEAN	57
123	99	28	23	8	6	2	2,600			●								MACON	58
24	49	22	45			2	320			●								MACOUPIN	59
166	68	71	29	16	7	5	3,583			●								MADISON	60
33	84	19	49	2	5	2	649			●								MARION	61
6	46	6	46															MARSHALL	62
9	59	7	46	1	7	1	179											MASON	63
6	45	3	22			1	170			●								MASSAC	64
4	40	4	40															MENARD	65
6	32	6	32			1	48											MERCER	66
10	52	8	42							●								MONROE	67
18	58	16	52			2	577			●								MONTGOMERY	68
36	95	9	24	2	5	1	743											MORGAN	69
7	53	7	53							●								MOULTRIE	70
17	39	16	37	1	2	1	361			●								OGLE	71
256	131	66	34	14	7	3	5,330	1		●							●	PEORIA	72
12	56	10	46			2	410			●								PERRY	73
7	42	7	42			1	84			●								PIATT	74
9	46	8	41			1	234											PIKE	75
1	26	1	26															POPE	76
1	10	1	10							●								PULASKI	77
2	44	2	44															PUTNAM	78
18	58	15	48			3	731			●								RANDOLPH	79
27	162	4	24	4	24	1	512			●								RICHLAND	80
148	90	48	29	12	7	3	3,462						●					ROCK ISLAND	81
170	63	68	25	15	6	5	5,497			●			●					ST CLAIR	82
19	69	11	40	1	4	1	121											SALINE	83
174	109	36	23	18	11	2	3,146			●								SANGAMON	84
4	51	4	51			1	139											SCHUYLER	85
3	51	3	51															SCOTT	86
9	38	9	38			1	185			●								SHELBY	87
3	38	3	38															STARK	88
40	78	13	25	3	6	1	968			●								STEPHENSON	89
53	49	38	35	1	1	2	848											TAZEWELL	90
11	61	8	44			1	139			●								UNION	91
68	71	38	40	5	5	3	1,824			●								VERMILION	92
7	52	5	37			1	236			●								WABASH	93
12	54	9	41			1	331											WARREN	94
3	21	3	21			1	89			●								WASHINGTON	95
6	33	4	22	1	6	1	257			●								WAYNE	96
10	56	8	45			1	186			●								WHITE	97
42	67	18	29	3	5	2	1,130			●								WHITESIDE	98

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	ILLINOIS																
99	WILL	4	225.8			44.6	3,488		3,488	100	24.7	167	96	29	16	41	8
100	WILLIAMSON		49.8			9.7	1,916		1,916	100	28.4	43	74	36	11	58	7
101	WINNEBAGO	1	232.8			46.7	3,828		3,828	100	23.0	133	102	34	14	74	8
102	WOODFORD	1	24.9			4.6	496		496	100	18.3	1	93	35	18	14	6
	INDIANA 92 COUNTIES		4,951.3			990.5	109,831	6,225	103,606	94	23.6	3,109	96	34	14	66	8
1	ADAMS		25.4			4.8	497		497	100	23.0	15	113	29	25	26	5
2	ALLEN	1	262.9			53.0	4,205		4,205	100	22.2	127	101	34	16	90	8
3	BARTHOLOMEW		55.0			11.3	1,159		1,159	100	25.0	49	113	33	10	27	8
4	BENTON		11.1			2.0	287		287	100	20.4	3	89	33	14	22	7
5	BLACKFORD		15.7			3.1	329		329	100	15.1		92	39	10	56	4
6	BOONE	3	29.6			5.9	708		708	100	20.1	7	80	35	9	34	5
7	BROWN		7.9			1.7	257		257	100	21.4	2	52	35	7	47	7
8	CARROLL		16.7			3.2	446		446	100	27.6	15	86	29	15	29	6
9	CASS		42.0			8.1	906		906	100	26.4	35	86	30	13	34	7
10	CLARK	1	67.4			14.4	1,567		1,567	100	22.1	31	84	35	13	54	7
11	CLAY	1	23.6			4.5	717		717	100	25.0	14	81	34	13	60	4
12	CLINTON		30.3			5.9	733		733	100	20.4	8	85	36	13	48	7
13	CRAWFORD		8.4			1.6	395		395	100	29.5	9	85	35	15	29	3
14	DAVIESS		26.3			5.1	837		837	100	29.5	28	32	33	16	24	5
15	DEARBORN	3	29.0			5.7	651		651	100	24.4	21	85	33	16	53	8
16	DECATUR		21.7			4.2	655		655	100	22.2	11	98	28	15	15	5
17	DE KALB		30.3			5.9	617		617	100	27.3	29	100	32	16	40	6
18	DELAWARE	1	121.3			26.2	2,815	220	2,595	92	26.0	107	96	41	11	64	7
19	DUBOIS		29.4			5.5	659		659	100	18.2	2	127	21	24	17	7
20	ELKHART	5	121.2			25.7	3,684		3,684	100	22.9	63	93	35	12	60	7
21	FAYETTE		24.6			4.9	639		639	100	24.9	19	102	29	17	40	10
22	FLOYD	1	53.8			10.9	1,425		1,425	100	27.6	55	88	36	17	52	9
23	FOUNTAIN		18.2			3.4	503		503	100	22.5	9	110	35	13	42	10
24	FRANKLIN		16.9			3.3	575		575	100	24.8	12	101	26	20	30	4
25	FULTON		16.0			3.0	397		397	100	13.8		101	35	12	47	5
26	GIBSON		29.3			5.6	922		922	100	32.3	41	90	41	18	39	4
27	GRANT	5	79.8			15.8	1,551		1,551	100	20.9	29	108	34	12	60	7
28	GREENE		26.9			5.2	1,045		1,045	100	28.1	24	84	33	9	28	7
29	HAMILTON	3	44.7			9.2	802		802	100	19.2	6	86	33	12	38	6
30	HANCOCK	3	30.6			6.3	626		626	100	21.8	13	97	35	9	55	6
31	HARRISON		20.0			3.9	597		597	100	17.9		80	33	18	38	7
32	HENDRICKS	3	47.3			9.8	811		811	100	23.4	28	93	35	9	35	7
33	HENRY		52.3			10.7	1,347		1,347	100	23.0	26	93	33	10	46	9
34	HOWARD	5	78.3			16.2	1,445		1,445	100	27.0	86	114	35	12	38	8
35	HUNTINGTON		34.8			6.8	767		767	100	22.3	16	86	29	15	51	6
36	JACKSON		32.3			6.4	851		851	100	20.9	11	95	30	9	30	6
37	JASPER		18.1			3.2	435		435	100	19.2	3	112	28	17	22	6
38	JAY		24.1			4.7	583		583	100	22.6	12	88	34	15	29	5
39	JEFFERSON		25.8			5.2	862		862	100	25.7	20	88	34	17	48	7
40	JENNINGS		19.7			4.1	601		601	100	21.8	7	85	30	12	45	10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		ILLINOIS	
157	70	58	26	13	6	2	3,940			●								WILL	99
28	56	17	34			2	673			●								WILLIAMSON	100
254	109	62	27	17	7	3	4,876			●								WINNEBAGO	101
11	44	11	44															WOODFORD	102
																		INDIANA	
4,073	82	1,732	35	197	4	97	90,223	4	1	54	3		2			4	6	92 COUNTIES	
17	67	15	59			1	554			●								ADAMS	1
280	106	102	39	12	5	3	5,688			●								ALLEN	2
46	84	19	35	3	5	1	1,598			●								BARTHOLOMEW	3
6	54	6	54															BENTON	4
10	64	6	38			1	281			●								BLACKFORD	5
23	78	14	47	1	3	1	474											BOONE	6
1	13	1	13							●								BROWN	7
9	54	7	42															CARROLL	8
37	88	13	31	1	2	1	626											CASS	9
47	70	30	45	1	1	1	844			●								CLARK	10
11	47	9	38			1	374			●								CLAY	11
16	53	11	36			1	414											CLINTON	12
2	24	2	24							●								CRAWFORD	13
17	65	7	27	1	4	1	722			●								DAVIESS	14
15	52	13	45	1	3	1	710			●								DEARBORN	15
12	55	10	46			1	350											DECATUR	16
21	69	18	59	1	3	2	506											DE KALB	17
98	81	34	28	7	6	1	2,604			●							●	DELAWARE	18
20	68	15	51	1	3	2	855			●								DUBOIS	19
100	82	45	37	5	4	2	2,724											ELKHART	20
11	45	10	41			1	656			●								FAYETTE	21
38	71	22	41			1	1,090			●	●							FLOYD	22
10	55	9	50							●								FOUNTAIN	23
3	18	3	18							●								FRANKLIN	24
11	69	10	63			1	182											FULTON	25
14	48	11	38			1	302											GIBSON	26
66	83	22	28	3	4	1	1,679											GRANT	27
12	45	12	45			1	351			●								GREENE	28
24	54	14	31	1	2	1	540											HAMILTON	29
21	69	19	62			1	650			●								HANCOCK	30
8	40	8	40			1	361			●								HARRISON	31
20	42	20	42															HENDRICKS	32
40	76	18	34	2	4	1	914			●								HENRY	33
64	82	23	29	6	8	2	1,841											HOWARD	34
19	55	13	37	1	3	1	504											HUNTINGTON	35
19	59	16	50			1	897			●								JACKSON	36
7	39	7	39			1	293											JASPER	37
14	58	9	37			1	442			●								JAY	38
25	97	9	35	1	4	1	555			●	●							JEFFERSON	39
6	30	5	25							●								JENNINGS	40

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	INDIANA																
41	JOHNSON	3	49.6			10.5	857		857	100	20.7	18	100	35	14	46	5
42	KNOX		41.7			8.2	1,355		1,355	100	26.7	34	79	34	11	43	8
43	KOSCIUSKO		46.8			9.7	1,197		1,197	100	22.4	21	92	34	10	22	6
44	LAGRANGE		19.0			3.7	574		574	100	23.0	12	130	24	27	37	6
45	LAKE	2	523.9			103.1	8,196	525	7,671	94	27.2	589	104	31	18	70	9
46	LA PORTE	5	105.1			20.4	1,748		1,748	100	24.9	76	97	31	15	68	8
47	LAWRENCE		37.7			7.7	1,127		1,127	100	21.8	15	87	35	8	51	10
48	MADISON	1	134.6			27.0	2,606		2,606	100	26.3	121	99	34	12	60	8
49	MARION	3	745.7			147.9	13,802	4,330	9,472	69	24.7	603	104	33	16	120	9
50	MARSHALL	1	32.4			6.3	749		749	100	22.9	17	92	34	13	34	8
51	MARTIN		10.7			2.0	331		331	100	23.9	9	108	32	20	27	9
52	MIAMI		40.6			7.8	1,072		1,072	100	22.6	25	112	34	14	32	6
53	MONROE		80.3			20.0	2,463	261	2,202	89	17.8		74	45	7	33	7
54	MONTGOMERY		32.2			6.0	762		762	100	26.1	28	98	32	13	37	4
55	MORGAN	3	39.0			8.1	979		979	100	16.7		103	34	15	48	7
56	NEWTON		11.4			2.1	325		325	100	21.8	5	80	27	17	23	8
57	NOBLE		29.4			5.8	644		644	100	24.4	20	97	35	14	25	6
58	OHIO		4.1			.8	127		127	100	23.3	2	103	37	7	73	17
59	ORANGE		16.2			3.0	612		612	100	25.8	14	104	33	15	57	6
60	OWEN		12.1			2.3	442		442	100	23.4	6	79	34	13	33	7
61	PARKE		14.2			2.5	459		459	100	17.9		101	35	10	79	9
62	PERRY		18.4			3.6	564		564	100	21.8	8	97	30	21	29	7
63	PIKE		11.8			2.2	413		413	100	16.0		86	28	13		6
64	PORTER	2	75.5			16.6	1,109		1,109	100	21.8	29	91	32	14	36	9
65	POSEY		21.0			4.1	657		657	100	18.9	2	79	36	16	36	5
66	PULASKI		11.9			2.1	342		342	100	21.1	4	101	31	15	28	6
67	PUTNAM		24.9			5.1	647		647	100	14.7		71	33	10	22	3
68	RANDOLPH		30.0			6.0	826		826	100	20.6	8	79	33	13	42	7
69	RIPLEY		20.3			3.7	610		610	100	22.5	10	104	26	15	36	6
70	RUSH		21.2			4.2	707		707	100	18.9	2	86	26	19	49	8
71	ST JOSEPH	1	238.7			46.8	3,803	200	3,603	95	23.0	124	91	33	14	74	8
72	SCOTT		15.8			3.1	526		526	100	18.9	2	119	35	14	27	9
73	SHELBY	3	37.3			7.4	853		853	100	25.4	29	99	29	16	49	7
74	SPENCER		16.6			3.0	548		548	100	26.8	13	93	23	20	56	6
75	STARKE		19.4			3.8	600		600	100	23.6	12	95	28	20	39	6
76	STEUBEN		18.0			3.3	453		453	100	23.6	11	104	44	10	35	8
77	SULLIVAN	1	20.6			3.8	696		696	100	19.0	2	69	30	17	30	3
78	SWITZERLAND		6.3			1.1	223		223	100	23.0	3	79	43	7	45	2
79	TIPPECANOE	1	102.5			21.2	1,955		1,955	100	20.2	27	100	41	7	30	6
80	TIPTON		17.0			3.5	424		424	100	17.9		84	29	12	41	5
81	UNION	5	6.6			1.3	197		197	100	18.7	1	88	37	16	18	7
82	VANDERBURGH	1	164.6			32.1	4,845	624	4,221	87	22.5	79	86	38	14	93	7
83	VERMILLION	1	16.1			3.0	500		500	100	19.4	2	66	30	8	50	3
84	VIGO	1	108.6			21.3	3,101	48	3,053	98	23.0	55	88	39	15	119	8
85	WABASH		35.1			7.3	860		860	100	22.0	15	98	29	14	62	8
86	WARREN		8.7			1.7	247		247	100	23.8	5	81	37	14	29	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		INDIANA	
34	68	20	40			1	820											JOHNSON	41
42	101	12	29	3	7	1	804			●								KNOX	42
24	51	17	36															KOSCIUSKO	43
9	47	9	47			1	294											LAGRANGE	44
401	77	178	34	27	5	4	11,271			●	●		●				●	LAKE	45
103	98	38	36	5	5	2	1,190											LA PORTE	46
25	66	16	42	2	5	1	622			●								LAWRENCE	47
96	71	51	38	4	3	3	2,502			●								MADISON	48
851	114	220	30	50	7	6	15,969	3	●	●			●			●	●	MARION	49
23	71	16	49			2	649											MARSHALL	50
3	28	3	28							●								MARTIN	51
17	42	13	32			1	403											MIAMI	52
71	88	23	29	4	5	1	1,619			●							●	MONROE	53
22	68	12	37	1	3	1	477											MONTGOMERY	54
19	49	13	33			1	520											MORGAN	55
4	35	3	26			1	165											NEWTON	56
15	51	12	41	1	3	1	473											NOBLE	57
1	24									●								OHIO	58
9	55	9	55			1	277			●								ORANGE	59
3	25	3	25							●								OWEN	60
9	63	7	49							●								PARKE	61
7	38	6	33			1	340			●								PERRY	62
3	26	3	26							●								PIKE	63
54	72	25	33	4	5	1	1,524											PORTER	64
5	24	5	24															POSEY	65
6	50	6	50			1	219											PULASKI	66
19	76	13	52							●								PUTNAM	67
17	57	14	47	1	3	2	424			●								RANDOLPH	68
9	44	8	39							●								RIPLEY	69
10	47	7	33			1	422											RUSH	70
224	94	66	28	16	7	3	3,966	1		●						●	●	ST JOSEPH	71
8	51	6	38			1	234			●								SCOTT	72
21	56	13	35			1	581											SHELBY	73
4	24	4	24							●								SPENCER	74
6	31	6	31			1	327											STARKE	75
10	56	6	33			2	326											STEUBEN	76
10	49	7	34			1	305			●								SULLIVAN	77
2	32	1	16							●								SWITZERLAND	78
124	121	28	27	9	9	2	2,982											TIPPECANOE	79
10	59	9	53			1	353											TIPTON	80
2	31	2	31							●								UNION	81
219	133	58	35	11	7	3	3,734			●							●	VANDERBURGH	82
6	37	4	25			1	296			●								VERMILLION	83
111	102	31	29	6	6	2	2,220			●						●		VIGO	84
26	74	18	51			1	647											WABASH	85
2	23	2	23			1	26			●								WARREN	86

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	INDIANA																
87	WARRICK	1	24.8			5.0	827		827	100	21.8	9	88	34	17	32	7
88	WASHINGTON		18.8			3.7	676		676	100	15.5		96	35	11	45	8
89	WAYNE	5	78.6			15.7	1,775	17	1,758	99	22.4	38	95	34	13	71	6
90	WELLS		23.9			4.8	515		515	100	20.3	6	94	38	12	40	7
91	WHITE		20.4			4.0	508		508	100	18.7	2	94	29	9	43	6
92	WHITLEY		22.5			4.6	489		489	100	19.3	3	79	36	10	33	6
	IOWA																
	99 COUNTIES		2,760.2		.5	516.4	69,779	5,584	64,195	92	20.5	904	94	32	16	48	6
1	ADAIR		10.3			1.8	404		404	100	21.3	3	73	39	20		2
2	ADAMS		6.6			1.1	251		251	100	10.1		56	19	22	31	6
3	ALLAMAKEE		15.0			2.6	579		579	100	20.2	4	92	29	21	59	5
4	APPANOOSE		15.6			2.6	632		632	100	25.0	9	81	33	11	28	6
5	AUDUBON		10.1			1.8	381		381	100	17.7		75	29	17	30	8
6	BENTON		21.6			3.8	612	76	536	88	17.4		91	33	15	51	8
7	BLACK HAWK	1	126.8			24.8	1,932	94	1,838	95	22.1	65	98	33	15	71	7
8	BOONE		25.3			4.6	676		676	100	23.3	12	74	37	10	35	5
9	BREMER		21.1			4.0	623		623	100	17.5		80	37	10	31	6
10	BUCHANAN		22.5			4.1	657		657	100	20.4	6	96	27	28	15	7
11	BUENA VISTA		20.7			3.8	631		631	100	21.6	7	74	27	18	28	4
12	BUTLER		17.7			3.3	579		579	100	17.9		86	31	8	14	1
13	CALHOUN		15.0			2.7	464		464	100	18.8	1	84	26	23	44	4
14	CARROLL		23.6			4.2	593		593	100	22.8	15	111	19	31	17	4
15	CASS		16.8			2.9	544		544	100	16.4		102	29	9	48	5
16	CEDAR		17.6			3.2	560	62	498	89	14.5		81	24	15	61	5
17	CERRO GORDO		47.8			9.0	1,011		1,011	100	21.7	19	79	29	14	70	6
18	CHEROKEE		17.6			3.1	563		563	100	11.0		102	32	11	57	6
19	CHICKASAW		14.8			2.5	460		460	100	15.3		115	26	25	14	5
20	CLARKE		8.0			1.4	296		296	100	16.1		70	36	12	40	6
21	CLAY		17.9			3.4	562		562	100	18.8	2	82	30	15	22	6
22	CLAYTON		20.0			3.4	732		732	100	25.6	16	101	24	27	23	3
23	CLINTON		55.4			10.2	1,084	202	882	81	22.7	28	104	34	18	69	6
24	CRAWFORD		19.5			3.5	644		644	100	18.9	2	96	31	21	42	6
25	DALLAS		24.2			4.4	641		641	100	21.4	8	84	28	16	38	9
26	DAVIS		8.5			1.5	298		298	100	17.1		77	22	19	34	
27	DECATUR		10.2			1.9	506		506	100	18.1		49	29	21	42	6
28	DELAWARE		19.1			3.3	704		704	100	25.2	17	115	25	30	36	6
29	DES MOINES		45.6			8.7	848	70	778	92	19.2	7	93	35	15	44	5
30	DICKINSON		12.0			2.1	395		395	100	24.8	8	84	33	15	34	1
31	DUBUQUE	1	87.5			16.5	1,653		1,653	100	23.4	64	124	23	27	24	6
32	EMMET		14.2			2.6	423		423	100	20.0	3	84	24	25	63	3
33	FAYETTE		27.7			4.9	858		858	100	25.3	22	100	35	22	41	5
34	FLOYD		21.4			3.8	516		516	100	14.5		99	29	19	10	5
35	FRANKLIN		14.1			2.5	409		409	100	16.9		80	33	16	40	4
36	FREMONT		9.7			1.8	339		339	100	23.9	5	74	34	11	62	8
37	GREENE		13.3			2.3	412		412	100	17.1		94	35	9	55	4

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		INDIANA	
6	24	6	24							●								WARRICK	87
7	37	7	37			1	337			●								WASHINGTON	88
81	103	31	39	2	3	1	1,477			●						●		WAYNE	89
38	159	8	34	3	13	1	208			●								WELLS	90
12	59	11	54			1	217											WHITE	91
13	58	9	40			1	422											WHITLEY	92
																		IOWA	
2,198	80	1,032	37	94	3	111	43,645	5	1	99	5		1			2	8	99 COUNTIES	
1	10	1	10							●								ADAIR	1
3	46	3	46			1	93			●								ADAMS	2
9	60	9	60			1	168			●								ALLAMAKEE	3
10	64	10	64			1	193			●								APPANOOSE	4
3	30	3	30			1	93			●								AUDUBON	5
10	46	10	46			1	157			●								BENTON	6
122	96	38	30	6	5	4	2,787	1		●						●	●	BLACK HAWK	7
19	75	12	47	1	4	1	282			●								BOONE	8
14	67	9	43	1	5	2	343			●								BREMER	9
23	102	8	36			1	263			●								BUCHANAN	10
11	53	10	48			2	393			●								BUENA VISTA	11
6	34	6	34							●								BUTLER	12
12	80	9	60			1	109			●								CALHOUN	13
21	89	10	42	2	8	1	525			●								CARROLL	14
10	59	7	42			1	253			●								CASS	15
10	57	9	51							●								CEDAR	16
68	142	21	44	3	6	2	722			●								CERRO GORDO	17
21	119	7	40			1	278			●								CHEROKEE	18
7	47	6	41			1	157			●								CHICKASAW	19
5	63	5	63			1	103			●								CLARKE	20
10	56	10	56			1	302			●								CLAY	21
11	55	10	50			2	144			●								CLAYTON	22
42	76	19	34	3	5	3	1,053			●								CLINTON	23
9	46	8	41			1	288			●								CRAWFORD	24
17	70	12	49							●								DALLAS	25
13	152	1	12	1	12	1	128			●								DAVIS	26
6	59	5	49			1	93			●								DECATUR	27
5	26	5	26			1	391			●								DELAWARE	28
50	110	9	20	3	7	2	1,007			●	●						●	DES MOINES	29
8	66	4	33			1	128			●								DICKINSON	30
70	80	10	11	6	7	2	2,035			●								DUBUQUE	31
13	92	9	63			1	294			●								EMMET	32
19	69	17	61			2	418			●								FAYETTE	33
18	84	13	61							●								FLOYD	34
7	50	5	36			1	143			●								FRANKLIN	35
4	41	4	41			1	60			●								FREMONT	36
9	68	7	53			1	188			●								GREENE	37

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	IOWA																
38	GRUNDY		14.0			2.6	424		424	100	16.7		81	25	10	47	5
39	GUTHRIE		12.8			2.3	501		501	100	12.0		73	34	9	98	5
40	HAMILTON		20.5			3.9	529		529	100	19.5	3	74	38	12	75	3
41	HANCOCK		14.0			2.5	470		470	100	12.4		82	32	21	29	6
42	HARDIN		22.7			4.1	623		623	100	19.4	3	75	32	12	32	4
43	HARRISON		16.0			2.8	547		547	100	20.1	3	79	23	27	54	5
44	HENRY		19.4			3.6	570	40	530	93	21.4	5	76	39	12	58	4
45	HOWARD		11.7			2.0	463		463	100	20.9	4	95	22	27	53	3
46	HUMBOLDT		12.8			2.3	308		308	100	22.7	6	78	30	12	22	4
47	IDA		9.9			1.7	314		314	100	12.5		71	24	11		3
48	IOWA		16.3			3.0	475	60	415	87	16.8		86	32	16	31	3
49	JACKSON		20.0			3.3	589	66	523	89	24.0	16	133	22	30	14	6
50	JASPER		34.6			6.7	800		800	100	17.4		86	34	15	59	5
51	JEFFERSON		18.6			3.6	525		525	100	26.3	13	64	45	7	42	3
52	JOHNSON		61.4			13.4	1,605	266	1,339	83	15.5		101	42	10	29	5
53	JONES		20.5			3.6	600	72	528	88	23.3	11	97	29	19	39	4
54	KEOKUK		14.5			2.5	492		492	100	24.3	9	88	26	16	18	5
55	KOSSUTH		23.7			4.2	723		723	100	18.8	3	100	27	23	38	5
56	LEE		42.8			7.8	984	288	696	71	21.2	15	86	34	15	51	7
57	LINN	1	152.0			30.2	2,580	896	1,684	65	17.7		109	33	14	49	6
58	LOUISA		11.8			2.3	352		352	100	26.6	9	75	40	12	59	8
59	LUCAS		10.1			1.7	356		356	100	17.9		54	30	19	21	9
60	LYON		13.7			2.5	511		511	100	23.3	8	91	32	19	26	6
61	MADISON		12.2			2.2	411		411	100	18.2		72	32	12	37	5
62	MAHASKA		22.1			4.0	675		675	100	20.1	4	75	40	7	46	10
63	MARION		25.1			4.5	705		705	100	21.7	9	93	32	14	19	5
64	MARSHALL		37.4			6.9	843		843	100	21.6	15	105	37	11	71	6
65	MILLS		12.5			2.3	442		442	100	17.1		76	31	9	34	6
66	MITCHELL		13.7			2.3	373		373	100	18.1		101	20	29	9	3
67	MONONA		12.0			2.1	398		398	100	19.1	1	70	27	22	14	5
68	MONROE		9.3			1.6	301		301	100	22.1	4	78	26	20	49	7
69	MONTGOMERY		13.1			2.4	458		458	100	22.3	5	64	33	13	53	5
70	MUSCATINE		35.0			6.4	788	258	530	67	23.2	21	109	32	16	55	5
71	O BRIEN		17.7			3.1	538		538	100	19.3	3	88	28	13	22	9
72	OSCEOLA		8.7			1.4	281		281	100	18.9	1	121	28	23	35	6
73	PAGE		18.7			3.2	635		635	100	28.4	17	69	27	9	36	6
74	PALO ALTO		13.9			2.5	520		520	100	24.2	9	86	29	31	37	4
75	PLYMOUTH		24.5			4.5	793		793	100	20.2	6	87	23	29	26	5
76	POCAHONTAS		13.5			2.4	406		406	100	10.9		87	20	26	39	6
77	POLK	1	273.6			54.9	5,002	2,321	2,681	54	21.4	107	94	37	11	88	9
78	POTTAWATTAMI	2	84.3			16.2	1,743		1,743	100	19.4	17	105	29	18	28	6
79	POWESHIEK		17.3			3.2	539		539	100	15.7		93	29	14	40	9
80	RINGGOLD		6.6			1.1	327		327	100	13.4		65	30	11		3
81	SAC		15.6			2.7	446		446	100	19.9	3	81	27	27	37	6
82	SCOTT	1	136.3			27.0	2,292		2,292	100	23.4	82	111	31	16	60	7
83	SHELBY		15.6			2.7	536	534	2		21.5	6	104	23	30	7	3

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		IOWA	
7	50	7	50			1	145			●								GRUNDY	38
7	55	7	55			1	116			●								GUTHRIE	39
10	49	8	39	1	5	1	194			●								HAMILTON	40
6	43	6	43			1	202			●								HANCOCK	41
13	57	11	49			1	227			●								HARDIN	42
9	56	9	56			1	124			●								HARRISON	43
22	113	12	62			1	251	1		●						●	●	HENRY	44
8	68	8	68			1	155			●								HOWARD	45
6	47	6	47							●								HUMBOLDT	46
3	30	3	30			1	80			●								IDA	47
11	67	11	67			1	187			●								IOWA	48
12	60	12	60			1	73			●								JACKSON	49
18	52	14	40							●								JASPER	50
11	59	10	54			1	165			●								JEFFERSON	51
124	202	26	42	4	7	2	3,265	1	●	●								JOHNSON	52
14	68	12	58	1	5	2	381			●								JONES	53
4	28	4	28							●								KEOKUK	54
10	42	10	42							●								KOSSUTH	55
41	96	20	47	5	12	3	858			●							●	LEE	56
133	87	54	36	6	4	2	3,465	1		●								LINN	57
3	25	3	25							●								LOUISA	58
2	20	2	20							●								LUCAS	59
5	37	5	37			1	155			●								LYON	60
4	33	4	33			1	107			●								MADISON	61
17	77	9	41	1	5	1	432			●								MAHASKA	62
14	56	11	44	1	4	1	123			●								MARION	63
39	104	16	43	2	5	2	800			●								MARSHALL	64
7	56	4	32							●								MILLS	65
9	66	7	51			1	289			●								MITCHELL	66
9	75	9	75			1	68			●								MONONA	67
3	32	3	32			1	21			●								MONROE	68
9	69	7	53			1	162			●								MONTGOMERY	69
20	57	13	37			1	639			●	●						●	MUSCATINE	70
11	62	10	57			2	297			●								O BRIEN	71
3	35	3	35							●								OSCEOLA	72
23	123	11	59			2	266			●								PAGE	73
9	65	8	58			1	193			●								PALO ALTO	74
9	37	9	37			1	232			●	●							PLYMOUTH	75
7	52	6	45							●								POCAHONTAS	76
275	101	62	23	21	8	5	5,508	1		●	●		●				●	POLK	77
66	78	16	19	7	8	2	1,361			●								POTTAWATTAMI	78
11	64	9	52			1	127			●								POWESHIEK	79
1	15	1	15							●								RINGGOLD	80
5	32	5	32			1	96			●								SAC	81
115	84	33	24	7	5	2	2,323			●								SCOTT	82
8	51	7	45			1	309			●								SHELBY	83

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	IOWA																
84	SIOUX		26.7			4.9	889		889	100	19.4	5	94	25	20	9	4
85	STORY		52.9			10.4	1,176		1,176	100	16.8		95	44	8	30	5
86	TAMA		21.6		.5	3.9	715	2	713	100	24.0	12	86	28	17	48	4
87	TAYLOR		9.4			1.7	439		439	100	24.9	4	69	32	9	35	5
88	UNION		13.0			2.3	479		479	100	24.7	8	82	32	16	11	10
89	VAN BUREN		8.9			1.5	342		342	100	20.0	2	100	23	14	14	4
90	WAPELLO		42.7			7.9	1,005		1,005	100	21.3	14	76	33	16	89	10
91	WARREN		21.7			4.3	578		578	100	15.7		101	32	11	28	6
92	WASHINGTON		18.5			3.3	544	66	478	88	17.4		103	32	16	29	6
93	WAYNE		8.2			1.3	342		342	100	14.1		63	31	12		5
94	WEBSTER		46.0			8.4	898		898	100	26.1	45	109	32	16	44	6
95	WINNEBAGO		13.8			2.6	414		414	100	20.7	3	70	34	14	22	10
96	WINNESHIEK		20.3			3.6	692		692	100	19.5	4	99	23	27	22	3
97	WOODBURY	1	102.7			18.9	2,285	211	2,074	91	23.3	63	100	34	16	69	6
98	WORTH		9.1			1.6	264		264	100	22.0	3	61	33	6	20	10
99	WRIGHT		17.6			3.1	452		452	100	17.3		75	36	8	77	3
	KANSAS 105 COUNTIES		2,275.3	.6	.8	439.1	55,497	5,984	49,513	89	21.9	1,000	83	34	14	58	7
1	ALLEN		15.3			2.7	532		532	100	20.6	4	60	31	16	49	7
2	ANDERSON		8.2			1.4	258		258	100	15.3		70	25	21	83	2
3	ATCHISON		20.8			4.0	549		549	100	23.3	11	84	26	18	24	8
4	BARBER		8.2			1.6	208		208	100	14.7		59	37	7	22	9
5	BARTON		32.2			6.2	604		604	100	15.2		79	29	14	48	8
6	BOURBON		17.0			3.0	695	206	489	70	28.6	15	68	47	5	58	8
7	BROWN		13.7		.4	2.4	514		514	100	19.9	2	66	32	20	51	4
8	BULTER	1	37.5			7.3	818		818	100	16.6		71	33	9	54	3
9	CHASE		4.0			.7	141		141	100	16.9		54	58	11	211	
10	CHAUTAUQUA		5.6			1.0	231		231	100	26.0	3	64	42	13	32	3
11	CHEROKEE		23.0			4.3	893		893	100	22.1	8	77	37	13	66	8
12	CHEYENNE		4.6			.8	135		135	100	25.0	3	59	40	8		16
13	CLARKE		3.4			.6	100		100	100	32.1	4	73	43	13		9
14	CLAY		11.2			2.0	344		344	100	16.8		75	31	13		9
15	CLOUD		13.6			2.3	382		382	100	17.0		78	30	20	22	11
16	COFFEY		8.3			1.4	329		329	100	27.6	5	61	35	14	47	9
17	COMANCHE		2.9			.5	84		84	100	14.2		66	38	6		
18	COWLEY		35.2			6.7	961		961	100	21.9	13	71	33	13	29	8
19	CRAWFORD		40.0			7.4	1,494		1,494	100	16.8		71	38	17	49	10
20	DECATUR		6.0			1.1	185		185	100	18.6		67	42	11	56	8
21	DICKSON		20.9			3.5	530		530	100	26.4	16	75	33	17	76	9
22	DONIPHAN		10.3			1.8	332		332	100	16.6		85	21	26	26	5
23	DOUGLAS		51.9			12.1	1,600	2,179			17.2		69	51	7	33	7
24	EDWARDS		5.1			.9	143		143	100	37.8	9	71	41	13	31	
25	ELK		4.5			.7	178		178	100	21.3	1	58	24	24		5
26	ELLIS		25.7			5.7	704		704	100	25.6	21	80	40	17	18	7
27	ELLSWORTH		8.7			1.5	262		262	100	21.5	2	65	36	4		8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		IOWA	
10	37	9	34			3	429			●	●							SIOUX	84
53	100	17	32	3	6	2	1,015			●								STORY	85
7	32	7	32							●							●	TAMA	86
2	21	2	21							●								TAYLOR	87
11	84	5	38							●								UNION	88
3	34	3	34							●								VAN BUREN	89
42	98	16	37			2	675			●								WAPELLO	90
4	18	4	18							●								WARREN	91
13	70	13	70			1	316			●								WASHINGTON	92
2	24	2	24							●								WAYNE	93
52	113	17	37	3	7	2	1,170			●								WEBSTER	94
8	58	8	58			1	121			●								WINNEBAGO	95
11	54	9	44			1	271			●								WINNESHIEK	96
112	109	39	38	6	6	3	2,432			●							●	WOODBURY	97
4	44	4	44							●								WORTH	98
15	85	13	74			2	229			●								WRIGHT	99
1,873	82	749	33	94	4	128	30,235	1	1	26	2		1			9	3	KANSAS 105 COUNTIES	
10	66	8	52			1	216			●								ALLEN	1
5	61	5	61							●								ANDERSON	2
17	82	12	58			1	323			●								ATCHISON	3
6	73	5	61			2	124											BARBER	4
30	93	14	43	1	3	3	520											BARTON	5
19	112	7	41	2	12	1	299			●						●		BOURBON	6
8	58	7	51			1	110			●								BROWN	7
18	48	11	29			1	290			●								BULTER	8
2	50	2	50															CHASE	9
4	72	3	54			1	31											CHAUTAUQUA	10
7	30	6	26			2	224			●								CHEROKEE	11
5	109	4	87			1	58											CHEYENNE	12
3	88	3	88			2	47											CLARKE	13
6	53	5	45															CLAY	14
20	147	4	29	1	7	1	214											CLOUD	15
3	36	3	36			1	44			●								COFFEY	16
2	69	2	69															COMANCHE	17
32	91	14	40			2	533											COWLEY	18
25	63	14	35			2	446			●	●							CRAWFORD	19
2	33	2	33			1	81											DECATUR	20
11	53	9	43			1	123											DICKSON	21
4	39	4	39							●								DONIPHAN	22
44	85	17	33	4	8	1	809		●	●						●	●	DOUGLAS	23
2	39	2	39			1	47											EDWARDS	24
																		ELK	25
22	86	6	23	1	4	2	443											ELLIS	26
4	46	3	35			1	112											ELLSWORTH	27

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	KANSAS																
28	FINNEY		18.3	.2		3.6	406	30	376	93	22.8	11	109	27	17	31	12
29	FORD		21.8			4.2	480		480	100	26.6	22	91	34	18	47	11
30	FRANKLIN		20.5			3.8	696		696	100	18.5	1	76	32	13	34	5
31	GEARY		35.4			6.6	1,128		1,128	100	23.8	34	104	41	12	55	10
32	GOVE		4.0			.7	89		89	100	24.7	4	116	26	13	26	
33	GRAHAM		5.0			.9	127		127	100	11.7		82	17	11	83	
34	GRANT		6.2			1.3	80		80	100	34.1	11	69	25	14		9
35	GRAY		5.4			1.0	164		164	100	23.0	2	67	37	14	29	9
36	GREELEY		2.2			.4	25		25	100	23.4	1	51	64	9		
37	GREENWOOD		10.0			1.7	290		290	100	20.2	2	95	39	10	50	4
38	HAMILTON		2.7			.5	59		59	100	11.6		85	19	19		10
39	HARPER		9.3			1.7	199		199	100	9.3		62	30	15	38	8
40	HARVEY		27.5			5.5	589		589	100	19.3	4	73	37	13	45	8
41	HASKELL		3.8			.8	59		59	100	23.1	2	129	33	20	19	11
42	HODGEMAN		3.0			.6	74		74	100	38.8	5	82	26	9	43	4
43	JACKSON		11.1		.4	1.9	390		390	100	19.0	1	73	31	11	71	7
44	JEFFERSON		12.0			2.1	374		374	100	21.7	4	78	29	19	12	5
45	JEWELL		6.9			1.1	249		249	100	8.8		62	21	24		9
46	JOHNSON	3	191.1			41.9	2,084	115	1,969	94	18.3	8	77	33	11	30	6
47	KEARNY		3.1			.6	77		77	100	31.9	4	45	29			7
48	KINGMAN		9.9			1.8	219		219	100	19.4	1	64	26	23	18	11
49	KIOWA		4.5			.9	93		93	100	25.0	2	52	36		91	18
50	LABETTE		28.1			5.3	1,156		1,156	100	25.6	18	68	36	19	44	6
51	LANE		3.2			.6	78		78	100	10.1		91	29	21		11
52	LEAVENWORTH		54.2			9.9	1,269		1,269	100	20.7	13	77	34	18	55	5
53	LINCOLN		5.0			.8	158		158	100	31.1	6	58	42	17		4
54	LINN		8.7			1.5	289		289	100	22.1	2	47	26	26	143	14
55	LOGAN		3.9			.7	95		95	100	18.2		111	28	13	100	3
56	LYON		31.0			6.3	1,053		1,053	100	22.2	12	68	40	12	42	6
57	MCPHERSON		24.7			4.7	594		594	100	19.8	4	71	28	12	30	6
58	MARION		15.3			2.8	427		427	100	24.0	7	74	25	20	10	5
59	MARSHALL		14.4			2.4	475		475	100	21.7	5	67	31	14	38	1
60	MEADE		4.7			.8	123		123	100	25.8	4	94	16	18	26	
61	MIAMI		19.4			3.4	526		526	100	18.1		86	35	17	54	7
62	MITCHELL		9.5			1.7	288		288	100	33.1	12	72	28	12		8
63	MONTGOMERY		40.3			7.5	1,312	78	1,234	94	24.5	23	78	41	13	72	8
64	MORRIS		7.7			1.3	282		282	100	14.1		63	33	24	119	5
65	MORTON		3.6			.7	53		53	100	16.5		89	41		94	
66	NEMAHA		12.8			2.2	480		480	100	19.8	2	92	20	25	30	4
67	NEOSHO		19.7			3.5	629		629	100	28.0	17	80	30	17	56	5
68	NESS		5.2			.9	164		164	100	29.2	6	62	18	32		11
69	NORTON		9.2			1.7	325		325	100	38.9	15	59	30	10	40	10
70	OSAGE		12.5			2.1	419		419	100	19.4	2	74	36	14	38	8
71	OSBORNE		8.1			1.4	281		281	100	15.6		72	21	23	38	6
72	OTTAWA		6.6			1.0	188		188	100	7.8		67	20	11		3
73	PAWNEE		9.9			1.6	202		202	100	18.1		66	37	11	19	6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		KANSAS	
9	49	7	38			1	428									●		FINNEY	28
24	110	5	23	2	9	4	433											FORD	29
12	59	8	39	1	5	1	277			●								FRANKLIN	30
8	23	7	20			1	219											GEARY	31
3	75	3	75															GOVE	32
3	60	2	40	1	20	1	50											GRAHAM	33
4	64	4	64			1	39											GRANT	34
1	19	1	19															GRAY	35
1	46	1	46			1	54											GREELEY	36
4	40	4	40			1	114			●								GREENWOOD	37
2	73	2	73			1	52											HAMILTON	38
6	64	4	43			3	109											HARPER	39
55	200	11	40	3	11	3	462			●						●		HARVEY	40
1	26					1	2											HASKELL	41
1	33	1	33			1	17											HODGEMAN	42
4	36	4	36			1	110			●								JACKSON	43
5	42	4	33			1	93											JEFFERSON	44
2	29	2	29															JEWELL	45
172	90	47	25	9	5	2	1,031										●	JOHNSON	46
						1	10											KEARNY	47
5	50	5	50			1	62											KINGMAN	48
2	45	2	45			1	36											KIOWA	49
18	64	13	46	1	4					●								LABETTE	50
1	31	1	31			1	16											LANE	51
26	48	11	20	3	6	2	473			●								LEAVENWORTH	52
1	20	1	20			1	32											LINCOLN	53
1	11	1	11							●								LINN	54
3	76	3	76			1	76											LOGAN	55
27	87	9	29	1	3	2	586			●								LYON	56
13	53	8	32	2	8	2	242											MCPHERSON	57
9	59	7	46			3	174											MARION	58
7	49	7	49			1	112											MARSHALL	59
4	84	3	63			2	65											MEADE	60
17	88	8	41	1	5	1	179			●								MIAMI	61
5	53	2	21			1	102											MITCHELL	62
27	67	20	50	1	2	3	587			●	●					●		MONTGOMERY	63
3	39	3	39			1	218											MORRIS	64
1	28	1	28			1	71											MORTON	65
9	70	6	47			2	126			●								NEMAHA	66
15	76	11	56			1	238											NEOSHO	67
3	58	3	58			2	70											NESS	68
9	98	7	76			1	120											NORTON	69
6	48	6	48							●								OSAGE	70
5	62	4	49			1	80											OSBORNE	71
3	46	2	30															OTTAWA	72
14	141	6	60			1	115											PAWNEE	73

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	KANSAS																
74	PHILLIPS		8.8			1.6	296		296	100	18.6	1	67	30	15	38	8
75	POTTAWATOMIE		11.6			1.9	361		361	100	15.0		81	25	19		1
76	PRATT		11.5			2.1	270		270	100	27.1	9	83	28	12	22	3
77	RAWLINS		5.2			1.0	146		146	100	14.0		74	35	30	81	8
78	RENO	5	62.4			12.0	1,435		1,435	100	20.7	17	83	38	11	50	5
79	REPUBLIC		9.6			1.6	379		379	100	14.3		70	33	11	35	5
80	RICE		14.0			2.6	296		296	100	24.6	8	62	28	18	38	5
81	RILEY		43.6			8.2	1,184		1,184	100	21.0	17	74	49	6	46	5
82	ROOKS		8.5			1.5	209		209	100	28.8	10	81	25	18	66	8
83	RUSH		6.7			1.2	179		179	100	34.3	8	53	28	13	31	
84	RUSSELL		11.9			2.3	244		244	100	20.7	3	64	33	10	14	8
85	SALINE		39.0			5.8	598	46	552	92	20.7	22	129	32	12	64	9
86	SCOTT		6.1			1.2	125		125	100	21.2	2	80	33	16	82	12
87	SEDGWICK	1	356.2			73.2	6,941	173	6,768	98	23.9	241	96	36	14	89	9
88	SEWARD		16.1			3.2	248		248	100	18.3	1	83	33	17	60	6
89	SHAWNEE	1	150.8			29.3	3,222	428	2,794	87	21.0	59	94	35	12	68	8
90	SHERIDAN		5.0			1.0	160		160	100	22.6	2	63	13	32	.	6
91	SHERMAN		7.8			1.6	182		182	100	22.4	3	82	36	19	16	11
92	SMITH		7.8			1.4	303		303	100	14.0		66	31	20	22	
93	STAFFORD		7.5			1.4	236		236	100	28.2	6	42	17	10	34	3
94	STANTON		2.2			.4	40		40	100	32.3	4	116	21	25	42	4
95	STEVENS		4.7			1.0	73		73	100	23.1	2	84	39			7
96	SUMNER		23.5			4.3	545		545	100	24.0	12	70	32	15	46	9
97	THOMAS		6.5			1.2	120		120	100	17.9		109	30	14	16	5
98	TREGO		4.8			.9	125		125	100	23.6	3	84	19	33		3
99	WABAUNSEE		6.6			1.1	226		226	100	5.9		71	21	21	26	13
100	WALLACE		2.5			.5	75		75	100	13.9		104	23	8		
101	WASHINGTON		10.8			1.8	432		432	100	28.9	9	73	25	18		5
102	WICHITA		3.4	.1		.6	83		83	100	27.6	4	97	27	30	67	10
103	WILSON		12.5			2.3	424		424	100	27.5	9	60	34	13	44	6
104	WOODSON		5.1			.8	180		180	100	21.5	1	51	33	14		5
105	WYANDOTTE	3	193.7	.3		38.1	4,137	2,729	1,408	34	25.0	163	96	34	16	103	8
	KENTUCKY 120 COUNTIES		3,181.1			641.0	141,847	11,473	130,374	92	26.7	3,048	90	34	17	70	8
1	ADAIR		13.9			2.7	880		880	100	24.4	8	88	26	19	59	9
2	ALLEN		12.9			2.5	837	32	805	96	24.6	8	82	43	15	29	6
3	ANDERSON		9.3			1.9	368	11	357	97	25.5	7	79	27	10	82	5
4	BALLARD		8.3			1.6	407		407	100	23.0	3	65	45	12	59	4
5	BARREN		30.3			6.1	1,715		1,715	100	25.1	21	83	32	16	32	5
6	BATH		9.3			1.7	560	19	541	97	27.4	9	89	35	23	39	5
7	BELL		34.1			7.1	2,906	197	2,709	93	36.3	72	93	33	20	61	10
8	BOONE	3	26.0			5.4	555	32	523	94	19.6	5	98	29	19	30	6
9	BOURBON		19.1			3.8	784	73	711	91	22.8	10	98	34	14	127	10
10	BOYD	1	53.2			11.0	1,896	79	1,817	96	18.4	3	87	34	14	35	8
11	BOYLE		21.3			4.2	997	30	967	97	32.7	31	81	39	14	115	4

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		KANSAS	
4	45	3	34			1	97											PHILLIPS	74
9	78	9	78			2	69											POTTAWATOMIE	75
9	78	4	35	1	9	1	138											PRATT	76
4	77	4	77			1	38											RAWLINS	77
48	77	17	27	3	5	2	885											RENO	78
7	73	6	62			1	174											REPUBLIC	79
8	57	8	57			2	128											RICE	80
29	67	12	28	3	7	2	608											RILEY	81
4	47	4	47															ROOKS	82
2	30	2	30			1	33											RUSH	83
6	51	5	42			1	131											RUSSELL	84
58	149	9	23	5	13	2	848									●		SALINE	85
4	66	4	66			1	99											SCOTT	86
351	99	97	27	23	6	4	6,423			●			●			●		SEDGWICK	87
12	75	4	25	1	6	1	266											SEWARD	88
225	149	24	16	11	7	2	2,532			●						●		SHAWNEE	89
1	20	1	20			1	56											SHERIDAN	90
6	77	5	64			1	90											SHERMAN	91
8	102	6	77			1	117											SMITH	92
4	53	4	53			2	42											STAFFORD	93
																		STANTON	94
3	63	3	63			1	59											STEVENS	95
10	42	8	34			1	149											SUMNER	96
5	77	5	77			1	139											THOMAS	97
3	62	3	62															TREGO	98
3	45	2	30															WABAUNSEE	99
1	40	1	40															WALLACE	100
4	37	4	37			2	64											WASHINGTON	101
1	30	1	30			1	14											WICHITA	102
8	64	7	56			2	151											WILSON	103
2	39	2	39															WOODSON	104
172	89	46	24	13	7	5	4,511	1		●						●	●	WYANDOTTE	105
																		KENTUCKY	
2,464	77	959	30	141	4	82	47,868	6	2	97	1	3	4	5		76	3	120 COUNTIES	
6	43	5	36			1	262			●								ADAIR	1
7	54	7	54							●						●		ALLEN	2
4	43	3	32							●						●		ANDERSON	3
3	36	3	36							●								BALLARD	4
26	86	12	40			1	788			●								BARREN	5
4	43	4	43							●						●		BATH	6
27	79	17	50	2	6	2	864	1		●				●		●		BELL	7
16	62	14	54	1	4					●						●		BOONE	8
16	84	8	42			1	247									●		BOURBON	9
55	103	17	32	4	8	1	1,356									●		BOYD	10
29	136	11	52	2	9								●			●		BOYLE	11

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	KENTUCKY																
12	BRACKEN		7.0			1.2	287	16	271	94	25.3	6	95	27	33	33	10
13	BREATHITT		15.2			2.9	1,192		1,192	100	22.2	8	107	28	32	82	11
14	BRECKINRIDGE		14.8			2.7	770	88	682	89	33.7	23	84	31	15	61	4
15	BULLITT		19.9			4.3	705		705	100	33.2	36	102	34	17	32	10
16	BUTLER		9.3			1.8	577	64	513	89	19.3	1	65	32	22	68	5
17	CALDWELL		13.2			2.5	639		639	100	18.6	1	78	34	18	103	5
18	CALLOWAY		25.2			5.3	1,342		1,342	100	13.5		60	54	4	19	5
19	CAMPBELL	3	87.9			17.0	1,840		1,840	100	26.4	84	103	29	21	51	7
20	CARLISLE		5.0			.9	230		230	100	28.7	5	63	28	28	69	3
21	CARROLL		7.8			1.5	355	10	345	97	29.8	10	89	41	16	74	7
22	CARTER		21.2			4.4	1,186		1,186	100	25.6	18	83	26	21	33	9
23	CASEY		13.1			2.5	876		876	100	15.8		90	31	19	61	12
24	CHRISTIAN		54.6			9.7	2,083		2,083	100	48.9	162	83	30	21	146	7
25	CLARK		23.7			4.9	972	170	802	83	29.2	29	98	36	12	83	10
26	CLAY		21.3			4.2	1,663	141	1,522	92	27.8	31	122	29	26	62	9
27	CLINTON		8.7			1.7	635	22	613	97	43.1	25	77	27	23		2
28	CRITTENDEN		7.9			1.4	425		425	100	21.3	2	93	34	10	90	13
29	CUMBERLAND		7.5			1.5	505	92	413	82	24.9	5	90	35	18	76	8
30	DAVIESS	5	75.4			15.7	2,532	108	2,424	96	20.1	21	99	31	15	55	10
31	EDMONSON		8.3			1.7	560	15	545	97	25.8	5	74	44	19	16	8
32	ELLIOTT		6.4			1.3	418		418	100	14.2		100	29	21	76	8
33	ESTILL		13.6			2.8	880		880	100	28.5	14	100	27	23	49	13
34	FAYETTE	1	162.9			35.7	5,598	1,519	4,079	73	24.0	106	90	40	10	92	8
35	FLEMING		11.8			2.3	648		648	100	21.9	4	81	39	20	64	11
36	FLOYD		40.3			8.5	3,047	257	2,790	92	21.7	18	91	30	25	46	7
37	FRANKLIN		34.0			7.2	931	59	872	94	23.0	16	84	37	12	50	9
38	FULTON		10.8			2.0	509	7	502	99	51.7	34	102	37	16	96	7
39	GALLATIN		4.5			.9	204	58	146	72	16.4		106	39	10	41	20
40	GARRARD		10.1			2.1	521		521	100	32.9	14	69	30	14	41	5
41	GRANT		9.8			1.9	373	26	347	93	22.9	5	107	35	17	60	7
42	GRAVES		30.8			5.8	1,325	3	1,322	100	29.0	29	77	31	14	50	7
43	GRAYSON		15.6			2.9	920	10	910	99	22.3	7	95	31	25	50	11
44	GREEN		10.9			2.1	549	28	521	95	22.9	5	78	38	15	24	11
45	GREENUP		31.2			6.8	1,307	25	1,282	98	26.1	26	86	29	15	48	3
46	HANCOCK		5.7			1.1	289	3	286	99	10.5		82	39	15	87	11
47	HARDIN		79.4			12.3	2,394		2,394	100	26.2	89	129	37	16	29	8
48	HARLAN		44.7			9.1	3,254	410	2,844	87	26.4	42	93	32	26	118	9
49	HARRISON		14.9			2.8	570	84	486	85	41.0	33	80	25	20	26	10
50	HART		13.7			2.6	763		763	100	34.7	26	92	34	24	92	4
51	HENDERSON	1	33.6			6.7	1,373		1,373	100	24.4	24	99	40	14	84	9
52	HENRY		10.4			2.0	467	54	413	88	27.5	11	82	45	7		9
53	HICKMAN		6.8			1.2	337		337	100	44.2	17	82	40	18	160	12
54	HOPKINS		40.6			8.1	1,933	5	1,928	100	23.6	22	84	34	16	82	8
55	JACKSON		10.5			2.0	785	25	760	97	15.2		92	37	20	53	7
56	JEFFERSON	2	662.4			136.3	17,092	4,165	12,927	76	26.3	612	89	35	14	90	10
57	JESSAMINE		14.8			3.3	708	109	599	85	35.2	27	81	36	12	75	15

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		KENTUCKY	
2	29	1	14	1	14					●						●		BRACKEN	12
3	20	3	20							●								BREATHITT	13
6	41	5	34							●						●		BRECKINRIDGE	14
5	25	5	25															BULLITT	15
[illegible]	32	3	32							●						●		BUTLER	16
6	45	6	45			1	312			●								CALDWELL	17
16	64	6	24	2	8	1	421			●								CALLOWAY	18
64	73	33	38	5	6	1	1,886			●								CAMPBELL	19
2	40	2	40							●								CARLISLE	20
5	64	4	51			1	241									●		CARROLL	21
3	14	2	9	1	5					●								CARTER	22
4	31	3	23			1	124			●								CASEY	23
45	82	17	31	2	4	1	526			●								CHRISTIAN	24
13	55	10	42			2	233			●						●		CLARK	25
5	23	5	23							●						●		CLAY	26
2	23	2	23							●						●		CLINTON	27
1	13	1	13			1	73			●								CRITTENDEN	28
3	40	3	40							●						●		CUMBERLAND	29
70	93	19	25	6	8	3	2,259			●						●		DAVIESS	30
2	24	2	24							●						●		EDMONSON	31
2	31	2	31							●								ELLIOTT	32
3	22	3	22			1	236			●								ESTILL	33
294	180	36	22	20	12	4	3,869	1	●	●						●	●	FAYETTE	34
4	34	4	34							●								FLEMING	35
18	45	8	20	1	2	3	510	2		●		●		●		●		FLOYD	36
33	97	11	32	3	9	1	586			●						●		FRANKLIN	37
9	83	8	74							●						●		FULTON	38
1	22	1	22													●		GALLATIN	39
3	30	3	30															GARRARD	40
4	41	4	41			1	110									●		GRANT	41
16	52	6	19	1	3					●						●		GRAVES	42
6	38	5	32			1	302			●						●		GRAYSON	43
7	64	6	55							●						●		GREEN	44
8	26	7	22			1	286			●						●		GREENUP	45
2	35	1	17							●						●		HANCOCK	46
26	33	14	18			1	852											HARDIN	47
38	85	14	31	2	4	1	676							●		●		HARLAN	48
7	47	7	47			1	266									●		HARRISON	49
6	44	6	44							●								HART	50
28	83	12	36	2	6	1	658			●								HENDERSON	51
4	38	4	38													●		HENRY	52
2	29	2	29			1	69			●						●		HICKMAN	53
42	104	11	27	3	7	1	754			●						●		HOPKINS	54
1	9									●						●		JACKSON	55
803	121	173	26	60	9	9	12,784	1	●	●		●				●	●	JEFFERSON	56
6	40	4	27							●						●		JESSAMINE	57

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	KENTUCKY																
58	JOHNSON		18.6			3.8	1,297	217	1,080	83	30.3	24	76	33	24	54	7
59	KENTON	3	122.9			24.1	2,780		2,780	100	23.5	81	105	30	18	56	9
60	KNOTT		18.1			3.9	1,619	207	1,412	87	26.0	16	78	30	29	53	7
61	KNOX		25.8			5.3	2,184	270	1,914	88	24.9	20	88	29	25	68	9
62	LARVE		10.2			1.9	467	4	463	99	21.6	4	78	34	17	79	4
63	LAUREL		26.1			5.3	1,704	156	1,548	91	21.6	12	96	32	21	35	9
64	LAWRENCE		11.9			2.3	787		787	100	26.9	11	92	31	25	66	5
65	LEE		7.7			1.5	529	37	492	93	22.0	3	84	33	21	95	13
66	LESLIE		10.9			1.9	840		840	100	24.8	14	168	34	27	133	5
67	LETCHER		28.3			5.9	2,228	46	2,182	98	29.9	40	95	32	23	90	11
68	LEWIS		12.3			2.3	641	132	509	79	30.0	19	97	32	28	61	7
69	LINCOLN		15.8			3.1	893		893	100	25.4	13	90	32	16	109	9
70	LIVINGTON		7.4			1.4	386	30	356	92	17.5		68	42	10	21	2
71	LOGAN		21.5			4.1	1,087		1,087	100	28.9	25	91	33	19	70	8
72	LYON		5.4			.8	208		208	100	44.3	11	53	41		227	14
73	MCCRACKEN		56.4			11.4	2,040	191	1,849	91	27.1	47	72	41	9	87	8
74	MCCREARY		13.5			2.8	1,231	152	1,079	88	35.6	29	103	28	20	62	10
75	MCLEAN		8.8			1.6	405	6	399	99	26.9	8	78	47	14	47	6
76	MADISON		40.3			9.5	2,374	130	2,244	95	28.0	38	67	37	11	72	8
77	MAGOFFIN		11.6			2.2	860		860	100	8.9		119	33	22	68	5
78	MARION		17.0			3.4	800		800	100	40.7	55	112	22	36	112	9
79	MARSHALL		18.0			3.6	758		758	100	20.8	5	78	39	6	43	12
80	MARTIN		9.9			2.0	798	87	711	89	32.9	19	107	19	40	92	8
81	MASON		18.4			3.6	732	19	713	97	24.6	14	98	31	20	96	7
82	MEADE		17.9			3.9	540	83	457	85	32.9	27	69	39	18	22	4
83	MENIFEE		4.1			.8	298	22	276	93	35.9	9	97	24	37	53	3
84	MERCER		15.8			3.3	748	5	743	99	32.8	23	87	40	11	71	8
85	METCALFE		8.8			1.7	571		571	100	29.0	10	92	37	13	51	8
86	MONROE		11.6			2.2	782	1	781	100	38.3	25	98	33	19	46	9
87	MONTGOMERY		15.2			3.2	811		811	100	32.6	22	96	34	18	92	6
88	MORGAN		11.3			2.2	740	17	723	98	24.4	8	103	29	32	88	9
89	MUHLENBERG		27.7			5.6	1,468	24	1,444	98	29.2	29	76	32	13	52	6
90	NELSON		23.8			4.8	954		954	100	30.4	39	107	27	30	63	7
91	NICHOLAS		6.7			1.3	349	15	334	96	39.9	13	94	38	18	83	10
92	OHIO		17.9			3.4	1,044		1,044	100	19.1	2	70	37	16	67	8
93	OLDHAM		14.7			2.6	393		393	100	28.6	13	100	30	21	86	4
94	OWEN		7.8			1.4	318	79	239	75	21.6	3	62	35	12		7
95	OWSLEY		5.9			1.1	449	92	357	80	18.2		123	28	25	43	9
96	PENDLETON		9.7			1.8	374	17	357	95	22.7	5	99	27	23	22	3
97	PERRY		32.5			6.5	2,522	479	2,043	81	29.6	53	116	25	32	55	10
98	PIKE		65.7			14.1	4,950	106	4,844	98	28.4	80	86	31	23	36	9
99	POWELL		7.1			1.4	422	27	395	94	27.7	9	95	27	15	30	7
100	PULASKI		34.7			7.0	2,227	72	2,155	97	30.1	42	81	40	20	45	7
101	ROBERTSON		2.5			.5	140		140	100	17.5		70	38	6		13
102	ROCKCASTLE		12.2			2.4	832	42	790	95	22.0	6	108	39	19	69	5
103	ROWAN		16.1			3.8	1,087	51	1,036	95	25.6	12	74	33	12	43	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		KENTUCKY	
13	70	9	48							●						●		JOHNSON	58
102	83	38	31	6	5	2	2,850			●			●					KENTON	59
3	17	3	17							●						●		KNOTT	60
8	31	5	19			1	249			●						●		KNOX	61
3	30	3	30							●						●		LARVE	62
9	35	6	23			1	338									●		LAUREL	63
9	75	8	67							●								LAWRENCE	64
2	26	2	26							●						●		LEE	65
4	37	2	18			1	285			●		●						LESLIE	66
14	50	11	39	1	4	1	342			●				●		●		LETCHER	67
2	16	2	16							●						●		LEWIS	68
4	25	3	19			1	125											LINCOLN	69
5	67	4	54							●						●		LIVINGTON	70
11	51	8	37			1	395			●								LOGAN	71
4	74	4	74							●								LYON	72
68	120	9	16	8	14	2	1,060			●						●		MCCRACKEN	73
2	15	2	15							●				●		●		MCCREARY	74
4	46	4	46							●						●		MCLEAN	75
24	60	14	35	1	2	3	1,842			●						●	●	MADISON	76
3	26	3	26							●								MAGOFFIN	77
9	53	6	35			1	634			●	●							MARION	78
9	50	7	39							●								MARSHALL	79
2	20	1	10							●						●		MARTIN	80
12	65	8	43	1	5	1	527			●						●		MASON	81
3	17	3	17													●		MEADE	82
1	24	1	24							●						●		MENIFEE	83
11	70	11	70			1	281			●						●		MERCER	84
1	11	1	11							●								METCALFE	85
6	52	6	52			1	283			●						●		MONROE	86
9	59	7	46			1	438			●								MONTGOMERY	87
3	26	3	26							●						●		MORGAN	88
11	40	7	25			1	394			●						●		MUHLENBERG	89
9	38	7	29			1	389			●								NELSON	90
2	30	2	30			1	76			●						●		NICHOLAS	91
7	39	6	34			1	163			●								OHIO	92
10	68	8	54	1	7	1	78											OLDHAM	93
2	26	2	26			1	79									●		OWEN	94
										●						●		OWSLEY	95
2	21	2	21													●		PENDLETON	96
18	55	10	31			2	468	1		●						●		PERRY	97
30	46	15	23	1	2	1	880			●			●			●		PIKE	98
2	28	2	28							●						●		POWELL	99
24	69	14	40			1	870			●						●		PULASKI	100
1	40	1	40							●								ROBERTSON	101
2	16	2	16			1	123									●		ROCKCASTLE	102
9	56	6	37			1	439			●						●		ROWAN	103

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	KENTUCKY																
104	RUSSELL		10.6			2.0	717		717	100	27.4	10	82	32	19	36	2
105	SCOTT		18.2			4.0	803	48	755	94	31.7	25	75	33	10	60	7
106	SHELBY		18.9			3.7	702		702	100	25.1	14	81	36	13	104	10
107	SIMPSON		12.9			2.6	691	36	655	95	20.8	4	87	30	17	89	7
108	SPENCER		5.8			1.2	265		265	100	21.7	2	93	45	20	54	9
109	TAYLOR		15.9			3.3	734	22	712	97	20.4	5	85	39	14	57	6
110	TODD		10.9			2.0	587		587	100	27.0	11	97	31	12	92	14
111	TRIGG		8.6			1.6	488		488	100	18.8	1	92	42	25	42	11
112	TRIMBLE		5.3			1.1	235	6	229	97	20.7	2	80	35	7	47	9
113	UNION		14.3			2.8	663		663	100	30.2	18	87	28	23	107	7
114	WARREN		53.5			11.6	2,686	121	2,565	95	36.3	97	79	39	13	61	8
115	WASHINGTON		11.9			2.4	600		600	100	20.1	3	92	29	26	36	5
116	WAYNE		15.1			3.1	1,195	11	1,184	99	31.1	21	91	28	24	56	7
117	WEBSTER		14.2			2.6	674		674	100	27.0	11	82	27	23	75	13
118	WHITLEY		24.6			4.9	1,765	247	1,518	86	32.7	38	85	35	22	86	6
119	WOLFE		6.2			1.2	470	62	408	87	25.2	6	76	28	20	109	13
120	WOODFORD		12.7			2.6	431	58	373	87	25.4	12	96	35	15	40	7
	LOUISIANA 64 COUNTIES		3,616.7	1.6		753.8	170,865	14,777	156,088	91	30.4	5,423	102	31	21	125	10
1	ACADIA		52.0			10.2	2,788		2,788	100	29.9	83	120	26	28	70	9
2	ALLEN		21.0			4.1	1,152		1,152	100	30.5	32	104	29	22	112	9
3	ASCENSION		33.7			7.0	1,881		1,881	100	27.5	39	114	26	21	98	8
4	ASSUMPTION		19.6			3.8	1,284		1,284	100	34.2	44	124	27	27	160	10
5	AVOYELLES		41.4			8.2	2,819		2,819	100	35.7	79	106	24	28	94	9
6	BEAUREGARD		22.0			4.4	1,289		1,289	100	29.0	29	77	33	19	81	8
7	BIENVILLE		17.3			3.2	1,092		1,092	100	38.7	36	96	26	21	123	10
8	BOSSIER	1	60.9			13.0	2,670		2,670	100	31.2	100	105	33	18	144	10
9	CADDO	1	226.0	.1		46.4	10,175	226	9,949	98	30.6	345	96	35	17	253	12
10	CALCASIEU	1	135.2			26.8	4,645		4,645	100	27.6	180	106	29	19	89	9
11	CALDWELL		9.6			1.9	621		621	100	34.0	15	83	29	21	51	10
12	CAMERON		7.1			1.3	238		238	100	27.4	9	109	25	26	28	13
13	CATAHOULA		12.5			2.4	819		819	100	30.1	16	98	32	17	233	10
14	CLAIBORNE		17.1			3.1	934		934	100	37.9	36	92	37	26	317	13
15	CONCORDIA		24.0			5.0	1,365		1,365	100	31.9	37	94	33	25	192	10
16	DE SOTO		23.7			4.6	1,450		1,450	100	35.2	48	98	33	22	303	9
17	EAST BATON R	1	267.6	.1		61.3	9,784	2,075	7,709	79	25.7	237	89	35	14	122	9
18	EAST CARROLL		14.4			2.7	917		917	100	43.8	55	126	19	41	359	14
19	EAST FELICIA		19.6			3.2	1,051		1,051	100	42.9	51	113	35	24	227	13
20	EVANGELINE		34.0			6.5	2,225		2,225	100	38.6	84	102	26	28	54	11
21	FRANKLIN		25.4			4.9	1,577		1,577	100	43.3	79	103	31	27	231	8
22	GRANT		14.5			2.8	966		966	100	27.0	13	101	24	19	63	10
23	IBERIA		57.6			11.3	2,412		2,412	100	31.1	111	128	28	26	90	10
24	IBERVILLE		31.1			5.9	1,944		1,944	100	33.6	68	120	26	33	150	8
25	JACKSON		17.1			3.4	948		948	100	30.6	23	107	31	22	122	10
26	JEFFERSON	3	288.8			65.8	7,436		7,436	100	22.2	144	98	30	16	49	10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		KENTUCKY	
3	28	3	28							●								RUSSELL	104
9	49	6	33			1	200									●		SCOTT	105
8	42	6	32															SHELBY	106
7	54	6	47							●						●		SIMPSON	107
4	69	4	69															SPENCER	108
7	44	6	38	1	6	1	277			●						●		TAYLOR	109
2	18	2	18							●								TODD	110
6	70	5	58			1	99			●								TRIGG	111
2	38	2	38													●		TRIMBLE	112
6	42	5	35			1	178			●								UNION	113
51	95	15	28	3	6	1	1,143			●			●			●		WARREN	114
5	42	5	42							●								WASHINGTON	115
5	33	5	33							●						●		WAYNE	116
4	28	4	28							●								WEBSTER	117
21	85	13	53			1	498			●						●		WHITLEY	118
1	16	1	16							●						●		WOLFE	119
8	63	8	63			1	315			●						●		WOODFORD	120
																		LOUISIANA	
3,093	86	937	26	267	7	72	62,799	5	1	31	5		1			6		64 COUNTIES	
32	62	17	33	4	8	2	586											ACADIA	1
10	48	8	38	1	5					●								ALLEN	2
10	30	9	27															ASCENSION	3
5	25	5	25															ASSUMPTION	4
17	41	16	39							●								AVOYELLES	5
5	23	4	18			2	407			●								BEAUREGARD	6
6	35	6	35															BIENVILLE	7
18	30	8	13	2	3	1	430			●								BOSSIER	8
284	126	54	24	17	8	4	5,466	1		●	●					●		CADDO	9
117	87	36	27	12	9	4	3,045			●								CALCASIEU	10
4	41	3	31															CALDWELL	11
3	42	3	42			1	33											CAMERON	12
3	24	3	24															CATAHOULA	13
12	70	11	64			2	128			●								CLAIBORNE	14
7	29	6	25			1	171			●								CONCORDIA	15
4	17	4	17			1	91											DE SOTO	16
324	121	74	28	31	12	2	6,300	1		●	●					●		EAST BATON R	17
4	28	4	28							●								EAST CARROLL	18
19	97	6	31	1	5													EAST FELICIA	19
13	38	10	29							●								EVANGELINE	20
10	39	10	39															FRANKLIN	21
3	21	3	21							●								GRANT	22
41	71	25	43	3	5	1	73											IBERIA	23
16	51	12	39							●								IBERVILLE	24
7	41	7	41			1	69											JACKSON	25
178	62	42	15	25	9	2	1,568			●								JEFFERSON	26

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	LOUISIANA																
27	JEFFERSON DA		28.8			5.5	1,315		1,315	100	29.6	45	111	34	23	85	9
28	LAFAYETTE	1	103.5			22.9	4,529		4,529	100	30.8	171	103	30	22	87	11
29	LAFOURCHE		65.0			13.6	2,707		2,707	100	23.2	49	131	27	24	47	7
30	LA SALLE		15.0			3.0	837		837	100	24.8	10	90	31	16	52	10
31	LINCOLN		34.7			8.8	2,512	140	2,372	94	33.6	47	62	36	20	164	10
32	LIVINGSTON		32.3			7.2	1,741		1,741	100	26.3	32	98	32	13	62	9
33	MADISON		17.5			3.4	1,172		1,172	100	40.8	49	127	31	32	362	9
34	MOREHOUSE		34.8			7.0	1,864		1,864	100	33.2	67	118	34	25	295	10
35	NATCHITOCHES		36.4			7.7	2,631		2,631	100	40.4	84	83	34	25	201	11
36	ORLEANS	3	648.9			131.1	26,579	10,330	16,249	61	31.6	1,049	104	34	20	138	13
37	OUACHITA	1	111.4	.1		23.3	5,605		5,605	100	26.1	114	110	32	18	152	9
38	PLAQUEMINES		26.7			5.7	1,117		1,117	100	26.8	31	127	35	19	69	9
39	POINTE COUPE		23.1			4.3	1,406		1,406	100	41.2	69	111	28	31	179	10
40	RAPIDES	5	118.6	.2		24.5	6,566	1,606	4,960	76	31.9	184	92	30	20	105	12
41	RED RIVER		10.1			1.9	720		720	100	35.2	19	87	36	22	198	14
42	RICHLAND		24.6			4.8	1,489		1,489	100	39.4	73	112	29	29	222	10
43	SABINE		21.1			4.2	1,313		1,313	100	32.4	32	99	33	22	82	10
44	ST BERNARD	3	45.7			11.4	1,195		1,195	100	23.6	26	82	31	16	28	6
45	ST CHARLES		25.9			5.4	1,059		1,059	100	27.7	34	121	26	25	58	7
46	ST HELENA		9.1			1.7	569		569	100	24.0	6	94	21	31	160	15
47	ST JAMES		19.6			3.9	1,017		1,017	100	29.3	33	141	26	27	148	15
48	ST JOHN THE		22.1			4.5	1,239		1,239	100	32.3	43	127	24	24	98	13
49	ST LANDRY		84.3			17.1	5,322		5,322	100	37.9	227	121	26	29	132	9
50	ST MARTIN		32.3			6.6	2,162		2,162	100	36.9	81	120	25	29	90	12
51	ST MARY		59.3			12.3	2,750		2,750	100	30.5	105	125	30	20	77	11
52	ST TAMMANY	3	57.6	.1		12.8	3,346		3,346	100	29.7	67	98	34	16	97	8
53	TANGIPAHOA		66.9	.8		13.7	4,138		4,138	100	38.5	169	112	29	21	126	9
54	TENSAS		11.1			2.1	759		759	100	40.5	31	102	25	34	333	15
55	TERREBONNE		72.5			15.1	3,065		3,065	100	31.5	147	136	29	21	58	9
56	UNION		18.9			3.6	1,096		1,096	100	27.7	19	93	29	26	118	7
57	VERMILION		41.3			7.9	2,022		2,022	100	24.0	31	108	25	21	45	9
58	VERNON		59.1			14.6	4,635		4,635	100	32.8	45	33	32	16	46	11
59	WASHINGTON		45.1	.1		9.4	2,220		2,220	100	37.1	99	89	34	22	125	14
60	WEBSTER		40.8			8.5	2,154	400	1,754	81	25.3	33	89	30	17	181	9
61	WEST BATON R		16.2			3.3	853		853	100	34.4	38	128	28	25	124	11
62	WEST CARROLL		15.4			3.1	997		997	100	27.3	16	100	33	23	218	6
63	WEST FELICIA		11.3			1.7	569		569	100	51.3	36	91	22	36	308	9
64	WINN		16.5			3.2	1,113		1,113	100	29.6	19	75	33	16	131	11
	MAINE 16 COUNTIES		977.6	.4		185.2	27,749	219	27,530	99	24.2	703	100	32	17	46	7
1	ANDROSCOGGIN	6	88.9			17.4	2,238		2,238	100	21.8	39	99	30	17	57	9
2	AROOSTOOK		96.8			17.4	3,245		3,245	100	26.2	116	122	30	22	30	7
3	CUMBERLAND	6	192.2			37.1	4,572		4,572	100	24.5	139	94	34	14	58	6
4	FRANKLIN		19.7			3.9	629		629	100	25.2	18	109	33	12	52	6
5	HANCOCK		32.2			5.8	1,154		1,154	100	29.6	37	94	30	15	47	9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		LOUISIANA	
16	55	13	45	1	3	2	801			●								JEFFERSON DA	27
115	111	31	30	7	7	3	5,023											LAFAYETTE	28
38	58	19	29	5	8	2	1,483			●								LAFOURCHE	29
8	53	6	40							●								LA SALLE	30
18	52	2	6	2	6	1	349			●						●		LINCOLN	31
5	15	3	9			1	86											LIVINGSTON	32
4	23	4	23			1	65			●								MADISON	33
17	49	16	46			1	338											MOREHOUSE	34
14	38	10	27			1	274			●								NATCHITOCHES	35
1,084	167	164	25	106	16	10	20,738	3	●	●	●		●			●		ORLEANS	36
114	102	28	25	11	10	3	4,167			●								OUACHITA	37
5	19	5	19															PLAQUEMINES	38
6	26	6	26			1	317			●								POINTE COUPE	39
120	101	25	21	10	8	3	3,378			●	●					●		RAPIDES	40
4	40	4	40															RED RIVER	41
11	45	10	41															RICHLAND	42
12	57	11	52															SABINE	43
12	26	8	17															ST BERNARD	44
12	46	9	35			1	166											ST CHARLES	45
2	22	1	11							●								ST HELENA	46
9	46	8	41			1	467			●								ST JAMES	47
4	18	4	18															ST JOHN THE	48
52	62	25	30	6	7	2	827											ST LANDRY	49
5	15	5	15															ST MARTIN	50
32	54	18	30	3	5	2	1,143			●								ST MARY	51
46	80	15	26	4	7	2	725											ST TAMMANY	52
29	43	18	27	4	6	2	777			●								TANGIPAHOA	53
3	27	3	27			1	79											TENSAS	54
44	61	18	25	5	7	1	1,633											TERREBONNE	55
6	32	5	27							●								UNION	56
26	63	14	34	3	7	3	581											VERMILION	57
7	12	6	10															VERNON	58
25	55	12	27	3	7	3	962											WASHINGTON	59
20	49	12	29	1	2					●	●					●		WEBSTER	60
3	19	3	19															WEST BATON R	61
3	19	3	19			1	53			●								WEST CARROLL	62
3	27	2	18															WEST FELICIA	63
7	42	5	30															WINN	64
																		MAINE	
882	90	326	33	47	5	45	14,782	1		16	3		2	1				16 COUNTIES	
94	106	25	28	7	8	2	1,805			●			●					ANDROSCOGGIN	1
55	57	27	28	3	3	6	1,421			●								AROOSTOOK	2
246	128	68	35	18	9	6	3,391			●			●					CUMBERLAND	3
15	76	9	46			1	441			●								FRANKLIN	4
42	131	19	59	3	9	4	516			●								HANCOCK	5

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MAINE																
6	KENNEBEC		90.4			17.4	2,309		2,309	100	24.0	60	97	31	20	58	8
7	KNOX		28.0			5.1	910		910	100	26.6	23	90	34	14	35	8
8	LINCOLN		19.9			3.7	699		699	100	20.2	4	92	31	18	40	9
9	OXFORD		43.7			8.1	1,143		1,143	100	21.9	19	92	30	19	43	7
10	PENOBSCOT	5	125.2	.2		23.6	3,191	195	2,996	94	22.9	82	108	32	15	32	8
11	PISCATAQUIS		16.8			3.1	501	24	477	95	19.6	3	89	39	15	51	5
12	SAGADAHOC		23.3			4.3	596		596	100	20.9	8	104	31	14	49	9
13	SOMERSET		43.1			8.4	1,222		1,222	100	23.5	25	100	31	17	67	6
14	WALDO		22.3			4.2	789		789	100	27.2	23	101	36	15	62	9
15	WASHINGTON		30.1	.2		5.5	1,525		1,525	100	30.7	38	88	27	16	82	7
16	YORK		105.2			20.3	3,026		3,026	100	24.3	69	97	30	17	24	6
	MARYLAND 23 COUNTIES		3,610.9	.3		758.7	73,732	25,195	48,537	66	25.5	2,946	94	34	14		9
1	ALLEGANY	5	86.4			17.5	2,965	221	2,744	93	20.6	23	79	32	12		6
2	ANNE ARUNDEL	3	260.0			54.2	4,578	1,268	3,310	72	22.8	133	87	32	14		9
3	BALTIMORE	3	1,488.6			302.7	32,006	17,914	14,092	44	27.0	1,494	96	34	15		11
4	CALVERT		18.3			3.5	567	159	408	72	33.0	37	131	27	28		7
5	CAROLINE		19.9			3.8	790	176	614	78	27.8	21	95	36	17		12
6	CARROLL	3	63.3			13.0	1,714	182	1,532	89	23.8	34	85	33	13		7
7	CECIL	1	53.0			10.4	1,303	177	1,126	86	27.8	66	110	36	16		6
8	CHARLES		39.6			8.1	1,091	126	965	88	34.2	87	92	29	26		10
9	DORCHESTER		30.9			6.1	1,325	173	1,152	87	45.1	76	79	41	17		8
10	FREDERICK		83.5			18.2	2,409	365	2,044	85	22.0	36	81	36	13		7
11	GARRETT		22.0			4.5	1,067	26	1,041	98	21.1	7	92	26	21		10
12	HARFORD	3	102.8			22.7	2,341	457	1,884	80	24.8	79	94	32	12		8
13	HOWARD	3	49.1			10.7	947	293	654	69	27.0	46	73	27	18		7
14	KENT		15.0			2.9	552	164	388	70	30.5	21	88	40	12		11
15	MONTGOMERY	3	440.3			96.0	3,849	815	3,034	79	21.4	147	80	32	12		7
16	PRINCE GEORG	3	555.0			127.9	6,724	973	5,751	86	23.1	328	108	37	12		8
17	QUEEN ANNES		17.5			3.4	671	159	512	76	23.1	10	82	37	13		8
18	ST. MARYS		42.0			7.8	1,239	243	996	80	28.1	73	151	31	21		8
19	SOMERSET		19.0			3.6	949	90	859	91	31.3	24	75	39	15		2
20	TALBOT		22.9			4.4	824	105	719	87	31.8	32	88	40	13		10
21	WASHINGTON	5	101.3			21.0	2,832	304	2,528	89	23.6	56	86	34	12		8
22	WICOMICO		54.1			11.1	1,818	462	1,356	75	30.5	67	87	38	11		11
23	WORCESTER		26.1	.3		5.1	1,171	343	828	71	36.9	49	91	35	20		15
	MASSACHUSETT 14 COUNTIES		5,403.0			1,049.1	93,232	7,318	85,914	92	21.2	1,844	93	44	12		8
1	BARNSTABLE		81.7			15.8	2,009		2,009	100	23.9	45	86	35	13		7
2	BERKSHIRE	6	144.8			27.0	2,675	50	2,625	98	20.4	39	90	31	15		8
3	BRISTOL	6	415.6			81.4	10,152		10,152	100	21.3	142	91	36	14		7
4	DUKES		6.0			1.1	169		169	100	23.3	2	72	44	10		10
5	ESSEX	8	614.9			118.8	11,088	50	11,038	100	21.1	195	87	37	13		7
6	FRANKLIN		57.2			10.8	1,135		1,135	100	19.3	8	81	36	11		5

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (• Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MAINE	
107	118	28	31	5	6	4	1,861			•	•			•				KENNEBEC	6
33	118	12	43			2	409			•								KNOX	7
14	70	9	45			1	96			•								LINCOLN	8
26	60	17	39			2	542			•								OXFORD	9
105	84	23	18	9	7	4	1,725	1		•	•							PENOBSCOT	10
11	66	11	66			2	175			•	•							PISCATAQUIS	11
17	73	8	34			1	190			•								SAGADAHOC	12
26	60	14	33			4	660			•								SOMERSET	13
12	54	7	31			1	202			•								WALDO	14
17	56	15	50			2	339			•								WASHINGTON	15
62	59	34	32	2	2	3	1,009			•								YORK	16
																		MARYLAND	
4,121	114	939	26	374	10	40	55,266	9	1	19	1	1	1	1		23	2	23 COUNTIES	
87	101	24	28	7	8	3	1,921			•						•		ALLEGANY	1
176	68	39	15	16	6	2	1,676			•						•		ANNE ARUNDEL	2
2,132	143	416	28	213	14	16	31,740	7	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	BALTIMORE	3
6	33	6	33			1	410			•						•		CALVERT	4
8	40	7	35							•						•		CAROLINE	5
58	92	22	35	2	3	1	702									•		CARROLL	6
26	49	21	40			1	733									•		CECIL	7
13	33	8	20			1	494			•						•		CHARLES	8
31	100	11	36	3	10	1	1,616			•						•		DORCHESTER	9
62	74	25	30	4	5	1	1,162			•						•		FREDERICK	10
6	27	5	23			1	334			•						•		GARRETT	11
65	63	25	24	8	8					•						•		HARFORD	12
26	53	12	24	1	2					•						•		HOWARD	13
13	87	8	53	1	7	1	358			•						•		KENT	14
868	197	129	29	69	16	4	6,324	1		•						•	•	MONTGOMERY	15
288	52	93	17	30	5	3	4,546	1		•						•		PRINCE GEORG	16
7	40	5	29	1	6					•						•		QUEEN ANNES	17
21	50	13	31	1	2	1	652			•						•		ST. MARYS	18
14	74	13	69			1	108			•						•		SOMERSET	19
37	162	6	26	4	17	1	840			•						•		TALBOT	20
89	88	26	26	7	7					•						•		WASHINGTON	21
74	137	15	28	7	13	1	1,650									•		WICOMICO	22
14	54	10	38							•						•		WORCESTER	23
																		MASSACHUSETT	
7,414	137	1,865	35	445	8	86	77,014	19	1	14		1	5	1				14 COUNTIES	
114	140	49	60	2	2	2	1,091			•								BARNSTABLE	1
188	130	53	37	12	8	5	2,584	1		•								BERKSHIRE	2
380	91	116	28	27	6	6	7,285			•			•					BRISTOL	3
9	151	5	84			1	79			•								DUKES	4
627	102	198	32	43	7	11	8,880	1		•								ESSEX	5
56	98	26	45	4	7	2	665			•								FRANKLIN	6

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MASSACHUSETT																
7	HAMPDEN	7	441.7			84.8	7,603	100	7,503	99	20.5	123	94	34	13		8
8	HAMPSHIRE	7	112.6			25.4	2,191		2,191	100	21.0	30	63	35	12		6
9	MIDDLESEX	8	1,321.4			257.8	17,856	912	16,944	95	20.2	329	96	44	12		7
10	NANTUCKET		3.8			.6	86		86	100	28.6	5	112	33	8		17
11	NORFOLK	8	575.9			115.5	6,150	200	5,950	97	20.2	127	84	62	9		7
12	PLYMOUTH	6	303.0			60.5	5,421	20	5,401	100	21.1	101	100	38	14		8
13	SUFFOLK	8	714.4			133.6	15,882	5,818	10,064	63	23.0	427	106	59	10		9
14	WORCESTER	7	610.1			115.9	10,815	168	10,647	98	22.3	271	92	39	14		7
	MICHIGAN 83 COUNTIES		8,467.6	14.5	1.1	1,708.9	173,573	32,220	141,353	81	23.6	5,153	97	34	15	75	8
1	ALCONA		6.3			1.1	205		205	100	23.3	3	79	32	9	45	9
2	ALGER		8.3			1.5	256		256	100	20.7	3	79	23	20	66	10
3	ALLEGAN		60.6			11.9	1,274		1,274	100	20.8	19	97	28	20	38	4
4	ALPENA		29.2			5.6	607		607	100	22.3	17	93	25	22	23	6
5	ANTRIM		10.7			2.0	389		389	100	27.2	10	78	23	20		5
6	ARENAC		9.6			1.8	329		329	100	23.4	5	81	36	18	41	8
7	BARAGA		7.8		.3	1.4	283		283	100	29.9	9	126	29	18	23	8
8	BARRY		34.8			6.9	791		791	100	22.8	18	85	37	13	54	6
9	BAY	1	112.3	5.3		22.3	2,041		2,041	100	22.0	53	108	32	17	37	6
10	BENZIE		6.9	.1		1.2	203		203	100	33.8	13	82	25	20	39	2
11	BERRIEN	5	165.7	.8		34.0	3,264		3,264	100	24.5	121	100	34	15	87	8
12	BRANCH		37.7			7.7	946		946	100	19.3	5	80	31	14	46	7
13	CALHOUN	5	142.1			28.3	2,549	105	2,444	96	24.8	107	95	37	12	110	8
14	CASS		39.5			8.1	925		925	100	23.6	20	84	34	16	59	11
15	CHARLEVOIX		14.1			2.6	414		414	100	23.3	9	104	39	12	29	7
16	CHEBOYGAN		14.9			2.7	548		548	100	21.9	7	105	22	21	28	4
17	CHIPPEWA		36.8		.7	6.7	973		973	100	25.4	41	115	33	17	49	6
18	CLARE		12.9			2.5	486		486	100	25.1	10	101	32	11	32	8
19	CLINTON	1	44.7			9.0	915		915	100	24.4	32	104	31	16	32	6
20	CRAWFORD		5.9			1.1	228		228	100	28.4	6	83	22	24	89	4
21	DELTA		33.3			6.0	855	70	785	92	25.4	29	88	23	24	42	6
22	DICKINSON		24.6			4.5	819	39	780	95	24.2	14	84	27	21	47	5
23	EATON	1	55.9			11.6	1,139		1,139	100	17.7		96	35	16	27	6
24	EMMET		16.5			3.1	489		489	100	23.4	10	99	38	15	127	7
25	GENESEE	1	422.1			86.1	7,484	2,942	4,542	61	23.9	305	113	34	15	75	8
26	GLADWIN		11.4			2.3	408		408	100	18.1		71	43	18	84	4
27	GOGEBIC		20.7			3.6	667		667	100	31.6	24	72	20	27	54	8
28	GRAND TRAVER		36.0	2.0		6.8	855		855	100	25.2	26	85	29	19	62	5
29	GRATIOT		39.1			7.8	957		957	100	20.8	14	106	32	13	48	6
30	HILLSDALE		34.7			6.8	975		975	100	20.9	11	88	36	12	46	8
31	HOUGHTON		34.3			5.8	1,155		1,155	100	23.3	18	95	31	20	25	3
32	HURON		33.5			6.2	1,142		1,142	100	25.0	27	101	28	23	48	5
33	INGRAM	1	246.9			53.4	4,571	726	3,845	84	21.2	91	98	40	11	68	8
34	IONIA		42.7			7.6	926		926	100	26.8	42	106	33	17	45	7
35	IOSCO		23.1			4.3	698		698	100	23.5	21	119	31	15	20	5

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MASSACHUSETT	
490	111	118	27	37	8	6	3,895	2		●			●					HAMPDEN	7
108	96	42	37	5	4	2	1,511			●								HAMPSHIRE	8
1,641	124	428	32	94	7	20	20,536	4		●			●					MIDDLESEX	9
8	210	5	131			1	78			●								NANTUCKET	10
962	167	227	39	89	15	7	7,505	1		●								NORFOLK	11
236	78	89	29	15	5	3	2,185	1		●								PLYMOUTH	12
1,994	279	311	44	82	11	7	11,249	7	●	●		●	●	●				SUFFOLK	13
601	99	198	32	35	6	13	9,471	2		●			●					WORCESTER	14
7,402	87	2,114	25	617	7	158	140,261	19	3	77	7		6	1		30	9	MICHIGAN 83 COUNTIES	
2	32	1	16							●								ALCONA	1
4	48	3	36	1	12	1	91			●								ALGER	2
32	53	19	31	3	5	3	772			●								ALLEGAN	3
24	82	10	34	3	10	1	640			●						●		ALPENA	4
4	37	4	37							●						●		ANTRIM	5
5	52	4	42							●								ARENAC	6
3	39	2	26			1	163			●								BARAGA	7
12	34	8	23	2	6	1	447											BARRY	8
84	75	30	27	5	4	2	2,059			●								BAY	9
5	72	5	72			1	115			●								BENZIE	10
114	69	41	25	7	4	4	2,770			●			●					BERRIEN	11
23	61	8	21	2	5	1	602											BRANCH	12
121	85	33	23	5	4	4	2,552			●						●		CALHOUN	13
14	35	11	28	1	3	1	256			●								CASS	14
7	49	6	42			1	199			●						●		CHARLEVOIX	15
7	47	6	40			1	235			●						●		CHEBOYGAN	16
19	52	10	27			1	389			●								CHIPPEWA	17
6	46	5	39							●								CLARE	18
10	22	7	16			1	253			●						●		CLINTON	19
6	101	3	51	1	17	1	201			●								CRAWFORD	20
21	63	11	33	2	6					●						●		DELTA	21
16	65	11	45			1	514			●						●		DICKINSON	22
18	32	18	32			2	544			●								EATON	23
40	242	7	42	3	18	2	491			●						●		EMMET	24
332	79	110	26	25	6	4	8,092	1		●			●				●	GENESEE	25
5	44	4	35							●								GLADWIN	26
11	53	10	48			2	326			●								GOGEBIC	27
70	195	13	36	3	8	1	746			●								GRAND TRAVER	28
24	61	12	31	1	3	1	718			●						●		GRATIOT	29
17	49	13	37			1	322			●								HILLSDALE	30
21	61	11	32			2	554			●								HOUGHTON	31
20	60	12	36	1	3	1	137			●								HURON	32
246	100	67	27	22	9	4	5,209	1	●	●						●		INGRAM	33
26	61	13	30			1	406			●								IONIA	34
9	39	7	30			1	211			●								IOSCO	35

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MICHIGAN																
36	IRON		15.2			2.8	463	40	423	91	26.0	10	67	24	23	64	3
37	ISABELLA		38.6			8.8	1,173		1,173	100	20.4	11	79	32	21	49	7
38	JACKSON	1	136.9			25.8	2,215		2,215	100	24.4	96	98	34	15	56	7
39	KALAMAZOO	1	188.3	.8		40.3	3,313	443	2,870	87	22.1	82	82	37	12	76	9
40	KALKASKA		4.9			1.0	190		190	100	26.7	4	101	35	15	42	4
41	KENT	2	391.2			77.9	6,881	1,578	5,303	77	21.7	173	101	33	15	68	7
42	KEWEENAW		2.1			.3	72		72	100	26.3	2	50				
43	LAKE		5.1			.8	235		235	100	36.2	9	102	23	25	136	7
44	LAPEER	1	47.6			10.0	1,224		1,224	100	24.4	31	95	32	14	44	8
45	LEELANAU		9.7	.5		1.8	321		321	100	23.3	5	84	24	15	27	5
46	LENAWEE		80.0	.8		17.1	1,764		1,764	100	22.2	34	90	36	14	53	7
47	LIVINGSTON		44.2			8.8	935		935	100	26.3	37	101	39	13	34	6
48	LUCE		6.8			1.2	217		217	100	33.4	9	58	38	12	59	3
49	MACKINAC		10.1			1.8	287		287	100	27.8	13	94	31	18	82	5
50	MACOMB	3	553.1			121.9	8,357	58	8,299	99	20.8	191	100	29	15	32	7
51	MANISTEE		19.6			3.6	460	6	454	99	24.5	14	100	32	13	55	8
52	MARQUETTE		67.8			13.2	1,841	2	1,839	100	21.5	28	97	34	14	46	6
53	MASON		21.7			4.1	583	6	577	99	21.8	8	84	32	14	23	4
54	MECOSTA		25.8			5.2	974		974	100	18.8	2	82	40	16	37	5
55	MENOMINEE		23.1		.2	4.2	683	71	612	90	21.2	8	89	23	23	38	5
56	MIDLAND		55.6			11.5	965		965	100	17.3		102	34	13	32	7
57	MISSAUKEE		6.1			1.1	220		220	100	21.3	2	94	29	15	77	
58	MONROE	2	112.0	.8		23.1	2,142		2,142	100	20.9	39	100	31	17	41	6
59	MONTCALM		40.4			8.0	1,161		1,161	100	23.7	24	91	35	17	49	5
60	MONTMORENCY		4.6			.8	193		193	100	18.5		75	26	23		3
61	MUSKIGON	1	152.1			29.7	2,841	493	2,348	83	26.9	165	101	36	16	101	8
62	NEWAYGO		25.7			4.9	801		801	100	20.5	7	94	29	22	35	4
63	OAKLAND	3	802.9			169.1	11,346	363	10,983	97	21.4	289	92	34	14	54	7
64	OCEANA		17.0			3.2	474		474	100	17.3		90	34	17	35	3
65	OGEMAW		10.1			1.9	399		399	100	26.8	8	70	33	21	61	5
66	ONTONAGON		10.6			1.8	288		288	100	20.0	3	97	22	26	57	5
67	OSCEOLA		13.9			2.6	448		448	100	20.2	4	98	29	19	31	11
68	OSCODA		4.1			.8	148		148	100	24.2	2	73	43	4		4
69	OTSEGO		8.2			1.5	245		245	100	30.3	12	121	22	20	43	3
70	OTTAWA	2	112.4	.8		23.1	1,851	9	1,842	100	20.3	31	98	30	15	33	6
71	PRESQUE ISLE		12.1			2.1	298		298	100	22.1	6	96	28	18	60	9
72	ROSCOMMON		8.1			1.4	326		326	100	25.4	5	64	32	11	64	6
73	SAGINAW	1	210.2	2.0		42.0	3,764	2,482	1,282	34	24.3	158	111	33	17	84	9
74	ST CLAIR	5	114.9			22.9	2,878	6	2,872	100	24.8	83	95	29	18	53	10
75	ST JOSEPH		45.4			8.9	968		968	100	22.8	23	88	33	11	46	8
76	SANILAC		34.3			6.5	1,068		1,068	100	23.1	19	89	28	20	31	7
77	SCHOOLCRAFT		8.0			1.4	283		283	100	21.3	3	89	33	23	63	8
78	SHIAWASSEE		60.2			12.2	1,168		1,168	100	21.9	27	106	34	14	51	7
79	TUSCOLA		48.1			9.7	1,211		1,211	100	23.5	28	95	27	19	54	6
80	VAN BUREN		55.0			10.8	1,478		1,478	100	28.8	60	94	32	18	49	5
81	WASHTENAW	1	203.8			46.8	3,685	2,077	1,608	44	20.2	50	85	43	8	64	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MICHIGAN	
7	46	6	39			2	143			●						●		IRON	36
30	78	9	23	2	5	1	702			●								ISABELLA	37
110	80	38	28	6	4	2	2,503			●								JACKSON	38
219	116	59	31	17	9	3	3,512	1		●	●					●	●	KALAMAZOO	39
3	61	3	61							●								KALKASKA	40
417	107	76	19	38	10	3	7,638	1		●	●		●			●	●	KENT	41
										●								KEWEENAW	42
5	99	4	79							●						●		LAKE	43
27	57	13	27	2	4	2	1,291			●								LAPEER	44
6	62	4	41			1	44			●								LEELANAU	45
57	71	35	44	2	2	4	1,747											LENAWEE	46
26	59	17	38			1	640											LIVINGSTON	47
10	147	5	73			1	70			●								LUCE	48
5	50	5	50			1	133			●								MACKINAC	49
234	42	68	12	37	7	1	2,391			●	●						●	MACOMB	50
10	51	5	26	1	5	1	220			●						●		MANISTEE	51
50	74	18	27	3	4	3	913			●						●		MARQUETTE	52
16	74	12	55			1	308			●						●		MASON	53
11	43	8	31			1	336			●								MECOSTA	54
9	39	5	22			1	483			●						●		MENOMINEE	55
49	88	15	27	7	13	1	1,331			●								MIDLAND	56
3	49	2	33							●								MISSAUKEE	57
44	39	24	21	2	2	2	1,340			●								MONROE	58
20	50	13	32			3	712			●						●		MONTCALM	59
										●						●		MONTMORENCY	60
116	76	32	21	10	7	2	2,415	1		●	●					●	●	MUSKIGON	61
15	58	9	35			2	513			●						●		NEWAYGO	62
952	119	140	17	112	14	4	12,232	1		●							●	OAKLAND	63
6	35	6	35			2	409			●						●		OCEANA	64
8	79	5	49			1	265			●								OGEMAW	65
5	47	5	47			1	84			●								ONTONAGON	66
6	43	5	36			1	149			●								OSCEOLA	67
1	25	1	25							●								OSCODA	68
5	61	3	36			1	104			●						●		OTSEGO	69
74	66	40	36	4	4	3	1,864									●		OTTAWA	70
3	25	2	17			2	212			●						●		PRESQUE ISLE	71
4	50	3	37							●								ROSCOMMON	72
172	82	60	29	12	6	3	4,173			●	●		●			●	●	SAGINAW	73
82	71	29	25	10	9	3	1,556			●						●		ST CLAIR	74
28	62	25	55	1	2	2	822											ST JOSEPH	75
16	47	14	41			2	361			●								SANILAC	76
5	62	5	62			1	205			●								SCHOOLCRAFT	77
28	47	10	17	2	3	1	1,202			●								SHIAWASSEE	78
20	42	11	23			3	391			●								TUSCOLA	79
24	44	20	36			2	709			●								VAN BUREN	80
354	174	58	28	23	11	4	4,868	1	●	●	●		●				●	WASHTENAW	81

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MICHIGAN																
82	WAYNE	3	2,704.8	.8		532.3	59,380	20,704	38,676	65	25.7	2,170	97	35	16	113	10
83	WEXFORD		19.5			3.8	590		590	100	31.9	28	100	31	15	94	6
	MINNESOTA 87 COUNTIES		3,572.3		10.9	675.2	79,927	9,459	70,468	88	21.0	1,333	99	30	18	61	6
1	AITKIN		12.0		.1	2.0	513		513	100	17.9		75	28	22	66	12
2	ANOKA	3	127.2			27.1	1,269		1,269	100	18.4	11	127	26	18	34	6
3	BECKER		25.8		1.2	4.5	944		944	100	20.4	7	101	26	25	82	7
4	BELTRAMI		26.1		2.9	5.1	1,011	35	976	97	28.3	29	86	34	23	167	6
5	BENTON		19.2			3.4	539		539	100	20.5	7	125	28	26	33	6
6	BIG STONE		8.8			1.6	382		382	100	26.6	8	104	26	21	122	10
7	BLUE EARTH		50.9			10.6	1,512		1,512	100	19.5	9	75	30	17	43	6
8	BROWN		29.1			5.4	900		900	100	23.7	18	101	25	26	40	7
9	CARLTON		29.4		.5	5.3	532		532	100	20.7	9	91	24	19	41	5
10	CARVER		24.7			4.6	597		597	100	17.4		99	24	22	22	6
11	CASS		16.3		1.7	2.8	738	75	663	90	24.7	11	86	27	23	185	6
12	CHIPPEWA		16.1			2.9	569		569	100	15.4		85	21	23	8	5
13	CHISAGO		14.3			2.4	379		379	100	25.9	10	90	23	26	74	6
14	CLAY	1	42.6			8.8	853		853	100	22.0	20	86	37	14	44	6
15	CLEARWATER		8.7		.3	1.5	356		356	100	20.1	2	83	19	28	31	5
16	COOK		3.2		.2	.6	67		67	100	17.9		107	30	10	100	7
17	COTTONWOOD		15.3			2.7	503		503	100	13.2		82	21	23	9	4
18	CROW WING		33.2			6.1	999		999	100	19.9	7	82	30	25	100	5
19	DAKOTA	3	108.2			21.8	1,315		1,315	100	20.9	41	111	26	19	28	6
20	DODGE		13.4			2.4	445		445	100	16.8		99	34	20	49	6
21	DOUGLAS		20.9			3.7	799		799	100	17.4		88	30	18	75	6
22	FARIBAULT		22.0			3.9	673		673	100	21.1	8	87	25	25	47	4
23	FILLMORE		22.9			4.0	768		768	100	16.2		86	22	26	46	6
24	FREEBORN		36.5			6.7	876		876	100	24.1	25	93	33	18	48	5
25	GOODHUE		34.9		.2	6.1	829		829	100	16.7		86	35	15	64	5
26	GRANT		8.8			1.5	317		317	100	21.5	3	85	30	22	63	3
27	HENNEPIN	3	881.8			174.9	13,135	6,007	7,128	54	19.8	198	97	36	13	84	7
28	HOUSTON		17.2			3.0	502		502	100	21.4	7	103	21	37	45	4
29	HUBBARD		10.5		.1	1.9	452		452	100	22.2	5	80	28	17	80	3
30	ISANTI		17.0			3.4	605		605	100	14.6		76	30	20	24	3
31	ITASCA		36.7		.8	6.8	1,090		1,090	100	27.2	34	85	30	20	83	4
32	JACKSON		14.3			2.5	551		551	100	21.3	5	96	26	29	41	4
33	KANABEC		9.7			1.8	364		364	100	11.5		83	31	23	27	7
34	KANDIYOHI		28.6			4.9	848		848	100	17.1		86	27	15	38	4
35	KITTSON		8.2			1.4	259		259	100	27.4	7	80	29	17	52	9
36	KOOCHICHING		17.9		.3	3.4	316		316	100	30.3	22	78	30	20	90	5
37	LAC QUI PARL		11.8			2.0	487		487	100	14.9		68	24	18	15	4
38	LAKE		12.9			2.3	193		193	100	19.5	3	108	36	19	57	5
39	LAKE OF THE		4.3			.7	140		140	100	26.5	5	99	25	25	28	11
40	LE SUEUR		21.2			3.7	677		677	100	16.4		107	26	22	20	6
41	LINCOLN		8.8			1.5	360		360	100	18.6	1	76	23	30	18	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MICHIGAN	
2,718	100	649	24	238	9	35	51,256	12	●	●	●		●	●		●	●	WAYNE	82
14	72	3	15	1	5					●								WEXFORD	83
																		MINNESOTA	
3,729	104	1,312	37	189	5	167	63,556	6	1	81			3	2	1	2	3	87 COUNTIES	
4	33	4	33			1	121			●								AITKIN	1
34	27	20	16	5	4	2	2,004			●								ANOKA	2
14	54	12	47			1	383			●								BECKER	3
17	65	10	38	1	4	2	483	1		●								BELTRAMI	4
7	36	6	31							●								BENTON	5
8	91	7	79			1	126			●								BIG STONE	6
50	98	13	26	4	8	2	1,039			●								BLUE EARTH	7
25	86	17	58	1	3	5	722			●								BROWN	8
19	65	16	54			2	368			●								CARLTON	9
19	77	16	65			2	479			●								CARVER	10
6	37	4	25			1	69	1		●								CASS	11
11	68	10	62			1	189			●								CHIPPEWA	12
7	49	7	49			2	263			●								CHISAGO	13
15	35	10	23	1	2	1	567			●								CLAY	14
4	46	4	46			1	80			●								CLEARWATER	15
3	93	3	93							●								COOK	16
11	72	10	65			3	253			●								COTTONWOOD	17
25	75	16	48	1	3	2	543			●								CROW WING	18
39	36	29	27	1	1	3	1,097											DAKOTA	19
6	45	6	45							●								DODGE	20
18	86	15	72			2	365			●								DOUGLAS	21
13	59	13	59			2	282											FARIBAULT	22
11	48	11	48			2	175			●								FILLMORE	23
27	74	14	38	2	5	1	663											FREEBORN	24
32	92	12	34	4	11	2	569			●								GOODHUE	25
3	34	3	34			1	57			●								GRANT	26
1,253	142	307	35	86	10	15	18,976	2	●	●			●	●	●	●	●	HENNEPIN	27
6	35	6	35			2	142			●								HOUSTON	28
4	38	4	38			1	210			●								HUBBARD	29
13	76	9	53			1	258			●								ISANTI	30
25	68	17	46			3	508			●								ITASCA	31
7	49	6	42			3	181			●								JACKSON	32
7	72	6	62							●								KANABEC	33
32	112	10	35			1	472			●								KANDIYOHI	34
2	24	1	12			1	61			●								KITTSON	35
9	50	8	45			2	275			●								KOOCHICHING	36
5	42	5	42			2	96			●								LAC QUI PARL	37
8	62	6	47			1	164			●								LAKE	38
2	47	2	47			1	72			●								LAKE OF THE	39
10	47	8	38			2	500			●								LE SUEUR	40
4	45	4	45			2	225			●								LINCOLN	41

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MINNESOTA																
42	LYON		21.0			3.6	638		638	100	26.9	24	120	27	23	28	9
43	MCLEOD		26.6			4.9	803		803	100	16.0		91	30	18	31	7
44	MAHNOMEN		6.0		.8	1.0	240		240	100	15.5		121	17	35	50	7
45	MARSHALL		14.6			2.5	445		445	100	18.5	1	90	20	28	18	4
46	MARTIN		25.0			4.5	731		731	100	20.1	6	75	30	17	65	7
47	MEEKER		19.3			3.3	709		709	100	18.2	1	97	25	25	12	4
48	MILLE LACS		15.2		.4	2.7	571		571	100	36.6	29	91	25	33	40	3
49	MORRISON		26.4			4.7	969		969	100	25.2	24	109	17	40	12	7
50	MOWER		45.2			8.5	878		878	100	21.7	18	87	25	27	60	5
51	MURRAY		14.0			2.5	506		506	100	30.7	21	100	23	26	40	4
52	NICOLLET		22.5			4.1	485		485	100	16.1		99	27	17	20	5
53	NOBLES		22.5			4.1	745		745	100	27.2	24	95	32	22	72	7
54	NORMAN		10.7			1.8	336		336	100	27.7	10	64	21	22	17	2
55	OLMSTED	5	72.8			14.9	1,442		1,442	100	20.1	22	112	29	15	49	6
56	OTTER TAIL		46.9			7.9	1,678		1,678	100	23.7	25	83	25	24	52	5
57	PENNINGTON		11.8			2.1	334		334	100	19.7	2	92	38	11	62	5
58	PINE		16.9		.3	2.8	602		602	100	23.0	8	81	26	18	61	3
59	PIPESTONE		12.6			2.2	443		443	100	16.5		98	24	21	46	6
60	POLK	5	36.6			6.5	959		959	100	22.1	17	94	27	18	46	5
61	POPE		11.0			1.8	374		374	100	18.4	1	76	38	16	29	1
62	RAMSEY	3	431.5			81.7	6,079	3,293	2,786	46	22.5	249	111	33	16	79	7
63	RED LAKE		5.5			1.0	164		164	100	27.0	6	109	21	42	19	11
64	REDWOOD		20.7		.2	3.6	732		732	100	18.2	1	108	22	29	26	3
65	RENVILLE		22.7			3.9	787		787	100	15.3		89	25	19	29	5
66	RICE		39.9			8.1	1,123		1,123	100	19.0	5	80	26	20	46	6
67	ROCK		11.1			2.0	327		327	100	14.3		101	30	21	20	5
68	ROSEAU		11.2			1.9	393		393	100	17.1		95	27	12	11	6
69	ST LOUIS	1	225.0		1.1	41.4	5,140	49	5,091	99	21.5	83	90	33	15	68	7
70	SCOTT		25.8			4.8	692		692	100	24.5	25	142	23	26	29	8
71	SHERBURNE		15.2			2.6	352		352	100	25.4	13	107	25	22	29	6
72	SIBLEY		15.7			2.7	522		522	100	16.3		93	25	16	32	4
73	STEARNS	5	90.4			17.5	2,601		2,601	100	24.4	72	110	23	31	43	6
74	STEELE		27.4			5.3	641		641	100	22.3	13	91	29	16	29	5
75	STEVENS		11.0			2.0	384		384	100	19.9	3	90	25	19	23	1
76	SWIFT		14.1			2.5	521		521	100	24.1	9	97	30	24	33	3
77	TODD		22.3			3.7	949		949	100	17.4		92	20	33	52	6
78	TRAVERSE		7.1			1.2	249		249	100	22.0	3	90	28	32	19	9
79	WABASHA		16.4			2.8	441		441	100	28.5	20	92	26	24	31	10
80	WADENA		12.3			2.1	514		514	100	17.8		122	25	28	77	4
81	WASECA		15.3			2.6	401		401	100	23.1	9	105	33	18	71	4
82	WASHINGTON	3	66.8			12.9	910		910	100	20.9	26	109	19	24	34	6
83	WATONWAN		13.6			2.4	450		450	100	22.7	6	86	35	19	57	6
84	WILKIN		10.0			1.8	305		305	100	20.7	3	70	30	28	31	6
85	WINONA		43.0			8.3	1,125		1,125	100	25.4	32	91	36	17	35	8
86	WRIGHT		33.7			5.9	970		970	100	17.8		111	26	24	52	4
87	YELLOW MEDIC		15.3		.1	2.7	603		603	100	24.9	10	80	26	21	18	4

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MINNESOTA	
14	67	14	67			2	447			●								LYON	42
18	68	13	49			3	569			●								MCLEOD	43
2	34	2	34			1	75			●								MAHNOMEN	44
3	21	3	21			1	103			●								MARSHALL	45
17	68	14	56			2	349			●								MARTIN	46
17	88	13	68			1	288			●								MEEKER	47
8	53	7	46			2	354			●								MILLE LACS	48
17	64	11	42			1	492			●								MORRISON	49
32	71	18	40			1	586											MOWER	50
4	29	4	29			1	143			●								MURRAY	51
18	80	12	53			1	167			●								NICOLLET	52
17	76	6	27	2	9	2	404			●								NOBLES	53
3	28	3	28			1	95			●								NORMAN	54
556	763	16	22	21	29	2	2,009											OLMSTED	55
41	87	22	47	2	4	2	156			●								OTTER TAIL	56
11	93	7	59			1	261			●								PENNINGTON	57
7	42	5	30			1	100			●								PINE	58
10	79	9	71			1	219			●								PIPESTONE	59
18	49	7	19	2	5	3	463			●								POLK	60
6	55	6	55			1	46			●								POPE	61
550	127	158	37	31	7	9	9,915	1		●			●	●		●	●	RAMSEY	62
2	36	2	36			1	61			●								RED LAKE	63
8	39	7	34			1	264			●								REDWOOD	64
7	31	7	31			1	184			●								RENVILLE	65
26	65	17	43	1	3	2	663			●								RICE	66
6	54	6	54			1	184			●								ROCK	67
4	36	4	36			3	194			●								ROSEAU	68
235	104	63	28	15	7	10	3,886	1		●			●				●	ST LOUIS	69
14	54	12	47			1	557			●								SCOTT	70
4	26	4	26							●								SHERBURNE	71
5	32	5	32			2	164			●								SIBLEY	72
78	86	34	38	5	6	4	2,603			●								STEARNS	73
19	69	13	48			1	478			●								STEELE	74
6	55	5	46			1	241			●								STEVENS	75
8	57	8	57			2	212			●								SWIFT	76
10	45	8	36	1	4	3	194			●								TODD	77
3	42	3	42			1	77			●								TRAVERSE	78
11	67	8	49			2	237			●								WABASHA	79
11	89	10	81			1	351			●								WADENA	80
6	39	4	26			1	217			●								WASECA	81
18	27	16	24			2	562											WASHINGTON	82
5	37	4	29			2	174			●								WATONWAN	83
3	30	3	30			1	372			●								WILKIN	84
29	67	10	23	3	7	1	726			●								WINONA	85
16	48	13	39			2	423			●								WRIGHT	86
11	72	9	59			3	254			●								YELLOW MEDIC	87

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MISSISSIPPI 82 COUNTIES		2,336.6	6.2	2.9	475.1	135,922	13,303	122,619	90	39.8	6,267	100	31	25	173	9
1	ADAMS		37.8			7.6	2,030	238	1,792	88	34.6	88	113	40	19	293	11
2	ALCORN		27.9	.2		5.9	1,734	34	1,700	98	28.9	29	85	37	16	92	7
3	AMITE		14.2			2.6	868	55	813	94	40.4	37	101	29	36	225	9
4	ATTALA		22.3			4.4	1,435	130	1,305	91	42.1	57	90	26	26	126	8
5	BENTON		8.1			1.6	563	85	478	85	42.3	23	108	24	29	172	8
6	BOLIVAR		57.9	.3		11.0	3,871	486	3,385	87	48.8	279	136	24	38	357	11
7	CALHOUN		16.3			3.3	1,076	67	1,009	94	52.5	59	98	32	20	99	7
8	CARROLL		11.1			2.2	816	128	688	84	37.1	22	83	24	30	200	4
9	CHICKASAW		17.6			3.5	1,063	133	930	87	32.1	31	99	28	21	133	6
10	CHOCTAW		8.2			1.6	561	58	503	90	26.9	8	91	34	15	113	10
11	CLAIBORNE		10.2			2.0	805	221	584	73	49.8	39	82	24	40	212	9
12	CLARKE		15.4	.1		3.0	1,029	130	899	87	39.9	37	102	34	19	183	12
13	CLAY		18.9	.1		3.8	1,081	138	943	87	26.1	19	101	34	22	144	8
14	COAHOMA		46.7	.2		8.6	2,896	562	2,334	81	67.3	369	131	24	36	271	15
15	COPIAH		27.1	.1		5.3	1,796	424	1,372	76	36.8	62	98	29	27	227	7
16	COVINGTON		14.8			3.0	940	78	862	92	36.6	30	109	27	23	80	11
17	DE SOTO		31.3			6.3	2,029	129	1,900	94	38.8	83	128	28	27	152	9
18	FORREST		59.2	.1		13.1	3,345	93	3,252	97	32.0	94	87	35	18	129	9
19	FRANKLIN		8.9			1.7	527	62	465	88	43.0	23	82	29	32	306	17
20	GEORGE		12.8			2.7	664	28	636	96	24.9	11	107	36	19	48	7
21	GREENE		8.8			1.8	615		615	100	29.9	11	94	31	19	157	13
22	GRENADA		20.4	.2		4.2	1,221	160	1,061	87	46.9	74	101	33	27	181	13
23	HANCOCK		19.4			4.1	1,206	22	1,184	98	29.2	19	76	32	23	71	8
24	HARRISON	1	142.1	.1		27.7	5,997	194	5,803	97	24.9	133	111	35	17	71	8
25	HINDS	1	212.0	.4		47.7	9,487	1,180	8,307	88	33.6	413	89	32	20	159	10
26	HOLMES		27.3	.3		5.3	2,005	237	1,768	88	49.8	114	107	21	36	258	9
27	HUMPHREYS		19.7			3.8	1,482	203	1,279	86	57.6	115	129	27	37	359	14
28	ISSAQUENA		3.0			.5	203		203	100	52.7	17	154	20	28	150	10
29	ITAWAMBA		17.1			3.7	1,085	13	1,072	99	25.0	9	70	29	11	38	5
30	JACKSON		73.8			16.4	2,825	306	2,519	89	29.1	99	107	32	17	60	7
31	JASPER		16.2			3.2	1,021	105	916	90	37.7	39	89	24	29	126	13
32	JEFFERSON		12.3			2.4	974	201	773	79	28.6	13	89	27	38	284	7
33	JEFFERSON DA		13.7			2.9	975	40	935	96	40.3	31	90	33	33	233	14
34	JONES		59.3		.1	12.6	2,807	356	2,451	87	37.5	122	80	34	17	116	10
35	KEMPER		11.9		.3	2.3	850	19	831	98	34.3	20	87	25	39	158	6
36	LAFAYETTE		24.1			5.3	1,480	134	1,346	91	38.3	53	80	42	14	118	4
37	LAMAR		15.6			3.2	837	28	809	97	29.5	19	97	34	22	78	9
38	LAUDERDALE	5	76.2	.3		16.1	4,162	194	3,968	95	38.9	181	92	34	17	160	8
39	LAWRENCE		9.9			1.9	604	29	575	95	38.0	22	114	34	16	130	6
40	LEAKE		18.6		.6	3.7	1,263	38	1,225	97	41.7	42	80	37	25	154	13
41	LEE		45.1			9.3	2,262	56	2,206	98	37.7	104	101	36	20	124	9
42	LEFLORE		50.1	.9		10.0	3,118	681	2,437	78	54.0	268	122	27	31	265	11
43	LINCOLN		26.8			5.4	1,457	104	1,353	93	40.9	68	86	31	19	102	6
44	LOWNDES		53.1	.4		12.0	2,945	273	2,672	91	34.5	119	98	33	22	169	10
45	MADISON		33.5			6.6	2,217	338	1,879	85	45.9	130	125	28	28	267	12
46	MARION		23.2	.3		4.6	1,326	120	1,206	91	28.6	28	92	36	23	153	13

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
1,443	62	667	29	89	4	70	25,153	2	1	37	5	1		2		79		MISSISSIPPI 82 COUNTIES	
52	138	15	40	4	11					●						●		ADAMS	1
19	68	9	32	1	4	1	399									●		ALCORN	2
3	21	3	21							●						●		AMITE	3
9	40	7	31			1	253			●						●		ATTALA	4
1	12	1	12							●	●					●		BENTON	5
26	45	17	29	2	3	2	615			●		●				●		BOLIVAR	6
9	55	7	43													●		CALHOUN	7
2	18	2	18							●						●		CARROLL	8
10	57	5	28			2	310									●		CHICKASAW	9
3	37	3	37			1	123			●						●		CHOCTAW	10
4	39	4	39			1	35									●		CLAIBORNE	11
5	32	4	26													●		CLARKE	12
9	48	5	26							●						●		CLAY	13
27	58	10	21	3	6					●						●		COAHOMA	14
13	48	12	44			1	259									●		COPIAH	15
7	47	7	47			1	140									●		COVINGTON	16
6	19	5	16							●	●					●		DE SOTO	17
64	108	24	41	3	5	2	1,166			●						●		FORREST	18
5	56	4	45			1	39									●		FRANKLIN	19
7	55	7	55			1	285									●		GEORGE	20
2	23	2	23															GREENE	21
12	59	7	34			1	216			●						●		GRENADA	22
8	41	7	36			1	162									●		HANCOCK	23
99	70	30	21	9	6	1	1,236			●						●		HARRISON	24
287	135	54	25	22	10	4	5,097	1	●	●	●			●		●		HINDS	25
6	22	6	22			1	54			●						●		HOLMES	26
6	30	6	30			1	62									●		HUMPHREYS	27
																		ISSAQUENA	28
5	29	5	29													●		ITAWAMBA	29
44	60	19	26	3	4	1	1,358			●						●		JACKSON	30
8	50	8	50													●		JASPER	31
5	41	3	24	1	8					●						●		JEFFERSON	32
5	37	4	29			1	159									●		JEFFERSON DA	33
42	71	20	34	3	5	5	1,757									●		JONES	34
4	34	3	25													●		KEMPER	35
18	75	10	42	1	4	1	411									●		LAFAYETTE	36
5	32	5	32							●						●		LAMAR	37
64	84	23	30	6	8	4	1,025			●						●		LAUDERDALE	38
3	30	3	30													●		LAWRENCE	39
9	48	8	43													●		LEAKE	40
42	93	11	24	3	7	1	1,064			●	●					●		LEE	41
28	56	10	20	2	4	1	652									●		LEFLORE	42
17	63	10	37	2	7	1	358									●		LINCOLN	43
31	58	9	17	4	8	1	349									●		LOWNDES	44
11	33	11	33			1	242									●		MADISON	45
14	60	8	34	1	4	1	259			●						●		MARION	46

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MISSISSIPPI																
47	MARSHALL		24.7			4.9	1,655	571	1,084	65	43.9	95	116	27	34	232	9
48	MONROE		35.5	.3		7.4	2,014	119	1,895	94	38.0	78	96	30	22	101	7
49	MONTGOMERY		14.9			3.1	1,044	119	925	89	41.5	38	83	32	27	150	11
50	NESHOBA		22.0		1.3	4.5	1,398	124	1,274	91	44.9	56	83	33	22	102	11
51	NEWTON		20.2		.4	4.2	1,297	75	1,222	94	43.8	52	81	35	23	127	9
52	NOXUBEE		17.5			3.5	1,230	73	1,157	94	45.9	64	110	31	34	245	9
53	OKTIBBEHA		29.0			5.5	1,684	269	1,415	84	30.8	46	94	40	28	174	8
54	PANOLA		29.0			5.4	1,846	187	1,659	90	53.8	151	128	22	39	220	10
55	PEARL RIVER		28.6			6.4	1,642	82	1,560	95	43.9	69	83	30	15	90	9
56	PERRY		9.2			1.9	614	8	606	99	35.2	17	93	42	15	136	9
57	PIKE		33.6	.2		6.6	1,857	127	1,730	93	39.8	85	91	31	27	175	8
58	PONTOTOC		17.7			3.4	1,163	36	1,127	97	28.3	17	96	36	24	96	8
59	PRENTISS		20.4			4.3	1,377	44	1,333	97	23.0	10	79	31	13	88	8
60	QUITMAN		21.0			3.9	1,424	74	1,350	95	52.4	118	141	28	37	237	11
61	RANKIN	1	38.6			7.9	1,829	100	1,729	95	36.1	72	91	32	17	113	9
62	SCOTT		22.5		.1	4.7	1,509	130	1,379	91	40.9	59	99	34	21	100	17
63	SHARKEY		10.3			1.9	661	69	592	90	50.1	53	110	23	41	299	9
64	SIMPSON		20.2			4.0	1,216	58	1,158	95	35.6	41	86	27	20	139	6
65	SMITH		15.1			3.1	988	22	966	98	40.3	35	77	31	21	90	8
66	STONE		7.8			1.6	463	180	283	61	30.0	10	76	32	24	79	5
67	SUNFLOWER		45.0	.5		8.1	2,956	320	2,636	89	49.4	215	125	19	38	277	12
68	TALLAHATCHIE		23.4			4.1	1,586	161	1,425	90	52.3	129	144	23	32	270	12
69	TATE		19.8			3.9	1,339	164	1,175	88	38.1	55	106	27	32	290	10
70	TIPPAH		16.8			3.6	1,131	40	1,091	96	34.7	27	79	34	21	28	5
71	TISHOMINGO		15.1			3.2	1,023	10	1,013	99	27.8	13	78	40	8	40	5
72	TUNICA		18.2	.1		3.3	1,263	140	1,123	89	64.5	140	126	23	47	308	9
73	UNION		19.2			3.8	1,177	101	1,076	91	29.8	22	90	35	17	88	6
74	WALTHALL		15.0			3.2	1,012	110	902	89	43.9	38	76	30	24	114	10
75	WARREN		46.2	.3		9.1	2,962	44	2,918	99	43.5	140	110	34	24	194	10
76	WASHINGTON		77.9	.4		15.0	4,488	574	3,914	87	47.1	339	119	29	29	260	9
77	WAYNE		16.3			3.3	984	14	970	99	50.0	63	102	31	28	156	11
78	WEBSTER		11.0			2.2	744		744	100	31.7	14	86	36	23	115	10
79	WILKINSON		11.8			2.2	858	226	632	74	47.3	47	103	33	28	283	8
80	WINSTON		18.0		.1	3.5	1,072	67	1,005	94	36.5	36	88	27	26	155	5
81	YALOBUSHA		12.4			2.3	718	75	643	90	51.4	45	79	17	36	189	10
82	YAZOO		33.1	.4		6.6	2,145	480	1,665	78	44.3	115	100	23	29	237	7
	MISSOURI 114 COUNTIES		4,563.5	7.2		887.4	137,897	19,388	118,509	86	24.7	3,177	87	34	16	90	8
1	ADAIR		21.8			4.5	1,036		1,036	100	30.9	28	69	45	5	45	8
2	ANDREW		12.2			2.2	481		481	100	17.4		73	34	13	13	5
3	ATCHISON		9.0			1.7	378		378	100	25.1	5	72	40	3	32	2
4	AUDRAIN		25.9			4.9	722		722	100	23.6	15	88	28	19	69	10
5	BARRY		19.4			3.5	948		948	100	24.7	11	70	36	9	41	5
6	BARTON		9.4			1.6	404		404	100	21.3	3	67	29	15		2
7	BATES		16.3			2.8	664		664	100	24.3	8	73	30	10	29	5

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MISSISSIPPI	
7	28	5	20			1	103									●		MARSHALL	47
19	54	10	28	3	8	2	603			●						●		MONROE	48
7	47	5	34			1	175			●						●		MONTGOMERY	49
5	23	5	23			1	75	1								●		NESHOBA	50
10	50	9	45													●		NEWTON	51
5	29	4	23			1	225			●						●		NOXUBEE	52
8	28	7	24			1	409			●						●		OKTIBBEHA	53
10	34	8	28	1	3					●						●		PANOLA	54
14	49	10	35	2	7	1	486									●		PEARL RIVER	55
4	44	4	44													●		PERRY	56
22	65	12	36	2	6	1	72			●						●		PIKE	57
6	34	6	34			1	310			●						●		PONTOTOC	58
11	54	9	44	1	5	1	283									●		PRENTISS	59
8	38	8	38							●						●		QUITMAN	60
21	54	5	13											●		●		RANKIN	61
9	40	9	40			1	151									●		SCOTT	62
3	29	3	29													●		SHARKEY	63
11	55	10	50			1	131									●		SIMPSON	64
2	13	2	13													●		SMITH	65
4	51	3	38													●		STONE	66
14	31	11	24			2	248			●						●		SUNFLOWER	67
9	38	8	34			1	148			●						●		TALLAHATCHIE	68
7	35	7	35							●	●					●		TATE	69
6	36	6	36			1	347									●		TIPPAH	70
8	53	8	53													●		TISHOMINGO	71
4	22	3	17			1	64			●						●		TUNICA	72
5	26	4	21			1	263									●		UNION	73
5	33	5	33			1	163			●						●		WALTHALL	74
55	119	11	24	4	9	3	1,407									●		WARREN	75
54	69	11	14	5	6	3	899									●		WASHINGTON	76
5	31	5	31													●		WAYNE	77
4	37	3	27							●						●		WEBSTER	78
4	34	1	8			1	125			●						●		WILKINSON	79
7	39	7	39			1	191									●		WINSTON	80
4	32	4	32													●		YALOBUSHA	81
10	30	6	18	1	3	1	190			●						●		YAZOO	82
3,983	87	1,074	24	279	6	88	68,860	10	2	114	7	3	2	1	1	10	5	MISSOURI 114 COUNTIES	
7	32	5	23							●								ADAIR	1
2	16	2	16							●								ANDREW	2
4	44	4	44			1	199			●								ATCHISON	3
18	70	12	46			1	541			●								AUDRAIN	4
5	26	5	26			1	282			●								BARRY	5
6	64	5	53			1	114			●								BARTON	6
9	55	8	49			1	187			●								BATES	7

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MISSOURI																
8	BENTON		10.0			1.7	454		454	100	16.4		61	13	17		6
9	BOLLINGER		8.6			1.6	513		513	100	23.0	4	65	27	27	58	12
10	BOONE		69.1			16.7	2,492	534	1,958	79	23.6	41	77	40	8	58	7
11	BUCHANAN	1	92.8			17.1	2,335	150	2,185	94	24.7	65	93	31	15	65	8
12	BUTLER		35.5			7.2	2,073		2,073	100	29.8	38	67	40	20	120	8
13	CALDWELL		8.5			1.4	388		388	100	19.5	1	71	35	10		4
14	CALLAWAY		25.6			4.7	837		837	100	21.6	8	74	41	13	98	11
15	CAMDEN		10.7			1.9	528		528	100	16.2		60	31	10	17	
16	CAPE GIRARDE		50.0			10.7	1,948		1,948	100	19.6	7	65	38	9	66	5
17	CARROLL		13.9			2.5	565		565	100	25.9	8	74	38	9	64	7
18	CARTER		5.2			1.1	369		369	100	17.0		75	38	30	50	5
19	CASS	3	40.6			8.6	1,432		1,432	100	26.2	27	81	40	12	34	5
20	CEDAR		8.9			1.5	419		419	100	26.8	7	74	27	13	54	9
21	CHARITON		11.1			1.9	489		489	100	19.2	1	70	22	25	77	6
22	CHRISTIAN		13.8			2.7	657		657	100	32.5	14	84	35	15	26	4
23	CLARK		8.0			1.4	320		320	100	11.8		107	24	28	27	1
24	CLAY	3	105.3			23.2	1,579	71	1,508	96	20.0	23	88	36	11	27	7
25	CLINTON		11.8			2.2	445		445	100	23.9	5	55	17	22	33	8
26	COLE		43.5			7.7	938		938	100	21.1	14	99	33	17	29	6
27	COOPER		14.7			2.4	427		427	100	26.4	12	90	33	22	93	3
28	CRAWFORD		14.9			2.8	675		675	100	28.1	13	87	33	16	17	8
29	DADE		7.2			1.2	364		364	100	12.7		64	49	11	81	3
30	DALLAS		9.8			1.8	547	143	404	74	19.4	1	60	36	23	57	8
31	DAVIESS		9.7			1.6	453		453	100	18.7	1	82	30	19	45	1
32	DE KALB		7.5			1.3	321		321	100	16.7		67	53	14	23	7
33	DENT		12.2			2.3	681		681	100	21.1	3	72	48	11	60	11
34	DOUGLAS		10.5			2.0	668		668	100	29.3	8	62	25	10	16	3
35	DUNKLIN		32.1	1.2		5.9	1,745	45	1,700	97	26.8	35	93	36	14	94	8
36	FRANKLIN	3	50.9			9.6	1,407		1,407	100	18.9	6	113	30	19	22	7
37	GASCONADE		13.3			2.4	474		474	100	10.7		66	28	13	13	5
38	GENTRY		8.2			1.4	349		349	100	20.2	2	82	25	9	18	7
39	GREENE	1	140.7			30.0	4,962	270	4,692	95	22.4	59	76	38	12	54	7
40	GRUNDY		10.8			1.8	454		454	100	28.0	9	67	41	5	49	7
41	HARRISON		10.1			1.6	455		455	100	28.1	8	78	26	16	48	10
42	HENRY		19.0			3.3	745		745	100	26.6	14	78	33	15	70	7
43	HICKORY		4.3			.7	227		227	100	11.8		51	21	26	53	16
44	HOLT		6.2			1.0	236		236	100	25.1	4	73	35	5		3
45	HOWARD		10.8			2.0	452		452	100	28.3	10	77	37	16	211	8
46	HOWELL		22.6			4.4	1,213		1,213	100	26.3	17	70	32	22	51	8
47	IRON		8.5			1.7	438		438	100	35.7	14	84	37	13	42	10
48	JACKSON	3	641.8			125.1	14,506	4,280	10,226	70	25.5	558	98	35	16	124	9
49	JASPER	5	81.2			15.8	3,077	65	3,012	98	23.7	44	82	38	10	48	6
50	JEFFERSON	3	85.4			18.0	1,941	110	1,831	94	17.5		98	30	17	37	5
51	JOHNSON		34.5			7.4	1,479		1,479	100	38.3	54	49	44	8	28	5
52	KNOX		6.5			1.1	290		290	100	10.2		64	38	14	81	3
53	LACLEDE		18.6			3.5	919		919	100	28.0	18	74	29	13	23	6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MISSOURI	
2	20	2	20							●								BENTON	8
										●								BOLLINGER	9
111	161	14	20	7	10	2	1,892	1	●	●								BOONE	10
89	96	23	25	5	5	2	5,090			●	●							BUCHANAN	11
34	96	17	48	2	6					●								BUTLER	12
4	47	4	47							●								CALDWELL	13
19	74	8	31			1	185			●								CALLAWAY	14
7	65	6	56							●								CAMDEN	15
53	106	19	38	4	8	1	1,154			●								CAPE GIRARDE	16
6	43	6	43			1	128			●								CARROLL	17
										●								CARTER	18
6	15	4	10			1	265			●								CASS	19
2	22	2	22			1	156			●								CEDAR	20
2	18	2	18							●								CHARITON	21
1	7	1	7							●								CHRISTIAN	22
										●								CLARK	23
45	43	24	23	2	2	3	1,578			●	●	●					●	CLAY	24
7	59	6	51							●								CLINTON	25
36	83	11	25	2	5	2	977			●								COLE	26
9	61	4	27			1	164			●								COOPER	27
3	20	2	13							●								CRAWFORD	28
3	42	3	42							●								DADE	29
										●	●					●	●	DALLAS	30
3	31	3	31							●								DAVIESS	31
										●								DE KALB	32
2	16	2	16							●								DENT	33
2	19	2	19							●								DOUGLAS	34
17	53	14	44			1	531			●						●		DUNKLIN	35
22	43	17	33			2	1,156			●								FRANKLIN	36
2	15	2	15							●								GASCONADE	37
4	49	4	49							●								GENTRY	38
181	129	23	16	14	10	2	3,056			●	●					●		GREENE	39
5	46	5	46			1	151			●								GRUNDY	40
4	40	4	40			1	89			●								HARRISON	41
7	37	6	31							●								HENRY	42
										●								HICKORY	43
2	32	1	16							●								HOLT	44
6	56	5	46	1	9	1	116			●								HOWARD	45
11	49	10	44	1	4	2	453			●								HOWELL	46
5	59	4	47	1	12	1	146			●								IRON	47
831	129	143	22	68	11	10	12,325	4		●	●	●				●	●	JACKSON	48
63	78	20	25	4	5	3	1,295			●						●		JASPER	49
23	27	11	13	1	1	1	540			●						●		JEFFERSON	50
15	43	10	29			1	296			●								JOHNSON	51
2	31	2	31							●								KNOX	52
11	59	5	27			1	289			●								LACLEDE	53

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MISSOURI																
54	LAFAYETTE		26.9			5.0	918		918	100	15.3		74	32	14	64	5
55	LAWRENCE		25.3			4.7	1,084		1,084	100	21.7	8	76	33	11	6	6
56	LEWIS		10.9			2.0	403		403	100	26.2	8	84	32	22	12	5
57	LINCOLN		17.4			3.2	623		623	100	18.0		104	34	22	48	7
58	LINN		16.8			2.9	686		686	100	18.7	1	67	34	13	42	7
59	LIVINGSTON		16.8			3.3	793		793	100	20.5	4	66	31	15	36	11
60	MCDONALD		11.3			2.0	587		587	100	24.5	7	71	23	15	14	10
61	MACON		16.9			3.0	730		730	100	19.8	2	63	41	10	74	4
62	MADISON		9.2			1.8	434		434	100	36.2	14	57	35	24	78	10
63	MARIES		6.3			1.1	296		296	100	19.0	1	82	33	29		4
64	MARION		26.5			4.7	802		802	100	25.7	23	86	36	14	80	9
65	MERCER		5.5			.9	249		249	100	23.8	2	52	21	21	125	8
66	MILLER		14.7			2.7	637		637	100	22.8	7	88	37	12	42	5
67	MISSISSIPPI		18.5	1.2		3.6	1,034		1,034	100	51.6	86	106	31	26	228	7
68	MONITEAU		10.5			1.8	440		440	100	26.8	8	74	32	15	74	3
69	MONROE		10.4			1.7	408		408	100	20.3	2	92	33	19	76	5
70	MONTGOMERY		10.8			1.8	411		411	100	20.7	3	91	32	22	25	4
71	MORGAN		9.8			1.7	443		443	100	15.5		73	34	21	16	6
72	NEW MADRID		26.8	2.4		4.9	1,619		1,619	100	48.5	106	100	33	29	183	9
73	NEWTON	5	33.6			6.9	1,398		1,398	100	19.8	5	71	35	9	40	9
74	NODAWAY		22.8			4.4	1,018		1,018	100	14.7		78	29	19	47	6
75	OREGON		9.5			1.8	567		567	100	26.2	6	59	23	15		2
76	OSAGE		10.7			1.9	358		358	100	20.7	3	96	22	32	22	3
77	OZARK		6.0			1.1	353		353	100	22.7	2	70	27	24	27	8
78	PEMISCOT		32.2	1.9		5.9	1,874	88	1,786	95	51.4	154	103	27	32	201	9
79	PERRY		15.3			2.8	622		622	100	20.4	4	97	34	20	36	9
80	PETTIS		32.5			5.8	1,106		1,106	100	34.1	54	86	36	15	83	5
81	PHELPS		26.8			4.9	982		982	100	24.2	17	84	41	10	49	5
82	PIKE		17.6			3.3	694		694	100	25.8	13	93	31	18	46	10
83	PLATTE	3	27.7			5.8	614	45	569	93	17.7		74	33	12	32	3
84	POLK		14.5			2.7	782		782	100	25.1	6	51	37	18		9
85	PULASKI		55.4			8.2	1,573		1,573	100	54.4	85	41	27	19	48	9
86	PUTNAM		6.7			1.2	355		355	100	20.9	2	50	34	14	34	3
87	RALLS		7.3			1.2	245		245	100	15.5		87	36	15	38	4
88	RANDOLPH		21.4			3.7	813		813	100	20.0	4	80	38	18	34	8
89	RAY		16.2			2.9	526		526	100	18.4	1	73	27	12	47	7
90	REYNOLDS		5.6			1.1	304		304	100	28.6	4	70	38	21	51	8
91	RIPLEY		9.9			1.8	630		630	100	25.9	6	60	32	30	107	9
92	ST CHARLES	3	75.0			16.6	1,382		1,382	100	19.7	17	104	29	15	25	6
93	ST CLAIR		8.0			1.3	413		413	100	16.2		75	37	16	20	10
94	ST FRANCOIS		38.0			7.3	1,366		1,366	100	21.0	10	74	36	13	37	8
95	ST LOUIS	3	1,541.7			304.5	32,412	13,557	18,855	58	24.6	1,112	94	33	17	121	9
96	STE GENEVIEV		11.7			2.2	325		325	100	25.3	10	91	26	29	20	6
97	SALINE		26.0			4.9	957		957	100	18.8	2	65	37	13	63	9
98	SCHUYLER		5.1			.9	277		277	100	15.9		72	28	13		3
99	SCOTLAND		5.8			1.0	248		248	100	13.1		88	25	20	68	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MISSOURI	
14	52	13	48			1	266			●								LAFAYETTE	54
12	47	6	24			1	205			●								LAWRENCE	55
										●								LEWIS	56
5	29	4	23							●								LINCOLN	57
9	54	7	42			1	122			●								LINN	58
6	36	5	30			1	345			●								LIVINGSTON	59
3	27	2	18							●								MCDONALD	60
3	18	2	12			1	163			●								MACON	61
4	44	4	44			1	552			●								MADISON	62
										●								MARIES	63
21	79	7	26	2	8	2	665			●								MARION	64
										●								MERCER	65
2	14	2	14							●								MILLER	66
7	38	5	27							●								MISSISSIPPI	67
5	48	5	48							●								MONITEAU	68
2	19	2	19							●								MONROE	69
4	37	4	37							●								MONTGOMERY	70
4	41	4	41							●								MORGAN	71
7	26	6	22	1	4					●								NEW MADRID	72
11	33	10	30							●								NEWTON	73
6	26	6	26			1	302			●								NODAWAY	74
2	21	2	21							●								OREGON	75
										●								OSAGE	76
										●								OZARK	77
12	37	11	34			1	299			●						●		PEMISCOT	78
5	33	4	26			1	447			●								PERRY	79
24	74	14	43	2	6	1	618			●								PETTIS	80
11	41	8	30			1	590			●								PHELPS	81
7	40	6	34							●								PIKE	82
5	18	4	14							●	●	●	●			●	●	PLATTE	83
6	41	6	41			1	39			●								POLK	84
4	7	2	4							●								PULASKI	85
										●								PUTNAM	86
										●								RALLS	87
11	51	4	19	1	5					●								RANDOLPH	88
5	31	4	25			1	194			●								RAY	89
										●								REYNOLDS	90
1	10	1	10							●								RIPLEY	91
39	52	8	11	8	11	1	1,412			●								ST CHARLES	92
5	62	3	37			1	17			●								ST CLAIR	93
23	60	13	34	1	3	1	124			●								ST FRANCOIS	94
1,888	122	327	21	151	10	18	28,307	5	●	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	ST LOUIS	95
3	26	3	26							●								STE GENEVIEV	96
22	85	17	65			2	279			●								SALINE	97
										●								SCHUYLER	98
										●								SCOTLAND	99

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MISSOURI																
100	SCOTT		34.4	.1		6.9	1,477		1,477	100	28.2	41	87	30	22	103	10
101	SHANNON		7.8			1.5	474		474	100	15.6		76	36	19	52	9
102	SHELBY		8.7			1.4	334		334	100	17.2		99	31	16	57	7
103	STODDARD		26.8	.4		5.2	1,381		1,381	100	31.2	37	67	35	23	148	6
104	STONE		9.2			1.8	477		477	100	27.3	7	64	23	19		5
105	SULLIVAN		8.5			1.4	390		390	100	33.7	8	71	47	10	82	
106	TANEY		10.1			1.9	538		538	100	14.1		71	36	18	75	4
107	TEXAS		17.0			3.1	833		833	100	24.6	11	76	31	14	25	17
108	VERNON		20.7			3.7	892		892	100	23.0	7	48	30	18	45	7
109	WARREN		9.8			1.8	326		326	100	15.0		72	34	27	31	8
110	WASHINGTON		14.6			2.9	737	30	707	96	31.2	21	110	34	22	70	6
111	WAYNE		9.6			1.8	587		587	100	32.0	11	78	27	20	14	9
112	WEBSTER		15.7			2.9	856		856	100	22.1	5	75	31	17	37	8
113	WORTH		3.6			.6	170		170	100	33.8	4	69	36	14	91	
114	WRIGHT		13.6			2.5	715		715	100	20.0	3	71	31	22	34	6
	MONTANA 56 COUNTIES		701.5	3.6	20.7	133.2	15,831	1,209	14,622	92	25.5	618	95	32	17		8
1	BEAVERHEAD		7.8			1.4	183		183	100	22.7	4	98	24	19		6
2	BIG HORN		11.6	.4	3.5	2.3	389	102	287	74	35.5	30	95	34	17		6
3	BLAINE		7.6		1.8	1.3	213	126	87	41	23.2	6	119	30	31		8
4	BROADWATER		2.4			.4	72		72	100	14.5		93	32	16		11
5	CARBON		7.7			1.4	220		220	100	15.4		63	30	18		9
6	CARTER		2.2			.4	58		58	100	30.4	3	78	13	7		7
7	CASCADE	1	80.6			15.3	1,435		1,435	100	24.0	69	108	35	13		7
8	CHOUTEAU		6.8		.1	1.2	107		107	100	23.3	4	85	28	32		
9	CUSTER		12.6			2.2	285		285	100	23.6	8	91	26	18		6
10	DANIELS		3.3	.1		.6	92		92	100	26.5	3	64	26	16		5
11	DAWSON		11.2			2.0	215		215	100	21.9	6	107	29	20		6
12	DEER LODGE		16.2			2.8	265		265	100	20.7	4	97	19	22		10
13	FALLON		4.4			.8	114		114	100	24.1	3	89	31	19		8
14	FERGUS		13.4			2.3	301		301	100	20.6	5	83	27	20		8
15	FLATHEAD		37.5		.1	7.3	875		875	100	26.6	31	86	32	16		8
16	GALLATIN		28.7			6.0	737		737	100	23.6	17	79	40	11		8
17	GARFIELD		1.8			.3	77		77	100	20.6	1	90	53			
18	GLACIER		12.3	.5	4.9	2.2	377	175	202	54	41.8	45	128	28	27		6
19	GOLDEN VALLE		1.3			.2	40		40	100	45.5	2	53	33	33		17
20	GRANITE		2.9			.5	56		56	100	40.7	6	105	50	19		4
21	HILL		16.1	.4	1.2	2.9	247	6	241	98	25.5	17	105	32	20		12
22	JEFFERSON		5.0			1.1	150		150	100	16.2		63	34	17		20
23	JUDITH BASIN		3.3			.6	64		64	100	24.6	2	76	35	22		4
24	LAKE		14.2	.5	1.7	2.5	439		439	100	33.9	23	93	36	25		5
25	LEWIS AND CL		32.5			6.5	522		522	100	28.2	37	99	33	14		9
26	LIBERTY		2.3			.4	34		34	100	19.0		87	35	29		
27	LINCOLN		14.3			2.7	293		293	100	25.0	12	109	26	10		8
28	MCCONE		3.0			.5	94		94	100	3.1		78	25	20		15
29	MADISON		5.6			1.0	167		167	100	23.4	2	65	27	21		6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MISSOURI	
22	64	10	29							●								SCOTT	100
										●								SHANNON	101
2	23	2	23							●								SHELBY	102
5	19	4	15							●								STODDARD	103
6	65	5	54							●								STONE	104
1	12	1	12							●								SULLIVAN	105
10	99	8	79			1	160			●								TANEY	106
3	18	3	18							●								TEXAS	107
14	68	4	19	1	5	1	153			●								VERNON	108
3	31	3	31							●								WARREN	109
4	27	4	27			1	246			●						●		WASHINGTON	110
1	10	1	10							●								WAYNE	111
2	13	2	13							●								WEBSTER	112
1	28	1	28							●								WORTH	113
3	22	3	22							●								WRIGHT	114
																		MONTANA	
639	91	252	36	35	5	51	10,829	3		18	2		2			2		56 COUNTIES	
5	64	5	64															BEAVERHEAD	1
3	26	3	26			2	230	1										BIG HORN	2
2	26	2	26			1	64	1										BLAINE	3
2	82	2	82							●								BROADWATER	4
4	52	3	39			1	55											CARBON	5
1	45	1	45			1	18											CARTER	6
90	112	19	24	8	10	2	1,327			●								CASCADE	7
3	44	2	30			1	33											CHOUTEAU	8
17	135	2	16	2	16	1	279			●								CUSTER	9
2	60	2	60			1	37											DANIELS	10
5	44	3	27			1	206			●								DAWSON	11
11	68	4	25			1	150											DEER LODGE	12
3	69	3	69			1	69			●								FALLON	13
11	82	10	75			1	214											FERGUS	14
38	101	26	69	2	5	2	628											FLATHEAD	15
40	139	20	70	1	3	1	459											GALLATIN	16
1	54	1	54			1	21			●								GARFIELD	17
6	49	6	49			2	274	1										GLACIER	18
																		GOLDEN VALLE	19
1	34	1	34			1	16											GRANITE	20
14	87	5	31			2	440			●	●					●		HILL	21
2	40	2	40							●								JEFFERSON	22
																		JUDITH BASIN	23
10	71	10	71			2	187											LAKE	24
43	132	13	40	2	6	2	703			●			●					LEWIS AND CL	25
1	44	1	44			1	45											LIBERTY	26
7	49	6	42			1	239											LINCOLN	27
1	34	1	34															MCCONE	28
4	71	3	53															MADISON	29

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	MONTANA																
30	MEAGHER		2.4			.4	47		47	100	22.9	2	110	18	27		5
31	MINERAL		3.4			.6	52		52	100	19.3	1	99	22	13		16
32	MISSOULA		54.3		.5	11.4	1,270	800	470	37	20.3	14	91	38	10		9
33	MUSSELSHELL		3.7			.6	95		95	100	25.1	3	91	36	25		14
34	PARK		11.9			2.2	259		259	100	26.7	10	75	47	2		6
35	PETROLEUM		.8			.1	13		13	100	13.2		67	20	20		40
36	PHILLIPS		5.5		.3	.9	142		142	100	17.8		136	45	23		5
37	PONDERA		7.2		.6	1.3	154		154	100	38.5	16	91	29	21		2
38	POWDER RIVER		2.4			.4	60		60	100	8.1		56	17	8		
39	POWELL		7.4			1.3	137		137	100	30.1	9	107	25	13		7
40	PRAIRIE		2.1			.4	58		58	100	15.5		63	33	17		
41	RAVALLI		14.1			2.7	562		562	100	33.1	16	64	33	13		6
42	RICHLAND		10.6			2.0	312		312	100	18.6	1	82	31	13		4
43	ROOSEVELT		12.1	.4	2.9	2.3	390		390	100	42.1	39	111	28	24		10
44	ROSEBUD		6.3	.4	1.4	1.2	203		203	100	41.7	18	126	27	20		7
45	SANDERS		6.8	.5	.5	1.2	139		139	100	12.6		96	29	9		2
46	SHERIDAN		6.1			1.1	158		158	100	17.5		84	35	13		11
47	SILVER BOW		46.3			8.3	1,133		1,133	100	28.5	54	115	28	21		12
48	STILLWATER		4.8			.8	99		99	100	33.7	6	76	28	16		3
49	SWEET GRASS		3.0			.5	76		76	100	23.4	1	75	26	16		5
50	TETON		6.3			1.1	144		144	100	23.1	3	83	24	28		9
51	TOOLE		6.8			1.3	90		90	100	28.5	8	76	27	27		10
52	TREASURE		1.2			.2	33		33	100	14.3		139	14	43		7
53	VALLEY		22.2	.4	.6	4.2	503		503	100	26.5	28	117	33	20		11
54	WHEATLAND		2.8			.5	63		63	100	28.0	2	101	16	16		4
55	WILBAUX		1.7			.3	72		72	100	21.7	1	75	17	33		8
56	YELLOWSTONE	1	80.9		.4	16.7	1,446		1,446	100	23.0	46	85	34	14		9
	NEBRASKA 93 COUNTIES		1,439.2	.8	3.4	265.9	37,292	1,813	35,479	95	22.1	740	96	32	16		7
1	ADAMS		30.1			5.7	753		753	100	26.4	23	82	38	6		10
2	ANTELOPE		8.7			1.4	322		322	100	18.1		109	30	29		8
3	ARTHUR		.7			.1	17		17	100	39.5	2	130	25	13		
4	BANNER		1.0			.2	28		28	100	36.6	2	51	20	20		20
5	BLAINE		.9			.1	30		30	100	11.1		69	20	20		
6	BOONE		8.2			1.3	293		293	100	15.9		121	22	25		6
7	BOX BUTTE		10.4	.1		1.9	236		236	100	34.8	19	91	28	27		4
8	BOYD		4.2			.7	198		198	100	26.2	3	87	22	19		6
9	BROWN		5.2			1.0	208		208	100	12.7		87	20	16		2
10	BUFFALO		29.4			5.7	1,024		1,024	100	19.4	4	83	41	12		8
11	BURT		9.0		.1	1.5	292		292	100	15.9		71	19	15		2
12	BUTLER		8.9			1.4	323		323	100	21.4	3	111	32	31		4
13	CASS		17.2			3.0	479		479	100	24.5	14	111	38	11		7
14	CEDAR		12.7			2.1	459		459	100	23.6	9	103	18	38		7
15	CHASE		4.6			.9	160		160	100	15.2		84	31	14		6
16	CHERRY		7.5		.2	1.3	179		179	100	19.5	2	97	38	9		9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		MONTANA	
1	41	1	41															MEAGHER	30
1	30	1	30							●								MINERAL	31
90	166	16	29	8	15	2	1,127			●	●					●		MISSOULA	32
2	54	2	54			1	32											MUSSELSHELL	33
7	59	6	50			1	167											PARK	34
																		PETROLEUM	35
2	37	2	37			1	53											PHILLIPS	36
3	42	2	28			1	145											PONDERA	37
										●								POWDER RIVER	38
6	81	4	54			1	102											POWELL	39
1	49	1	49			1	10			●								PRAIRIE	40
6	42	4	28			1	162			●								RAVALLI	41
6	57	4	38	1	9	1	216											RICHLAND	42
5	41	4	33			2	108											ROOSEVELT	43
2	32	2	32							●								ROSEBUD	44
5	74	4	59			1	10											SANDERS	45
2	33	2	33			1	85											SHERIDAN	46
42	91	11	24	3	6	2	1,082			●			●					SILVER BOW	47
3	63	3	63															STILLWATER	48
2	68	2	68			1	35											SWEET GRASS	49
2	32	1	16			1	52											TETON	50
3	44	3	44															TOOLE	51
																		TREASURE	52
6	27	5	22			1	189											VALLEY	53
2	72	2	72			1	33											WHEATLAND	54
										●								WILBAUX	55
113	140	14	17	8	10	2	1,527			●								YELLOWSTONE	56
																		NEBRASKA	
1,269	88	566	39	63	4	92	22,532	2	1	35	1			1		2	2	93 COUNTIES	
46	153	12	40	1	3	1	592											ADAMS	1
4	46	3	34			1	84											ANTELOPE	2
																		ARTHUR	3
										●								BANNER	4
																		BLAINE	5
3	36	3	36			1	102											BOONE	6
11	105	9	86			1	196			●								BOX BUTTE	7
						1	38											BOYD	8
3	58	2	38															BROWN	9
30	102	12	41			1	488			●								BUFFALO	10
6	67	6	67			1	57											BURT	11
4	45	4	45			1	89											BUTLER	12
6	35	5	29															CASS	13
5	39	5	39															CEDAR	14
2	44	2	44			1	48											CHASE	15
3	40	2	27			1	104											CHERRY	16

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NEBRASKA																
17	CHEYENNE		12.8	.1		2.3	231		231	100	25.0	10	81	28	18		9
18	CLAY		8.5			1.4	288		288	100	20.6	2	91	32	20		11
19	COLFAX		9.6			1.6	356		356	100	18.0		88	19	20		3
20	CUMING		13.1			2.3	453		453	100	18.0		101	18	32		3
21	CUSTER		15.4			2.7	552		552	100	20.7	4	83	31	13		6
22	DAKOTA	1	12.0		.3	2.2	249		249	100	20.7	5	108	32	15		10
23	DAWES		9.6		.3	1.8	306		306	100	13.1		88	35	7		7
24	DAWSON		20.2			3.7	603		603	100	21.1	7	89	34	9		6
25	DEUEL		2.7			.4	56		56	100	14.9		81	33	11		6
26	DIXON		8.2			1.4	308		308	100	17.0		92	23	31		6
27	DODGE		34.0			6.4	831		831	100	22.0	15	89	30	16		5
28	DOUGLAS	2	372.6			71.7	6,583	1,472	5,111	78	23.3	266	111	33	16		8
29	DUNDY		3.1			.5	110		110	100	14.4		68	56	6		22
30	FILLMORE		9.0			1.6	322		322	100	27.5	7	95	28	14		1
31	FRANKLIN		4.8			.8	179		179	100	27.3	3	67	28	28		12
32	FRONTIER		3.9			.6	133		133	100	17.1		89	39	7		
33	FURNAS		7.0			1.2	249		249	100	24.8	4	70	24	10		5
34	GAGE		25.7			4.7	858		858	100	21.7	8	79	40	11		4
35	GARDEN		3.0			.5	80		80	100	10.9		59	40	13		20
36	GARFIELD		2.5			.4	98		98	100	14.3		61	23	23		8
37	GOSPER		1.8			.3	51		51	100	24.1	1	47	14			
38	GRANT		.9			.1	20		20	100	7.4		98	14	14		
39	GREELEY		4.2			.7	190		190	100	33.2	7	108	8	43		5
40	HALL		38.1			7.2	992		992	100	20.2	10	107	32	14		6
41	HAMILTON		8.7			1.6	232		232	100	13.8		79	22	6		8
42	HARLAN		4.9			.8	153		153	100	20.3	1	73	23	13		10
43	HAYES		2.0			.4	65		65	100	25.6	1	43	13	25		
44	HITCHCOCK		3.8			.7	114		114	100	21.5	1	77	20	20		
45	HOLT		13.3			2.3	535		535	100	22.7	7	104	18	28		3
46	HOOKER		1.0			.2	26		26	100	45.5	2	53	40			
47	HOWARD		6.7			1.1	269		269	100	12.7		126	27	29		7
48	JEFFERSON		10.4			1.8	351		351	100	34.4	14	60	36	19		9
49	JOHNSON		6.1			1.0	260		260	100	31.7	7	91	29	17		
50	KEARNEY		6.5			1.1	180		180	100	18.7		65	32			11
51	KEITH		8.3			1.5	189		189	100	19.2	1	111	38	13		6
52	KEYA PAHA		1.4			.2	61		61	100	20.8		100	50			17
53	KIMBALL		5.7			.9	63		63	100	21.7	4	123	31	7		9
54	KNOX		13.9		.3	2.5	548		548	100	21.2	4	81	24	30		6
55	LANCASTER	1	153.2			28.9	2,952	300	2,652	90	21.6	76	95	39	10		6
56	LINCOLN		28.4	.2		5.4	702		702	100	19.9	6	91	30	17		7
57	LOGAN		1.0			.2	35		35	100	40.8	2	11				
58	LOUP		.8			.1	33		33	100			58	25	25		
59	MCPHERSON		.6			.1	17		17	100	31.3	1	61	67			33
60	MADISON		27.0			4.9	778		778	100	21.7	10	93	35	15		8
61	MERRICK		8.7			1.6	305		305	100	27.2	8	95	25	24		9
62	MORRILL		5.7	.1		1.0	154		154	100	26.7	6	78	29	8		3

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NEBRASKA	
7	55	7	55			1	196			●								CHEYENNE	17
3	35	2	23															CLAY	18
4	42	4	42			1	121											COLFAX	19
10	76	7	53			1	254											CUMING	20
6	39	6	39			2	164			●								CUSTER	21
3	25	3	25															DAKOTA	22
5	52	3	31			2	159			●								DAWES	23
13	64	13	64			3	312			●								DAWSON	24
2	75	1	38							●								DEUEL	25
4	49	4	49			1	70											DIXON	26
25	74	15	44	1	3	1	575											DODGE	27
501	134	126	34	40	11	8	8,351	1		●	●			●		●	●	DOUGLAS	28
2	64	1	32			1	19											DUNDY	29
4	44	3	33			1	109			●								FILLMORE	30
2	42	1	21			1	27			●								FRANKLIN	31
1	26	1	26															FRONTIER	32
6	86	5	72			1	60		●									FURNAS	33
22	86	11	43	1	4	2	335											GAGE	34
3	101	3	101			1	38			●								GARDEN	35
2	79	2	79			1	62											GARFIELD	36
										●								GOSPER	37
																		GRANT	38
2	47	1	24			1	39			●								GREELEY	39
31	81	16	42	2	5	2	913			●								HALL	40
7	80	6	69			1	96											HAMILTON	41
3	61	3	61			1	46			●								HARLAN	42
																		HAYES	43
2	52	2	52			1	39											HITCHCOCK	44
5	38	5	38			2	223											HOLT	45
1	101	1	101															HOOKER	46
5	74	4	59							●								HOWARD	47
7	67	6	58			1	57			●								JEFFERSON	48
2	33	2	33			1	98			●								JOHNSON	49
4	62	3	46			1	99			●								KEARNEY	50
7	84	4	48			1	173											KEITH	51
																		KEYA PAHA	52
3	53	2	35			1	101			●								KIMBALL	53
8	58	8	58			1	91											KNOX	54
181	118	34	22	13	8	4	2,934			●						●		LANCASTER	55
25	88	13	46	2	7	3	579											LINCOLN	56
																		LOGAN	57
																		LOUP	58
																		MCPHERSON	59
28	104	16	59			3	638											MADISON	60
2	23	2	23			1	116											MERRICK	61
3	52	2	35							●								MORRILL	62

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NEBRASKA																
63	NANCE		5.6			.9	208		208	100	24.7	4	69	19	19		
64	NEMAHA		8.3			1.5	348		348	100	13.6		74	38	9		13
65	NUCKOLLS		8.4			1.5	283		283	100	25.5	5	68	24	8		8
66	OTOE		16.1			2.9	511		511	100	21.3	5	83	31	18		5
67	PAWNEE		4.8			.8	215		215	100	20.5	1	61	17	30		9
68	PERKINS		3.6			.6	81		81	100	13.2		90	20	40		3
69	PHELPS		9.4			1.7	274		274	100	17.3		71	34	13		5
70	PIERCE		8.4			1.4	342		342	100	18.7	1	81	24	29		3
71	PLATTE		23.9			4.3	581		581	100	11.8		108	27	23		3
72	POLK		7.2			1.2	226		226	100	19.4	1	90	31	5		15
73	RED WILLOW		12.4			2.3	273		273	100	20.9	5	91	28	14		4
74	RICHARDSON		13.8			2.4	508		508	100	14.4		72	25	13		1
75	ROCK		2.2			.4	70		70	100	31.5	3	71	23	8		
76	SALINE		13.9			2.4	487		487	100	23.0	5	72	42	12		10
77	SARPY	2	52.9			11.5	884	4	880	100	21.8	25	106	24	17		7
78	SAUNDERS		17.0			2.9	570		570	100	21.0	5	86	26	20		8
79	SCOTTS BLUFF		34.4	.3		6.7	830		830	100	31.8	56	92	30	16		11
80	SEWARD		12.6			2.4	522		522	100	15.7		76	31	12		3
81	SHERIDAN		7.7		.5	1.4	204		204	100	30.2	10	87	27	25		2
82	SHERMAN		4.7			.7	188		188	100	14.8		108	24	29		2
83	SIOUX		2.3			.4	67		67	100	25.3	1	69	33	7		20
84	STANTON		5.0			.8	196		196	100	13.5		100	39	12		7
85	THAYER		8.6			1.5	370		370	100	12.3		64	29	8		6
86	THOMAS		.9			.2	27	37			30.0	1	87	14	43		29
87	THURSTON		7.3		1.7	1.3	263		263	100	32.4	14	141	27	36		5
88	VALLEY		5.9			1.0	237		237	100	21.8	2	80	25	23		3
89	WASHINGTON		12.1			2.3	361		361	100	19.0	1	74	31	24		5
90	WAYNE		10.0			2.0	367		367	100	25.6	7	68	39	16		
91	WEBSTER		5.8			1.0	225		225	100	13.4		71	28	28		14
92	WHEELER		1.2			.2	44		44	100	8.2		92	33	11		11
93	YORK		13.0			2.3	409		409	100	23.9	7	83	33	18		5
	NEVADA 17 COUNTIES		430.7		6.1	90.7	7,731	2,417	5,314	69	28.4	488	100	34	13	75	10
1	CHURCHILL		9.8		.4	1.8	214		214	100	33.6	17	118	37	9	10	8
2	CLARK	1	233.7		.4	51.3	4,228	1,334	2,894	68	28.6	275	100	31	14	84	10
3	DOUGLAS		5.2		.2	1.1	95		95	100	26.5	4	81	47	7	22	9
4	ELKO		14.1		1.2	2.5	256	67	189	74	25.0	10	127	31	16	93	9
5	ESMERALDA		.5			.1	14		14	100			212	14	14	143	14
6	EUREKA		.9			.2	42		42	100	19.2		39	33			
7	HUMBOLDT		6.9		.4	1.4	115		115	100	30.5	10	110	35	11	68	14
8	LANDER		2.3		.1	.4	65		65	100	14.3		147	55		65	6
9	LINCOLN		2.5		.1	.5	100		100	100	29.4	2	111	19	15	37	4
10	LYON		7.7		.4	1.5	167		167	100	38.1	17	102	35	14	13	6
11	MINERAL		6.7		.5	1.3	155	81	74	48	24.2	4	122	44	10	122	11
12	NYE		4.5		.3	.8	78		78	100	22.5	2	82	42	13	65	13

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NEBRASKA	
3	54	3	54															NANCE	63
5	60	5	60			1	57			●								NEMAHA	64
3	36	2	24			1	82											NUCKOLLS	65
11	68	9	56			2	313											OTOE	66
3	62	3	62			1	66			●								PAWNEE	67
2	56	2	56			1	43											PERKINS	68
10	107	5	53	1	11					●								PHELPS	69
6	71	6	71			1	52											PIERCE	70
13	54	6	25	1	4	2	478											PLATTE	71
3	41	3	41			1	63											POLK	72
10	81	6	48			1	221											RED WILLOW	73
11	79	10	72			1	141			●								RICHARDSON	74
3	135	3	135			1	43											ROCK	75
7	50	6	43			1	97			●								SALINE	76
5	9	4	8														●	SARPY	77
6	35	6	35															SAUNDERS	78
40	116	23	67	1	3	2	656			●								SCOTTS BLUFF	79
7	55	7	55			1	185											SEWARD	80
8	103	7	90			2	121			●								SHERIDAN	81
						1	58			●								SHERMAN	82
										●								SIOUX	83
1	20	1	20															STANTON	84
5	58	5	58			1	66			●								THAYER	85
																		THOMAS	86
2	28	2	28			2	201	1		●								THURSTON	87
4	68	4	68			1	78			●								VALLEY	88
7	58	7	58			1	201											WASHINGTON	89
4	40	4	40			1	147											WAYNE	90
5	87	5	87			1	96											WEBSTER	91
																		WHEELER	92
11	85	9	69			2	175											YORK	93
																		NEVADA	
431	100	131	30	34	8	14	5,787	2		17				1		2		17 COUNTIES	
5	51	5	51			1	219			●								CHURCHILL	1
196	84	64	27	17	7	3	2,213			●						●		CLARK	2
3	58	2	38							●								DOUGLAS	3
10	71	6	43			2	288	1		●								ELKO	4
										●								ESMERALDA	5
1	112									●								EUREKA	6
3	44	3	44							●								HUMBOLDT	7
										●								LANDER	8
1	40	1	40							●								LINCOLN	9
4	52	4	52			1	90			●								LYON	10
4	60	3	45			2	231	1		●								MINERAL	11
3	66	3	66							●								NYE	12

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NEVADA																
13	ORMSBY		16.0		.5	3.8	328		328	100	30.5	13	69	36	8	53	8
14	PERSHING		2.7		.2	.4	33		33	100	29.2	4	126	32	14		11
15	STOREY		.7			.1	33		33	100	125.0	3	98	33	17		
16	WASHOE	1	107.1		1.3	21.8	1,655	935	720	44	27.2	110	97	38	11	71	11
17	WHITE PINE		9.4		.1	1.8	153		153	100	33.7	17	87	26	13	13	9
	NEW HAMPSHIR 10 COUNTIES		676.3			132.1	13,862	110	13,752	99	22.6	329	95	32	14		7
1	BELKNAP		31.3			6.0	570		570	100	24.2	20	92	35	17		7
2	CARROLL		17.3			3.2	505		505	100	23.9	9	86	33	18		4
3	CHESHIRE		47.6			9.5	924		924	100	22.3	21	91	35	10		8
4	COOS		35.8			6.9	665		665	100	21.7	13	77	27	19		9
5	GRAFTON		50.4			9.3	1,185	77	1,108	94	20.9	15	91	39	9		7
6	HILLSBOROUGH	6	209.1			41.4	3,986		3,986	100	20.8	66	98	31	16		7
7	MERRIMACK		74.7			14.5	1,502		1,502	100	21.1	23	90	32	14		9
8	ROCKINGHAM		115.9			22.3	2,450	33	2,417	99	25.3	94	106	30	14		7
9	STRAFFORD		64.9			13.2	1,355		1,355	100	25.6	55	89	30	15		7
10	SULLIVAN		29.3			5.6	720		720	100	22.5	13	99	34	11		6
	NEW JERSEY 21 COUNTIES		6,899.2			1,403.0	114,936	17,125	97,811	85	23.6	3,804	86	32	13	72	8
1	ATLANTIC	1	181.8			34.9	5,860		5,860	100	27.5	153	84	33	17	154	9
2	BERGEN	3	865.7			177.3	8,273	1,515	6,758	82	18.9	80	74	34	10	22	6
3	BURLINGTON	3	291.2			56.8	4,558	162	4,396	96	21.2	100	87	29	15	33	8
4	CAMDEN	3	441.1			90.2	7,368	2,009	5,359	73	21.6	171	88	30	15	61	8
5	CAPE MAY		56.3			9.8	1,861		1,861	100	22.5	22	86	34	14	85	8
6	CUMBERLAND	1	124.1			26.7	3,621	150	3,471	96	30.7	166	86	33	16	91	9
7	ESSEX	3	978.7			195.7	18,410	6,878	11,532	63	30.8	1,269	91	34	14	159	11
8	GLOUCESTER	3	155.8			33.3	3,018		3,018	100	20.7	47	82	29	16	46	7
9	HUDSON	2	618.6			119.7	11,087	1,705	9,382	85	23.8	376	94	35	14	78	10
10	HUNTERDON		63.4			12.5	1,074		1,074	100	22.4	26	85	35	10	56	9
11	MERCER	1	300.4			61.6	5,164	1,549	3,615	70	24.8	196	84	36	13	127	8
12	MIDDLESEX	5	519.6			112.2	6,543	201	6,342	97	20.2	122	88	30	14	33	7
13	MONMOUTH	5	411.4			83.0	8,656	378	8,278	96	22.1	172	87	30	15	61	9
14	MORRIS	3	345.9			74.3	3,737	436	3,301	88	20.0	67	87	30	11	22	7
15	OCEAN		159.5			32.4	4,792	85	4,707	98	22.2	70	97	28	15	35	8
16	PASSAIC	3	451.0			91.2	8,177	1,118	7,059	86	24.8	304	91	32	12	78	8
17	SALEM	1	62.7			12.8	1,289		1,289	100	34.5	110	86	39	10	94	12
18	SOMERSET	5	186.0			39.2	2,244	100	2,144	96	20.6	47	80	31	11	26	7
19	SUSSEX	3	68.8			14.6	1,400	11	1,389	99	24.2	40	85	30	15	34	8
20	UNION	3	545.8			109.9	6,250	828	5,422	87	22.7	240	78	33	11	53	7
21	WARREN	2	71.4			14.8	1,554		1,554	100	21.8	26	84	30	13	55	8
	NEW MEXICO 32 COUNTIES		1,002.3	24.1	65.2	197.6	31,923	4,942	26,981	85	29.3	1,588	113	31	21		10
1	BERNALILLO	1	286.8		3.8	59.1	6,598	1,925	4,673	71	24.6	256	105	35	15		11
2	CATRON		2.6			.5	77		77	100	41.7	7	70	31	19		19

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NEVADA	
12	75	7	44	2	12	1	266			●								ORMSBY	13
2	73	2	73			1	32			●								PERSHING	14
										●								STOREY	15
181	169	28	26	14	13	2	2,275			●				●		●		WASHOE	16
6	64	3	32	1	11	1	173			●								WHITE PINE	17
729	108	264	39	38	6	29	11,989		1	10			1			2	1	NEW HAMPSHIR 10 COUNTIES	
44	140	17	54	2	6	1	553			●								BELKNAP	1
23	133	13	75	1	6	2	293			●								CARROLL	2
42	88	14	29	4	8	1	691			●								CHESHIRE	3
33	92	23	64			3	570			●								COOS	4
112	222	27	54	3	6	5	1,182		●	●						●	●	GRAFTON	5
206	99	67	32	12	6	7	4,284			●			●					HILLSBOROUGH	6
98	131	26	35	6	8	3	1,220			●								MERRIMACK	7
94	81	43	37	7	6	3	1,470			●						●		ROCKINGHAM	8
49	75	20	31	3	5	2	1,242			●								STRAFFORD	9
28	95	14	48			2	484			●								SULLIVAN	10
7,601	110	2,154	31	600	9	78	101,108	26	2	21	6		6	1	1	4	8	NEW JERSEY 21 COUNTIES	
210	115	68	37	10	5	3	2,830	1		●			●					ATLANTIC	1
1,015	117	235	27	72	8	5	9,203	3		●	●					●	●	BERGEN	2
182	63	62	21	18	6	2	1,921	1		●								BURLINGTON	3
434	98	130	29	48	11	4	6,748	1		●							●	CAMDEN	4
53	94	31	55	3	5	2	664			●								CAPE MAY	5
108	87	44	35	7	6	3	2,435	2		●								CUMBERLAND	6
1,487	152	399	41	107	11	15	19,475	5		●			●	●			●	ESSEX	7
90	58	45	29	8	5	1	1,087			●								GLOUCESTER	8
626	101	209	34	39	6	5	3,908		●	●	●		●				●	HUDSON	9
56	88	26	41	2	3	1	751			●	●							HUNTERDON	10
456	152	91	30	38	13	4	6,493	1	·	●	●		●		●	●	●	MERCER	11
405	78	117	23	44	8	4	7,647	2	●	●			●					MIDDLESEX	12
459	112	121	29	35	9	3	5,380	2		●	●					●		MONMOUTH	13
379	110	82	24	35	10	6	6,526	1		●							●	MORRIS	14
140	88	53	33	19	12	3	2,938	1		●								OCEAN	15
517	115	148	33	44	10	6	8,774	2		●						●	●	PASSAIC	16
41	65	22	35	2	3	1	568			●								SALEM	17
148	80	44	24	10	5	1	1,687	1		●								SOMERSET	18
50	73	25	36	3	4	3	982	1		●								SUSSEX	19
693	127	174	32	52	10	5	10,221	2		●			●				●	UNION	20
52	73	28	39	4	6	1	870			●	●							WARREN	21
740	74	214	21	52	5	41	15,778	9	1	22	1		2			15	2	NEW MEXICO 32 COUNTIES	
339	118	51	18	26	9	3	4,640	2	●	●	●		●			●	●	BERNALILLO	1
1	39	1	39							●								CATRON	2

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NEW MEXICO																
3	CHAVES		52.7			9.1	1,285	301	984	77	25.9	77	137	31	15		10
4	COLFAX		12.1			2.1	425		425	100	31.8	22	120	26	29		19
5	CURRY		35.5			6.6	1,019	50	969	95	23.6	31	123	37	17		9
6	DE BACA		2.6			.4	109		109	100	41.7	7	89	25	15		
7	DONA ANA		70.4			14.2	2,193	314	1,879	86	21.9	40	114	34	20		9
8	EDDY		49.7			9.7	1,136	116	1,020	90	29.1	73	91	30	22		10
9	GRANT		20.0			4.1	692		692	100	28.3	25	103	39	17		10
10	GUADALUPE		5.8	2.0		1.1	294		294	100	45.9	25	124	17	33		9
11	HARDING		1.6			.3	59		59	100	61.9	9	111	14	36		7
12	HIDALGO		5.3			1.0	165		165	100	22.9	4	113	23	33		5
13	LEA		50.0			10.2	977		977	100	29.5	70	96	32	12		12
14	LINCOLN		8.0			1.4	284		284	100	40.1	22	94	28	13		18
15	LOS ALAMOS		13.6			3.0	46		46	100	28.8	16	82	25	12		9
16	LUNA		12.0			2.4	465		465	100	41.2	40	127	23	32		10
17	MCKINLEY		47.8		25.7	9.9	2,122	527	1,595	75	40.9	179	135	27	30		10
18	MORA		5.7	3.0		1.0	396		396	100	36.1	15	90	9	47		18
19	OTERO		36.5		1.4	7.1	888	37	851	96	27.1	49	124	30	15		10
20	QUAY		12.6			2.3	441	37	404	92	38.3	32	94	30	19		4
21	RIO ARRIBA		27.0	4.2	2.6	5.3	1,640	112	1,528	93	36.6	82	136	29	28		11
22	ROOSEVELT		19.3			4.1	695	30	665	96	28.0	18	69	42	18		11
23	SANDOVAL		16.7		6.7	3.4	1,316	29	1,287	98	35.2	39	134	27	30		10
24	SAN JUAN		48.5	1.1	16.7	8.8	1,233	321	912	74	31.2	104	149	24	29		10
25	SAN MIGUEL		23.1	10.0		4.2	1,369	788	581	42	44.8	91	117	32	22		14
26	SANTA FE		50.4		.9	9.7	1,853	224	1,629	88	23.6	40	127	27	26		11
27	SIERRA		7.5			1.2	369		369	100	20.7	2	92	21	18		11
28	SOCORRO		11.1		.7	2.1	571		571	100	50.3	50	126	30	35		10
29	TAOS		18.9	3.8	1.1	4.0	1,681	121	1,560	93	34.4	40	103	27	27		14
30	TORRANCE		6.7			1.3	302	7	295	98	40.8	14	92	25	36		10
31	UNION		5.4			1.0	189	3	186	98	33.2	10	111	26	19		11
32	VALENCIA		36.3		5.5	6.9	1,034		1,034	100	35.9	99	113	28	24		10
	NEW YORK 62 COUNTIES		17,968.0			3,686.8	351,364	99,228	252,136	72	24.0	11,698	87	34	13		9
1	ALBANY	2	286.6			58.1	5,849	1,321	4,528	77	24.6	192	85	34	16		8
2	ALLEGANY		43.9			9.3	1,385		1,385	100	22.2	19	82	29	19		8
3	BRONX	4	1,543.4			314.3	36,441	19,112	17,329	48	26.2	1,219	94	35	11		11
4	BROOME	1	221.0			44.3	3,534	633	2,901	82	21.2	80	91	35	13		7
5	CATTARAUGUS		83.2			16.4	1,833		1,833	100	21.9	35	91	32	15		5
6	CAYUGA	5	75.1			14.5	1,656	21	1,635	99	21.3	27	96	31	18		10
7	CHAUTAUQUA	5	149.5			29.5	3,110		3,110	100	24.0	88	81	32	13		8
8	CHEMUNG	5	105.5			21.5	2,246	165	2,081	93	22.2	47	81	32	17		9
9	CHENANGO		48.0			9.7	1,165		1,165	100	18.1	1	83	28	16		10
10	CLINTON		74.4			14.0	1,849		1,849	100	22.4	52	114	29	20		7
11	COLUMBIA		51.6			10.3	1,154		1,154	100	20.9	14	75	33	15		6
12	CORTLAND		45.5			10.3	1,100		1,100	100	22.3	22	74	35	14		9
13	DELAWARE		46.1			9.1	1,289		1,289	100	28.7	48	75	29	18		8
14	DUTCHESS	5	214.8			43.6	3,863	670	3,193	83	22.1	86	84	30	12		8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NEW MEXICO	
36	68	8	15	3	6	2	670			●						●		CHAVES	3
8	66	5	41			2	331			●								COLFAX	4
21	59	5	14	1	3	1	593									●		CURRY	5
2	77	2	77															DE BACA	6
32	45	11	16	4	6	1	1,091			●							●	DONA ANA	7
31	62	11	22	2	4	3	965			●						●		EDDY	8
17	85	10	50			1	480			●								GRANT	9
						1	108			●								GUADALUPE	10
																		HARDING	11
2	38	1	19			1	87											HIDALGO	12
29	58	18	36			4	821											LEA	13
4	50	3	38			1	23											LINCOLN	14
20	147	1	7	2	15	1	212											LOS ALAMOS	15
4	33	4	33															LUNA	16
14	29	9	19	2	4	5	1,406	3		●						●		MCKINLEY	17
2	35	1	18							●								MORA	18
15	41	7	19	2	5	2	484	1		●								OTERO	19
4	32	4	32			1	200			●						●		QUAY	20
11	41	6	22	1	4	2	470			●						●		RIO ARRIBA	21
3	16	2	10			1	210			●						●		ROOSEVELT	22
										●						●		SANDOVAL	23
26	54	11	23	2	4	2	1,291	1		●						●		SAN JUAN	24
19	82	9	39	2	9	1	231			●						●		SAN MIGUEL	25
68	135	9	18	5	10	2	941	1		●			●			●		SANTA FE	26
9	120	5	67			1	53											SIERRA	27
4	36	4	36			1	247			●								SOCORRO	28
6	32	5	26			1	152	1		●						●		TAOS	29
1	15	1	15							●						●		TORRANCE	30
2	37	2	37			1	72									●		UNION	31
10	28	8	22							●								VALENCIA	32
27,679	154	6,611	37	1,886	10	237	275,001	65	7	48	11	6	5	5	2	9	21	NEW YORK 62 COUNTIES	
405	141	87	30	30	10	3	4,733	1	●	●			●				●	ALBANY	1
34	78	27	62			2	524											ALLEGANY	2
1,719	111	611	40	96	6	7	16,512	6	●	●	●	●		●	●	●	●	BRONX	3
296	134	57	26	23	10	4	4,514			●	●						●	BROOME	4
81	97	32	38	5	6	3	1,326			●								CATTARAUGUS	5
72	96	19	25	7	9	2	1,478			●						●		CAYUGA	6
121	81	50	33	7	5	5	2,707			●								CHAUTAUQUA	7
109	103	28	27	7	7	2	1,830			●						●	●	CHEMUNG	8
34	71	16	33	2	4	1	595			●								CHENANGO	9
64	86	13	17	4	5	2	1,187			●								CLINTON	10
40	78	14	27	2	4	1	735											COLUMBIA	11
38	83	12	26	3	7	1	1,001			●								CORTLAND	12
39	85	16	35	3	7	6	837			●								DELAWARE	13
314	146	62	29	24	11	4	3,300	1		●						●	●	DUTCHESS	14

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NEW YORK																
15	ERIE	3	1,088.2			219.8	20,194	4,016	16,178	80	22.8	558	90	31	15		9
16	ESSEX		34.9			6.7	1,012		1,012	100	16.9		95	30	19		6
17	FRANKLIN		46.0			8.8	1,426		1,426	100	27.4	50	93	26	28		9
18	FULTON		54.1			10.6	1,201		1,201	100	25.9	38	88	26	20		8
19	GENESEE		59.8			12.3	1,108		1,108	100	20.4	16	95	32	14		9
20	GREENE		33.5			6.3	865		865	100	20.1	7	81	33	16		7
21	HAMILTON		4.7			.9	137		137	100	22.6	2	77	19	14		8
22	HERKIMER		67.7			13.1	1,337	64	1,273	95	26.1	56	86	27	19		8
23	JEFFERSON	5	89.8			17.4	2,138	46	2,092	98	22.2	45	97	32	19		6
24	KINGS	4	2,702.0			548.4	63,973	21,956	42,017	66	28.4	3,016	97	35	12		11
25	LEWIS		24.9			4.7	675		675	100	22.0	12	101	23	27		7
26	LIVINGSTON	2	50.5			10.9	1,173		1,173	100	25.2	37	84	35	15		9
27	MADISON	2	57.6			11.3	1,246		1,246	100	23.4	37	103	29	17		8
28	MONROE	2	655.6			133.0	10,185	3,097	7,088	70	21.0	214	95	35	13		8
29	MONTGOMERY		57.9			11.1	1,281		1,281	100	21.8	19	74	29	17		7
30	NASSAU	4	1,412.8			314.2	12,601	2,613	9,988	79	19.7	218	63	28	14		8
31	NEW YORK	4	1,540.5			305.2	49,183	29,762	19,421	39	38.2	2,950	84	43	9		12
32	NIAGARA	3	235.3			46.8	3,493	1,154	2,339	67	24.5	169	90	29	16		8
33	ONEIDA	1	282.0			55.8	5,187	78	5,109	98	24.6	201	89	29	17		9
34	ONONDAGA	2	457.8			94.1	7,615	2,167	5,448	72	21.3	179	94	30	17		8
35	ONTARIO		76.6			15.0	1,414		1,414	100	20.7	22	87	32	15		8
36	ORANGE	5	206.5			40.4	4,497	341	4,156	92	24.1	129	91	30	14		8
37	ORLEANS	2	37.7			7.6	815	85	730	90	25.9	34	93	26	23		9
38	OSWEGO	2	96.4			20.4	2,365		2,365	100	23.9	64	95	28	17		9
39	OTSEGO		55.5			12.1	1,744		1,744	100	20.4	12	64	34	15		9
40	PUTNAM		44.4			9.3	761		761	100	22.5	18	86	30	15		8
41	QUEENS	4	1,961.2			402.3	25,224	6,865	18,359	73	20.0	373	84	41	7		9
42	RENSSELAER	2	152.4			30.5	3,239		3,239	100	21.6	56	89	28	16		8
43	RICHMOND	4	272.0			58.7	4,110	358	3,752	91	21.3	83	86	32	12		7
44	ROCKLAND	4	194.7			43.5	2,635		2,635	100	20.7	49	82	24	15		7
45	ST. LAWRENCE		113.1			23.2	2,918	13	2,905	100	24.6	84	86	30	22		8
46	SARATOGA	2	102.3			22.1	2,504		2,504	100	22.4	46	91	30	19		8
47	SCHENECTADY	2	161.7			31.8	3,313	305	3,008	91	19.4	23	82	33	13		7
48	SCHOHARIE		23.4			4.7	718		718	100	22.9	10	81	37	20		9
49	SCHUYLER		16.7			3.3	345		345	100	27.2	15	85	33	16		6
50	SENECA		33.8			6.5	588		588	100	23.2	17	83	32	15		11
51	STEUBEN		102.9			20.6	2,242		2,242	100	26.4	94	92	31	18		8
52	SUFFOLK	4	960.1			209.1	16,157	998	15,159	94	20.6	265	89	25	16		7
53	SULLIVAN		50.8			9.7	1,324		1,324	100	31.5	60	85	34	15		9
54	TIOGA	1	44.2			9.2	989		989	100	17.2		100	26	16		7
55	TOMPKINS		74.7			16.3	1,472	26	1,446	98	17.0		79	43	7		7
56	ULSTER		134.3			27.3	3,145		3,145	100	24.5	86	88	29	16		6
57	WARREN		51.7			10.4	1,535	8	1,527	99	24.0	34	95	31	19		8
58	WASHINGTON		54.5			10.7	1,387		1,387	100	21.6	21	96	27	24		9
59	WAYNE	2	74.2			14.9	1,591		1,591	100	28.8	85	93	30	18		10
60	WESTCHESTER	4	870.8			179.9	10,493	3,354	7,139	68	20.9	240	76	33	11		7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NEW YORK	
1,369	126	288	26	103	9	10	16,309	4	●	●	●		●	●			●	ERIE	15
33	94	22	63			4	444			●								ESSEX	16
48	104	18	39	2	4	3	829			●								FRANKLIN	17
49	91	24	44	5	9	1	738			●								FULTON	18
49	82	20	33	4	7	2	1,396											GENESEE	19
23	69	14	42	1	3	1	427											GREENE	20
3	64	3	64							●								HAMILTON	21
38	56	29	43			3	1,054									●		HERKIMER	22
89	99	28	31	10	11	4	1,952			●	●						●	JEFFERSON	23
3,340	124	1,038	38	262	10	22	47,766	13	●	●	●	●	●	●		●	●	KINGS	24
10	40	9	36			1	269			●								LEWIS	25
42	83	23	46			1	367											LIVINGSTON	26
44	76	16	28	3	5	2	998											MADISON	27
885	135	153	23	77	12	7	12,855	4	●	●		●					●	MONROE	28
48	83	24	41	2	3	2	991			●								MONTGOMERY	29
2,270	161	482	34	166	12	7	12,104	4		●							●	NASSAU	30
7,201	467	963	63	434	28	21	41,930	19	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NEW YORK	31
186	79	63	27	14	6	5	3,963			●							●	NIAGARA	32
306	109	81	29	17	6	4	4,241			●							●	ONEIDA	33
585	128	133	29	58	13	5	9,111	1	●	●		●					●	ONONDAGA	34
88	115	24	31	5	7	3	1,613											ONTARIO	35
238	115	80	39	17	8	7	3,353	1		●							●	ORANGE	36
19	50	9	24	1	3	2	601			●	●							ORLEANS	37
58	60	31	32	4	4	2	1,449											OSWEGO	38
59	106	13	23	4	7	2	788			●								OTSEGO	39
49	110	14	32	4	9	2	736											PUTNAM	40
2,532	129	783	40	171	9	9	16,553	6		●	●	●		●			●	QUEENS	41
136	89	48	31	9	6	3	2,644			●								RENSSELAER	42
287	106	67	25	24	9	4	4,696	2		●								RICHMOND	43
341	175	49	25	18	9	2	2,756			●								ROCKLAND	44
93	82	39	34	3	3	5	1,465	1		●							●	ST. LAWRENCE	45
54	53	29	28	3	3	2	809			●								SARATOGA	46
229	142	54	33	21	13	2	1,957			●							●	SCHENECTADY	47
20	85	14	60			1	341			●								SCHOHARIE	48
8	48	7	42			1	225											SCHUYLER	49
31	92	14	41	1	3	2	330											SENECA	50
89	86	40	39	4	4	3	1,569			●								STEUBEN	51
1,085	113	267	28	81	8	10	15,488			●	●					●	●	SUFFOLK	52
47	93	23	45	1	2	2	499			●								SULLIVAN	53
17	38	12	27	1	2	1	362			●								TIOGA	54
96	129	28	37	8	11	1	1,304			●	●							TOMPKINS	55
139	103	53	39	9	7	2	796			●								ULSTER	56
83	160	25	48	6	12	1	1,983			●							●	WARREN	57
34	62	19	35	3	6	2	259			●								WASHINGTON	58
50	67	27	36	3	4	2	929			●								WAYNE	59
1,769	203	339	39	112	13	14	11,622	2		●	●		●			●	●	WESTCHESTER	60

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NEW YORK																
61	WYOMING		37.6			7.0	771		771	100	22.5	17	89	29	18		5
62	YATES		19.5			4.0	564		564	100	21.4	7	73	32	23		9
	NORTH CAROLI 100 COUNTIES		4,973.5	9.1	3.6	1,078.4	231,102	29,424	201,678	87	30.6	6,823	86	37	13	117	9
1	ALAMANCE	5	94.0			20.6	2,660	191	2,469	93	23.4	54	86	36	9	93	8
2	ALEXANDER		17.8			4.1	845	82	763	90	24.2	10	87	33	10	39	6
3	ALLEGHANY		8.2			1.7	462	14	448	97	26.2	6	70	36	10	33	11
4	ANSON		24.4			5.0	1,493	149	1,344	90	39.7	58	91	33	26	217	8
5	ASHE		20.4			4.3	1,323	48	1,275	96	25.4	15	82	38	16	63	7
6	AVERY		12.9			2.9	919	6	913	99	23.6	7	81	35	6	17	10
7	BEAUFORT		36.2	.1		7.3	2,356	223	2,133	91	34.6	62	91	38	15	149	10
8	BERTIE		24.4			5.0	1,618	139	1,479	91	35.6	47	87	29	30	169	11
9	BLADEN		26.5	.2		5.4	1,657	53	1,604	97	36.4	56	98	32	16	157	10
10	BRUNSWICK	1	20.9	.1		4.3	1,274	167	1,107	87	35.3	42	99	34	17	197	12
11	BUNCOMBE	1	144.4	.2		30.9	5,799	664	5,135	89	28.0	138	80	39	9	94	10
12	BURKE		61.4			14.1	2,744	86	2,658	97	21.9	21	77	39	9	68	8
13	CABARRUS	5	72.7			15.8	2,414	152	2,262	94	26.3	59	82	39	10	104	9
14	CALDWELL		57.2			13.1	2,574	45	2,529	98	30.5	80	96	36	12	61	11
15	CAMDEN		5.4			1.0	287	27	260	91	32.2	9	87	34	16	159	14
16	CARTERET		36.3			7.0	1,614	373	1,241	77	30.8	41	77	36	12	117	6
17	CASWELL		19.6			4.2	1,119	128	991	89	43.4	50	70	36	20	128	14
18	CATAWBA		86.5			20.0	2,963	151	2,812	95	29.5	102	84	41	12	76	9
19	CHATHAM		27.9			5.9	1,293	49	1,244	96	30.7	34	73	33	13	139	12
20	CHEROKEE		16.2	.1	.1	3.3	1,151	79	1,072	93	32.7	21	76	41	13	31	11
21	CHOWAN		11.6	.1		2.4	699	139	560	80	47.3	37	74	43	10	184	8
22	CLAY		5.2			1.0	378	28	350	93	15.8		70	28	6		3
23	CLEVELAND		69.9	.2		15.0	3,108	154	2,954	95	27.9	79	97	37	12	123	11
24	COLUMBUS		49.5	.1		10.6	3,091	237	2,854	92	43.9	153	89	34	17	183	8
25	CRAVEN		63.3			12.6	3,009	446	2,563	85	30.5	116	108	35	16	94	10
26	CUMBERLAND	1	194.6	.1		40.0	8,707	1,160	7,547	87	28.3	292	106	37	12	81	9
27	CURRITUCK		7.0			1.4	320	35	285	89	51.8	20	92	31	15	145	18
28	DARE		6.8			1.3	439	11	428	97	22.2	3	92	34	15	33	15
29	DAVIDSON		94.3			21.6	3,454		3,454	100	27.8	89	82	38	12	73	10
30	DAVIE		18.2			3.9	675		675	100	29.5	20	79	35	5	72	6
31	DUPLIN		38.0	.1		7.9	2,503	540	1,963	78	30.5	56	87	33	20	145	11
32	DURHAM	1	123.6	.1		28.2	4,892	1,375	3,517	72	28.9	139	73	39	12	123	11
33	EDGECOMBE	5	53.4			11.0	3,024	606	2,418	80	42.5	164	96	34	23	271	8
34	FORSYTH	2	209.4	.2		47.4	6,512	1,538	4,974	76	28.4	233	76	37	11	128	9
35	FRANKLIN		28.0			5.7	1,684	123	1,561	93	41.3	70	86	41	23	136	10
36	GASTON	5	137.0			29.7	5,395	423	4,972	92	27.9	149	100	36	11	71	7
37	GATES		9.4			1.9	610	159	451	74	33.3	14	76	32	22	178	10
38	GRAHAM		7.0	.2	.3	1.5	467		467	100	24.1	4	89	40	18	29	9
39	GRANVILLE		36.0			7.8	2,061	71	1,990	97	36.7	65	72	29	25	121	12
40	GREENE		16.5			3.4	1,170	195	975	83	41.4	45	85	30	19	194	10
41	GUILFORD	2	271.3	.2		61.7	8,312	624	7,688	92	29.7	340	83	36	12	109	9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NEW YORK	
26	69	15	40	2	5	1	613											WYOMING	61
18	92	13	67			1	238											YATES	62
3,725	75	1,210	24	294	6	105	72,978	6	3	80	8		4	3	1	93		NORTH CAROLI 100 COUNTIES	
77	82	29	31	9	10	2	1,613			●						●		ALAMANCE	1
4	22	2	11			1	154									●		ALEXANDER	2
6	73	4	49			1	286			●						●		ALLEGHANY	3
7	29	5	20			1	220			●						●		ANSON	4
7	34	5	25			1	304			●						●		ASHE	5
9	70	5	39			2	303			●						●		AVERY	6
27	75	8	22	3	8	1	567									●		BEAUFORT	7
9	37	7	29			1	262			●						●		BERTIE	8
8	30	5	19			1	336			●						●		BLADEN	9
7	33	5	24			1	132			●						●		BRUNSWICK	10
184	127	36	25	15	10	2	2,832	1		●	●		●			●		BUNCOMBE	11
60	98	22	36	3	5	1	592			●						●		BURKE	12
61	84	16	22	6	8	1	1,594									●		CABARRUS	13
35	61	17	30	2	3	1	958			●						●		CALDWELL	14
1	19	1	19							●						●		CAMDEN	15
22	61	10	28							●	●							CARTERET	16
1	5	1	5													●		CASWELL	17
73	84	33	38	6	7	1	584									●		CATAWBA	18
12	43	6	22							●						●		CHATHAM	19
9	56	6	37	1	6	2	280			●						●		CHEROKEE	20
8	69	4	34	1	9	1	294			●						●		CHOWAN	21
1	19	1	19							●						●		CLAY	22
54	77	25	36	6	9	3	1,795			●						●		CLEVELAND	23
21	42	14	28	1	2	1	565			●	●					●		COLUMBUS	24
40	63	14	22	4	6	1	823			●	●					●		CRAVEN	25
70	36	11	6	9	5	2	2,316			●						●		CUMBERLAND	26
3	43	3	43							●						●		CURRITUCK	27
2	29	2	29							●						●		DARE	28
40	42	18	19	2	2	2	1,187			●								DAVIDSON	29
7	38	4	22			1	262			●								DAVIE	30
15	39	10	26			1	199			●	●					●		DUPLIN	31
259	210	20	16	17	14	3	3,094	1	●	●						●		DURHAM	32
66	124	20	37	6	11	3	1,305									●		EDGECOMBE	33
235	112	46	22	20	10	3	4,471	1	●				●		●	●		FORSYTH	34
10	36	8	29			1	221			●						●		FRANKLIN	35
80	58	34	25	6	4	2	2,427			●						●		GASTON	36
2	21	2	21							●						●		GATES	37
3	43	3	43							●								GRAHAM	38
32	89	13	36													●		GRANVILLE	39
2	12	2	12							●	●					●		GREENE	40
276	102	48	18	32	12	4	5,378			●			●			●		GUILFORD	41

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NORTH CAROLI																
42	HALIFAX		60.9	.1		12.7	3,595	484	3,111	87	39.9	160	96	35	23	239	10
43	HARNETT		49.3			10.6	2,861	234	2,627	92	33.7	88	85	35	19	161	11
44	HAYWOOD		42.4	.3		9.3	1,693	28	1,665	98	21.2	14	84	38	5	48	10
45	HENDERSON		41.2	.3		8.7	1,845		1,845	100	25.2	28	79	34	10	43	9
46	HERTFORD		23.6			4.9	1,437	131	1,306	91	35.7	49	84	32	27	226	10
47	HOKE		17.8			3.8	1,062	96	966	91	46.2	53	91	38	14	277	13
48	HYDE		5.5	.1		1.0	372	37	335	90	46.5	15	67	29	3	294	12
49	IREDELL		70.4			15.4	2,737	113	2,624	96	30.3	93	83	36	11	128	9
50	JACKSON		19.2	1.5	1.5	4.3	1,235	4	1,231	100	20.6	5	68	40	12	75	4
51	JOHNSTON		60.9	.1		13.2	4,019	212	3,807	95	37.0	114	77	37	13	129	12
52	JONES		10.2			2.1	633	245	388	61	44.8	31	84	30	28	149	10
53	LEE		29.4			6.3	1,295	252	1,043	81	31.9	48	94	39	8	137	8
54	LENOIR		57.4			12.9	3,382	359	3,023	89	30.9	83	82	37	18	157	8
55	LINCOLN		31.2			6.9	1,412	98	1,314	93	34.0	48	83	38	12	73	9
56	MCDONWELL		30.0			6.7	1,544	32	1,512	98	26.9	26	81	38	9	33	7
57	MACON		14.5			3.0	923	5	918	99	26.7	11	71	46	11	57	10
58	MADISON		17.0	.1		3.7	1,164	84	1,080	93	24.8	10	69	46	8	55	10
59	MARTIN		25.6			5.3	1,646	286	1,360	83	34.9	51	94	26	24	264	10
60	MECKLENBERG	1	321.5			73.3	10,956	8,656	2,300	21	30.2	426	84	37	9	138	9
61	MITCHELL		13.0			2.8	801	14	787	98	26.1	10	80	32	12	53	8
62	MONTGOMERY		20.0			4.2	1,091	168	923	85	34.2	33	82	43	18	145	11
63	MOORE		39.2			8.1	1,959	131	1,828	93	37.5	86	89	33	16	126	9
64	NASH	5	63.9			13.7	3,500	528	2,972	85	35.7	120	77	35	20	196	7
65	NEW HANOVER	4	74.5	.1		16.1	3,827	263	3,564	93	27.8	78	81	38	11	149	10
66	NORTHAMPTON		24.9	.3		4.8	1,540	243	1,297	84	44.3	80	87	32	28	237	12
67	ONSLOW		102.1			18.7	4,204	175	4,029	96	28.2	168	123	42	11	48	9
68	ORANGE	1	52.8			11.9	2,208	495	1,713	78	25.2	38	76	41	11	76	9
69	PAMLICO		9.1			1.8	545	73	472	87	43.8	22	65	40	3	183	10
70	PASQUOTANK		27.8			6.0	1,531	127	1,404	92	32.3	44	79	40	17	93	7
71	PENDER		17.3	.1		3.5	1,122	76	1,046	93	37.9	39	90	26	16	214	14
72	PERQUIMANS		8.6			1.6	535	99	436	81	23.9	5	83	29	35	162	7
73	PERSON		28.2	.1		6.0	1,447	318	1,129	78	36.2	57	81	36	19	120	10
74	PITT		75.9			17.4	5,084	381	4,703	93	36.9	147	76	37	17	181	10
75	POLK		11.6			2.3	580		580	100	23.0	5	86	43	10	190	8
76	RANDOLPH	2	70.1			15.8	2,531		2,531	100	22.0	26	83	41	8	63	9
77	RICHMOND		39.6			8.4	2,055	27	2,028	99	37.0	87	98	34	17	147	9
78	ROBESON		89.7	.2		18.5	5,747	416	5,331	93	40.2	272	107	29	23	173	10
79	ROCKINGHAM		71.9	.1		14.9	2,653	230	2,423	91	23.0	39	97	34	14	103	10
80	ROWAN	5	89.2			19.0	3,146	272	2,874	91	21.5	28	73	39	10	83	7
81	RUTHERFORD		47.9	.3		10.2	2,365	156	2,209	93	30.6	58	82	40	12	109	10
82	SAMPSON		50.1	.3		10.8	3,370	80	3,290	98	35.3	86	78	31	21	128	8
83	SCOTLAND		26.8			5.8	1,698	256	1,442	85	33.4	47	101	34	14	222	10
84	STANLY		43.6			9.5	1,686	52	1,634	97	26.5	35	76	43	9	96	11
85	STOKES		23.7			5.1	1,197	3	1,194	100	23.1	12	85	39	12	36	8
86	SURRY		52.6			11.6	2,455	207	2,248	92	30.6	68	83	37	9	41	5
87	SWAIN		8.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	582		582	100	31.9	15	112	31	18	155	12

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NORTH CAROLI	
24	39	16	26	1	2	1	694			●				●		●		HALIFAX	42
21	43	16	32	1	2	1	320									●		HARNETT	43
31	73	22	52			1	720			●						●		HAYWOOD	44
40	97	19	46	3	7	3	761			●						●		HENDERSON	45
14	59	8	34			1	509			●						●		HERTFORD	46
10	56	4	23							●						●		HOKE	47
1	18	1	18							●						●		HYDE	48
54	77	23	33	7	10	3	1,666			●						●		IREDELL	49
14	73	7	36			1	275			●						●		JACKSON	50
32	53	18	30	3	5	1	793			●						●		JOHNSTON	51
2	20	2	20							●						●		JONES	52
24	82	11	37	3	10	1	760			●						●		LEE	53
40	70	11	19	5	9	2	1,124			●						●		LENOIR	54
14	45	7	22													●		LINCOLN	55
11	37	10	33							●						●		MCDONWELL	56
12	83	6	41			2	165			●						●		MACON	57
8	47	8	47							●						●		MADISON	58
9	35	7	27			1	121									●		MARTIN	59
373	116	51	16	37	12	3	6,434	1		●			●			●		MECKLENBERG	60
8	62	6	46			1	261			●						●		MITCHELL	61
8	40	7	35			1	370			●						●		MONTGOMERY	62
41	105	13	33	2	5	2	866			●	●					●		MOORE	63
7	11	6	9													●		NASH	64
92	124	15	20	12	16					●						●		NEW HANOVER	65
10	40	10	40							●						●		NORTHAMPTON	66
23	23	12	12	1	1	1	620			●						●		ONSLOW	67
75	142	15	28	2	4	1	1,051	1	●	●						●		ORANGE	68
1	11									●						●		PAMLICO	69
25	90	9	32	3	11	1	713			●	●					●		PASQUOTANK	70
5	29	4	23			1	304			●						●		PENDER	71
2	23	1	12							●						●		PERQUIMANS	72
11	39	6	21			1	458									●		PERSON	73
62	82	21	28	5	7	1	1,047									●		PITT	74
18	155	5	43			1	226											POLK	75
31	44	18	26	3	4													RANDOLPH	76
20	51	13	33	1	3	1	544			●						●		RICHMOND	77
52	58	18	20	9	10	1	1,782			●						●		ROBESON	78
41	57	23	32	2	3	2	1,549									●		ROCKINGHAM	79
62	69	23	26	4	4	1	1,067									●		ROWAN	80
26	54	14	29	2	4					●						●		RUTHERFORD	81
20	40	14	28			1	594			●						●		SAMPSON	82
18	67	8	30	2	7	1	1,038			●						●		SCOTLAND	83
24	55	13	30	1	2	1	645									●		STANLY	84
5	21	4	17			1	45			●						●		STOKES	85
31	59	21	40	2	4	2	1,127			●						●		SURRY	86
3	36	3	36			2	280			●								SWAIN	87

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NORTH CAROLI																
88	TRANSYLVANIA		19.2	.2		4.2	930	54	876	94	23.5	11	83	32	9	74	9
89	TYRRELL		4.0			.7	279	199	80	29	41.5	11	60	55		182	14
90	UNION	1	48.8			10.6	2,188	148	2,040	93	37.0	105	96	32	17	92	10
91	VANCE		34.2			7.2	1,924	179	1,745	91	32.8	57	93	33	19	159	10
92	WAKE	1	201.6	.2		46.2	8,107	425	7,682	95	27.3	195	81	39	11	109	9
93	WARREN		17.5			3.4	1,132	297	835	74	38.8	42	87	31	26	157	14
94	WASHINGTON		14.1	.1		2.8	714	118	596	83	41.6	38	105	31	19	218	7
95	WATAUGA		20.6			5.1	1,565	57	1,508	96	20.4	5	59	35	13	7	10
96	WAYNE		89.5	.4		18.8	5,233	912	4,321	83	27.4	106	87	36	13	124	9
97	WILKES		50.9			11.2	3,060	62	2,998	98	28.9	55	79	37	14	60	9
98	WILSON		60.5	.1		13.3	3,546	68	3,478	98	35.2	117	88	35	20	188	7
99	YADKIN	2	24.1	.1		5.2	1,060	17	1,043	98	27.3	22	78	39	9	34	8
100	YANCEY		14.6			3.3	1,019	52	967	95	18.9	1	66	38	10	28	9
	NORTH DAKOTA 53 COUNTIES		643.0	.9	11.2	120.5	17,589	314	17,275	98	23.0	409	101	32	20	48	7
1	ADAMS		3.9			.7	109		109	100	17.4		110	31	21	51	5
2	BARNES		16.5			3.0	437		437	100	14.2		80	32	17	17	14
3	BENSON		8.5		1.3	1.4	302		302	100	33.6	17	108	22	35	205	6
4	BILLINGS		1.5			.3	66		66	100	31.3	2	69	22	22	111	33
5	BOTTINEAU		9.7			1.7	223		223	100	24.3	6	92	34	23	13	10
6	BOWMAN		4.1			.7	86		86	100	21.9	2	120	26	21	47	5
7	BURKE		5.3			.9	179		179	100	31.3	8	86	41	15	77	8
8	BURLEIGH		36.9			7.6	801		801	100	19.8	9	107	34	12	42	6
9	CASS	1	68.2			13.4	1,186	140	1,046	88	21.9	31	94	39	13	33	7
10	CAVALIER		8.6			1.4	249		249	100	17.8		109	23	23	65	9
11	DICKEY		7.2			1.2	244		244	100	20.5	2	93	29	25	36	9
12	DIVIDE		4.9			.8	147		147	100	24.5	3	98	21	28	26	5
13	DUNN		5.4		.4	.9	208		208	100	20.7	2	121	16	39	54	4
14	EDDY		4.6			.8	151		151	100	18.8		108	28	28	70	5
15	EMMONS		7.3			1.3	279		279	100	18.8	1	107	22	49	45	6
16	FOSTER		5.7			1.0	159		159	100	20.8	2	102	31	30	37	9
17	GOLDEN VALLE		2.5			.4	89		89	100	16.5		91	20	25		15
18	GRAND FORKS	5	67.1			14.0	1,248		1,248	100	21.8	32	104	39	12	49	8
19	GRANT		5.1			.8	197		197	100	24.6	4	87	16	37		3
20	GRIGGS		4.3			.7	110		110	100	30.4	5	88	32	19		10
21	HETTINGER		5.5			1.0	150		150	100	17.9		103	26	32		4
22	KIDDER		5.1			1.0	239		239	100	33.1	7	97	28	21	64	4
23	LA MOURE		7.5			1.3	258		258	100	13.9		87	19	31	17	9
24	LOGAN		4.5			.8	216		216	100	12.4		78	9	41		6
25	MCHENRY		10.1			1.7	336		336	100	23.3	6	96	21	40	24	4
26	MCINTOSH		6.2			1.1	307		307	100	24.3	4	68	18	32		5
27	MCKENZIE		5.8		.4	1.0	158		158	100	30.2	9	89	40	12	93	2
28	MCLEAN		12.9	.5	.7	2.4	474		474	100	30.5	17	85	34	24	99	5
29	MERCER		6.6		.1	1.2	257		257	100	21.3	2	85	33	13	38	4
30	MORTON		20.4			3.8	660		660	100	29.6	31	125	26	23	38	6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NORTH CAROLI	
11	57	7	37			1	336			●						●		TRANSYLVANIA	88
1	25	1	25							●						●		TYRRELL	89
21	43	14	29	3	6	1	1,021			●						●		UNION	90
13	38	7	20	1	3	1	583			●						●		VANCE	91
218	108	43	21	19	9	3	3,630	1		●						●		WAKE	92
5	29	4	23							●				●		●		WARREN	93
5	36	4	28							●						●		WASHINGTON	94
12	58	6	29			1	45			●						●		WATAUGA	95
53	59	21	23	4	4	1	1,058			●				●		●		WAYNE	96
17	33	8	16	2	4	1	714			●						●		WILKES	97
60	99	14	23	5	8	1	989									●		WILSON	98
4	17	2	8			1	196			●						●		YADKIN	99
5	34	5	34			1	123			●						●		YANCEY	100
																		NORTH DAKOTA	
510	79	204	32	29	5	50	9,779	2	1	1	1		1			1		53 COUNTIES	
2	52	2	52			1	117											ADAMS	1
8	49	8	49			1	236											BARNES	2
3	35	3	35															BENSON	3
																		BILLINGS	4
5	52	2	21			1	106											BOTTINEAU	5
2	49	2	49			1	64											BOWMAN	6
2	38	2	38															BURKE	7
73	198	8	22	7	19	2	1,282											BURLEIGH	8
107	157	12	18	8	12	3	1,652			●	●		●			●		CASS	9
3	35	3	35			1	63											CAVALIER	10
5	69	4	55			2	155											DICKEY	11
3	61	3	61			1	63											DIVIDE	12
																		DUNN	13
3	65	2	43			1	64											EDDY	14
3	41	3	41			1	67											EMMONS	15
2	35					1	91											FOSTER	16
2	82	2	82															GOLDEN VALLE	17
55	82	15	22	5	7	3	1,175		●									GRAND FORKS	18
3	59	3	59			1	84											GRANT	19
3	69	3	69			1	35											GRIGGS	20
2	36	2	36															HETTINGER	21
1	20	1	20															KIDDER	22
3	40	3	40															LA MOURE	23
2	45	2	45															LOGAN	24
2	20	1	10															MCHENRY	25
3	48	1	16			2	108											MCINTOSH	26
2	35	2	35			1	67											MCKENZIE	27
7	54	5	39	1	8	2	132											MCLEAN	28
3	46	2	31			1	67											MERCER	29
6	29	6	29			1	164											MORTON	30

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	NORTH DAKOTA																
31	MOUNTRAIL		8.9		.7	1.6	318		318	100	28.3	10	100	33	18	85	10
32	NELSON		7.8			1.3	224		224	100	23.7	4	87	38	16	52	12
33	OLIVER		2.1			.3	106		106	100	20.8	1	121	10	29		10
34	PEMBINA		12.1			2.2	360		360	100	25.3	9	75	33	17	49	5
35	PIERCE		7.1			1.3	216		216	100	15.3		113	34	23	28	4
36	RAMSEY		12.1		.2	2.0	258		258	100	15.2		123	28	28	72	8
37	RANSON		7.8			1.3	278		278	100	19.4	1	78	21	13	38	8
38	RENVILLE		4.4			.8	126		126	100	26.3	4	97	23	21	26	13
39	RICHLAND		17.7		.3	3.0	588		588	100	17.6		94	33	23	14	6
40	ROLETTE		12.9		5.1	2.4	573	130	443	77	29.6	24	139	19	33	164	7
41	SARGENT		6.5			1.1	235		235	100	30.1	8	96	37	22	19	7
42	SHERIDAN		3.4			.6	181		181	100	31.1	5	89	19	19		4
43	SIOUX		4.0	.5	2.0	.7	206	44	162	79	52.9	23	179	11	41	212	6
44	SLOPE		1.4			.2	29		29	100	8.5		173	38	38		6
45	STARK		20.2			3.9	611		611	100	26.3	23	120	28	22	34	11
46	STEELE		4.4			.7	104		104	100	23.7	2	76	50	11	36	
47	STUTSMAN		24.5			4.5	667		667	100	23.4	14	85	33	19	67	8
48	TOWNER		4.9			.9	113		113	100	25.5	4	78	26	32	29	9
49	TRAILL		10.5			1.9	267		267	100	18.0		65	31	23	32	5
50	WALSH		20.0			3.7	546		546	100	23.4	11	80	23	26	40	7
51	WARD		60.9			12.4	1,352		1,352	100	23.6	50	117	37	13	41	6
52	WELLS		8.5			1.5	300		300	100	17.7		89	31	16	15	4
53	WILLIAMS		19.2			3.4	406		406	100	23.6	14	98	32	21	30	8
	OHIO 88 COUNTIES		10,364.3			2,102.6	216,679	37,577	179,102	83	22.7	5,265	90	33	15	74	8
1	ADAMS		20.7			4.0	1,090		1,090	100	24.2	13	79	32	21	89	6
2	ALLEN	1	111.9			22.2	2,530		2,530	100	27.4	115	96	30	18	84	7
3	ASHLAND		39.3			7.8	760		760	100	21.4	14	91	35	12	76	7
4	ASHTABULA	5	94.7			18.5	2,016		2,016	100	24.0	59	92	29	17	49	8
5	ATHENS		57.8			13.0	2,748		2,748	100	23.8	26	57	39	14	51	9
6	AVGLAIZE		36.6			7.0	775		775	100	25.6	31	99	29	20	35	4
7	BELMONT	1	82.8			15.9	2,525	90	2,435	96	22.3	33	80	33	13	39	7
8	BROWN		24.5			4.6	927		927	100	25.4	20	84	28	23	41	3
9	BUTLER	1	209.4			45.3	4,064	406	3,658	90	22.2	97	87	34	15	64	8
10	CARROLL		21.6			4.4	585		585	100	26.7	18	88	32	17	51	5
11	CHAMPAIGN		31.6			6.4	864		864	100	21.4	11	82	33	11	76	11
12	CLARK	1	149.4			31.4	3,374	602	2,772	82	23.5	82	90	37	11	80	7
13	CLERMONT	3	90.2			19.2	1,710	172	1,538	90	21.0	31	87	30	21	51	9
14	CLINTON		31.2			6.1	981	20	961	98	20.0	8	95	34	13	58	9
15	COLUMBIANA		106.6			21.2	2,543		2,543	100	21.3	37	86	33	14	40	7
16	COSHOCTON		34.6			7.1	999		999	100	17.2		84	33	10	40	6
17	CRAWFORD		52.0			10.7	1,084		1,084	100	25.6	42	92	33	12	33	7
18	CUYAHOGA	3	1,732.1			343.6	29,564	12,191	17,373	59	24.7	1,187	91	34	14	94	9
19	DARKE		50.7			10.3	1,383		1,383	100	19.8	10	87	30	11	36	6
20	DEFIANCE		33.9			6.7	682		682	100	26.1	31	112	35	18	27	7

3

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		NORTH DAKOTA	
4	45	3	34	1	11	1	74											MOUNTRAIL	31
1	13	1	13															NELSON	32
																		OLIVER	33
5	41	5	41			2	201											PEMBINA	34
6	85	6	85			1	198											PIERCE	35
12	99	7	58			1	355											RAMSEY	36
5	64	4	51			1	58											RANSON	37
2	45																	RENVILLE	38
13	73	8	45	1	6	1	55											RICHLAND	39
8	62	7	54			2	269	1										ROLETTE	40
1	15	1	15															SARGENT	41
																		SHERIDAN	42
						1	121	1										SIOUX	43
																		SLOPE	44
16	79	7	35															STARK	45
2	45	1	23															STEELE	46
28	114	6	24	2	8	1	463											STUTSMAN	47
2	41	1	20			1	74											TOWNER	48
7	67	7	67			1	132											TRAILL	49
10	50	10	50			3	305											WALSH	50
53	87	13	21	3	5	3	1,170											WARD	51
5	59	4	47			1	128											WELLS	52
15	78	11	57	1	5	2	384											WILLIAMS	53
																		OHIO	
9,829	95	3,212	31	683	7	154	164,302	24	3	86	10	2	7	2	2	16	15	88 COUNTIES	
11	53	10	48			1	348			●								ADAMS	1
123	110	47	42	4	4	3	3,452			●	●							ALLEN	2
26	66	19	48			2	701			●								ASHLAND	3
57	60	31	33	2	2	3	1,459			●								ASHTABULA	4
36	62	20	35			3	3,635			●								ATHENS	5
14	38	13	36							●								AVGLAIZE	6
61	74	35	42	2	2	3	1,066			●		●	●			●		BELMONT	7
14	57	10	41	2	8	1	492			●								BROWN	8
187	89	66	32	17	8	3	3,135			●							●	BUTLER	9
4	19	4	19							●								CARROLL	10
16	51	13	41			1	391			●								CHAMPAIGN	11
111	74	41	27	8	5	2	2,535			●						●	●	CLARK	12
20	22	16	18							●							●	CLERMONT	13
20	64	13	42	2	6	1	895			●	●					●		CLINTON	14
64	60	43	40	3	3	3	1,911			●								COLUMBIANA	15
17	49	14	40			1	581			●								COSHOCTON	16
37	71	24	46	1	2	3	964			●								CRAWFORD	17
2,344	135	466	27	199	11	19	25,069	7	●	●		●	●	●		●	●	CUYAHOGA	18
22	43	17	34			1	736			●								DARKE	19
23	68	9	27	2	6	2	797			●								DEFIANCE	20

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	OHIO																
21	DELAWARE	2	38.9			8.6	916		916	100	21.4	13	67	37	10	34	8
22	ERIE	5	75.7			15.2	1,335		1,335	100	26.1	66	90	31	17	71	9
23	FAIRFIELD		69.1			13.8	1,597		1,597	100	18.6	6	89	34	13	46	4
24	FAYETTE		25.2			5.0	830		830	100	18.5	2	79	33	11	74	4
25	FRANKLIN	2	775.9			163.8	16,366	8,141	8,225	50	21.4	311	93	37	12	101	8
26	FULTON		30.3			5.9	639		639	100	14.5		101	29	18	17	7
27	GALLIA		25.4			5.2	1,031		1,031	100	30.7	29	68	39	11	103	9
28	GEAUGA	3	58.1			12.4	893		893	100	24.1	~~36~~	90	29	21	29	6
29	GREENE	2	112.6			25.9	2,167	51	2,116	98	20.7	30	76	36	12	48	7
30	GUERNSEY		37.4			6.7	1,161		1,161	100	18.3	2	83	33	14	68	9
31	HAMILTON	3	913.7			180.0	19,289	5,928	13,361	69	21.2	345	97	32	17	113	9
32	HANCOCK		61.9			12.6	1,352		1,352	100	20.0	13	85	35	13	37	7
33	HARDIN		28.6			5.5	901		901	100	23.9	18	94	38	10	39	7
34	HARRISON		16.6			3.2	524		524	100	18.5	1	89	35	14	42	3
35	HENRY		25.8			4.8	534		534	100	15.7		92	29	14	27	6
36	HIGHLAND		32.1			6.3	1,362		1,362	100	24.0	18	90	38	16	35	6
37	HOCKING		22.3			4.6	814		814	100	19.3	3	83	32	17	83	5
38	HOLMES		22.2			4.2	758		758	100	18.8	3	135	21	27	10	6
39	HURON		50.5			10.0	1,049		1,049	100	23.9	33	98	29	17	37	6
40	JACKSON		28.2			5.6	1,128		1,128	100	20.8	8	73	27	17	34	5
41	JEFFERSON	1	98.9			19.9	2,285		2,285	100	25.2	69	79	31	14	62	9
42	KNOX		40.9			8.0	944		944	100	25.3	28	82	34	13	34	7
43	LAKE	3	179.0			38.8	2,038		2,038	100	21.4	67	93	27	15	34	6
44	LAWRENCE	1	56.6			11.9	1,995	85	1,910	96	32.6	92	92	30	19	69	8
45	LICKING	5	103.5			21.5	2,221	230	1,991	90	21.0	33	84	32	16	59	8
46	LOGAN		33.8			6.6	917		917	100	21.8	14	90	33	16	57	6
47	LORAIN	1	242.2			50.0	4,215		4,215	100	22.9	136	102	29	18	45	8
48	LUCAS	2	474.5			92.2	9,344	3,426	5,918	63	22.9	248	95	33	17	86	8
49	MADISON		27.6			5.2	637		637	100	22.1	13	91	32	15	42	7
50	MAHONING	2	298.3			59.4	5,847	1,431	4,416	76	22.7	133	80	33	14	79	8
51	MARION		63.3			12.4	1,283		1,283	100	24.7	46	91	33	13	46	5
52	MEDINA	3	72.9			15.1	1,206		1,206	100	21.5	28	87	30	18	45	6
53	MEIGS		21.4			4.2	1,040		1,040	100	21.4	7	67	27	20	57	7
54	MERCER		33.5			6.1	746		746	100	23.8	24	114	27	29	17	7
55	MIAMI	2	81.4			17.0	1,703		1,703	100	24.4	51	90	33	13	38	8
56	MONROE		16.8			3.3	703		703	100	16.0		98	28	16	38	8
57	MONTGOMERY	2	576.4			121.4	10,888	1,918	8,970	82	23.8	367	94	37	13	92	8
58	MORGAN		13.8			2.7	512	55	457	89	15.9		75	24	18	78	8
59	MORROW		21.1			4.4	508		508	100	26.2	17	75	35	16	49	5
60	MUSKINGUM	5	80.7			16.2	2,158		2,158	100	20.6	24	94	36	15	94	8
61	NOBLE		10.4			1.9	405		405	100	23.2	5	83	24	20	25	4
62	OTTAWA		34.3			6.7	597		597	100	19.3	5	94	30	15	35	5
63	PAULDING		18.9			3.8	475		475	100	24.4	13	100	33	14	21	6
64	PERRY		28.4			5.4	914		914	100	19.7	5	97	30	22	73	5
65	PICKAWAY	2	39.0			8.6	1,261	72	1,189	94	22.1	17	80	36	10	41	7
66	PIKE		18.9			3.9	871	33	838	96	29.1	23	92	34	18	56	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		OHIO	
23	59	14	36	1	3	1	454			●								DELAWARE	21
64	85	25	33	4	5	2	1,038			●								ERIE	22
47	68	25	36	3	4	1	1,155			●								FAIRFIELD	23
14	55	11	44							●								FAYETTE	24
890	115	228	29	60	8	5	14,317	2	●	●	●		●				●	FRANKLIN	25
15	50	14	46			1	441			●								FULTON	26
36	142	6	24	3	12	1	890			●								GALLIA	27
28	48	9	15	2	3	1	410			●								GEAUGA	28
59	52	23	20	4	4	1	979			●							●	GREENE	29
22	59	12	32	1	3	1	590			●								GUERNSEY	30
1,180	129	314	34	84	9	6	18,377	3	●	●			●	●	●	●	●	HAMILTON	31
46	74	17	27	2	3	1	1,104			●								HANCOCK	32
24	84	15	52			1	446			●								HARDIN	33
11	66	9	54							●								HARRISON	34
13	50	12	47			1	257			●								HENRY	35
18	56	16	50			2	377			●								HIGHLAND	36
7	31	6	27			1	188			●								HOCKING	37
10	45	10	45			1	531			●								HOLMES	38
35	69	29	57			3	1,028			●								HURON	39
14	50	11	39	1	4	1	215			●								JACKSON	40
64	65	30	30	5	5	2	1,577			●								JEFFERSON	41
34	83	18	44	1	2	1	641			●								KNOX	42
115	64	39	22	11	6	1	2,236			●								LAKE	43
20	35	10	18	2	4	1	523			●						●		LAWRENCE	44
58	56	28	27	5	5	1	1,463			●						●	●	LICKING	45
18	53	13	38			1	440			●								LOGAN	46
173	71	68	28	12	5	4	3,857			●								LORAIN	47
607	128	196	41	44	9	8	10,111	4		●			●			●	●	LUCAS	48
13	47	9	33	1	4	1	355			●								MADISON	49
341	114	79	26	22	7	1	2,086			●							●	MAHONING	50
63	100	16	25	6	9	1	1,191			●								MARION	51
52	71	29	40	4	5	3	1,172											MEDINA	52
10	47	7	33			1	107			●								MEIGS	53
17	51	15	45			3	693			●								MERCER	54
60	74	33	41	3	4	3	1,475			●								MIAMI	55
4	24	3	18							●								MONROE	56
581	101	201	35	33	6	4	10,627	1		●	●		●		●	●	●	MONTGOMERY	57
4	29	4	29							●								MORGAN	58
7	33	6	28			1	242			●	●							MORROW	59
70	87	22	27	4	5	2	2,262			●								MUSKINGUM	60
4	39	3	29							●								NOBLE	61
20	58	15	44	1	3					●								OTTAWA	62
7	37	6	32			1	189			●								PAULDING	63
8	28	6	21							●								PERRY	64
22	56	14	36			1	425	1		●						●	●	PICKAWAY	65
10	53	6	32			1	125			●	●					●		PIKE	66

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	OHIO																
67	PORTAGE	2	110.6			24.8	2,053	191	1,862	91	23.9	66	81	32	12	50	7
68	PREBLE	2	34.4			7.1	848		848	100	20.1	8	89	29	12	32	9
69	PUTNAM	1	31.2			5.7	790		790	100	23.1	22	129	24	30	14	7
70	RICHLAND	1	127.8			26.2	2,233	1,011	1,222	55	19.2	18	91	32	13	71	9
71	ROSS		63.1			12.2	1,799		1,799	100	21.2	22	100	34	13	81	8
72	SANDUSKY		58.0			11.3	1,118	41	1,077	96	21.5	23	104	31	19	52	7
73	SCIOTO	5	83.1			16.9	3,155	23	3,132	99	23.2	45	82	33	20	81	8
74	SENECA		59.4			11.6	1,185		1,185	100	23.8	40	97	31	21	28	7
75	SHELBY		36.3			7.1	788		788	100	19.8	8	109	29	22	31	6
76	STARK	1	355.6			72.0	6,683	147	6,536	98	23.9	214	88	34	11	60	8
77	SUMMIT	2	540.0			107.9	8,894	1,067	7,827	88	22.4	255	90	36	13	85	8
78	TRUMBULL	2	223.6			46.0	3,854	200	3,654	95	20.9	69	88	34	15	53	8
79	TUSCARAWAS		78.1			15.4	1,841		1,841	100	26.5	66	87	35	14	52	7
80	UNION		23.1			4.7	646		646	100	17.6		78	38	12	48	8
81	VAN WERT	1	29.4			5.7	686		686	100	23.2	15	77	34	15	46	6
82	VINTON		9.8			1.9	472		472	100	22.3	4	104	34	20	50	8
83	WARREN	3	80.6			18.1	1,621		1,621	100	20.6	24	85	33	16	32	6
84	WASHINGTON		56.2			11.6	1,870	46	1,824	98	24.4	36	84	35	13	41	9
85	WAYNE		83.0			17.3	1,819		1,819	100	19.2	12	89	32	16	35	6
86	WILLIAMS		31.3			5.9	674		674	100	26.1	28	106	33	11	6	5
87	WOOD	2	79.3			17.3	1,553		1,553	100	18.9	9	73	35	16	41	6
88	WYANDOT		21.7			4.3	534		534	100	24.1	14	99	26	22	38	3
	OKLAHOMA 77 COUNTIES		2,476.5	7.0	65.2	496.2	91,952	10,323	81,629	89	23.6	1,436	80	38	12		8
1	ADAIR		14.8	.2	3.1	2.9	1,097	40	1,057	96	32.2	23	94	32	20		4
2	ALFALFA		8.8			1.5	254		254	100	19.1	1	48	42	3		3
3	ATOKA		10.4		.5	2.0	659	168	491	75	28.6	9	66	28	15		5
4	BEAVER		6.8			1.3	184		184	100	33.2	8	52	40	9		3
5	BECKHAM		16.3	.3		2.8	608		608	100	25.6	13	80	46	7		6
6	BLAINE		12.1	.2	1.0	2.2	501		501	100	28.9	12	76	32	14		12
7	BRYAN		25.2		.6	4.9	1,506	147	1,359	90	27.6	20	69	50	12		7
8	CADDO		30.2	.2	3.1	5.6	1,403	68	1,335	95	26.1	25	84	35	22		6
9	CANADIAN	2	30.3		.7	5.7	926		926	100	24.8	18	80	35	10		6
10	CARTER		37.8		.8	7.2	1,585	231	1,354	85	23.5	20	70	38	13		6
11	CHEROKEE		22.6	.1	3.2	4.9	1,551	494	1,057	68	21.6	8	61	36	13		6
12	CHOCTAW		16.3		.8	3.0	1,100	250	850	77	31.8	19	72	31	17		10
13	CIMARRON		4.4			.9	103		103	100	14.2		55	38	8		17
14	CLEVELAND	2	72.6		.5	17.1	2,635	61	2,574	98	16.5		75	39	5		8
15	COAL		5.9		.3	1.1	349	36	313	90	26.3	3	72	28	23		5
16	COMANCHE	1	105.2	.2	2.5	19.9	3,269	309	2,960	91	21.8	58	108	42	13		9
17	COTTON		6.8	.2	.4	1.2	306	48	258	84	18.5		69	48	8		8
18	CRAIG		15.3		.6	2.7	601	41	560	93	22.9	6	66	39	12		10
19	CREEK	1	43.2		1.2	8.8	1,879	55	1,824	97	23.3	20	80	39	11		7
20	CUSTER		22.1	.2	.8	4.3	730	42	688	94	28.9	26	82	46	9		6
21	DELAWARE		16.5		2.1	3.2	1,050		1,050	100	25.4	9	70	32	18		10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		OHIO	
55	50	23	21	4	4	1	1,274	1		●						●		PORTAGE	67
8	23	7	20							●								PREBLE	68
10	32	10	32							●								PUTNAM	69
114	89	35	27	10	8	2	2,274			●	●					●	●	RICHLAND	70
39	62	18	29	3	5	1	1,351			●								ROSS	71
35	60	20	34	1	2	1	695			●	●					●		SANDUSKY	72
71	85	35	42	2	2	2	1,632	1		●	●					●		SCIOTO	73
50	84	25	42	5	8	2	1,159			●								SENECA	74
23	63	15	41			1	684			●								SHELBY	75
330	93	68	19	33	9	4	6,450	1		●							●	STARK	76
535	99	144	27	45	8	4	9,255	2		●			●				●	SUMMIT	77
136	61	52	23	12	5	1	2,059	1		●								TRUMBULL	78
50	64	25	32	2	3	2	1,389			●								TUSCARAWAS	79
18	78	12	52			1	329			●								UNION	80
19	65	13	44			1	370											VAN WERT	81
1	10	1	10							●								VINTON	82
19	24	17	21							●								WARREN	83
32	57	15	27	1	2					●	●					●		WASHINGTON	84
67	81	29	35	3	4	2	1,062			●								WAYNE	85
19	61	14	45			2	547			●								WILLIAMS	86
43	54	33	42	1	1	1	767			●								WOOD	87
10	46	8	37			1	244			●								WYANDOT	88
																		OKLAHOMA	
2,008	81	777	31	120	5	97	31,158	10	1	60	19	1	3			42	2	77 COUNTIES	
4	27	3	20			1	143			●						●		ADAIR	1
2	23	2	23			1	26											ALFALFA	2
2	19	2	19			1	99			●	●					●		ATOKA	3
4	59	3	44			1	110											BEAVER	4
16	98	14	86			2	131											BECKHAM	5
9	74	8	66			2	154			●								BLAINE	6
11	44	8	32							●	●					●		BRYAN	7
11	36	10	33			1	103			●						●		CADDO	8
18	59	14	46	1	3					●								CANADIAN	9
33	87	12	32	2	5	1	381			●	●					●		CARTER	10
5	22	5	22			2	467	2		●								CHEROKEE	11
5	31	5	31			1	244			●	●					●		CHOCTAW	12
2	45	2	45			1	59			●								CIMARRON	13
67	92	31	43	4	6	1	954			●						●		CLEVELAND	14
2	34	2	34			1	59			●						●		COAL	15
49	47	17	16	4	4	2	987	1		●			●			●		COMANCHE	16
2	29	2	29							●	●					●		COTTON	17
24	157	10	65			1	156									●		CRAIG	18
14	32	14	32			3	548			●						●		CREEK	19
21	95	15	68			4	715	1										CUSTER	20
5	30	5	30			2	97			●								DELAWARE	21

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	OKLAHOMA																
22	DEWEY		6.3	.2	.3	1.1	231		231	100	17.1		59	30	15		6
23	ELLIS		5.8			1.1	192		192	100	16.9		51	33	19		15
24	GARFIELD		55.0		.2	10.8	1,626	47	1,579	97	18.5	4	86	33	9		9
25	GARVIN		27.5		.3	5.5	1,102	30	1,072	97	20.9	7	57	34	13		3
26	GRADY		29.5		.2	5.7	1,222	81	1,141	93	23.9	16	68	38	15		5
27	GRANT		7.6			1.3	213		213	100	7.7		45	31	14		3
28	GREER		8.9	.4	.1	1.4	333	245	88	26	42.4	17	59	38	8		10
29	HARMON		5.4	.9		.9	190	245			37.7	12	112	29	19		6
30	HARPER		5.1			.9	124		124	100	26.5	4	45	19	5		14
31	HASKELL		9.7		.3	1.9	644	81	563	87	36.3	15	64	38	20		10
32	HUGHES		14.8		1.4	2.7	836	58	778	93	19.6	2	73	35	18		7
33	JACKSON		28.6	1.4	.1	4.7	953	245	708	74	21.0	16	137	36	16		6
34	JEFFERSON		7.5			1.3	343		343	100	30.7	7	67	32	16		7
35	JOHNSTON		9.1		.6	1.6	559	15	544	97	25.1	5	72	41	15		7
36	KAY		48.5		1.6	9.4	1,291	86	1,205	93	24.1	28	77	37	13		9
37	KINGFISHER		13.7	.2	.2	2.6	444	24	420	95	26.6	11	74	35	11		8
38	KIOWA		14.2	.6	.7	2.4	553		553	100	21.6	5	80	34	22		6
39	LATIMER		8.6		.7	1.7	521	249	272	52	26.4	6	63	25	17		
40	LE FLORE	1	32.2		.9	6.2	1,997	414	1,583	79	24.1	18	68	36	19		8
41	LINCOLN		20.1		.2	3.8	905	93	812	90	21.7	6	73	39	10		3
42	LOGAN		17.5			3.3	751	89	662	88	25.8	13	64	39	14		5
43	LOVE		6.5		.1	1.2	339		339	100	15.0		73	29	22		18
44	MCCLAIN		12.9		.1	2.5	572		572	100	18.9	1	70	38	10		9
45	MCCURTAIN		29.1		2.0	5.6	1,912		1,912	100	29.2	31	106	31	20		5
46	MCINTOSH		12.8		1.3	2.5	864		864	100	19.8	2	60	25	20		7
47	MAJOR		7.9			1.4	286		286	100	21.9	2	64	46	4		4
48	MARSHALL		7.5		.3	1.4	368	40	328	89	19.7	1	55	36	23		13
49	MAYES		22.8		1.7	4.7	1,155		1,155	100	21.0	6	64	38	11		7
50	MURRAY		11.5		.3	2.2	595	82	513	86	26.6	7	65	41	12		8
51	MUSKOGEE		62.1		1.9	12.2	2,866	364	2,502	87	23.9	35	80	33	18		10
52	NOBLE		9.9		.4	1.8	338		338	100	15.2		57	49	14		
53	NOWATA		9.4		.2	1.7	319		319	100	20.4	2	75	34	14		5
54	OKFUSKEE		11.8		1.1	2.2	724	58	666	92	27.1	10	66	31	24		7
55	OKLAHOMA	2	483.6		5.3	101.5	12,947	1,714	11,233	87	24.9	395	89	37	11		8
56	OKMULGEE		36.5		1.6	6.9	1,645	407	1,238	75	36.5	61	89	40	17		11
57	OSAGE	1	29.7		1.7	5.8	940	87	853	91	22.6	11	62	38	13		9
58	OTTAWA		30.2		1.2	6.3	1,411	218	1,193	85	14.7		65	40	10		3
59	PAWNEE		11.2		.6	2.1	474	492			33.2	13	62	28	19		2
60	PAYNE		44.7		.3	9.4	1,823	233	1,590	87	20.2	11	72	48	8		9
61	PITTSBURG		39.9		1.1	7.5	2,117		2,117	100	21.7	12	74	34	11		9
62	PONTOTOC		25.9		1.0	4.9	1,106	118	988	89	23.2	13	75	42	10		9
63	POTTAWATOMIE		42.0		1.7	8.5	1,803	125	1,678	93	27.9	37	66	37	11		6
64	PUSHMATAHA		10.2		.6	1.8	657		657	100	31.6	11	84	32	22		6
65	ROGER MILLS		5.2	.2	.3	.9	231		231	100	21.4	2	72	39	18		3
66	ROGERS		24.6		.8	5.1	1,103	415	688	62	22.3	8	68	36	9		5
67	SEMINOLE		26.4		2.3	4.9	1,238		1,238	100	24.1	16	81	37	18		8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		OKLAHOMA	
1	16	1	16															DEWEY	22
7	120	2	34			1	51											ELLIS	23
55	100	17	31	4	7	2	962									●		GARFIELD	24
12	44	9	33													●		GARVIN	25
22	75	11	37	1	3	1	237			●						●		GRADY	26
2	26	1	13															GRANT	27
7	78	5	56			1	67			●						●		GREER	28
4	74	3	55			1	68			●						●		HARMON	29
4	79	4	79			2	86											HARPER	30
2	21	2	21			1	100			●						●		HASKELL	31
11	74	8	54							●	●					●		HUGHES	32
16	56	12	42			1	321			●	●					●		JACKSON	33
5	66	5	66							●								JEFFERSON	34
2	22	1	11			1	97			●						●		JOHNSTON	35
45	93	29	60	1	2	2	643			●						●		KAY	36
5	36	5	36			2	233									●		KINGFISHER	37
8	56	6	42							●								KIOWA	38
1	12	1	12			2	186	1		●						●		LATIMER	39
13	40	9	28			2	468	1		●	●					●		LE FLORE	40
10	50	9	45							●	●							LINCOLN	41
12	69	8	46	1	6	1	164			●						●		LOGAN	42
1	15	1	15							●								LOVE	43
5	39	5	39							●								MCCLAIN	44
7	24	6	21			1	214			●								MCCURTAIN	45
5	39	5	39															MCINTOSH	46
2	25	2	25			1	67											MAJOR	47
4	54	4	54			1	65			●	●					●		MARSHALL	48
5	22	4	18			1	148			●								MAYES	49
8	69	6	52	1	9	1	28	1		●	●					●		MURRAY	50
67	108	21	34	3	5	1	1,171			●	●					●		MUSKOGEE	51
4	40	4	40			1	101			●								NOBLE	52
2	21	2	21			1	51			●								NOWATA	53
5	42	5	42			1	78			●	●					●		OKFUSKEE	54
642	133	144	30	52	11	8	8,902	1	●	●							●	OKLAHOMA	55
20	55	12	33	1	3	1	320			●	●					●		OKMULGEE	56
10	34	9	30			3	137			●	●					●		OSAGE	57
12	40	9	30	1	3	1	365			●	●					●		OTTAWA	58
6	54	5	45			3	186	1		●								PAWNEE	59
35	78	17	38	4	9	2	691			●	●					●		PAYNE	60
24	60	9	23	1	3	2	652			●			●					PITTSBURG	61
31	120	9	35	3	12	1	522			●	●					●		PONTOTOC	62
28	67	10	24	1	2	1	261			●						●		POTTAWATOMIE	63
2	20	2	20			1	118			●	●							PUSHMATAHA	64
1	19	1	19															ROGER MILLS	65
6	24	5	20			2	511	1		●						●		ROGERS	66
10	38	9	34			2	288			●								SEMINOLE	67

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	OKLAHOMA																
68	SEQUOYAH	1	21.5	.1	1.2	4.4	1,429	138	1,291	90	19.6	4	95	27	19		11
69	STEPHENS		37.0		.2	7.7	1,258	21	1,237	98	21.3	11	61	43	8		7
70	TEXAS		14.8			2.9	348		348	100	22.1	7	82	43	11		9
71	TILLMAN		14.4	.9	.1	2.5	626		626	100	23.3	8	89	33	27		12
72	TULSA	1	368.2	.7	4.8	79.1	9,915	1,747	8,168	82	23.4	204	84	38	9		9
73	WAGONER		16.9		.3	3.3	854	62	792	93	15.1		76	33	14		9
74	WASHINGTON		41.9		.6	8.6	860		860	100	21.0	12	72	38	9		5
75	WASHITA		19.2	.3	.1	3.6	617		617	100	21.0	7	83	39	13		5
76	WOODS		13.4			2.7	463	10	453	98	16.6		62	52	8		6
77	WOODWARD		15.7			2.9	423		423	100	22.2	6	80	41	9		7
	OREGON 36 COUNTIES		1,972.8	.8	2.8	397.6	42,919	3,121	39,798	93	22.0	730	81	36	12	66	6
1	BAKER		16.0			2.9	352		352	100	22.9	7	99	25	15	14	6
2	BENTON		49.1			11.4	1,178		1,178	100	18.3	2	67	45	7	44	7
3	CLACKAMAS	2	146.1			31.1	3,104	200	2,904	94	17.7		72	33	12	49	6
4	CLATSOP		25.4			4.4	590	145	445	75	21.3	7	86	41	10	42	5
5	COLUMBIA		26.4			5.3	676		676	100	19.4	3	76	30	14	25	4
6	COOS		54.1			10.5	1,022		1,022	100	25.2	43	95	31	14	62	7
7	CROOK		10.1			2.0	202		202	100	18.5	1	74	41	5	53	7
8	CURRY		12.9			2.3	205		205	100	26.9	14	96	29	18	18	11
9	DESCHUTES		27.6			5.5	612		612	100	30.9	30	77	41	13	66	6
10	DOUGLAS		72.6			14.8	1,516	100	1,416	93	19.2	10	88	31	14	41	7
11	GILLIAM		2.6			.5	39		39	100	13.7		95	23	5	45	9
12	GRANT		7.3			1.3	130		130	100	22.9	4	83	16	9		4
13	HARNEY		7.6		.2	1.5	166		166	100	31.9	11	85	26	14	31	5
14	HOOD RIVER		14.4			2.9	297		297	100	18.7	1	61	31	17	23	3
15	JACKSON		91.3			19.0	2,385		2,385	100	19.0	9	75	37	12	35	6
16	JEFFERSON		9.1	.3	1.2	1.8	162		162	100	36.0	21	125	19	30	78	11
17	JOSEPHINE		37.0			7.4	1,076		1,076	100	18.6	2	74	29	16	43	6
18	KLAMATH		49.6			9.5	856		856	100	26.1	43	87	36	13	39	8
19	LAKE		6.3			1.1	95		95	100	14.6		73	26	19	23	7
20	LANE	1	200.7			43.3	4,129		4,129	100	20.6	53	86	36	11	58	7
21	LINCOLN		25.5			4.7	738		738	100	24.6	14	81	33	14	79	6
22	LINN		65.6			13.2	1,467		1,467	100	24.5	42	84	34	11	41	6
23	MALHEUR		24.2		.1	4.6	691		691	100	32.2	34	89	28	19	34	7
24	MARION	1	141.7			28.8	3,593		3,593	100	21.4	42	78	34	14	62	5
25	MORROW		4.3			.8	69		69	100	23.6	2	68	22	15		
26	MULTNOMAH	2	534.9			103.2	10,839	2,323	8,516	79	22.7	242	85	40	10	110	7
27	POLK	1	30.9			6.5	837	120	717	86	22.8	12	75	36	13	77	3
28	SHERMAN		2.8			.5	36		36	100	17.1		78	24	24		
29	TILLAMOOK		17.7			3.3	385		385	100	26.2	14	78	32	10	69	4
30	UMATILLA		44.8	.3	1.0	8.7	904	82	822	91	21.8	16	80	34	12	60	5
31	UNION		19.0			3.8	487		487	100	26.6	13	74	34	12	57	9
32	WALLOWA		6.7			1.2	150		150	100	20.1	1	86	47	6	38	6
33	WASCO		22.0	.3	.5	4.3	414		414	100	28.5	20	81	34	13	70	12
34	WASHINGTON	2	126.1			27.0	2,316	100	2,216	96	18.6	8	78	36	10	49	5

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		OKLAHOMA	
3	14	3	14							●						●		SEQUOYAH	68
17	46	16	43							●						●		STEPHENS	69
6	40	6	40							●								TEXAS	70
7	49	5	35			1	102			●								TILLMAN	71
405	110	75	20	33	9	5	5,888			●		●	●			●	●	TULSA	72
3	18	3	18							●						●		WAGONER	73
43	103	9	21	2	5	2	650			●								WASHINGTON	74
6	31	6	31			1	56			●								WASHITA	75
8	60	6	45			2	194									●		WOODS	76
18	115	10	64			2	276											WOODWARD	77
																		OREGON	
2,149	109	668	34	135	7	56	29,212	1	1	21	1	1		1		8	2	36 COUNTIES	
11	69	9	56			1	199			●								BAKER	1
59	120	17	35	3	6	1	836			●								BENTON	2
87	60	40	27	7	5	1	642			●						●		CLACKAMAS	3
21	83	10	39			2	391									●		CLATSOP	4
9	34	6	23			1	231			●								COLUMBIA	5
46	85	20	37	3	6	3	840			●								COOS	6
7	69	6	59			1	193											CROOK	7
3	23	3	23			1	106			●								CURRY	8
38	138	16	58			2	583											DESCHUTES	9
42	58	19	26	3	4	3	1,027			●						●		DOUGLAS	10
1	38	1	38															GILLIAM	11
4	55	3	41			1	93											GRANT	12
6	79	6	79			1	133											HARNEY	13
8	55	7	49			1	190			●								HOOD RIVER	14
98	107	24	26	6	7	2	1,264			●								JACKSON	15
3	33	2	22	1	11													JEFFERSON	16
28	76	12	32	2	5	1	495											JOSEPHINE	17
47	95	20	40	3	6	1	816											KLAMATH	18
5	80	4	64															LAKE	19
205	102	61	30	14	7	4	3,530			●								LANE	20
20	78	14	55	1	4	2	281											LINCOLN	21
36	55	28	43	1	2	2	959			●								LINN	22
18	74	12	49	1	4	2	564											MALHEUR	23
179	126	50	35	10	7	4	2,382			●								MARION	24
3	69	2	46			1	47			●								MORROW	25
976	182	172	32	75	14	8	11,241	1	●	●	●	●		●		●	●	MULTNOMAH	26
7	23	7	23							●						●		POLK	27
										●								SHERMAN	28
11	62	8	45			2	228											TILLAMOOK	29
36	80	13	29	1	2	3	642			●						●		UMATILLA	30
17	90	8	42			2	308			●								UNION	31
4	60	4	60			1	77			●								WALLOWA	32
19	86	11	50	1	5	1	325			●								WASCO	33
72	57	36	29	2	2	1	589			●						●	●	WASHINGTON	34

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	OREGON																
35	WHEELER		1.8			.3	24		24	100	27.5	2	116	35	12		
36	YAMHILL		38.8			7.8	1,177	51	1,126	96	20.3	7	64	39	14	36	6
	PENNSYLVANIA 67 COUNTIES		11,600.8			2,315.5	263,625	32,011	231,614	88	23.5	6,422	85	33	15	72	8
1	ADAMS	1	54.0			10.9	1,308		1,308	100	21.5	22	95	30	19	48	6
2	ALLEGHENY	3	1,600.6			315.0	31,467	6,349	25,118	80	23.5	864	82	32	14	63	9
3	ARMSTRONG		77.0			15.5	2,331		2,331	100	21.6	27	76	33	17	34	6
4	BEAVER	3	202.5			40.8	3,536		3,536	100	19.5	34	84	32	13	51	6
5	BEDFORD		44.2			9.0	1,581		1,581	100	20.9	14	90	30	14	34	7
6	BERKS	1	288.5			57.3	5,277	135	5,142	97	22.2	111	79	35	12	62	6
7	BLAIR	1	137.4			27.2	4,067	116	3,951	97	22.9	67	80	28	17	49	6
8	BRADFORD		55.8			10.8	1,461	50	1,411	97	22.0	27	103	26	16	41	6
9	BUCKS	3	355.0			74.7	4,379	425	3,954	90	20.1	85	91	28	16	27	7
10	BUTLER		119.2			24.2	2,499		2,499	100	17.2		91	32	13	31	8
11	CAMBRIA	1	191.6			38.1	6,571		6,571	100	24.5	118	77	29	19	50	8
12	CAMERON		6.7			1.3	108		108	100	33.8	12	95	30	23	33	7
13	CARBON		51.0			9.9	1,530		1,530	100	22.2	18	79	35	13	33	9
14	CENTRE		93.0			21.2	2,634		2,634	100	19.0	10	78	36	11	38	6
15	CHESTER	3	253.5			53.8	4,081	157	3,924	96	23.2	129	85	31	13	66	7
16	CLARION		39.6			8.2	1,194		1,194	100	18.4	2	87	32	15	50	7
17	CLEARFIELD		76.3			15.0	2,731		2,731	100	19.8	16	95	27	17	56	7
18	CLINTON		38.0			7.8	919		919	100	22.7	18	81	29	16	50	5
19	COLUMBIA		56.3			11.6	1,603		1,603	100	26.1	39	80	33	12	41	6
20	CRAWFORD		79.3			16.1	2,031		2,031	100	21.5	28	94	36	12	45	6
21	CUMBERLAND	1	139.3			29.3	2,360		2,360	100	18.6	11	83	34	10	54	7
22	DAUPHIN	1	225.1			44.8	4,783	1,460	3,323	69	23.5	125	79	36	12	151	9
23	DELAWARE	3	588.4			116.8	7,326	315	7,011	96	22.2	252	86	31	16	54	8
24	ELK		37.9			7.2	608		608	100	25.7	34	109	28	20	33	6
25	ERIE	1	254.8			50.2	5,469	145	5,324	97	25.2	201	98	33	16	66	9
26	FAYETTE		160.6			32.1	7,238	120	7,118	98	26.4	128	80	31	20	75	8
27	FOREST		4.7			.9	145		145	100	26.5	4	85	38	13	51	8
28	FRANKLIN		96.0			20.6	2,622		2,622	100	17.7		85	33	14	46	5
29	FULTON		11.0			2.3	462		462	100	19.0	1	92	40	11	46	7
30	GREENE		39.2			7.9	1,446		1,446	100	23.3	17	70	34	20	69	7
31	HUNTINGDON		39.0			7.8	1,567		1,567	100	23.5	22	89	35	11	74	7
32	INDIANA		74.5			15.8	2,561		2,561	100	20.2	17	76	32	15	37	5
33	JEFFERSON		43.6			8.4	1,405		1,405	100	20.8	13	74	34	15	38	5
34	JUNIATA		16.6			3.4	610		610	100	16.6		96	28	17	61	5
35	LACKAWANNA	1	225.3			44.2	6,999	220	6,779	97	25.4	143	78	31	15	26	7
36	LANCASTER	1	293.4			59.1	5,236	530	4,706	90	20.2	72	90	34	14	52	6
37	LAWRENCE	5	109.5			22.2	2,368		2,368	100	21.4	35	77	34	14	36	6
38	LEBANON	5	93.8			18.8	1,673		1,673	100	21.0	32	88	36	12	67	8
39	LEHIGH	2	240.0			48.6	4,342	225	4,117	95	16.9		80	37	9	52	6
40	LUZERNE	1	341.6			66.9	12,090	1,362	10,728	89	22.7	135	73	34	14	38	8
41	LYCOMING	5	113.4			22.0	2,729	65	2,664	98	23.1	62	95	36	14	92	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		OREGON	
																		WHEELER	35
23	59	17	44	1	3											●		YAMHILL	36
12,244	106	4,078	35	873	8	199	175,679	46	2	58	6	2	6	2	1		14	PENNSYLVANIA 67 COUNTIES	
30	56	20	37	1	2	1	853			●								ADAMS	1
1,888	118	481	30	158	10	23	27,131	5	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		●	ALLEGHENY	2
38	49	25	32			1	731			●								ARMSTRONG	3
145	72	61	30	7	3	3	2,504			●								BEAVER	4
21	47	13	29	1	2	1	443			●								BEDFORD	5
312	108	136	47	17	6	3	3,843	2		●	●		●				●	BERKS	6
132	96	52	38	12	9	3	2,633	1		●								BLAIR	7
75	134	16	29	4	7	2	928	1		●								BRADFORD	8
231	65	106	30	14	4	4	4,007			●	●						●	BUCKS	9
67	56	27	23	3	3	1	1,660			●								BUTLER	10
169	88	61	32	10	5	5	3,126			●								CAMBRIA	11
2	30	2	30							●								CAMERON	12
39	76	23	45	4	8	2	600			●								CARBON	13
60	65	27	29	4	4	2	1,948			●								CENTRE	14
229	90	85	34	18	7	6	3,294	4		●							●	CHESTER	15
9	23	7	18							●								CLARION	16
40	52	17	22	1	1	3	1,105			●								CLEARFIELD	17
24	63	14	37			2	567			●								CLINTON	18
45	80	23	41	3	5	2	1,043											COLUMBIA	19
59	74	29	37	2	3	3	1,395			●								CRAWFORD	20
125	90	56	40	8	6	3	2,427			●								CUMBERLAND	21
297	132	81	36	20	9	2	3,645	1		●	●						●	DAUPHIN	22
634	108	190	32	57	10	5	5,052	2		●								DELAWARE	23
25	66	11	29			2	837			●								ELK	24
219	86	81	32	12	5	4	4,544	1		●			●				●	ERIE	25
95	59	47	29	4	2	3	2,262	1		●								FAYETTE	26
2	43	2	43							●								FOREST	27
74	77	34	35	5	5	2	1,887			●								FRANKLIN	28
3	27	3	27			1	954			●								FULTON	29
24	61	9	23	3	8	1	408			●								GREENE	30
23	59	10	26	2	5	1	664			●								HUNTINGDON	31
40	54	21	28	1	1	1	940			●								INDIANA	32
29	67	19	44			2	688			●								JEFFERSON	33
6	36	5	30															JUNIATA	34
226	100	108	48	15	7	7	3,524			●							●	LACKAWANNA	35
260	89	140	48	14	5	4	4,523	1		●	●		●				●	LANCASTER	36
74	68	29	26	7	6	3	1,882			●								LAWRENCE	37
80	85	40	43	4	4	1	1,157											LEBANON	38
277	115	107	45	18	7	2	3,874	1		●								LEHIGH	39
314	92	147	43	14	4	8	4,787			●			●				●	LUZERNE	40
107	94	36	32	8	7	4	2,249	1		●								LYCOMING	41

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	PENNSYLVANIA																
42	MCKEAN		53.3			10.2	1,235		1,235	100	25.3	40	89	30	21	33	7
43	MERCER	5	126.1			25.2	2,509	100	2,409	96	21.0	38	81	31	13	59	8
44	MIFFLIN		44.7			9.1	1,274		1,274	100	25.2	34	91	32	13	27	6
45	MONROE		43.8			8.9	1,227	153	1,074	88	21.6	15	74	34	12	63	7
46	MONTGOMERY	3	588.6			121.6	6,560	484	6,076	93	19.2	71	74	31	13	41	6
47	MONTOUR		17.3			3.4	420	70	350	83	20.2	4	76	30	19	38	11
48	NORTHAMPTON	2	208.3			41.5	4,128	215	3,913	95	20.5	48	77	35	11	58	8
49	NORTHUMBERLA		101.0			19.9	3,593	49	3,544	99	23.0	47	80	34	13	46	7
50	PERRY	1	26.7			5.4	800		800	100	17.0		89	36	10	79	7
51	PHILADELPHIA	3	2,042.4			396.8	49,469	17,513	31,956	65	30.7	2,763	94	33	16	149	12
52	PIKE		10.0			1.8	276		276	100	21.5	3	92	44	11	24	12
53	POTTER		16.2			3.1	477		477	100	21.0	5	101	28	22	32	10
54	SCHUYLKILL		162.2			30.8	5,644		5,644	100	22.2	59	76	34	15	41	7
55	SNYDER		29.2			6.4	934		934	100	22.6	12	73	38	12	38	6
56	SOMERSET	1	76.1			15.3	3,081	83	2,998	97	23.2	37	75	33	16	55	6
57	SULLIVAN		5.6			1.0	153		153	100	21.2	2	97	23	21		6
58	SUSQUEHANNA	1	32.7			6.2	894		894	100	21.0	11	86	33	17	41	5
59	TIOGA		37.3			7.4	986		986	100	26.2	34	93	30	18	40	5
60	UNION		27.6			6.3	847		847	100	24.2	15	70	32	7	81	6
61	VENANGO		63.1			12.8	1,600		1,600	100	18.9	7	75	35	13	44	7
62	WARREN		49.0			9.5	941		941	100	25.5	34	84	38	10	38	9
63	WASHINGTON	3	212.4			42.7	5,620		5,620	100	22.3	83	75	33	13	60	7
64	WAYNE		28.7			5.0	774		774	100	14.3		88	27	20	23	8
65	WESTMORELAND	3	359.6			73.2	9,333	10	9,323	100	18.9	36	81	32	14	33	7
66	WYOMING		17.9			3.5	609		609	100	24.2	10	63	27	17		7
67	YORK	1	253.7			50.9	4,894	1,660	3,234	66	20.6	69	89	34	13	76	7
	RHODE ISLAND 5 COUNTIES		897.8			173.7	21,045	4,257	16,788	80	23.9	547	94	32	14	45	8
1	BRISTOL	7	42.3			8.6	805		805	100	17.9		79	31	13	26	10
2	KENT	7	131.4			27.4	2,495		2,495	100	21.2	42	85	29	13	27	7
3	NEWPORT	7	82.8			14.2	2,646	48	2,598	98	24.1	63	127	34	12	31	7
4	PROVIDENCE	7	568.5			108.7	13,478	4,106	9,372	70	24.8	393	92	33	15	56	8
5	WASHINGTON		72.9			14.8	1,621	103	1,518	94	24.1	49	107	32	13	24	8
	SOUTH CAROLI 46 COUNTIES		2,589.3	2.4		558.4	133,132	21,310	111,822	84	31.9	4,027	90	35	17	143	9
1	ABBEVILLE		22.3			4.8	1,173	112	1,061	90	38.2	44	91	31	20	156	15
2	AIKEN	1	85.0			18.5	3,498	76	3,422	98	28.0	89	88	36	14	72	7
3	ALLENDALE		11.1			2.3	777	160	617	79	38.3	26	86	40	13	347	8
4	ANDERSON	5	104.5			23.0	4,568	333	4,235	93	26.7	90	79	35	13	83	10
5	BAMBERG		16.6			3.4	1,072	170	902	84	31.4	24	100	26	30	185	8
6	BARNWELL		17.9			3.7	998	82	916	92	34.2	34	82	34	19	143	6
7	BEAUFORT		48.4	.1		9.5	2,689	838	1,851	69	52.5	131	59	30	29	239	5
8	BERKELEY	1	50.0			11.7	3,141	239	2,902	92	22.8	26	93	30	18	129	6
9	CALHOUN		11.2			2.1	754	183	571	76	47.7	43	98	28	31	229	11
10	CHARLESTON	1	261.1	2.3		56.5	13,474	2,860	10,614	79	28.1	344	106	35	16	167	11

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		PENNSYLVANIA	
32	60	16	30	1	2	4	754			●								MCKEAN	42
103	82	29	23	11	9	3	2,050			●							●	MERCER	43
35	78	15	34	1	2	1	934											MIFFLIN	44
48	109	17	39	4	9	1	678	1									●	MONROE	45
1,004	171	270	46	63	11	7	10,876	3		●								MONTGOMERY	46
86	498	6	35	6	35	1	468	1										MONTOUR	47
229	110	80	38	16	8	2	2,899	1		●							●	NORTHAMPTON	48
60	59	39	39	4	4	2	1,128	1		●								NORTHUMBERLA	49
11	41	8	30	1	4					●								PERRY	50
3,073	150	687	34	267	13	26	32,471	15	●	●		●	●	●			●	PHILADELPHIA	51
7	70	5	50															PIKE	52
8	49	5	31			1	158			●								POTTER	53
142	88	85	52	6	4	5	2,503			●								SCHUYLKILL	54
15	51	10	34							●								SNYDER	55
39	51	25	33	2	3	3	1,100	1		●								SOMERSET	56
2	36	1	18	1	18					●								SULLIVAN	57
16	49	11	34	1	3	1	156			●								SUSQUEHANNA	58
19	51	13	35			2	723			●								TIOGA	59
20	72	12	43			1	884			●								UNION	60
46	73	22	35	2	3	2	1,011			●								VENANGO	61
48	98	18	37	3	6	1	700			●								WARREN	62
160	75	75	35	8	4	4	2,957			●								WASHINGTON	63
22	77	14	49			1	314											WAYNE	64
246	68	108	30	13	4	5	4,809	1		●								WESTMORELAND	65
12	67	10	56			1	140			●								WYOMING	66
212	84	96	38	12	5	2	3,851	1		●	●						●	YORK	67
1,063	118	268	30	64	7	9	7,779	1		4			1	1			3	RHODE ISLAND 5 COUNTIES	
26	62	11	26							●								BRISTOL	1
95	72	32	24	6	5	1	1,676			●								KENT	2
61	74	19	23	4	5	1	606			●							●	NEWPORT	3
824	145	184	32	51	9	5	4,419	1		●			●	●			●	PROVIDENCE	4
57	78	22	30	3	4	2	1,078										●	WASHINGTON	5
1,708	66	714	28	121	5	56	34,304	3	1	46	8	1	2	2		45		SOUTH CAROLI 46 COUNTIES	
6	27	5	22			1	266			●						●		ABBEVILLE	1
38	45	17	20	4	5	1	786			●	●					●		AIKEN	2
3	27	3	27			1	149			●						●		ALLENDALE	3
83	79	32	31	6	6					●						●		ANDERSON	4
12	72	10	60	1	6	1	205			●						●		BAMBERG	5
10	56	10	56							●						●		BARNWELL	6
17	35	13	27			1	332			●						●		BEAUFORT	7
7	14	7	14			1	244			●						●		BERKELEY	8
4	36	4	36							●						●		CALHOUN	9
193	74	41	16	18	7	5	4,906	1	●	●		●		●		●		CHARLESTON	10

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	SOUTH CAROLI																
11	CHEROKEE		38.5			8.6	2,023	39	1,984	98	24.2	26	88	33	13	118	8
12	CHESTER		31.4			6.4	1,454	333	1,121	77	31.6	51	105	32	18	159	14
13	CHESTERFIELD		33.1			6.8	1,934	1,076	858	44	39.1	89	116	36	17	154	15
14	CLARENDON		30.8			6.5	2,203	350	1,853	84	39.8	77	91	26	29	225	7
15	COLLETON		28.3			5.7	1,872	286	1,586	85	39.6	73	94	32	29	146	9
16	DARLINGTON		56.4			12.6	3,215	1,069	2,146	67	38.9	135	86	34	21	155	9
17	DILLON		33.9			7.1	2,130	500	1,630	77	53.4	155	99	25	25	214	10
18	DORCHESTER		30.1			6.7	1,916	138	1,778	93	25.2	23	99	33	17	93	7
19	EDGEFIELD		15.5			3.2	979	243	736	75	43.0	43	88	24	25	150	7
20	FAIRFIELD		21.0			4.1	1,279	34	1,245	97	31.8	36	108	32	26	170	6
21	FLORENCE		93.2			20.9	5,241	362	4,879	93	40.4	227	85	33	17	133	10
22	GEORGETOWN		35.6			7.6	2,164	135	2,029	94	32.9	65	94	30	27	206	10
23	GREENVILLE	1	219.4			47.5	8,593	954	7,639	89	28.6	270	92	36	12	120	9
24	GREENWOOD		51.0			11.4	2,547	135	2,412	95	27.4	50	82	35	11	126	12
25	HAMPTON		17.1			3.4	1,166	44	1,122	96	35.9	35	109	43	14	165	10
26	HORRY		73.7			16.2	4,210	522	3,688	88	36.5	172	95	36	16	140	9
27	JASPER		11.7			2.5	866	175	691	80	35.1	24	90	34	22	241	13
28	KERSHAW		34.6			7.4	1,860	232	1,628	88	35.7	65	92	39	16	162	8
29	LANCASTER		43.3			9.7	1,826	545	1,281	70	30.5	55	83	34	14	113	11
30	LAURENS		52.3			11.3	2,355	187	2,168	92	23.2	25	74	34	17	96	10
31	LEE		20.6			4.1	1,409	434	975	69	48.7	83	81	31	29	253	8
32	LEXINGTON	1	72.0			16.2	3,122	497	2,625	84	25.3	56	87	41	11	105	9
33	MCCORMICK		8.7			1.9	612	138	474	77	65.7	50	97	38	30	75	10
34	MARION		31.2			6.6	2,104	473	1,631	78	44.2	88	84	34	24	201	11
35	MARLBORO		29.9			6.2	1,919	733	1,186	62	60.2	168	115	29	27	242	14
36	NEWBERRY		30.0			6.0	1,558	133	1,425	91	20.5	8	82	37	16	237	13
37	OCONEE		41.1			8.8	1,987	27	1,960	99	24.9	31	89	41	11	61	10
38	ORANGEBURG		71.9			15.5	4,651	853	3,798	82	40.1	194	92	32	21	175	11
39	PICKENS	1	51.4			10.9	1,923	113	1,810	94	20.8	16	93	39	10	81	8
40	RICHLAND	1	234.4			49.9	11,171	3,099	8,072	72	30.5	294	79	37	15	130	10
41	SALUDA		15.9			3.4	906	271	635	70	40.9	34	88	25	23	147	10
42	SPARTANBURG	5	172.0			38.3	7,884	976	6,908	88	26.9	156	82	42	10	126	9
43	SUMTER		76.8			15.6	4,097	265	3,832	94	25.3	83	116	32	20	129	7
44	UNION		30.8			6.3	1,315		1,315	100	33.2	52	89	31	16	138	9
45	WILLIAMSBURG		38.5			7.9	2,705	365	2,340	87	38.5	98	102	30	35	201	9
46	YORK		85.2			19.4	3,792	521	3,271	86	25.3	69	80	38	13	163	11
	SOUTH DAKOTA 67 COUNTIES		679.2	2.0	26.8	122.6	21,754	384	21,370	98	24.2	532	102	30	21	66	6
1	AURORA		4.8			.9	262		262	100	17.7		81	14	37	29	3
2	BEADLE		21.3			4.0	658		658	100	21.2	8	76	26	18	19	3
3	BENNETT		3.2	.3	.7	.6	128		128	100	29.3	5	139	17	37	146	7
4	BON HOMME		9.0		.1	1.6	433		433	100	16.5		83	30	16	15	1
5	BROOKINGS		19.6			3.6	688		688	100	17.1		90	43	9	24	4
6	BROWN		33.9			6.5	968		968	100	22.1	17	97	36	18	38	6
7	BRULE		6.6		.1	1.2	182		182	100	21.4	3	104	20	20	67	10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		SOUTH CAROLI	
14	36	8	21	1	3	1	806			●						●		CHEROKEE	11
10	32	6	19			1	555			●						●		CHESTER	12
14	42	12	36	1	3	1	336			●	●					●		CHESTERFIELD	13
7	23	5	16			1	179			●						●		CLARENDON	14
13	46	11	39			1	418			●	●					●		COLLETON	15
22	39	13	23	2	4	1	419			●	●					●		DARLINGTON	16
12	35	10	30			1	301			●						●		DILLON	17
11	37	9	30			1	103			●						●		DORCHESTER	18
8	52	7	45	1	6					●						●		EDGEFIELD	19
7	33	5	24			1	305			●						●		FAIRFIELD	20
78	84	32	34	6	6	2	1,293			●						●		FLORENCE	21
18	51	12	34	1	3	1	566			●						●		GEORGETOWN	22
230	105	79	36	18	8	5	4,730	1		●	●			●		●		GREENVILLE	23
51	100	15	29	6	12	2	1,249			●						●		GREENWOOD	24
9	53	7	41	2	12	1	225			●						●		HAMPTON	25
46	62	19	26	3	4	2	555			●						●		HORRY	26
4	34	4	34							●						●		JASPER	27
22	64	11	32	1	3	1	522			●						●		KERSHAW	28
17	39	13	30			1	768			●						●		LANCASTER	29
21	40	17	32			1	328			●						●		LAURENS	30
5	24	4	19			1	88			●						●		LEE	31
19	26	15	21	1	1					●						●		LEXINGTON	32
2	23	2	23							●						●		MCCORMICK	33
23	74	12	38	2	6	2	407			●	●					●		MARION	34
15	50	9	30			1	539			●	●					●		MARLBORO	35
18	60	12	40			1	298			●						●		NEWBERRY	36
26	63	20	49							●						●		OCONEE	37
51	71	22	31	4	6	1	859			●						●		ORANGEBURG	38
20	39	15	29	1	2	2	849			●						●		PICKENS	39
287	122	66	28	20	9	4	4,820	1		●						●		RICHLAND	40
3	19	3	19							●						●		SALUDA	41
142	83	43	25	13	8	2	2,534			●			●			●		SPARTANBURG	42
38	49	13	17	5	7	1	1,040			●	●					●		SUMTER	43
10	32	9	29			2	608			●								UNION	44
12	31	10	26			1	170			●						●		WILLIAMSBURG	45
50	59	22	26	4	5	2	1,546			●			●			●		YORK	46
477	70	241	35	18	3	52	10,084	7	1	21								SOUTH DAKOTA 67 COUNTIES	
										●								AURORA	1
18	85	9	42	2	9	1	424											BEADLE	2
2	62	2	62			1	58											BENNETT	3
3	33	3	33			1	69			●								BON HOMME	4
12	61	6	31			1	216			●								BROOKINGS	5
33	97	7	21	1	3	1	746											BROWN	6
3	46	3	46			1	103			●								BRULE	7

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	SOUTH DAKOTA																
8	BUFFALO		2.1		.8	.4	103		103	100	45.7	12	175	26	23	226	3
9	BUTTE		8.1			1.5	165		165	100	18.0		99	28	18	14	7
10	CAMPBELL		3.3			.6	108		108	100	32.3	5	98	38	24		3
11	CHARLES MIX		12.0		1.6	2.2	570	27	543	95	29.4	17	110	26	30	74	6
12	CLARK		6.4			1.1	291		291	100	36.2	10	97	20	15	73	2
13	CLAY		12.1			2.5	455		455	100	20.0	3	84	38	13	39	4
14	CODINGTON		19.2		.1	3.5	551		551	100	19.5	4	89	27	17	51	8
15	CORSON		6.0	.1	2.0	1.1	287		287	100	34.3	15	130	14	41	171	7
16	CUSTER		4.3		.1	.8	122		122	100	36.2	8	86	30	15	61	
17	DAVISON		17.4			3.3	514		514	100	21.9	8	93	33	15	46	3
18	DAY		9.9		.3	1.7	402		402	100	23.9	6	78	20	30	45	6
19	DEUEL		6.4			1.1	270		270	100	25.4	5	76	32	15	24	2
20	DEWEY		5.2		2.2	.9	209	14	195	93	17.4		120	9	43	75	2
21	DOUGLAS		5.1			.9	249		249	100	20.9	2	87	24	12	49	5
22	EDMUNDS		6.2			1.1	240		240	100	21.3	2	103	21	38	36	5
23	FALL RIVER		8.6		.6	1.4	183		183	100	29.1	10	98	39	17	43	4
24	FAULK		4.1			.7	165		165	100	47.0	14	110	13	45		5
25	GRANT		8.5			1.4	313		313	100	21.1	3	111	30	22	39	1
26	GREGORY		7.3	.3	.3	1.3	287		287	100	18.2		103	34	20	31	2
27	HAAKON		3.1			.5	79		79	100	26.6	3	112	21	38	34	3
28	HAMLIN		5.8			1.0	263		263	100	15.2		87	19	26		7
29	HAND		6.1			1.0	229		229	100	16.5		108	20	27		16
30	HANSON		4.6			.8	242		242	100	14.6		98	27	29		
31	HARDING		2.0			.3	45		45	100	16.7		115	29	29	59	
32	HUGHES		11.9		.6	2.2	184		184	100	28.7	19	112	37	18	65	9
33	HUTCHINSON		11.0			1.9	526		526	100	24.7	7	86	26	23	12	2
34	HYDE		2.8			.5	114		114	100	18.4		112	30	22	37	4
35	JACKSON		2.1		.2	.4	55		55	100	34.1	4	114	23	27	136	5
36	JERAULD		3.7			.6	186		186	100	16.1		59	32	32		
37	JONES		2.3		.1	.4	82		82	100	12.9		77	19	13		
38	KINGSBURY		7.8			1.3	257		257	100	14.2		87	23	18	35	4
39	LAKE		11.3			2.0	345		345	100	25.3	9	87	33	19	34	11
40	LAWRENCE		17.6			3.3	389		389	100	25.2	16	93	22	20	13	7
41	LINCOLN		12.4			2.2	503		503	100	13.3		84	29	14	33	3
42	LYMAN		4.1		.5	.7	123		123	100	26.1	5	95	38	26	59	6
43	MCCOOK		7.9			1.3	328		328	100	17.2		104	17	28	14	9
44	MCPHERSON		6.1			1.1	274		274	100	24.5	3	68	23	26		3
45	MARSHALL		6.5		.1	1.1	269		269	100	20.3	2	86	23	28	21	6
46	MEADE		20.8		.1	4.0	598		598	100	29.6	19	69	23	19	14	8
47	MELLETTE		2.7	.3	.9	.5	138		138	100	52.5	13	142	12	48	152	6
48	MINER		5.2			.9	261		261	100	23.6	2	80	24	22	27	3
49	MINNEHAHA	1	92.5			17.9	1,923		1,923	100	19.6	21	103	34	15	110	7
50	MOODY		8.6			1.6	346		346	100	17.3		78	34	22	31	6
51	PENNINGTON	5	54.6		2.7	9.1	836	44	792	95	26.5	91	151	36	14	63	11
52	PERKINS		4.8			.8	120		120	100	19.2	1	93	22	11		11
53	POTTER		5.0			.8	151		151	100	17.7		131	33	40		5

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		SOUTH DAKOTA	
																		BUFFALO	8
5	61	5	61			1	165											BUTTE	9
1	31	1	31															CAMPBELL	10
3	25	3	25			3	217	1		●								CHARLES MIX	11
1	16	1	16															CLARK	12
7	58	7	58			1	180		●									CLAY	13
23	120	10	52	1	5	2	446											CODINGTON	14
1	17	1	17			1	50											CORSON	15
2	46	1	23			1	15											CUSTER	16
21	121	9	52	1	6	2	533			●								DAVISON	17
4	41	3	30							●								DAY	18
1	16	1	16			1	31											DEUEL	19
1	19	1	19			1	103	1										DEWEY	20
1	19	1	19			1	78			●								DOUGLAS	21
2	32	1	16			1	77											EDMUNDS	22
6	70	6	70			1	140											FALL RIVER	23
2	49	2	49															FAULK	24
6	71	5	59			1	129											GRANT	25
4	55	4	55			2	159			●								GREGORY	26
1	33	1	33			1	33											HAAKON	27
2	35	2	35															HAMLIN	28
4	66	3	49			1	96											HAND	29
																		HANSON	30
																		HARDING	31
14	117	10	84			1	375											HUGHES	32
8	73	8	73			2	275			●								HUTCHINSON	33
																		HYDE	34
3	143	3	143															JACKSON	35
1	27	1	27															JERAULD	36
1	44																	JONES	37
4	51	4	51			2	107			●								KINGSBURY	38
7	62	6	53			1	193			●								LAKE	39
12	68	11	63			3	318	1										LAWRENCE	40
5	40	4	32							●								LINCOLN	41
2	48	2	48															LYMAN	42
1	13	1	13							●								MCCOOK	43
1	17	1	17			1	58											MCPHERSON	44
4	62	4	62							●								MARSHALL	45
3	14	2	10															MEADE	46
																		MELLETTE	47
1	19	1	19							●								MINER	48
112	121	35	38	6	6	2	1,933			●								MINNEHAHA	49
2	23	1	12			1	60			●								MOODY	50
65	119	15	27	4	7	2	984	1		●								PENNINGTON	51
2	42	2	42			1	47											PERKINS	52
2	40	1	20			1	93											POTTER	53

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	SOUTH DAKOTA																
54	ROBERTS		13.3		1.6	2.3	598	45	553	92	28.1	16	111	33	23	156	7
55	SANBORN		4.2			.7	152		152	100	15.9		73	16	52		8
56	SHANNON		8.0	.3	5.6	1.5	483	158	325	67	54.7	62	227	19	39	240	4
57	SPINK		10.3			1.8	410		410	100	19.1	1	95	24	15	47	7
58	STANLEY		2.9		.1	.4	24		24	100	29.5	6	101	22	26	130	4
59	SULLY		2.5			.4	75		75	100	37.4	7	102	18	32	45	
60	TODD		5.2	.3	3.1	1.0	313	96	217	69	61.8	40	219	27	31	171	8
61	TRIPP		8.7	.3	.6	1.6	268		268	100	19.3	2	105	34	18	84	8
62	TURNER		10.4			1.8	456		456	100	19.5	2	68	27	27		5
63	UNION		10.0			1.8	324		324	100	27.0	9	97	30	26	23	5
64	WALWORTH		8.2		.2	1.5	226		226	100	21.6	4	98	23	33	110	5
65	WASHABAUGH		1.0	.3	.4	.2	25		25	100	39.5	3	232	11	50	222	
66	YANKTON		18.3			3.4	666		666	100	21.0	6	100	39	19	98	7
67	ZIEBACH		2.2		1.1	.4	65		65	100	23.2	2	169	23	50	100	
	TENNESSEE 95 COUNTIES		3,865.6	1.7		823.7	186,064	12,180	173,884	93	28.4	4,212	83	36	14	112	9
1	ANDERSON	1	61.7			13.7	2,326	287	2,039	88	23.5	36	74	36	12	53	8
2	BEDFORD		25.0	.1		5.2	1,145		1,145	100	26.9	21	79	37	13	58	8
3	BENTON		11.9			2.4	652		652	100	19.5	2	88	32	12	48	7
4	BLEDSOE		7.8			1.5	579		579	100	31.5	11	83	31	17	47	3
5	BLOUNT	1	60.3			13.5	2,562		2,562	100	27.6	57	77	38	11	58	7
6	BRADLEY		45.2			10.4	2,247		2,247	100	31.7	68	92	36	9	46	6
7	CAMPBELL		27.6	.1		6.0	1,998		1,998	100	37.7	61	83	36	17	65	9
8	CANNON		8.7			1.8	499		499	100	24.4	5	82	42	11	68	3
9	CARROLL		25.4			5.1	1,509		1,509	100	27.3	19	77	33	16	153	8
10	CARTER	5	42.8			9.8	1,999		1,999	100	24.5	25	70	36	13	52	8
11	CHEATHAM		10.7			2.2	510	19	491	96	20.8	3	76	33	10	12	11
12	CHESTER		10.3			2.2	687		687	100	29.6	11	71	21	20	75	6
13	CLAIBORNE		18.7			3.8	1,339		1,339	100	30.9	28	89	37	15	35	7
14	CLAY		7.2			1.6	572		572	100	27.9	7	66	40	17	58	6
15	COCKE		25.8			5.6	1,767		1,767	100	38.1	59	92	40	12	100	8
16	COFFEE		32.7	.1		7.3	1,502		1,502	100	28.8	37	78	39	9	21	7
17	CROCKETT		15.4			3.0	903		903	100	28.0	15	88	39	17	167	10
18	CUMBERLAND		20.5			4.2	1,385		1,385	100	31.8	31	86	36	15	61	13
19	DAVIDSON	2	439.6			95.4	16,338	5,227	11,111	68	26.8	415	82	38	12	108	9
20	DECATUR		9.2			1.9	627		627	100	24.9	5	82	38	13	65	8
21	DE KALB		11.0			2.2	712		712	100	29.5	13	83	33	13	22	7
22	DICKSON		21.8			4.4	1,114		1,114	100	28.9	24	89	38	15	51	5
23	DYER		30.9			6.2	1,742		1,742	100	23.5	17	80	37	15	100	12
24	FAYETTE		24.2			4.4	1,637		1,637	100	44.2	82	113	24	39	282	13
25	FENTRESS		13.9			3.0	1,032		1,032	100	29.4	19	85	40	19	62	9
26	FRANKLIN		27.3			5.6	1,336	57	1,279	96	30.6	35	82	37	11	79	8
27	GIBSON		50.2			10.1	2,872		2,872	100	31.6	62	81	36	19	159	9
28	GILES		22.1			4.4	1,247		1,247	100	28.6	21	79	34	15	98	4
29	GRAINGER		13.9			2.9	886		886	100	26.2	12	90	39	10	30	7
30	GREENE		48.7			11.1	2,776		2,776	100	31.1	57	69	39	9	57	12

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		SOUTH DAKOTA	
4	30	4	30			2	187	1		●								ROBERTS	54
																		SANBORN	55
						1	332	1										SHANNON	56
9	87	5	48			1	106											SPINK	57
																		STANLEY	58
																		SULLY	59
						1	169	1										TODD	60
4	46	3	35															TRIPP	61
5	48	5	48			1	52			●								TURNER	62
1	10	1	10															UNION	63
6	73	4	49			1	177											WALWORTH	64
																		WASHABAUGH	65
29	159	9	49	3	16	1	550											YANKTON	66
																		ZIEBACH	67
																		TENNESSEE	
3,196	83	993	26	221	6	81	59,484	10	2	86	1	1	3		2	71	1	95 COUNTIES	
50	81	18	29	3	5	1	731			●						●	●	ANDERSON	1
15	60	13	52			1	450			●						●		BEDFORD	2
4	34	2	17							●								BENTON	3
2	26	2	26							●						●		BLEDSOE	4
48	80	14	23	5	8	1	1,038			●						●		BLOUNT	5
29	64	10	22	3	7	1	1,174			●						●		BRADLEY	6
11	40	8	29			1	437			●						●		CAMPBELL	7
3	35	3	35			1	101			●								CANNON	8
7	28	6	24							●						●		CARROLL	9
14	33	11	26	1	2	1	614			●						●		CARTER	10
3	28	1	9													●		CHEATHAM	11
3	29	3	29							●								CHESTER	12
5	27	5	27			1	274			●						●		CLAIBORNE	13
3	42	2	28							●								CLAY	14
7	27	7	27							●						●		COCKE	15
17	52	12	37	1	3	1	357			●						●		COFFEE	16
5	32	5	32							●						●		CROCKETT	17
14	68	7	34	2	10	1	387			●						●		CUMBERLAND	18
548	125	71	16	48	11	8	8,575	3	●	●	●	●	●		●	●		DAVIDSON	19
3	33	3	33			1	32			●						●		DECATUR	20
6	55	5	46							●			●			●		DE KALB	21
12	55	7	32															DICKSON	22
24	78	13	42	1	3	1	591			●						●		DYER	23
6	25	6	25							●						●		FAYETTE	24
4	29	4	29			1	165			●						●		FENTRESS	25
11	40	7	26			2	259			●						●		FRANKLIN	26
28	56	22	44			2	543			●						●		GIBSON	27
10	45	9	41			1	325			●						●		GILES	28
2	14	2	14							●						●		GRAINGER	29
22	45	14	29	1	2	2	640			●						●		GREENE	30

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TENNESSEE																
31	GRUNDY		11.1			2.3	841	52	789	94	26.5	11	98	42	16	80	6
32	HAMBLEN		38.1			8.9	1,876		1,876	100	35.1	66	84	40	8	34	8
33	HAMILTON	1	245.8			52.6	9,820	200	9,620	98	29.0	282	85	37	11	123	9
34	HANCOCK		7.5			1.6	617		617	100	42.2	16	80	45	22	108	8
35	HARDEMAN		24.2			4.5	1,552		1,552	100	31.1	34	103	23	27	194	9
36	HARDIN		19.2			4.1	1,359		1,359	100	35.8	31	70	34	16	158	10
37	HAWKINS		31.9			6.8	1,812		1,812	100	21.7	12	82	40	13	46	6
38	HAYWOOD		22.0			4.0	1,340		1,340	100	55.1	110	106	31	32	217	8
39	HENDERSON		17.7			3.6	1,123		1,123	100	28.2	17	80	40	8	63	6
40	HENRY		22.8			4.4	1,160		1,160	100	21.4	7	68	35	17	93	10
41	HICKMAN		11.9			2.4	669		669	100	23.8	7	75	34	12	87	8
42	HOUSTON		5.3			1.0	323		323	100	10.2		91	45	26	85	4
43	HUMPHREYS		11.3			2.2	549		549	100	18.7	1	84	33	21	54	5
44	JACKSON		8.6			1.7	619	6	613	99	24.2	5	89	28	23	120	7
45	JEFFERSON		26.3			6.2	1,452		1,452	100	29.4	27	75	39	8	73	9
46	JOHNSON		11.3			2.5	869		869	100	37.7	19	66	38	11	62	5
47	KNOX	1	271.0	.2		59.0	10,955	1,500	9,455	86	23.1	139	76	39	12	85	8
48	LAKE		9.4			1.8	621		621	100	56.5	47	111	30	18	167	17
49	LAUDERDALE		21.9			4.0	1,390		1,390	100	40.4	61	100	33	24	190	13
50	LAWRENCE		29.7			6.1	1,535		1,535	100	24.4	23	95	34	15	21	5
51	LEWIS		6.5			1.3	385		385	100	21.9	3	89	34	3	17	17
52	LINCOLN		26.1			5.4	1,383		1,383	100	31.6	36	79	38	13	33	9
53	LOUDON		23.8			5.1	1,064		1,064	100	28.6	26	74	39	12	58	5
54	MCMINN		35.6			7.7	1,923		1,923	100	25.8	28	87	39	11	42	7
55	MCNAIRY		19.0			4.0	1,307		1,307	100	21.1	5	82	40	12	85	7
56	MACON		12.9			2.6	881		881	100	23.1	6	69	45	7	22	2
57	MADISON		63.4	.1		12.6	3,137		3,137	100	32.4	97	82	33	20	171	8
58	MARION		21.3			4.5	1,246		1,246	100	26.1	18	90	37	12	50	8
59	MARSHALL		18.2			3.7	885		885	100	25.7	13	74	40	10	87	8
60	MAURY		44.8			9.3	2,027	100	1,927	95	24.3	30	82	35	13	94	12
61	MEIGS		5.1			1.1	358		358	100	27.2	4	84	36	22	22	9
62	MONROE		24.2			5.3	1,518		1,518	100	27.9	25	90	33	19	54	5
63	MONTGOMERY		60.0			12.3	2,591		2,591	100	37.9	112	78	35	15	114	10
64	MOORE		3.0			.6	141		141	100	30.2	3	67	20	15		
65	MORGAN		14.2			2.8	1,012		1,012	100	28.2	15	76	40	14	47	5
66	OBION		29.4			5.8	1,462		1,462	100	25.3	18	83	37	11	67	7
67	OVERTON		16.2			3.6	1,253		1,253	100	36.5	27	70	37	18	96	6
68	PERRY		5.0			1.0	350		350	100	41.2	9	61	31	6	94	3
69	PICKETT		4.4			.9	300		300	100	39.8	9	58	26	19	37	11
70	POLK		12.6			2.7	649		649	100	32.1	19	72	37	9	20	7
71	PUTNAM		34.4	.1		7.6	2,223		2,223	100	26.0	25	74	36	9	25	7
72	RHEA		16.8			3.6	1,098		1,098	100	25.6	14	85	34	10	58	8
73	ROANE		39.1			8.7	1,729		1,729	100	29.1	46	73	37	11	69	10
74	ROBERTON		30.5			6.1	1,513		1,513	100	31.1	39	83	36	16	94	11
75	RUTHERFORD		63.5			13.5	2,779	250	2,529	91	23.5	41	98	36	16	47	7
76	SCOTT		16.3			3.5	1,361		1,361	100	38.8	40	93	34	24	85	9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TENNESSEE	
1	9	1	9							●						●		GRUNDY	31
18	47	9	24	2	5	1	804			●						●		HAMBLEN	32
300	122	50	20	24	10	2	4,717	1		●			●		●			HAMILTON	33
1	13	1	13							●						●		HANCOCK	34
20	83	9	37	1	4					●						●		HARDEMAN	35
7	36	6	31			1	386			●								HARDIN	36
11	34	11	34			1	250			●						●		HAWKINS	37
8	36	7	32			1	155			●						●		HAYWOOD	38
7	40	5	28	1	6	1	263			●						●		HENDERSON	39
17	74	7	31			1	299			●								HENRY	40
2	17	1	8			1	83											HICKMAN	41
2	37	2	37							●						●		HOUSTON	42
8	71	3	27	1	9					●								HUMPHREYS	43
3	35	3	35							●						●		JACKSON	44
12	46	10	38	1	4	1	336			●						●		JEFFERSON	45
4	35	4	35							●								JOHNSON	46
348	128	86	32	21	8	4	5,268	1		●						●		KNOX	47
3	32	2	21							●						●		LAKE	48
9	41	9	41			1	166			●						●		LAUDERDALE	49
13	44	11	37			2	539			●								LAWRENCE	50
3	46	2	31															LEWIS	51
15	58	10	38			1	467			●						●		LINCOLN	52
8	34	7	29	1	4	1	237			●						●		LOUDON	53
20	56	14	39	1	3	1	162			●						●		MCMINN	54
5	26	4	21			1	196			●								MCNAIRY	55
4	31	3	23							●						●		MACON	56
65	102	11	17	6	9	1	1,365									●		MADISON	57
9	42	8	38							●						●		MARION	58
11	60	7	38							●						●		MARSHALL	59
31	69	14	31	2	4	1	730			●						●		MAURY	60
1	19									●						●		MEIGS	61
14	58	9	37			2	375			●						●		MONROE	62
39	65	12	20	5	8	1	675									●		MONTGOMERY	63
1	34	1	34							●						●		MOORE	64
2	14	2	14							●						●		MORGAN	65
22	75	10	34	1	3	1	592			●						●		OBION	66
5	31	5	31			1	262			●						●		OVERTON	67
2	40	2	40							●								PERRY	68
1	23			1	23					●								PICKETT	69
7	56	6	48			1	322			●						●		POLK	70
19	55	13	38	2	6	1	487			●						●		PUTNAM	71
6	36	6	36			1	261			●								RHEA	72
17	43	12	31			2	690			●						●		ROANE	73
14	46	11	36			1	454									●		ROBERTON	74
40	63	5	8	4	6	2	927			●						●		RUTHERFORD	75
6	37	5	31			1	425			●						●		SCOTT	76

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TENNESSEE																
77	SEQUATCHIC		6.3			1.4	373		373	100	24.9	5	79	35	15	145	11
78	SEVIER		27.4			6.1	1,678		1,678	100	22.1	11	71	41	14	23	5
79	SHELBY	2	696.0	.6		148.6	29,273	4,389	24,884	85	29.2	918	92	35	17	222	12
80	SMITH		13.0			2.5	740	80	660	89	36.4	23	73	43	12	65	10
81	STEWART		7.7			1.5	491		491	100	25.8	5	73	40	13	36	5
82	SULLIVAN	5	127.3	.2		29.8	5,034		5,034	100	21.6	46	78	40	8	34	7
83	SUMNER	2	47.0			9.9	2,283		2,283	100	24.4	29	87	34	10	65	7
84	TIPTON		30.8			6.2	1,760		1,760	100	42.9	95	105	30	21	156	9
85	TROUSDALE		5.0			.9	276		276	100	19.1	1	63	30	23	33	7
86	UNICOI		15.1			3.3	734		734	100	24.7	10	70	33	17	87	10
87	UNION		9.3			2.0	612		612	100	35.6	14	92	38	19	32	10
88	VAN BUREN		3.6			.8	278		278	100	23.0	2	56	50	5		9
89	WARREN		25.5			5.4	1,504		1,504	100	23.9	16	91	37	12	61	6
90	WASHINGTON	5	70.3	.2		15.2	3,126	13	3,113	100	23.4	39	78	40	13	64	7
91	WAYNE		11.9			2.5	798		798	100	27.7	12	85	27	16	19	11
92	WEAKLEY		26.7			5.3	1,497		1,497	100	19.5	3	67	40	12	89	10
93	WHITE		16.4			3.4	1,091		1,091	100	40.7	37	81	41	14	43	5
94	WILLIAMSON		29.6			6.4	1,376		1,376	100	27.5	27	73	35	12	43	9
95	WILSON	2	33.2			6.9	1,583		1,583	100	30.2	38	95	37	13	58	9
	TEXAS 254 COUNTIES		10,746.6	143.5		2,211.0	399,878	44,758	355,120	89	27.0	10,849	94	33	18	78	9
1	ANDERSON		29.6			5.5	1,361		1,361	100	28.7	27	74	34	18	116	4
2	ANDREWS		12.1			2.6	203		203	100	36.4	24	79	38	12	29	12
3	ANGELINA		48.3			10.1	2,246		2,246	100	24.2	29	96	34	14	73	9
4	ARANSAS		7.9			1.6	356		356	100	29.0	8	83	29	24	76	12
5	ARCHER	1	6.2			1.2	151		151	100	16.2		71	17	24		7
6	ARMSTRONG		2.0			.3	43		43	100	29.9	2	53	67	11	111	11
7	ATASCOSA		20.4	.6		4.2	1,118		1,118	100	30.3	27	92	28	27	16	5
8	AUSTIN		14.3			2.5	702		702	100	22.7	5	68	27	22	151	10
9	BAILEY		10.3			2.1	348		348	100	42.5	31	90	27	23	11	9
10	BANDERA		4.4			.8	219		219	100	26.3	2	44	22	28		6
11	BASTROP		16.6			2.9	878		878	100	36.8	29	84	27	28	106	8
12	BAYLOR		5.9			1.1	231		231	100	30.0	7	63	35	18	29	18
13	BEE		24.6	.3		4.7	1,114	330	784	70	30.9	42	117	26	20	22	5
14	BELL	5	119.6	.5		22.9	4,602	438	4,164	90	25.8	133	105	39	13	59	11
15	BEXAR	2	797.1	15.0		163.5	32,430	4,349	28,081	87	25.8	770	101	31	21	84	8
16	BLANCO		3.7			.6	140		140	100	29.6	4	73	26	17	43	17
17	BORDEN		1.3			.3	42		42	100	12.8		21	67			67
18	BOSQUE		11.5			1.9	515		515	100	23.2	3	63	35	10	50	12
19	BOWIE	1	65.8	.5		13.0	2,983	348	2,635	88	21.1	21	83	35	17	100	9
20	BRAZORIA	3	94.0	.1		20.0	2,690		2,690	100	19.5	15	87	32	15	42	7
21	BRAZOS		51.0	.3		9.4	2,166		2,166	100	32.2	84	116	42	14	86	7
22	BREWSTER		7.2			1.5	334		334	100	30.3	11	112	33	24	36	11
23	BRISCOE		3.7			.7	140		140	100	37.6	8	84	23	20		
24	BROOKS		8.7	.8		1.7	484	220	264	55	22.0	5	118	27	27	57	6
25	BROWN		26.7			4.9	1,247		1,247	100	23.1	12	75	40	11	66	9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TENNESSEE	
1	16	1	16							●						●		SEQUATCHIC	77
9	33	9	33			1	203			●						●		SEVIER	78
792	114	152	22	67	10	4	14,217	3	●	●						●		SHELBY	79
7	54	6	46							●						●		SMITH	80
4	52	4	52							●						●		STEWART	81
132	104	28	22	10	8	2	3,515	1		●						●		SULLIVAN	82
21	45	14	30			2	485			●						●		SUMNER	83
8	26	7	23			1	138									●		TIPTON	84
2	40	2	40							●						●		TROUSDALE	85
5	33	5	33			1	192			●								UNICOI	86
1	11	1	11							●						●		UNION	87
1	28	1	28							●								VAN BUREN	88
9	35	6	24							●						●		WARREN	89
79	112	15	21	4	6	1	1,324	1		●								WASHINGTON	90
3	25	2	17			1	60			●								WAYNE	91
11	41	9	34			1	112			●								WEAKLEY	92
9	55	7	43			1	281			●								WHITE	93
11	37	9	30			1	371			●						●		WILLIAMSON	94
14	42	7	21	1	3					●						●		WILSON	95
																		TEXAS	
9,347	87	3,203	30	650	6	242	140,851	15	3	92	22		6	2		21	13	254 COUNTIES	
17	57	12	41			1	291			●								ANDERSON	1
6	50	4	33			1	198											ANDREWS	2
35	73	15	31	4	8	2	1,113											ANGELINA	3
4	51	3	38															ARANSAS	4
1	16					1	13			●	●							ARCHER	5
																		ARMSTRONG	6
6	29	5	25			1	214			●								ATASCOSA	7
8	56	4	28	1	7	1	77											AUSTIN	8
4	39	4	39															BAILEY	9
1	23	1	23															BANDERA	10
9	54	9	54			1	86			●								BASTROP	11
4	67	4	67			1	65											BAYLOR	12
10	41	10	41			1	450			●	●							BEE	13
126	105	21	18	5	4	2	963	1								●		BELL	14
735	92	213	27	53	7	5	11,603	2		●	●		●				●	BEXAR	15
1	27	1	27							●								BLANCO	16
																		BORDEN	17
6	52	5	44			1	132											BOSQUE	18
62	94	18	27	4	6	1	1,203			●	●		●			●		BOWIE	19
55	59	32	34	1	1	2	907											BRAZORIA	20
36	71	15	29	3	6	1	754											BRAZOS	21
7	97	4	55			1	235			●								BREWSTER	22
																		BRISCOE	23
4	46	4	46			1	301			●	●							BROOKS	24
17	64	9	34			2	384											BROWN	25

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TEXAS																
26	BURLESON		10.3	.1		1.8	555		555	100	20.6	3	76	30	28	211	7
27	BURNET		10.4			1.9	408		408	100	29.3	9	70	27	15	45	9
28	CALDWELL		17.5	.6		3.3	940		940	100	43.0	42	100	25	27	61	10
29	CALHOUN		19.3	2.4		4.1	638		638	100	19.1	3	115	28	17	43	9
30	CALLAHAN		9.8			1.8	403		403	100	20.9	2	45	45	8	75	
31	CAMERON	1	151.5	15.0		29.5	8,772	574	8,198	93	33.1	365	145	24	34	47	7
32	CAMP		7.9			1.5	417		417	100	34.2	13	79	24	22	153	7
33	CARSON		7.5	1.7		1.5	182		182	100	22.7	4	72	42	6	38	9
34	CASS		24.1			4.6	1,249		1,249	100	25.4	16	71	33	17	97	8
35	CASTRO		12.3			2.7	468		468	100	38.1	30	103	23	26	7	10
36	CHAMBERS		11.9			2.6	436	299	137	31	25.8	8	69	26	14	132	15
37	CHEROKEE		34.4			6.3	1,888	34	1,854	98	25.1	19	71	32	18	85	8
38	CHILDRESS		7.2			1.2	263		263	100	30.3	9	103	35	14	92	9
39	CLAY		8.0			1.4	250		250	100	13.6		51	30	5	54	16
40	COCHRAN		7.4			1.4	190		190	100	40.4	23	112	22	26		6
41	COKE		3.0			.5	89		89	100	21.4	1	77	15	15		5
42	COLEMAN		11.6	.1		2.0	510		510	100	16.7		61	42	15	17	12
43	COLLIN	3	52.9			10.2	2,091		2,091	100	22.1	21	102	35	15	44	9
44	COLLINGSWORT		5.8			1.0	206		206	100	36.8	10	76	22	28	28	6
45	COLORADO		18.7			3.5	828		828	100	37.1	31	83	31	23	110	11
46	COMAL		22.5	.1		4.6	731		731	100	27.3	21	85	35	21	36	6
47	COMANCHE		13.7	1.0		2.3	655		655	100	38.7	18	44	29	16		2
48	CONCHO		3.7			.6	140		140	100	22.3	1	66	38	14		19
49	COOKE		22.4			4.5	794		794	100	27.3	19	71	30	21	70	11
50	CORYELL		31.7			5.1	1,192		1,192	100	18.4	2	82	36	13	29	11
51	COTTLE		4.2	.1		.8	201		201	100	59.0	17	81	34	31	63	13
52	CRANE		4.0			.8	48		48	100	26.2	4	90	42	8	56	17
53	CROCKETT		4.1			.8	111		111	100	10.3		100	29	21	26	13
54	CROSBY		11.4	1.0		2.1	412		412	100	33.7	27	119	26	30	64	6
55	CULBERSON		3.5			.7	121		121	100	35.8	10	133	21	28	43	11
56	DALLAM		6.5	.3		1.2	210		210	100	35.4	11	93	39	16	53	16
57	DALLAS	3	1,163.3			254.8	30,285	3,500	26,785	88	24.9	890	93	36	12	112	10
58	DAWSON		19.5	.2		3.6	559		559	100	33.5	46	107	26	27	37	8
59	DEAF SMITH		20.9	.3		4.5	751		751	100	45.4	70	114	30	26	27	8
60	DELTA		6.9			1.2	410		410	100	33.1	6	54	52	24	182	3
61	DENTON	3	67.6			17.5	2,989		2,989	100	19.4	8	55	42	9	84	7
62	DE WITT		21.0	.2		3.7	1,131		1,131	100	35.4	33	74	25	25	87	8
63	DICKENS		4.6	1.0		.8	188		188	100	48.3	15	92	44	17	28	6
64	DIMMIT		10.7	1.5		2.2	812		812	100	47.3	40	115	23	26	79	6
65	DONLEY		4.1			.7	158		158	100	12.6		65	32	9	45	5
66	DUVAL		13.2	.5		2.5	772		772	100	28.6	18	113	26	28	48	8
67	EASTLAND		18.4			3.1	805		805	100	24.9	9	66	46	7	58	11
68	ECTOR	1	93.5			20.3	2,102		2,102	100	20.6	30	92	36	11	65	9
69	EDWARDS		2.9			.6	111		111	100	49.3	9	82	22	30		17
70	ELLIS	3	45.1			8.5	1,902		1,902	100	30.4	55	92	31	22	115	7
71	EL PASO	1	347.3	.9		71.2	11,479	4,198	7,281	63	23.7	337	137	31	22	73	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TEXAS	
3	29	3	29															BURLESON	26
7	67	6	58							●								BURNET	27
7	40	5	29			2	275											CALDWELL	28
7	36	7	36			1	408											CALHOUN	29
3	31	3	31							●								CALLAHAN	30
106	70	34	22	5	3	3	2,158			●	●						●	CAMERON	31
3	38	3	38															CAMP	32
																		CARSON	33
14	58	10	42			1	77			●	●							CASS	34
6	49	6	49			1	277			●								CASTRO	35
4	34	3	25			1	97									●		CHAMBERS	36
32	93	9	26	2	6	3	490			●						●		CHEROKEE	37
6	83	4	56															CHILDRESS	38
2	25	2	25			1	58			●								CLAY	39
						1	71											COCHRAN	40
2	67	2	67			1	26											COKE	41
12	103	8	69			2	119			●								COLEMAN	42
35	66	23	43			1	421											COLLIN	43
2	35	2	35			1	54											COLLINGSWORT	44
11	59	8	43			3	312											COLORADO	45
13	58	11	49			1	272			●								COMAL	46
6	44	6	44			1	23											COMANCHE	47
						1	7			●								CONCHO	48
16	71	11	49			2	304											COOKE	49
6	19	6	19			1	170											CORYELL	50
2	48	2	48			1	69			●								COTTLE	51
1	25	1	25			1	94											CRANE	52
2	49	2	49			1	64											CROCKETT	53
5	44	3	26			1	103											CROSBY	54
1	28	1	28															CULBERSON	55
3	46	2	31	1	15													DALLAM	56
1,397	120	251	22	129	11	8	21,394	4	●	●						●	●	DALLAS	57
10	51	8	41			1	375			●								DAWSON	58
8	38	4	19			1	398											DEAF SMITH	59
3	44	2	29	1	15													DELTA	60
55	81	26	38	4	6	1	872											DENTON	61
10	48	8	38			3	213											DE WITT	62
1	22	1	22															DICKENS	63
4	37	4	37			1	163			●								DIMMIT	64
2	49	2	49															DONLEY	65
5	38	5	38															DUVAL	66
13	71	13	71			1	103											EASTLAND	67
67	72	16	17	8	9	1	1,893											ECTOR	68
1	34	1	34			1	27											EDWARDS	69
23	51	16	35	1	2	2	637			●								ELLIS	70
278	80	65	19	23	7	3	3,374	1									●	EL PASO	71

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TEXAS																
72	ERATH		18.2			3.2	834		834	100	22.2	5	56	48	4	22	12
73	FALLS		19.1	.3		3.3	1,097		1,097	100	33.5	24	77	28	28	181	11
74	FANNIN		21.4			3.5	1,009		1,009	100	23.6	9	76	33	12	106	11
75	FAYETTE		18.3			2.9	935		935	100	25.9	10	66	33	20	135	6
76	FISHER		8.0			1.5	303		303	100	39.1	17	74	19	31	37	6
77	FLOYD		14.5	.5		2.7	455		455	100	49.0	60	99	16	31	30	8
78	FOARD		2.6			.4	101		101	100	18.4		70	27	33	67	13
79	FORT BEND	3	48.4	.1		9.2	1,979		1,979	100	37.5	102	112	27	23	87	9
80	FRANKLIN		5.0			.8	235		235	100	9.4		57	29	13	83	17
81	FREESTONE		11.8			2.0	649		649	100	16.9		55	29	31	91	7
82	FRIO		12.2	.8		2.5	778		778	100	39.8	32	134	25	28	47	5
83	GAINES		13.5			2.7	326		326	100	43.8	43	103	25	26	21	10
84	GALVESTON	1	160.4			34.3	5,802	1,149	4,653	80	25.5	128	82	36	16	122	8
85	GARZA		6.0			1.1	146		146	100	35.0	14	87	32	16	40	6
86	GILLESPIE		11.6			2.1	465		465	100	23.4	4	74	27	19	38	10
87	GLASSCOCK		1.1			.2	15		15	100	28.3	1	62	33			
88	GOLIAD		5.2	.7		.9	267		267	100	37.7	10	69	38	19	31	6
89	GONZALES		18.7	1.3		3.5	1,048		1,048	100	46.0	48	86	29	24	111	11
90	GRAY		27.8			5.3	529		529	100	28.1	29	77	40	8	34	10
91	GRAYSON	1	77.9			14.9	3,005	136	2,869	95	24.1	47	86	38	11	61	8
92	GREGG	5	74.7			15.5	3,178		3,178	100	22.5	33	85	33	14	91	8
93	GRIMES		12.0	.2		2.1	692		692	100	22.3	5	88	27	33	154	20
94	GUADALUPE	2	33.8	.3		7.0	1,630		1,630	100	29.5	38	78	36	19	51	9
95	HALE		44.3	.6		9.0	1,486	34	1,452	98	39.8	123	101	29	23	22	10
96	HALL		7.0			1.2	268		268	100	42.0	19	92	35	14	140	16
97	HAMILTON		8.2			1.3	400		400	100	18.9		62	41	10		10
98	HANSFORD		7.0			1.5	137		137	100	28.1	8	85	27	13	31	9
99	HARDEMAN		7.8			1.4	323		323	100	44.3	21	82	26	17	103	5
100	HARDIN		30.5			6.4	1,456		1,456	100	18.5	2	75	31	15	62	7
101	HARRIS	3	1,536.8	.6		341.1	45,014	13,780	31,234	69	25.2	1,221	92	34	15	96	10
102	HARRISON		41.8			8.4	2,279	9	2,270	100	26.4	33	72	25	22	118	7
103	HARTLEY		2.3			.5	31		31	100	19.8		114	37	15	74	11
104	HASKELL		10.4	.1		1.8	387		387	100	37.5	21	77	29	27	114	4
105	HAYS		26.5	.6		6.1	1,626	206	1,420	87	34.9	41	76	36	20	17	8
106	HEMPHILL		3.3			.6	79		79	100	14.6		107	36	15	61	12
107	HENDERSON		25.4			4.8	1,410		1,410	100	40.6	46	83	36	14	90	10
108	HIDALGO	1	204.7	37.5		41.6	13,946	2,507	11,439	82	31.6	406	130	23	34	30	5
109	HILL		22.6			3.9	1,136		1,136	100	44.3	41	69	32	15	110	12
110	HOCKLEY		23.0	.3		4.4	683		683	100	37.0	61	101	24	26	49	8
111	HOOD		5.3			.9	229		229	100	15.9		74	24	18		
112	HOPKINS		20.0			3.6	952		952	100	25.3	11	81	40	13	63	9
113	HOUSTON		18.5	.2		3.1	1,127		1,127	100	23.6	8	73	34	28	126	11
114	HOWARD		42.9			8.6	1,042		1,042	100	31.0	75	101	33	15	28	9
115	HUDSPETH		3.2	.1		.6	99		99	100	24.2	3	105	27	23	33	13
116	HUNT		44.8			8.8	2,005		2,005	100	35.2	60	73	37	15	71	11
117	HUTCHINSON		27.9			5.3	389		389	100	22.2	14	72	44	8	42	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TEXAS	
12	66	6	33															ERATH	72
14	73	4	21	1	5	1	116											FALLS	73
10	47	9	42															FANNIN	74
15	82	13	71			1	113											FAYETTE	75
5	62	5	62															FISHER	76
4	28	4	28															FLOYD	77
1	38	1	38			1	18			●								FOARD	78
20	41	17	35	1	2	2	602											FORT BEND	79
2	40	2	40			1	56			●								FRANKLIN	80
8	68	8	68			1	59											FREESTONE	81
3	25	3	25							●								FRIO	82
3	22	3	22			1	170											GAINES	83
174	108	51	32	17	11	3	3,100	2	●	●								GALVESTON	84
2	33	2	33															GARZA	85
10	86	6	52	1	9													GILLESPIE	86
																		GLASSCOCK	87
2	39	2	39															GOLIAD	88
3	16	3	16															GONZALES	89
22	79	16	58	1	4	1	403											GRAY	90
69	89	18	23	6	8	3	1,103							●		●		GRAYSON	91
86	115	47	63	3	4	3	1,282											GREGG	92
6	50	3	25			1	128											GRIMES	93
16	47	12	36			1	428			●								GUADALUPE	94
33	75	15	34	3	7	2	474									●		HALE	95
4	57	3	43			1	66											HALL	96
6	73	4	49			1	90											HAMILTON	97
2	29	2	29															HANSFORD	98
4	51	3	38			2	160			●								HARDEMAN	99
8	26	7	23			1	328											HARDIN	100
1,848	120	450	29	160	10	10	24,103	4	●	●				●		●	●	HARRIS	101
28	67	12	29	2	5	1	428			●						●		HARRISON	102
																		HARTLEY	103
5	48	5	48															HASKELL	104
14	53	13	49			1	441			●						●		HAYS	105
3	92	3	92															HEMPHILL	106
13	51	11	43			1	235											HENDERSON	107
96	47	43	21	5	2	4	2,130			●	●					●	●	HIDALGO	108
20	88	15	66			1	3			●	●							HILL	109
9	39	8	35	1	4					●								HOCKLEY	110
1	19	1	19															HOOD	111
9	45	6	30			1	265			●								HOPKINS	112
10	54	5	27	1	5													HOUSTON	113
37	86	8	19	3	7	2	336											HOWARD	114
																		HUDSPETH	115
25	56	9	20	3	7	1	480											HUNT	116
15	54	10	36			1	362											HUTCHINSON	117

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TEXAS																
118	IRION		1.1			.2	32		32	100	10.0		71	50			
119	JACK		6.9			1.3	220		220	100	22.4	2	62	28	18	50	8
120	JACKSON		13.4			2.6	510		510	100	25.8	11	83	26	27	91	5
121	JASPER		27.3			5.6	1,566		1,566	100	28.8	27	86	28	26	78	9
122	JEFF DAVIS		1.6			.3	51		51	100	54.1	5	77	30	40		
123	JEFFERSON	1	247.6			51.0	7,435	861	6,574	88	25.9	216	83	32	17	84	10
124	JIM HOGG		4.6	.1		.8	343		343	100	19.7	1	117	30	24	80	
125	JIM WELLS		35.7	1.1		7.2	1,829		1,829	100	22.6	22	101	32	23	22	6
126	JOHNSON	2	39.8			7.8	1,275		1,275	100	22.6	16	77	34	9	26	8
127	JONES	1	20.0	.2		3.8	719		719	100	39.0	39	68	28	15	47	12
128	KARNES		15.1	.6		2.9	812		812	100	27.1	16	96	34	28	72	6
129	KAUFMAN	3	31.4			5.7	1,450		1,450	100	49.4	83	84	38	21	147	16
130	KENDALL		6.6			1.2	270		270	100	29.0	5	74	29	20	22	4
131	KENEDY		.8			.1	49		49	100	44.6	3	147	50	20		20
132	KENT		1.9			.4	65		65	100	29.9	2	39	29	29		29
133	KERR		20.4			3.5	673		673	100	26.0	12	71	32	18	49	8
134	KIMBLE		4.7			.8	167		167	100	15.9		88	35	27	27	11
135	KING		.6			.1	32		32	100			120	43			29
136	KINNEY		2.5			.4	106		106	100	30.4	4	113	28	16		16
137	KLEBERG		30.7	.9		5.9	1,354		1,354	100	28.6	47	127	39	16	35	7
138	KNOX		6.9			1.2	264		264	100	19.9	2	89	17	36		9
139	LAMAR		36.5	.1		6.7	1,859		1,859	100	29.4	37	100	32	16	74	9
140	LAMB		22.8	.2		4.3	795		795	100	47.4	94	112	24	25	58	12
141	LAMPASAS		10.0			1.8	453		453	100	29.7	11	66	31	21	82	2
142	LA SALLE		5.5	2.4		1.0	387		387	100	41.0	16	112	24	43	17	5
143	LAVACA		19.6			3.3	996		996	100	30.5	19	75	24	27	47	6
144	LEE		8.7			1.6	491		491	100	38.6	12	51	29	24	95	5
145	LEON		9.6			1.7	602		602	100	23.2	4	63	40	26	132	2
146	LIBERTY	3	31.6			6.3	1,655		1,655	100	26.7	29	84	29	22	105	11
147	LIMESTONE		22.2			4.6	1,455		1,455	100	42.4	29	45	28	24	219	10
148	LIPSCOMB		3.0			.5	59		59	100	12.0		86	29	10		5
149	LIVE OAK		8.1	.9		1.6	391		391	100	31.6	10	70	30	23	35	11
150	LLANO		6.5			1.1	269		269	100	17.7		49	57	11		11
151	LOVING		.1				6		6	100							
152	LUBBOCK	1	190.5	.6		41.1	5,205	1,224	3,981	76	35.7	436	98	34	17	61	9
153	LYNN		9.5	.1		1.6	279		279	100	52.9	57	126	17	33	30	7
154	MCCULLOCH		9.8			1.7	432		432	100	25.4	6	84	36	28	27	8
155	MCLENNAN	1	150.8	1.2		29.8	5,805	2,069	3,736	64	29.3	184	81	36	16	97	9
156	MCMULLEN		1.1			.2	42		42	100	11.0		102	30	10		20
157	MADISON		7.8			1.3	403	35	368	91	31.8	8	70	48	20	261	13
158	MARION		7.7			1.4	505		505	100	19.0	1	87	38	33	159	5
159	MARTIN		5.6			1.1	101		101	100	44.7	16	113	21	29	16	2
160	MASON		4.1			.7	190		190	100	30.3	3	78	45	14	34	17
161	MATAGORDA		30.6			6.3	1,440		1,440	100	31.9	46	91	29	18	72	9
162	MAVERICK		19.2	6.2		3.8	1,492		1,492	100	27.6	39	240	24	30	30	10
163	MEDINA		20.9	.8		4.2	981		981	100	31.7	29	90	28	26	32	3

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TEXAS	
																		IRION	118
4	58	3	43			1	79											JACK	119
7	52	6	45			1	181											JACKSON	120
14	51	12	44															JASPER	121
										●								JEFF DAVIS	122
259	105	75	30	19	8	3	3,452			●						●		JEFFERSON	123
2	44	2	44							●								JIM HOGG	124
16	45	11	31	1	3					●								JIM WELLS	125
25	63	14	35	2	5	1	574											JOHNSON	126
11	55	8	40			1	77				●							JONES	127
7	46	6	40			1	188			●								KARNES	128
31	99	14	45															KAUFMAN	129
5	76	4	61															KENDALL	130
																		KENEDY	131
1	52	1	52															KENT	132
25	123	13	64	1	5	1	290											KERR	133
4	85	4	85															KIMBLE	134
																		KING	135
										●								KINNEY	136
14	46	9	29	2	7	1	847			●								KLEBERG	137
1	14	1	14			1	105											KNOX	138
32	88	13	36	2	5	3	718											LAMAR	139
11	48	8	35			1	22											LAMB	140
5	50	4	40															LAMPASAS	141
2	36	2	36							●								LA SALLE	142
12	61	9	46			3	283											LAVACA	143
1	11	1	11															LEE	144
4	41	4	41			1	6											LEON	145
16	51	13	41			1	338											LIBERTY	146
12	54	9	40															LIMESTONE	147
																		LIPSCOMB	148
3	37	3	37															LIVE OAK	149
4	62	4	62			1	35			●								LLANO	150
																		LOVING	151
171	90	39	20	15	8	2	315			●						●	●	LUBBOCK	152
2	21	2	21															LYNN	153
7	71	5	51	1	10					●								MCCULLOCH	154
128	85	31	21	10	7	1	2,113			●	●		●				●	MCLENNAN	155
										●								MCMULLEN	156
4	52	4	52			1	112									●		MADISON	157
5	65	5	65							●								MARION	158
																		MARTIN	159
2	48	2	48			1	56			●								MASON	160
20	65	13	43	1	3	2	560			●								MATAGORDA	161
6	31	5	26			1	336			●	●		●					MAVERICK	162
10	48	9	43			1	204											MEDINA	163

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TEXAS																
164	MENARD		3.1	.2		.6	134		134	100	31.7	4	90	24	20	80	8
165	MIDLAND	1	66.7			14.4	1,376	502	874	64	24.6	50	80	29	15	73	8
166	MILAM		20.2			3.5	979	95	884	90	31.7	24	91	36	17	105	9
167	MILLS		4.7			.8	202		202	100	45.5	6	58	48	9		4
168	MITCHELL		10.8			1.9	367		367	100	50.4	44	96	28	29	65	13
169	MONTAGUE		15.1			2.6	639		639	100	22.6	6	67	37	3	22	6
170	MONTGOMERY	3	33.3			6.9	1,805		1,805	100	25.6	18	83	33	14	81	12
171	MOORE		14.4			3.2	206		206	100	22.9	7	81	36	9	23	15
172	MORRIS		12.1			2.4	494		494	100	31.4	14	64	29	21	143	9
173	MOTLEY		2.6			.4	95		95	100	37.7	6	92	16	16	105	11
174	NACOGDOCHES		33.2			6.8	1,983		1,983	100	30.5	34	72	41	14	138	10
175	NAVARRO		34.2			6.3	1,703	103	1,600	94	30.3	33	71	35	19	175	7
176	NEWTON		10.9			2.1	744		744	100	30.9	13	92	29	25	82	10
177	NOLAN		18.3			3.5	549		549	100	26.5	16	90	34	16	64	6
178	NUECES	1	236.5	7.5		48.9	9,587	2,358	7,229	75	23.8	184	105	32	20	56	6
179	OCHILTREE		9.9			2.0	130		130	100	28.0	13	85	29	13	12	2
180	OLDHAM		2.6			.4	61		61	100	27.6	2	103	41	9	91	
181	ORANGE	1	64.5			13.7	2,045	7	2,038	100	20.4	19	94	32	16	33	10
182	PALO PINTO		24.5			4.7	1,064		1,064	100	21.0	8	106	47	6	28	12
183	PANOLA		17.4			3.4	895		895	100	32.2	16	47	32	14	86	7
184	PARKER		25.6			4.9	1,011		1,011	100	19.4	3	76	44	6	38	9
185	PARMER		11.3			2.3	326		326	100	42.0	31	99	27	16		6
186	PECOS		12.5			2.4	368		368	100	32.3	24	112	21	25	44	7
187	POLK		14.3			2.7	908		908	100	33.4	20	84	30	22	132	8
188	POTTER	1	121.3			23.7	2,778		2,778	100	25.2	106	94	36	13	58	8
189	PRESIDIO		5.6			1.1	251		251	100	17.7		123	27	24	45	4
190	RAINS		3.6			.6	212		212	100	13.5		39	67	8		8
191	RANDALL	1	51.9			13.2	919		919	100	15.9		54	38	9	25	8
192	REAGAN		3.1			.6	72		72	100	21.1	1	116	29	18		15
193	REAL		1.9			.3	107		107	100	31.0	3	104	18	53		
194	RED RIVER		16.5			3.0	974		974	100	35.3	22	68	30	25	79	5
195	REEVES		16.8			3.1	552		552	100	38.5	53	132	27	29	82	7
196	REFUGIO		10.8			2.1	456		456	100	35.9	23	104	32	24	99	8
197	ROBERTS		.9			.2	28		28	100	10.4		160	38	23	385	23
198	ROBERTSON		14.6			2.5	800		800	100	41.8	37	110	22	29	180	9
199	ROCKWALL	3	6.2			1.2	255		255	100	45.6	16	88	18	25	137	10
200	RUNNELS		14.7			2.6	581		581	100	35.5	24	87	17	29	35	8
201	RUSK		35.4			6.5	1,589		1,589	100	27.8	27	70	30	17	114	13
202	SABINE		7.5			1.4	485		485	100	40.5	15	86	27	17	136	8
203	SAN AUGUSTIN		7.5			1.4	493		493	100	34.4	13	111	25	29	105	5
204	SAN JACINTO		5.9			1.0	383		383	100	39.0	9	71	22	38	189	3
205	SAN PATRICIO	1	50.2	3.0		10.4	2,635		2,635	100	26.5	54	106	28	24	49	9
206	SAN SABA		6.9			1.1	298		298	100	38.9	10	80	27	23	91	9
207	SCHLEICHER		2.9			.5	78		78	100	14.7		62	6	28		6
208	SCURRY		17.5	.1		3.4	393		393	100	33.8	30	70	35	22	58	11
209	SHACKELFORD		3.1			.5	86		86	100	17.2		54	38	15	77	23

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TEXAS	
2	64	2	64			1	47											MENARD	164
59	88	16	24	4	6	1	872										●	MIDLAND	165
10	50	8	40			2	149									●		MILAM	166
2	43	1	21							●								MILLS	167
6	56	5	46			1	82											MITCHELL	168
7	46	7	46			1	88											MONTAGUE	169
13	39	10	30	1	3	1	460											MONTGOMERY	170
9	62	8	55			1	288											MOORE	171
9	74	8	66			2	160											MORRIS	172
2	77	2	77															MOTLEY	173
18	54	12	36			1	390			●								NACOGDOCHES	174
29	85	14	41	2	6	1	374			●						●		NAVARRO	175
2	18	1	9															NEWTON	176
8	44	7	38			1	272											NOLAN	177
263	111	75	32	17	7	2	3,678			●	●						●	NUECES	178
6	61	5	51															OCHILTREE	179
																		OLDHAM	180
30	46	19	29			1	788									●		ORANGE	181
14	57	6	24	1	4	1	300			●	●							PALO PINTO	182
7	40	3	17	1	6	1	167			●								PANOLA	183
11	43	10	39			1	370											PARKER	184
4	35	4	35			1	133											PARMER	185
7	56	5	40	2	16	2	277											PECOS	186
5	35	4	28			2	107											POLK	187
132	109	34	28	6	5	1	1,023			●	●							POTTER	188
2	36	2	36							●								PRESIDIO	189
										●								RAINS	190
5	10	3	6							●	●							RANDALL	191
2	64	2	64															REAGAN	192
										●								REAL	193
6	36	6	36															RED RIVER	194
6	36	5	30			1	347			●								REEVES	195
4	37	4	37			1	141											REFUGIO	196
																		ROBERTS	197
8	55	5	34							●								ROBERTSON	198
1	16	1	16															ROCKWALL	199
6	41	6	41			2	123			●								RUNNELS	200
13	37	11	31			2	418			●								RUSK	201
2	27	2	27							●								SABINE	202
3	40	2	27			1	143			●								SAN AUGUSTIN	203
																		SAN JACINTO	204
18	36	16	32			1	198			●								SAN PATRICIO	205
3	43	3	43			1	75			●								SAN SABA	206
1	35	1	35															SCHLEICHER	207
8	46	7	40			1	198											SCURRY	208
2	65	2	65			1	17											SHACKELFORD	209

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	TEXAS																
210	SHELBY		21.3			3.9	1,241		1,241	100	32.3	26	86	32	23	79	11
211	SHERMAN		3.7			.8	88		88	100	39.7	6	70	34	7		3
212	SMITH	1	94.3			19.6	3,992	129	3,863	97	29.2	105	85	34	14	108	10
213	SOMERVELL		2.7			.4	130		130	100	11.9		67	33	27		20
214	STARR		19.9	3.3		4.1	1,721		1,721	100	20.5	7	129	25	33	22	7
215	STEPHENS		8.2			1.4	255		255	100	27.4	6	71	33	18	39	6
216	STERLING		1.4			.3	46		46	100	38.5	2	81	42	25		
217	STONEWALL		3.1			.6	103		103	100	20.8	1	73	29	10		10
218	SUTTON		4.0			.8	150		150	100	27.8	4	95	34	21	26	8
219	SWISHER		12.6	.1		2.4	355		355	100	36.2	31	103	24	19	8	4
220	TARRANT	2	598.5	.3		128.2	17,481	3,002	14,479	83	25.7	490	90	35	12	73	9
221	TAYLOR	1	103.4	.2		21.4	3,119	344	2,775	89	22.4	59	89	36	13	72	8
222	TERRELL		2.2			.4	78		78	100	30.2	3	82	25	13		13
223	TERRY		17.8	.2		3.5	507		507	100	54.6	94	112	27	27	55	8
224	THROCKMORTON		3.0			.5	90		90	100	14.0		44	9	18		
225	TITUS		16.0			2.9	700		700	100	19.7	3	91	38	20	68	6
226	TOM GREEN	1	73.9	.2		15.0	2,829	843	1,986	70	23.7	47	89	34	14	61	9
227	TRAVIS	1	255.1	1.8		55.6	9,791	1,075	8,716	89	23.7	160	84	37	15	82	9
228	TRINITY		7.7			1.4	466		466	100	35.7	10	66	40	9	178	2
229	TYLER		12.2			2.4	776		776	100	30.1	13	88	31	17	97	6
230	UPSHUR		19.4			3.6	933		933	100	31.8	23	73	33	17	103	11
231	UPTON		5.7			1.1	122		122	100	30.5	8	83	34	6		4
232	UVALDE		18.4	1.5		3.7	930		930	100	32.1	30	100	29	22	27	4
233	VAL VERDE		28.5	1.5		5.7	1,467		1,467	100	33.9	77	172	33	16	51	6
234	VAN ZANDT		20.2			3.6	951		951	100	18.9	1	60	40	15	55	12
235	VICTORIA		53.3	.3		11.2	2,156		2,156	100	28.5	69	92	31	18	50	9
236	WALKER		27.1			5.7	1,902		1,902	100	20.3	4	52	43	12	126	9
237	WALLER		13.7			3.4	905		905	100	32.0	16	68	27	35	237	13
238	WARD		13.4			2.6	313		313	100	20.7	5	90	28	20	52	7
239	WASHINGTON		19.3			3.3	991		991	100	30.9	21	80	34	20	156	10
240	WEBB	1	75.9	7.5		15.4	5,691		5,691	100	23.7	78	171	26	30	33	7
241	WHARTON		38.2	3.0		7.5	1,801		1,801	100	26.1	34	99	36	21	94	6
242	WHEELER		6.9			1.2	218		218	100	22.8	3	85	30	16	40	8
243	WICHITA	1	126.8			24.5	3,531		3,531	100	22.0	61	80	39	10	48	9
244	WILBARGER		17.9			3.2	602		602	100	28.7	17	69	40	9	64	5
245	WILLACY		18.7			3.5	1,014		1,014	100	34.6	48	124	26	36	56	8
246	WILLIAMSON		36.3	.8		6.8	1,783		1,783	100	31.8	46	81	28	22	76	5
247	WILSON		13.1	.6		2.5	680		680	100	23.6	8	92	32	19	52	6
248	WINKLER		11.2			2.1	181		181	100	34.1	23	78	25	10	60	6
249	WISE		18.5			3.5	695		695	100	17.8		69	33	12	16	5
250	WOOD		19.1			3.6	915		915	100	26.7	11	55	43	15	51	9
251	YOAKUM		7.8	.9		1.5	126		126	100	35.0	17	100	28	17	38	13
252	YOUNG		15.0			2.7	442		442	100	14.9		66	40	8	11	2
253	ZAPATA		4.7	.6		.9	372		372	100	30.4	7	101	16	34	45	11
254	ZAVALA		13.6	5.7		2.6	1,051		1,051	100	48.4	61	140	30	29	43	6

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		TEXAS	
7	33	5	23			1	158			●								SHELBY	210
2	55																	SHERMAN	211
118	125	27	29	7	7	2	1,465									●		SMITH	212
2	75	2	75															SOMERVELL	213
3	15	3	15							●								STARR	214
6	73	6	73			1	99											STEPHENS	215
1	71	1	71			1	26											STERLING	216
																		STONEWALL	217
2	50	2	50			1	98											SUTTON	218
4	32	4	32			1	196											SWISHER	219
574	96	195	33	45	8	5	9,195	1		●	●					●	●	TARRANT	220
105	102	32	31	9	9	1	1,429			●	●					●		TAYLOR	221
																		TERRELL	222
7	39	7	39			1	370											TERRY	223
1	33	1	33			1	18											THROCKMORTON	224
10	63	8	50			1	200			●								TITUS	225
79	107	14	19	4	5	2	1,130			●							●	TOM GREEN	226
332	130	79	31	20	8	3	4,542			●	●		●			●	●	TRAVIS	227
4	52	4	52															TRINITY	228
4	33	4	33			1	112											TYLER	229
3	15	2	10															UPSHUR	230
3	53	2	35			2	35											UPTON	231
10	54	9	49			1	379			●								UVALDE	232
13	46	11	39	2	7	1	249			●	●							VAL VERDE	233
7	35	7	35			1	110											VAN ZANDT	234
57	107	22	41	4	8	1	420			●								VICTORIA	235
13	48	9	33			1	312											WALKER	236
7	51	5	36	1	7	1	158											WALLER	237
6	45	6	45			1	218											WARD	238
12	62	9	47															WASHINGTON	239
35	46	16	21	3	4	1	2,002			●			●					WEBB	240
36	94	15	39	5	13	3	821											WHARTON	241
6	87	4	58			1	31											WHEELER	242
135	106	39	31	8	6	3	1,484			●	●							WICHITA	243
11	61	8	45							●								WILBARGER	244
6	32	6	32			1	262			●								WILLACY	245
18	50	15	41							●								WILLIAMSON	246
6	46	4	30			1	205			●								WILSON	247
11	98	7	62			1	236											WINKLER	248
9	49	9	49															WISE	249
7	37	7	37															WOOD	250
4	51	3	38			1	192											YOAKUM	251
12	80	10	67	1	7	2	257											YOUNG	252
2	42	2	42							●								ZAPATA	253
4	30	4	30							●	●							ZAVALA	254

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	UTAH 29 COUNTIES		1,007.2	2.3	5.8	205.9	19,874	493	19,381	98	19.5	271	110	33	17	27	7
1	BEAVER		4.2			.8	82		82	100	35.7	7	95	16	27		3
2	BOX ELDER		28.1			5.5	338		338	100	20.2	10	101	28	21	14	7
3	CACHE		41.8			8.6	1,132		1,132	100	12.1		103	43	15	7	5
4	CARBON		16.6			3.1	335		335	100	26.9	16	82	39	13	40	6
5	DAGGETT		.7			.1	3		3	100	20.3		184	43	29		
6	DAVIS	2	86.4			18.9	1,103		1,103	100	16.0		111	25	19	17	7
7	DUCHESNE		6.6	.5	.3	1.2	183		183	100	23.2	5	118	24	37		7
8	EMERY		6.1			1.2	231		231	100	14.9		89	28	19		4
9	GARFIELD		3.3			.6	101		101	100	23.8	2	97	40	17	33	7
10	GRAND		6.6			1.2	106		106	100	28.2	11	116	28	18	28	4
11	IRON		11.5			2.4	263		263	100	23.8	7	108	38	16	31	2
12	JUAB		4.3			.8	164		164	100	18.2		109	28	19	47	5
13	KANE		2.1			.3	42		42	100	37.1	7	160	32	28	40	16
14	MILLARD		6.8		.1	1.2	239		239	100	24.7	5	96	19	37		5
15	MORGAN		3.6			.7	42		42	100	23.4	2	92	18	21		6
16	PIUTE		1.3			.2	39		39	100	29.4	2	109	54	31		
17	RICH		1.5			.3	49		49	100	28.1	2	118	20	27	67	7
18	SALT LAKE	2	438.4			89.1	7,665	493	7,172	94	19.3	84	114	33	16	33	8
19	SAN JUAN		7.1	1.2	3.8	.9	152		152	100	52.1	56	272	13	42	16	9
20	SANPETE		11.0			2.0	465		465	100	24.7	7	83	23	33	36	4
21	SEVIER		9.7			1.9	290		290	100	26.4	7	84	30	23	25	4
22	SUMMIT		6.1			1.1	125		125	100	23.9	4	86	24	14	20	8
23	TOOELE		21.2		.4	4.3	410		410	100	20.5	7	120	34	17	27	8
24	UINTAH		12.2	.5	1.2	2.3	265		265	100	27.3	17	112	19	21	38	7
25	UTAH	1	126.9			28.3	3,313		3,313	100	17.3		105	38	18	12	7
26	WASATCH		5.7			1.1	136		136	100	18.6	1	105	24	19		2
27	WASHINGTON		12.7			2.6	536		536	100	16.5		118	22	24	13	4
28	WAYNE		1.6			.3	67		67	100	13.3		88	8	23		8
29	WEBER	1	123.1			24.8	1,998		1,998	100	18.6	12	106	37	14	36	7
	VERMONT 14 COUNTIES		411.2			80.0	10,919	97	10,822	99	24.3	288	99	32	16		8
1	ADDISON		21.1			4.3	726		726	100	19.1	3	91	29	18		8
2	BENNINGTON		27.7			5.5	654		654	100	24.0	18	99	28	14		8
3	CALEDONIA		21.5			4.0	629		629	100	27.2	21	91	34	18		11
4	CHITTENDEN	5	85.7			17.8	2,072	97	1,975	95	21.7	38	105	33	15		7
5	ESSEX		5.2			.9	109		109	100	15.5		99	44	9		
6	FRANKLIN		28.2			5.2	919		919	100	25.1	24	113	29	19		9
7	GRAND ISLE		3.2			.6	124		124	100	41.1	7	121	39	31		8
8	LAMOILLE		12.1			2.4	426		426	100	27.3	13	108	32	12		9
9	ORANGE		17.1			3.2	538		538	100	18.2	1	87	31	23		8
10	ORLEANS		19.3			3.5	617		617	100	25.1	21	131	28	19		7
11	RUTLAND		48.8			9.7	1,417		1,417	100	31.0	67	92	28	14		9
12	WASHINGTON		44.8			8.4	975		975	100	20.5	13	96	35	16		8
13	WINDHAM		32.1			6.1	750		750	100	27.6	29	89	32	12		9
14	WINDSOR		44.4			8.3	963		963	100	25.5	33	91	34	14		10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
993	99	287	28	91	9	28	20,473	3	1	11			1			2		UTAH 29 COUNTIES	
4	95	4	95			1	34											BEAVER	1
13	46	12	43			1	101			●								BOX ELDER	2
37	88	14	33	4	10	2	1,126			●								CACHE	3
11	66	5	30	1	6	2	225			●								CARBON	4
																		DAGGETT	5
39	45	23	27	3	3	1	735			●								DAVIS	6
3	45	2	30			1	212											DUCHESNE	7
2	33	2	33							●								EMERY	8
2	60	2	60															GARFIELD	9
4	61	4	61			1	156			●								GRAND	10
8	69	6	52			1	328											IRON	11
2	47	2	47			1	85											JUAB	12
1	48	1	48															KANE	13
4	59	4	59			2	94											MILLARD	14
2	56	2	56															MORGAN	15
																		PIUTE	16
										●								RICH	17
582	133	98	22	58	13	5	10,475	2	●	●			●			●		SALT LAKE	18
5	70	4	56			2	377			●								SAN JUAN	19
6	54	5	45			1	118											SANPETE	20
6	62	6	62			1	17											SEVIER	21
2	33	2	33															SUMMIT	22
9	42	7	33	1	5	1	274											TOOELE	23
5	41	4	33	1	8													UINTAH	24
106	84	45	35	8	6	2	2,637			●								UTAH	25
3	52	2	35															WASATCH	26
7	55	6	47			1	248											WASHINGTON	27
																		WAYNE	28
130	106	25	20	15	12	2	3,231	1		●						●		WEBER	29
474	115	157	38	25	6	18	7,055		1	14			1				1	VERMONT 14 COUNTIES	
14	66	10	47			1	239			●								ADDISON	1
36	130	15	54	2	7	1	642			●								BENNINGTON	2
22	102	8	37	2	9	1	29			●								CALEDONIA	3
151	176	18	21	8	9	1	2,279		●	●			●				●	CHITTENDEN	4
1	19	1	19							●								ESSEX	5
23	81	9	32	2	7	2	578			●								FRANKLIN	6
										●								GRAND ISLE	7
13	107	8	66			1	149			●								LAMOILLE	8
17	100	10	59			1	170			●								ORANGE	9
11	57	4	21	1	5	1	480			●								ORLEANS	10
51	104	19	39	3	6	1	750			●								RUTLAND	11
52	116	20	45	2	4	3	872			●								WASHINGTON	12
43	134	13	41	3	9	3	523			●								WINDHAM	13
40	90	22	50	2	5	2	344			●								WINDSOR	14

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	VIRGINIA 98 COUNTIES		4,464.9			946.2	150,527	6,648	143,879	96	28.2	4,641	90	38	14	105	9
1	ACCOMACK		30.3			5.6	1,760		1,760	100	41.1	71	92	30	20	319	12
2	ALBEMARLE		71.1			14.6	2,533	648	1,885	74	24.4	49	88	37	10	82	8
3	ALLEGHANY		29.6			5.9	1,019		1,019	100	23.4	16	105	35	13	58	8
4	AMELIA		7.3			1.4	407		407	100	43.0	18	82	47	18	217	17
5	AMHERST	1	26.9			6.5	1,179		1,179	100	34.8	37	59	31	18	117	12
6	APPOMATTOX		9.8			2.0	455		455	100	37.0	19	78	42	8	103	6
7	ARLINGTON	3	286.1			59.9	3,365		3,365	100	22.2	154	102	47	7	72	8
8	AUGUSTA		83.5			17.7	2,563		2,563	100	23.0	40	78	35	10	75	7
9	BATH		5.2			1.0	248		248	100	10.3		93	33	18	22	16
10	BEDFORD		33.2			6.5	1,302		1,302	100	26.7	29	79	39	15	118	6
11	BLAND		5.7			1.1	328		328	100	34.8	7	80	34	11	23	9
12	BOTETOURT		17.1			3.5	711		711	100	33.9	26	73	40	16	78	9
13	BRUNSWICK		16.7			3.5	1,030		1,030	100	29.6	20	83	29	24	212	9
14	BUCHANAN		35.1			7.3	2,285		2,285	100	41.8	119	103	28	21	61	8
15	BUCKINGHAM		11.2			2.1	703		703	100	33.0	20	116	32	25	183	9
16	CAMPBELL	1	94.5			20.4	2,960		2,960	100	28.9	109	80	37	11	96	10
17	CAROLINE		13.8			2.8	606		606	100	28.7	17	123	37	19	160	10
18	CARROLL		28.1			6.0	1,502		1,502	100	23.7	14	74	40	9	41	8
19	CHARLES CITY		5.7			1.1	280		280	100	34.2	23	213	35	17	143	12
20	CHARLOTTE		13.4			2.7	701		701	100	33.9	14	46	30	30	180	10
21	CHESTERFIELD	2	116.1			28.1	2,003		2,003	100	21.8	40	71	39	10	48	9
22	CLARKE		8.1			1.6	353		353	100	36.8	14	77	38	8	127	11
23	CRAIG		3.1			.6	147		147	100	41.7	7	62	22	11		11
24	CULPEPER		16.8			3.3	752		752	100	21.3	6	99	28	14	109	9
25	CUMBERLAND		6.7			1.3	444		444	100	30.7	8	89	30	22	267	17
26	DICKINSON		16.8			3.4	1,072		1,072	100	31.2	25	79	38	22	53	5
27	DINWIDDIE	5	64.2			12.7	2,611		2,611	100	36.7	138	105	33	18	218	13
28	ESSEX		7.4			1.6	374		374	100	35.6	13	89	30	30	171	4
29	FAIRFAX	3	405.5			93.6	3,957		3,957	100	22.0	154	83	32	14	38	7
30	FAUQUIER		29.0			5.9	1,162		1,162	100	26.9	28	100	31	17	115	10
31	FLOYD		10.2			2.0	499		499	100	20.4	2	72	21	15	42	8
32	FLUVANNA		8.3			1.6	411		411	100	25.7	6	99	29	15	241	6
33	FRANKLIN		27.2			5.6	1,220		1,220	100	32.3	43	88	34	11	69	9
34	FREDERICK		43.8			9.5	1,675		1,675	100	21.7	17	86	35	11	71	8
35	GILES		17.6			3.9	735		735	100	21.8	7	79	36	10	85	8
36	GLOUCESTER		13.1			2.5	631		631	100	26.8	11	85	30	15	93	9
37	GOOCHLAND		10.6			2.2	558		558	100	23.6	6	74	33	17	244	6
38	GRAYSON		17.6			3.7	978		978	100	35.7	26	76	43	11	71	11
39	GREENE		5.1			1.0	287		287	100	27.2	6	100	37	13	173	17
40	GREENSVILLE		16.2			3.5	963		963	100	45.2	49	86	43	26	235	11
41	HALIFAX		39.8			8.1	2,242		2,242	100	42.6	104	71	30	26	122	12
42	HANOVER	2	34.0			7.1	1,044		1,044	100	23.1	19	79	33	14	107	10
43	HENRICO	2	359.4			76.0	5,267	3,000	2,267	43	21.2	49	87	38	12	158	11
44	HENRY		70.1			15.7	2,475		2,475	100	31.1	106	103	37	13	98	8
45	HIGHLAND		3.1			.6	191		191	100	13.6		39	45	18	91	
46	ISLE OF WIGH		18.2			3.7	825		825	100	36.1	39	93	30	20	225	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
3,828	86	1,214	27	276	6	66	60,348	4	2	43	2		2	1		47		VIRGINIA 98 COUNTIES	
15	50	12	40													●		ACCOMACK	1
105	148	18	25	5	7	2	2,326	1	●	●						●		ALBEMARLE	2
37	125	15	51			2	708									●		ALLEGHANY	3
2	27	2	27															AMELIA	4
11	41	4	15	1	4													AMHERST	5
3	31	3	31															APPOMATTOX	6
396	138	85	30	33	12	2	4,998			●								ARLINGTON	7
87	104	32	38	5	6	2	1,283									●		AUGUSTA	8
6	115	6	115															BATH	9
16	48	9	27			1	304			●						●		BEDFORD	10
1	17									●								BLAND	11
6	35	5	29							●								BOTETOURT	12
4	24	4	24													●		BRUNSWICK	13
9	26	7	20							●						●		BUCHANAN	14
3	27	3	27							●								BUCKINGHAM	15
121	128	23	24	11	12	2	2,687			●						●		CAMPBELL	16
4	29	4	29															CAROLINE	17
5	18	4	14			1	84			●								CARROLL	18
4	70	4	70							●						●		CHARLES CITY	19
1	7	1	7															CHARLOTTE	20
17	15	10	9													●		CHESTERFIELD	21
6	74	5	62															CLARKE	22
1	32	1	32							●								CRAIG	23
13	78	7	42	2	12	1	305									●		CULPEPER	24
1	15	1	15							●								CUMBERLAND	25
5	30	4	24							●						●		DICKINSON	26
83	129	23	36	5	8	1	1,298									●		DINWIDDIE	27
4	54	3	40			1	126											ESSEX	28
328	81	58	14	38	9	1	3,945	1		●						●		FAIRFAX	29
21	73	13	45			1	495			●								FAUQUIER	30
2	20	2	20							●								FLOYD	31
3	36	3	36							●								FLUVANNA	32
9	33	8	29			1	380			●						●		FRANKLIN	33
72	165	7	16	7	16	1	1,389									●		FREDERICK	34
9	51	6	34			1	301											GILES	35
6	46	5	38															GLOUCESTER	36
2	19	2	19							●								GOOCHLAND	37
20	114	13	74	1	6					●								GRAYSON	38
1	20	1	20															GREENE	39
13	80	11	68			1	269									●		GREENSVILLE	40
31	78	13	33	3	8	1	778			●	●					●		HALIFAX	41
8	24	6	18															HANOVER	42
604	168	121	34	40	11	4	9,575		●	●	●					●		HENRICO	43
47	67	16	23	4	6	2	1,405									●		HENRY	44
1	32	1	32													●		HIGHLAND	45
4	22	4	22							●								ISLE OF WIGH	46

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	VIRGINIA																
47	JAMES CITY C		24.7			5.7	1,054		1,054	100	40.1	53	80	37	16	202	10
48	KING AND QUE		6.2			1.2	319		319	100	40.2	13	79	26	26	140	10
49	KING GEORGE		7.9			1.5	236		236	100	25.3	7	86	32	26	182	6
50	KING WILLIAM		7.9			1.6	333		333	100	49.9	24	119	22	26	172	14
51	LANCASTER		9.0			1.7	443		443	100	32.6	13	85	27	29	247	14
52	LEE		23.5			4.8	1,746		1,746	100	30.8	27	60	43	20	56	9
53	LOUDOUN	3	34.0			7.4	1,314		1,314	100	24.0	20	87	31	14	105	7
54	LOUISA		14.2			2.8	738		738	100	36.8	27	89	37	21	220	18
55	LUNENBURG		12.5			2.5	676		676	100	29.2	14	73	26	25	87	12
56	MADISON		8.7			1.7	451		451	100	24.8	6	83	39	17	113	8
57	MATHEWS		7.1			1.3	359		359	100	23.6	3	56	30	16	108	8
58	MECKLENBURG		31.3			6.4	1,772		1,772	100	38.4	69	86	37	20	170	13
59	MIDDLESEX		6.7			1.3	393		393	100	45.0	16	64	26	10	95	5
60	MONTGOMERY		50.2			11.3	2,166		2,166	100	22.7	23	81	42	8	61	7
61	NANSEMOND		47.3			9.9	2,234		2,234	100	44.8	138	88	34	19	224	13
62	NELSON		12.9			2.5	683		683	100	35.2	22	92	31	25	86	10
63	NEW KENT		5.0			1.0	202		202	100	48.3	18	91	35	17	152	13
64	NORFOLK	2	498.6			95.2	19,236	3,000	16,236	84	30.7	848	110	38	15	140	9
65	NORTHAMPTON		16.6			3.0	971		971	100	49.4	61	99	31	18	363	8
66	NORTHUMBERLA		9.5			1.8	463		463	100	42.1	19	82	26	32	233	7
67	NOTTOWAY		15.3			3.0	751		751	100	25.0	11	82	39	10	226	10
68	ORANGE		13.9			2.7	592		592	100	14.0		73	29	20	120	13
69	PAGE		16.4			3.4	753		753	100	27.3	15	80	35	16	79	7
70	PATRICK		15.5			3.2	760		760	100	23.2	8	89	38	14	48	10
71	PITTSYLVANIA	5	108.1			23.1	4,534		4,534	100	37.4	224	80	34	15	129	9
72	POWHATAN		7.0			1.2	260		260	100	24.7	4	102	32	14	102	8
73	PRINCE EDWAR		13.7			3.1	845		845	100	35.3	24	61	35	14	177	9
74	PRINCE GEORG	5	47.8			9.4	1,221		1,221	100	23.7	33	117	35	14	75	8
75	PRINCESS ANN	2	138.3			32.4	5,055		5,055	100	23.7	89	81	32	13	64	8
76	PRINCE WILLI	3	85.5			19.3	2,410		2,410	100	23.9	67	122	30	13	31	8
77	PULASKI		28.7			6.3	1,324		1,324	100	26.4	23	83	38	7	53	10
78	RAPPAHANNOCK		5.5			1.1	315		315	100	36.6	9	85	32	23	106	9
79	RICHMOND		6.6			1.3	295		295	100	39.2	15	70	29	22	133	11
80	ROANOKE	1	177.3			38.3	6,203		6,203	100	27.3	148	75	39	8	95	9
81	ROCKBRIDGE		31.0			6.2	1,139		1,139	100	22.3	13	86	33	12	97	8
82	ROCKINGHAM		59.0			13.9	2,503		2,503	100	17.6		74	188	10	75	6
83	RUSSELL		24.8			5.1	1,383		1,383	100	27.1	24	72	37	14	70	6
84	SCOTT		24.4			5.1	1,430		1,430	100	21.5	8	79	35	18	15	10
85	SHENANDOAH		23.7			4.8	973		973	100	17.9		87	38	8	57	6
86	SMYTH		30.7			6.4	1,289		1,289	100	29.1	35	83	34	16	34	8
87	SOUTHAMPTON		27.1			5.4	1,458		1,458	100	36.5	105	89	33	24	264	7
88	SPOTSYLVANIA		30.2			7.4	1,162		1,162	100	26.2	26	74	32	19	106	6
89	STAFFORD		20.6			4.3	651		651	100	31.4	39	116	38	16	56	8
90	SURRY		6.3			1.2	338		338	100	45.9	17	81	26	28	260	10
91	SUSSEX		12.3			2.5	744		744	100	53.8	54	117	26	28	236	8
92	TAZEWELL		42.2			8.9	2,301		2,301	100	26.4	37	81	38	10	72	8

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		VIRGINIA	
33	133	13	53	2	8	1	404			●						●		JAMES CITY C	47
																		KING AND QUE	48
1	13	1	13															KING GEORGE	49
5	63	5	63													●		KING WILLIAM	50
5	56	5	56															LANCASTER	51
8	34	6	26							●								LEE	52
21	62	13	38	1	3	1	533											LOUDOUN	53
5	35	5	35							●								LOUISA	54
4	32	4	32													●		LUNENBURG	55
3	35	3	35															MADISON	56
7	98	6	84															MATHEWS	57
17	54	11	35			1	402											MECKLENBURG	58
4	60	3	45													●		MIDDLESEX	59
46	92	18	36	4	8	1	1,267			●								MONTGOMERY	60
34	72	13	27	2	4	1	1,036			●						●		NANSEMOND	61
3	23	3	23													●		NELSON	62
1	20	1	20													●		NEW KENT	63
430	86	122	24	33	7	5	7,135	2		●			●			●		NORFOLK	64
16	96	5	30	1	6	1	342									●		NORTHAMPTON	65
7	74	7	74															NORTHUMBERLA	66
8	52	6	39													●		NOTTOWAY	67
9	65	8	57															ORANGE	68
7	43	4	24			1	106											PAGE	69
7	45	4	26			1	196											PATRICK	70
81	75	19	18	7	6	2	1,445			●						●		PITTSYLVANIA	71
1	14	1	14							●								POWHATAN	72
12	88	4	29	1	7	1	476			●						●		PRINCE EDWAR	73
23	48	13	27	1	2	1	358											PRINCE GEORG	74
69	50	29	21	8	6	1	831									●		PRINCESS ANN	75
34	40	19	22	4	5	1	810									●		PRINCE WILLI	76
19	66	8	28	1	3	1	220			●						●		PULASKI	77
1	18	1	18															RAPPAHANNOCK	78
2	30	2	30										●	●		●		RICHMOND	79
225	127	38	21	16	9	3	2,410			●						●		ROANOKE	80
18	58	12	39	1	3	1	448			●						●		ROCKBRIDGE	81
55	93	22	37	3	5	1	1,280											ROCKINGHAM	82
7	28	6	24							●								RUSSELL	83
6	25	4	16							●						●		SCOTT	84
16	68	13	55			1	207											SHENANDOAH	85
28	91	16	52			2	463			●						●		SMYTH	86
24	89	13	48	2	7	1	274											SOUTHAMPTON	87
43	142	10	33	4	13	1	1,415									●		SPOTSYLVANIA	88
																		STAFFORD	89
1	16	1	16															SURRY	90
3	24	3	24															SUSSEX	91
31	73	16	38	2	5					●								TAZEWELL	92

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	VIRGINIA																
93	WARREN		16.0			3.4	504		504	100	23.9	9	88	34	7	94	9
94	WASHINGTON	5	56.9			12.7	2,849		2,849	100	25.0	40	75	38	10	59	7
95	WESTMORELAND		11.6			2.2	619		619	100	43.6	31	99	26	22	265	10
96	WISE		44.1			9.2	2,215		2,215	100	30.7	63	85	31	23	51	8
97	WYTHE		22.2			4.8	1,229		1,229	100	18.9	2	79	34	10	52	7
98	YORK	1	276.2			60.0	7,820		7,820	100	27.7	322	91	36	12	104	10
	WASHINGTON 39 COUNTIES		3,040.4	.8	14.9	596.5	59,810	5,154	54,656	91	22.3	1,371	87	36	12	71	7
1	ADAMS		10.8			2.1	182		182	100	24.4	8	85	31	14	33	11
2	ASOTIN		12.7			2.4	341		341	100	15.4		87	30	11	48	6
3	BENTON	5	63.4			12.7	895		895	100	19.0	8	84	33	13	43	7
4	CHELAN		40.7			7.8	795		795	100	24.4	24	75	32	14	65	8
5	CLALLAM		31.1		1.1	5.9	713		713	100	23.0	16	82	33	18	53	5
6	CLARK	2	108.7			22.0	2,025		2,025	100	22.6	46	87	38	11	59	6
7	COLUMBIA		4.8			.9	106		106	100	26.0	3	77	32	9	118	3
8	COWLITZ		62.0			12.2	1,371		1,371	100	20.3	16	94	36	10	49	7
9	DOUGLAS		16.2			3.4	262		262	100	14.1		70	29	9	59	6
10	FERRY		3.5	.2	.7	.6	77		77	100	41.9	10	98	33	23	100	20
11	FRANKLIN	5	24.8			5.0	489		489	100	25.3	19	93	38	22	86	6
12	GARFIELD		3.0			.5	39		39	100	12.7		80	38	10		10
13	GRANT		40.5			7.0	653		653	100	23.7	38	99	32	17	55	6
14	GRAYS HARBOR		58.1		.8	11.0	1,239		1,239	100	25.8	43	92	38	13	71	7
15	ISLAND		22.9			4.3	603		603	100	24.5	20	107	38	9	21	7
16	JEFFERSON		9.2		.3	1.7	230		230	100	38.5	18	89	30	14	14	9
17	KING	3	1,014.1			202.6	15,365	3,997	11,368	74	20.8	297	88	39	10	87	7
18	KITSAP	5	90.5		.7	16.9	1,877		1,877	100	25.6	63	84	40	9	80	6
19	KITTITAS		22.6			4.6	612		612	100	20.6	5	74	49	8	47	5
20	KLICKITAT		13.1		.2	2.4	225		225	100	24.6	9	101	32	17	75	3
21	LEWIS		42.7			7.9	1,111		1,111	100	25.0	27	89	37	10	60	7
22	LINCOLN		9.5			1.7	133		133	100	16.4		79	33	8	61	6
23	MASON		18.0		.4	3.3	373		373	100	22.3	7	65	36	13	46	9
24	OKANOGAN		24.6	.2	2.1	4.7	650		650	100	25.8	19	83	40	12	83	4
25	PACIFIC		14.6		.1	2.6	423		423	100	22.9	5	73	40	10	31	7
26	PEND OREILLE		7.5		.1	1.4	212		212	100	22.7	3	98	25	15	29	6
27	PIERCE	1	357.8			69.1	8,414	709	7,705	92	22.3	175	93	36	13	63	7
28	SAN JUAN		3.0			.5	97		97	100	9.3		80	45		150	5
29	SKAGIT		49.7		.6	9.2	1,030		1,030	100	22.7	21	84	36	10	69	6
30	SKAMANIA		5.7			1.1	100		100	100	20.2	1	78	25	11	23	
31	SNOHOMISH	3	207.2		.9	42.4	4,371	126	4,245	97	21.6	78	86	31	14	57	6
32	SPOKANE	1	263.2			50.3	5,411	107	5,304	98	24.4	181	86	36	14	71	8
33	STEVENS		16.5	.2	.8	3.0	498		498	100	29.9	17	88	32	18	53	11
34	THURSTON		64.7		.4	13.4	1,525		1,525	100	21.5	23	79	34	12	55	8
35	WAHKIAKUM		3.3			.6	93		93	100	36.4	6	63	53	5	53	5
36	WALLA WALLA		42.6			8.1	811		811	100	21.9	15	74	34	14	92	7
37	WHATCOM	5	75.2		1.3	15.0	1,772		1,772	100	20.8	18	65	38	11	47	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		VIRGINIA	
11	69	7	44	1	6	1	345											WARREN	93
30	53	12	21	3	5	1	566			●						●		WASHINGTON	94
7	60	6	52													●		WESTMORELAND	95
44	100	21	48	1	2	2	623			●						●		WISE	96
11	50	8	36	1	5					●						●		WYTHE	97
198	72	59	21	22	8	4	4,100			●						●		YORK	98
3,482	115	1,151	38	210	7	88	47,496	2	1	29	2		2	1		5	1	WASHINGTON 39 COUNTIES	
5	46	2	18			1	28											ADAMS	1
7	55	5	39	1	8	1	299											ASOTIN	2
69	109	18	28	8	13	3	1,211			●								BENTON	3
64	157	19	47	5	12	3	753			●								CHELAN	4
26	83	15	48	1	3	2	504			●								CLALLAM	5
92	85	32	29	7	6	1	1,252			●								CLARK	6
3	62	3	62			1	119			●								COLUMBIA	7
52	84	19	31	3	5	2	1,260			●								COWLITZ	8
3	19	3	19			1	5			●								DOUGLAS	9
1	28	1	28			1	34			●								FERRY	10
16	65	10	40			1	378			●								FRANKLIN	11
2	68	2	68							●								GARFIELD	12
25	62	18	44	1	2	4	629			●								GRANT	13
34	58	21	36	2	3	3	1,002			●								GRAYS HARBOR	14
8	35	8	35															ISLAND	15
7	76	4	44			1	109			●								JEFFERSON	16
1,612	159	402	40	96	9	18	18,826	2	●	●	●		●	●		●	●	KING	17
76	84	33	36	5	6	1	1,096			●								KITSAP	18
13	57	5	22	1	4	1	318			●								KITTITAS	19
8	61	6	46			2	182			●								KLICKITAT	20
22	51	18	42	1	2	2	606											LEWIS	21
6	63	6	63			2	78											LINCOLN	22
7	39	7	39			1	169			●				●				MASON	23
20	81	19	77			3	404			●								OKANOGAN	24
7	48	5	34			2	175											PACIFIC	25
5	66	5	66			1	75			●								PEND OREILLE	26
346	97	115	32	19	5	6	5,126			●			●			●		PIERCE	27
3	99	2	66															SAN JUAN	28
53	107	31	62			3	836											SKAGIT	29
1	17									●								SKAMANIA	30
169	82	71	34	14	7	4	2,627			●						●		SNOHOMISH	31
384	146	114	43	23	9	4	3,879			●						●		SPOKANE	32
10	61	9	55			2	222			●								STEVENS	33
65	100	22	34	6	9	1	931			●								THURSTON	34
3	90	3	90															WAHKIAKUM	35
45	106	10	24	4	9	2	670			●								WALLA WALLA	36
70	93	28	37	4	5	2	1,048			●								WHATCOM	37

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	WASHINGTON																
38	WHITMAN		32.5			7.0	616		616	100	17.6		67	39	9	4	5
39	YAKIMA	5	149.3	.2	4.4	29.2	4,071	215	3,856	95	26.4	132	87	32	18	79	8
	WEST VIRGINI 55 COUNTIES		1,808.9			373.1	79,801	3,545	76,256	96	25.9	1,460	81	34	17	86	8
1	BARBOUR		15.0			3.1	934		934	100	38.6	31	73	37	19	80	7
2	BERKELEY		36.3			7.2	1,134		1,134	100	22.1	15	93	33	19	96	7
3	BOONE		26.4			5.6	1,542		1,542	100	22.7	12	75	37	14	62	11
4	BRAXTON		15.4			3.1	941		941	100	28.9	17	70	24	25	102	9
5	BROOKE	1	28.1			6.0	586		586	100	18.1	1	76	29	15	66	4
6	CABELL	1	108.8			22.5	3,883	693	3,190	82	24.7	74	82	36	11	87	8
7	CALHOUN		8.0			1.5	462		462	100	27.7	8	81	29	29	65	8
8	CLAY		11.4			2.4	798		798	100	31.6	17	83	29	34	102	3
9	DODDRIDGE		6.8			1.3	370		370	100	22.4	2	55	28	28	111	6
10	FAYETTE		56.2			11.5	3,253		3,253	100	26.6	46	72	29	24	159	9
11	GILMER		8.5			1.8	544		544	100	23.9	5	66	27	24	68	10
12	GRANT		8.5			1.7	582		582	100	19.5	2	103	30	16	34	8
13	GREENBRIER		34.9			7.1	1,833	69	1,764	96	22.3	15	76	31	20	89	11
14	HAMPSHIRE		12.6			2.8	784		784	100	33.5	17	75	37	20	58	9
15	HANCOCK	1	39.6			8.2	576		576	100	30.0	50	80	34	14	42	8
16	HARDY		9.3			1.9	537		537	100	24.4	6	85	26	20	86	6
17	HARRISON		75.4			15.2	2,686		2,686	100	20.9	23	80	33	14	61	8
18	JACKSON		20.8			4.4	857		857	100	21.5	8	84	31	17	54	7
19	JEFFERSON		19.7			4.2	819		819	100	24.4	14	97	30	18	129	7
20	KANAWHA	1	239.8			50.5	7,883	1,516	6,367	81	22.7	124	77	36	13	94	9
21	LEWIS		19.9			3.5	911		911	100	28.7	19	86	26	27	52	6
22	LINCOLN		19.8			4.1	1,286		1,286	100	33.2	36	83	31	28	77	8
23	LOGAN		53.3			11.2	2,669		2,669	100	29.0	66	88	32	23	131	10
24	MCDOWELL		59.1			11.7	3,521		3,521	100	35.9	123	89	27	29	124	12
25	MARION		65.2			13.9	2,423	136	2,287	94	21.9	22	70	38	11	78	9
26	MARSHALL	1	37.1			7.1	888		888	100	20.1	8	85	35	11	73	9
27	MASON		24.3			5.0	969	66	903	93	20.9	7	71	28	12	45	8
28	MERCER		64.6			13.8	3,430		3,430	100	24.7	42	75	39	16	97	9
29	MINERAL	5	24.3			5.0	969		969	100	31.8	36	88	31	15	54	7
30	MINGO		37.6			7.7	2,579		2,579	100	36.2	82	94	25	34	91	9
31	MONONGALIA		59.2			13.0	2,573	540	2,033	79	19.8	10	74	42	9	48	7
32	MONROE		11.5			2.3	692	37	655	95	27.7	9	74	28	13	70	7
33	MORGAN		8.4			1.7	436		436	100	22.4	3	96	27	18	60	8
34	NICHOLAS		24.7			5.2	1,361		1,361	100	26.7	24	89	31	20	56	10
35	OHIO	1	64.4			12.6	1,886	59	1,827	97	25.7	49	84	40	14	157	9
36	PENDLETON		7.5			1.5	444		444	100	18.1		67	40	10	200	10
37	PLEASANTS		7.3			1.5	294		294	100	24.8	5	75	44	18	18	11
38	POCAHONTAS		9.8			1.9	475		475	100	37.7	18	86	37	17	123	6
39	PRESTON		26.2			5.1	1,380		1,380	100	28.6	30	92	32	17	51	10
40	PUTNAM		25.6			5.7	1,031	32	999	97	27.6	21	71	30	12	44	9
41	RALEIGH		71.3			15.1	4,352		4,352	100	22.1	29	70	35	19	129	10

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		WASHINGTON	
24	74	17	52	1	3	2	427											WHITMAN	38
119	80	43	29	8	5	4	2,218			●	●					●		YAKIMA	39
																		WEST VIRGINI	
1,405	78	506	28	66	4	46	21,781	1	1	46	1	1		2		10	1	55 COUNTIES	
12	80	3	20	1	7	1	190			●								BARBOUR	1
31	85	14	39	1	3	1	247											BERKELEY	2
15	57	9	34			1	272			●								BOONE	3
7	46	7	46															BRAXTON	4
8	28	6	21							●								BROOKE	5
151	139	29	27	13	12	3	2,664			●						●		CABELL	6
2	25	1	13			1	66			●								CALHOUN	7
1	9	1	9							●								CLAY	8
1	15									●								DODDRIDGE	9
27	48	15	27	1	2	1	230											FAYETTE	10
3	36	2	24							●								GILMER	11
7	83	6	71			1	246			●								GRANT	12
26	75	7	20	1	3											●		GREENBRIER	13
7	55	5	40			1	126			●								HAMPSHIRE	14
29	73	13	33	1	3	1	479			●								HANCOCK	15
3	32	3	32							●								HARDY	16
51	68	18	24	2	3	2	1,217			●								HARRISON	17
10	48	8	39			1	276			●								JACKSON	18
7	35	6	30			1	364											JEFFERSON	19
261	109	85	35	13	5	6	4,463			●	●			●		●		KANAWHA	20
10	50	3	15			1	275			●								LEWIS	21
4	20	4	20							●								LINCOLN	22
41	77	19	36	2	4	1	342			●								LOGAN	23
33	56	9	15	1	2					●								MCDOWELL	24
49	75	18	28	2	3	1	1,054			●						●		MARION	25
14	38	8	22			1	381			●								MARSHALL	26
10	41	3	12	1	4	1	231			●						●		MASON	27
69	107	18	28	3	5	1	377			●								MERCER	28
13	53	9	37							●								MINERAL	29
27	72	9	24	1	3					●								MINGO	30
60	101	16	27	3	5	3	1,309		●	●				●		●		MONONGALIA	31
6	52	6	52													●		MONROE	32
6	71	4	47			1	222											MORGAN	33
9	36	7	28			1	162			●								NICHOLAS	34
113	175	21	33	9	14	2	1,950	1		●								OHIO	35
3	40	3	40							●								PENDLETON	36
6	83	4	55							●								PLEASANTS	37
4	41	3	31			1	99											POCAHONTAS	38
8	31	6	23			1	262			●								PRESTON	39
5	20	5	20							●						●		PUTNAM	40
82	115	15	21	6	8	1	464			●		●						RALEIGH	41

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	WEST VIRGINI																
42	RANDOLPH		26.9			5.3	1,329		1,329	100	30.3	35	82	38	16	92	8
43	RITCHIE		10.7			1.9	503		503	100	24.7	6	78	31	23	80	9
44	ROANE		16.2			3.2	854		854	100	38.1	27	70	33	19	99	8
45	SUMMERS		15.0			3.4	1,086	138	948	87	45.1	35	64	26	22	156	10
46	TAYLOR		14.0			2.7	754		754	100	32.6	18	75	32	18	49	5
47	TUCKER		7.5			1.4	428		428	100	19.3	1	94	38	15	30	6
48	TYLER		10.5			2.0	478		478	100	37.7	17	96	35	11	92	6
49	UPSHUR		18.3			3.8	1,029		1,029	100	27.6	18	84	36	17	63	6
50	WAYNE	1	39.0			8.4	1,994		1,994	100	27.3	35	77	33	20	40	9
51	WEBSTER		12.6			2.6	918		918	100	33.6	23	85	27	24	110	12
52	WETZEL		18.8			3.5	743		743	100	20.1	5	109	36	15	57	6
53	WIRT	5	4.2			.8	199		199	100	21.2	1	94	46	3	81	5
54	WOOD	5	80.4			16.4	2,255	259	1,996	89	25.8	71	95	35	12	49	7
55	WYOMING		32.5			7.2	1,658		1,658	100	31.0	42	87	33	22	67	9
	WISCONSIN 71 COUNTIES		4,167.0		4.4	788.8	79,106	2,748	76,358	97	21.7	1,795	102	30	19	56	7
1	ADAMS		8.2			1.4	343		343	100	19.2	1	76	24	29	91	5
2	ASHLAND		16.2		.7	3.0	486		486	100	26.1	13	93	29	21	29	11
3	BARRON		33.2			5.9	1,028		1,028	100	22.1	14	83	32	19	32	7
4	BAYFIELD		12.3		.5	2.1	422		422	100	28.8	11	74	31	25	91	6
5	BROWN	1	137.7			25.9	2,010		2,010	100	21.5	66	131	28	22	39	7
6	BUFFALO		13.8			2.4	443		443	100	21.9	6	89	27	25	55	5
7	BURNETT		8.9		.3	1.5	383		383	100	27.5	7	70	32	28		8
8	CALUMET	5	24.1			4.4	444		444	100	17.3		137	24	30	20	7
9	CHIPPEWA	5	45.1			8.4	1,135		1,135	100	21.5	19	98	25	29	36	5
10	CLARK		30.6			5.3	1,062		1,062	100	21.0	10	94	25	33	40	5
11	COLUMBIA		36.3			6.4	840		840	100	18.6	3	100	33	17	50	5
12	CRAWFORD		16.5			3.0	577		577	100	20.0	4	82	20	37		7
13	DANE	1	264.3			55.8	4,382	185	4,197	96	19.9	63	96	35	13	58	8
14	DODGE		64.8			11.7	1,296		1,296	100	21.7	26	95	30	19	34	6
15	DOOR		20.4			3.6	550		550	100	25.4	14	81	29	16	54	3
16	DOUGLAS	1	42.7			7.7	1,011		1,011	100	23.0	22	86	32	23	51	8
17	DUNN		26.0			5.0	900		900	100	21.2	8	71	30	20	40	6
18	EAU CLAIRE	5	57.7			11.2	1,149		1,149	100	19.4	10	92	35	15	41	6
19	FLORENCE		3.2			.6	95		95	100	30.5	4	92	19	22	37	4
20	FOND DU LAC	5	80.0			15.4	1,587		1,587	100	20.0	18	98	29	22	41	5
21	FOREST		7.5		.3	1.3	258		258	100	29.3	9	95	23	28	63	5
22	GRANT		46.5			8.7	1,525		1,525	100	22.7	27	100	27	26	25	7
23	GREEN		25.2			4.5	568		568	100	24.9	17	92	32	25	48	6
24	GREEN LAKE		15.5			2.7	353		353	100	18.7	1	96	27	17	31	6
25	IOWA		19.3			3.3	607		607	100	19.4	4	107	23	32	45	4
26	IRON		5.9			1.0	154		154	100	21.6	2	63	28	22	63	16
27	JACKSON		14.8			2.6	571		571	100	19.1	2	77	25	26	110	10
28	JEFFERSON		55.1			10.3	1,139		1,139	100	22.7	26	96	33	16	48	8
29	JUNEAU		17.2			3.1	551		551	100	26.4	15	95	31	26	47	5
30	KENOSHA	1	113.7			21.3	1,465		1,465	100	20.0	30	109	30	15	31	7

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		WEST VIRGINI	
28	104	6	22	1	4	2	580											RANDOLPH	42
6	56	5	47							●								RITCHIE	43
12	74	6	37							●								ROANE	44
7	47	5	33							●						●		SUMMERS	45
7	50	4	29			1	101			●								TAYLOR	46
2	27	1	13							●								TUCKER	47
3	29	3	29							●								TYLER	48
10	55	8	44			2	356			●								UPSHUR	49
5	13	5	13							●								WAYNE	50
3	24	2	16			1	128			●								WEBSTER	51
11	59	9	48			1	442			●								WETZEL	52
1	24									●								WIRT	53
69	86	21	26	4	5	2	2,206			●						●	●	WOOD	54
10	31	3	9							●								WYOMING	55
																		WISCONSIN	
3,866	93	1,358	33	231	6	146	71,767	4	2	49							2	71 COUNTIES	
2	24	2	24			1	79			●								ADAMS	1
14	86	10	62	1	6	2	356			●								ASHLAND	2
20	60	17	51			4	483			●								BARRON	3
1	8	1	8			1	55			●								BAYFIELD	4
128	93	38	28	9	7	3	3,265											BROWN	5
7	51	6	44			1	83			●								BUFFALO	6
2	23	2	23			1	84			●								BURNETT	7
9	37	8	33			1	405											CALUMET	8
24	53	19	42			3	841			●								CHIPPEWA	9
17	56	11	36			1	162											CLARK	10
28	77	24	66	1	3	2	626			●								COLUMBIA	11
10	61	8	49	1	6	2	267			●								CRAWFORD	12
466	176	85	32	26	10	5	5,367	1	●	●								DANE	13
39	60	26	40			2	676											DODGE	14
12	59	11	54			1	227			●								DOOR	15
25	59	13	30	2	5	1	279			●								DOUGLAS	16
12	46	7	27							●								DUNN	17
70	121	20	35	4	7	2	1,240			●								EAU CLAIRE	18
										●								FLORENCE	19
84	105	33	41	4	5	3	1,783			●								FOND DU LAC	20
4	53	4	53							●								FOREST	21
29	62	24	52			5	734			●								GRANT	22
41	162	6	24	3	12	1	650			●								GREEN	23
13	84	10	64			1	190											GREEN LAKE	24
8	41	8	41			2	329			●								IOWA	25
1	17	1	17							●								IRON	26
7	47	6	41			1	182			●								JACKSON	27
31	56	26	47			2	1,064											JEFFERSON	28
8	47	8	47			1	136			●								JUNEAU	29
76	67	24	21	5	4	2	1,876											KENOSHA	30

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	WISCONSIN																
31	KEWAUNEE		19.4			3.6	480		480	100	17.1		102	24	25	32	4
32	LA CROSSE	5	76.6			15.1	1,567		1,567	100	23.9	46	99	33	16	51	9
33	LAFAYETTE		18.1			3.2	509		509	100	13.4		98	17	25	58	8
34	LANGLADE		20.6			3.9	647		647	100	21.7	9	97	25	26	32	8
35	LINCOLN		23.6			4.3	587		587	100	29.3	29	104	29	20	22	6
36	MANITOWOC	5	78.6			14.4	1,124		1,124	100	17.6		109	27	25	32	5
37	MARATHON	5	92.1			17.6	1,917		1,917	100	21.0	32	92	29	22	31	6
38	MARINETTE		34.2			6.1	950		950	100	17.0		86	26	22	45	6
39	MARQUETTE		7.6			1.2	240		240	100	14.4		130	20	21	50	5
40	MILWAUKEE	3	1,038.5			196.4	14,031	2,530	11,501	82	22.9	608	108	34	15	98	9
41	MONROE		31.7			5.6	820		820	100	21.8	13	91	35	22	51	5
42	OCONTO		25.2			4.5	800		800	100	26.9	24	90	24	32	40	4
43	ONEIDA		22.3		.2	4.0	652		652	100	25.9	19	94	22	23	58	5
44	OUTAGAMIE	5	111.8			21.4	1,642		1,642	100	20.4	37	120	29	24	34	6
45	OZAUKEE	3	44.6			8.8	479		479	100	17.1		107	21	21	34	7
46	PEPIN		6.9			1.2	208		208	100	26.6	6	129	32	25	27	9
47	PIERCE		27.4			5.2	749		749	100	20.0	23	77	31	20	39	7
48	POLK		26.7		.2	4.8	825		825	100	31.7	34	89	33	19	52	6
49	PORTAGE		42.7			8.4	1,145		1,145	100	17.0		99	30	21	36	7
50	PRICE		13.6			2.3	445		445	100	22.1	6	97	22	18	18	6
51	RACINE	1	156.3			30.3	2,145		2,145	100	23.9	108	106	28	20	39	7
52	RICHLAND		18.2			3.4	649		649	100	20.0	4	93	28	25	38	3
53	ROCK	5	124.8			24.1	2,033		2,033	100	21.5	51	108	32	15	55	6
54	RUSK		13.4			2.3	435		435	100	21.0	5	79	23	39	43	4
55	ST CROIX		31.3			5.5	753		753	100	22.0	15	105	29	21	34	6
56	SAUK		37.7			7.0	1,103		1,103	100	27.4	36	90	32	22	63	6
57	SAWYER		9.4		1.0	1.6	377		377	100	32.8	13	98	27	35	38	6
58	SHAWANO		35.7		.4	6.4	1,149		1,149	100	25.6	29	105	23	26	68	7
59	SHEBOYGAN	5	94.1			17.6	1,505		1,505	100	19.5	15	91	30	16	25	7
60	TAYLOR		17.5			3.1	664		664	100	18.8	2	93	22	35	21	8
61	TREMPEALEAU		23.2			4.1	717		717	100	22.1	10	94	23	20	58	5
62	VERNON		23.3			4.1	876		876	100	22.8	11	87	28	18	28	7
63	VILAS		8.7		.8	1.5	319		319	100	22.9	4	99	30	27	108	5
64	WALWORTH		58.8			11.4	1,258		1,258	100	20.3	14	85	30	17	49	6
65	WASHBURN		10.0		.1	1.8	367		367	100	21.9	4	71	25	32	31	3
66	WASHINGTON	3	53.7			10.1	765		765	100	21.9	26	125	22	23	19	7
67	WAUKESHA	3	193.8			39.5	2,317	33	2,284	99	20.0	44	95	27	18	36	6
68	WAUPACA		38.1			6.7	1,038		1,038	100	20.3	8	86	30	20	59	6
69	WAUSHARA		13.8			2.4	495		495	100	30.7	16	88	31	21	48	8
70	WINNEBAGO	5	117.6			22.7	1,884		1,884	100	18.9	14	97	31	16	36	6
71	WOOD		62.6		.2	11.9	1,106		1,106	100	21.4	28	112	27	23	41	6
	WYOMING 23 COUNTIES		319.3	.5	3.9	59.8	5,950	35	5,915	99	27.5	372	99	34	15	49	10
1	ALBANY		23.3			4.8	608		608	100	25.7	22	101	40	8	33	10
2	BIG HORN		10.8			1.9	251		251	100	28.2	12	105	41	20	50	9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		WISCONSIN	
10	51	10	51			2	263											KEWAUNEE	31
107	140	17	22	10	13	4	2,013			●								LA CROSSE	32
4	22	3	17			1	110			●								LAFAYETTE	33
13	63	11	53			1	410											LANGLADE	34
13	55	12	51			2	362											LINCOLN	35
62	79	22	28	4	5	3	1,314											MANITOWOC	36
73	79	25	27	4	4	2	1,314											MARATHON	37
20	59	14	41	1	3	1	307			●								MARINETTE	38
3	39	3	39							●								MARQUETTE	39
1,229	118	271	26	98	9	16	19,483	3	●	●							●	MILWAUKEE	40
12	38	9	28			2	499			●								MONROE	41
10	40	8	32			2	335			●								OCONTO	42
24	108	9	40	1	4	2	491											ONEIDA	43
94	84	38	34	6	5	2	1,670											OUTAGAMIE	44
25	56	16	36			1	523											OZAUKEE	45
4	58	4	58			1	140			●								PEPIN	46
14	51	11	40			2	174			●								PIERCE	47
22	82	17	64			4	504			●								POLK	48
28	66	9	21	2	5	1	787			●								PORTAGE	49
7	51	6	44			1	200			●								PRICE	50
128	82	48	31	10	6	3	3,123			●								RACINE	51
11	60	9	49			1	343			●								RICHLAND	52
108	87	36	29	9	7	3	2,583			●								ROCK	53
5	37	5	37			1	238			●								RUSK	54
18	57	13	41			2	290			●								ST CROIX	55
25	66	20	53	1	3	3	741			●								SAUK	56
5	53	4	43			1	78			●								SAWYER	57
18	50	13	36	1	3	2	485			●								SHAWANO	58
67	71	26	28	4	4	3	1,688											SHEBOYGAN	59
5	29	4	23			1	276			●								TAYLOR	60
12	52	10	43			2	155			●								TREMPEALEAU	61
11	47	7	30			2	473			●								VERNON	62
8	92	7	80			2	77											VILAS	63
38	65	30	51			1	597											WALWORTH	64
6	60	6	60			2	172			●								WASHBURN	65
29	54	21	39			2	975											WASHINGTON	66
163	84	49	25	11	6	3	2,477										●	WAUKESHA	67
20	53	18	47			5	743											WAUPACA	68
10	73	9	65			2	188			●								WAUSHARA	69
120	102	34	29	9	8	2	2,075											WINNEBAGO	70
97	155	16	26	4	6	2	1,652			●								WOOD	71
283	89	147	46	10	3	24	4,695			8						1		WYOMING 23 COUNTIES	
22	95	9	39	1	4	1	491			●								ALBANY	1
11	102	9	83			2	122			●								BIG HORN	2

Table 1. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Current Programs, Resources and Related Indices for U.S., Each State and County, FY 1968 continued

			Population and Selected Characteristics (000s)				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Selected Health and Demographic Indices						
											Infant Mortality 1961-1965		Est. Fert. Rate	Live Birth Order as % of Births			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Line Number	State and County	SMSA Designation	Population	Home-Based Migrants	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Women 15-44	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women Not Served	Percent Unserved (Col. 10 ÷ Col. 8)	Rate	No. of Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000	Per 1,000 women 15-44	First Births	Fifth and Higher Births	Out-of-Wedlock Births (per 1,000 live births)	Premature Births 2500 gr. or less (% of live births)
	WYOMING																
3	CAMPBELL		7.6			1.5	98		98	100	45.6	24	114	26	19	59	12
4	CARBON		13.8			2.5	245		245	100	23.4	9	86	34	19	93	13
5	CONVERSE		6.0			1.1	125		125	100	36.3	12	101	27	7	73	4
6	CROOK		5.0			.9	135		135	100	15.3		112	23	17		4
7	FREMONT		26.9	.5	3.7	5.1	565		565	100	35.9	65	107	29	24	69	12
8	GOSHEN		11.3			2.1	315		315	100	26.5	10	87	34	17	54	11
9	HOT SPRINGS		5.1		.2	.9	119		119	100	38.6	11	78	35	14	81	14
10	JOHNSON		6.0			1.1	126		126	100	30.9	7	95	30	11		11
11	LARAMIE	5	59.5			11.0	793	35	758	96	27.4	78	113	35	14	58	10
12	LINCOLN		8.4			1.5	202		202	100	23.1	6	118	31	15		7
13	NATRONA		46.0			9.0	707		707	100	26.1	45	87	39	11	41	9
14	NIOBRARA		3.5			.6	71		71	100	26.0	3	65	25	10	50	5
15	PARK		15.9			3.0	311		311	100	23.9	12	95	30	14	35	7
16	PLATTE		6.7			1.2	160		160	100	25.0	5	91	31	7	55	15
17	SHERIDAN		18.1			3.2	386		386	100	29.1	17	68	28	20	54	17
18	SUBLETTE		3.0			.5	50		50	100	19.9	1	139	32	15		6
19	SWEETWATER		17.5			3.3	288		288	100	23.4	11	96	34	14	70	13
20	TETON		3.8			.7	45		45	100	23.7	2	106	36	5		10
21	UINTA		6.8			1.2	110		110	100	27.1	7	102	43	16	48	11
22	WASHAKIE		7.8			1.4	151		151	100	24.6	7	107	28	17	39	13
23	WESTON		6.5			1.2	89		89	100	24.6	6	96	33	21	34	12
	ALASKA 1 COUNTIES		264.8		48.8	47.4	5,013	2,292	2,721	54	34.2	611	138	30	21	71	8
1	ALASKA		264.8		48.8	47.4	5,013	2,292	2,721	54	34.2	611	138	30	21	71	8
	HAWAII 4 COUNTIES		726.7			150.0	13,493	1,041	12,452	92	21.2	298	100	33	14	82	9
1	HAWAII		62.6			12.4	1,531	114	1,417	93	21.5	21	85	29	16	72	10
2	HONOLULU	2	589.9			123.0	10,228	927	9,301	91	21.1	245	103	34	13	83	9
3	KAUAI		28.6			5.3	643		643	100	18.1	1	97	22	19	78	6
4	MAUI		45.6			9.3	1,091		1,091	100	25.2	31	79	27	17	82	9

Existing and Potential Resources for Family Planning Programs (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)																			
Non-Federal Physicians in Patient Care						Hospitals			Med. Sch.	OEO Programs			Other Federal Programs			Health Depts.	P.P.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Physicians (number)	Physicians (per 100,000 pop.)	General Practitioners (number)	General Practitioners (per 100,000 pop.)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (number)	Obstetrician-Gynecologists (per 100,000 pop.)	Non-Profit General Care	Births	Number Reporting Family Planning Services	Counties with Medical School	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Public Health Service Neighborhood Service Project	Counties Where Health Dept. Provides Family Planning Services	Counties Where P.P. Affiliates Provide Family Planning Services	State and County	Line Number
																		WYOMING	
3	40	2	26			1	111											CAMPBELL	3
13	94	10	72							●								CARBON	4
3	50	3	50			1	62											CONVERSE	5
1	20	1	20			1	37											CROOK	6
16	59	14	52			2	466			●								FREMONT	7
9	80	7	62			1	167											GOSHEN	8
4	78	3	59			1	82			●								HOT SPRINGS	9
3	50	2	34			1	79											JOHNSON	10
65	109	19	32	2	3	2	859			●						●		LARAMIE	11
4	48	4	48			1	98											LINCOLN	12
59	128	16	35	5	11	1	827											NATRONA	13
1	29	1	29			1	32											NIOBRARA	14
16	101	12	76			2	304			●								PARK	15
3	45	3	45			1	68											PLATTE	16
17	94	6	33	1	6	1	259											SHERIDAN	17
2	66	2	66															SUBLETTE	18
10	57	6	34			1	297											SWEETWATER	19
5	133	3	80	1	27													TETON	20
8	117	8	117			1	172											UINTA	21
5	64	4	51			1	154			●								WASHAKIE	22
3	46	3	46			1	8											WESTON	23
						18	3,289	8					1			1		ALASKA 1 COUNTIES	
						18	3,289	8					●			●		ALASKA	1
825	114	215	30	64	9	18	11,353	2		4			1	2		2		HAWAII 4 COUNTIES	
48	77	33	53	2	3	5	1,029			●				●		●		HAWAII	1
716	121	154	26	58	10	7	9,113	2		●			●	●		●		HONOLULU	2
23	80	11	38			2	494			●								KAUAI	3
38	83	17	37	4	9	4	717			●								MAUI	4

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 2. 313 COUNTIES CONTAINING HALF OF U.S. UNMET NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES: NEED, SERVICE LEVELS, EXISTING AND POTENTIAL RESOURCES FOR PROGRAM EXPANSION, FY 1968

NOTES TO TABLE 2.

All column headings appear as in Table 1 (see notes to Table 1) except the following:

Column 1
Rank Number shows the ranking, from high to low, of each county by number of medically indigent women not served (Column 4).

Column 8
Number of Known Health Department Clinic Locations shows the number of locations at which health departments reported the operation of family planning clinics, in response to the CFPPD survey.

Column 10
Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics shows the number of locations at which Planned Parenthood Affiliates reported the operation of family planning clinics, in response to the CFPPD survey.

Column 11
Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services shows the number of agencies other than health departments, hospitals or Planned Parenthood Affiliates reporting the provision of family planning services, in response to the CFPPD survey.

Column 12
Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services shows the number of non-profit, general care hospitals reporting births (as defined in Column 25, Table 1), less the number of such hospitals reporting family planning services and enumerated in Column 9 (or Column 27, Table 1).

Column 13
Births in Column 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births shows the ratio of births reported in the hospitals enumerated in column 12 as not providing family planning services to all births reported by non-profit hospitals (Column 26, Table 1).

Column 14
Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services: Bullet identifies counties in which no family planning services were reported to be provided by health departments.

Column 17
Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center: Bullet identifies counties which have one or more comprehensive health centers funded either by OEO or PHS (see Columns 31 and 34, Table 1).

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
	TOTAL	**313 COUNTIES**	**2,297.6**	**80**	**587,743**	**2,885.4**	**456**	**344**	**421**	**13**	**1,219**	**64**	**131**	**280**	**75**	**37**	**45**	**82**
1	LOS ANGELES	CALIFORNIA	93.8	74	32,519	126.3	18	6	12	1	58	77		●	●	●	●	●
2	COOK	ILLINOIS	44.2	54	38,311	82.5	18	9	12		55	65		●		●	●	●
3	KINGS	NEW YORK	42.0	66	21,956	64.0	9	13	5	1	9	26		●	●	●	●	●
4	WAYNE	MICHIGAN	38.7	65	20,704	59.4	8	12	7		23	50		●	●		●	●
5	PHILADELPHIA	PENNSYLVANIA	32.0	65	17,513	49.5		15	6	1	11	26	●	●		●	●	●
6	HARRIS	TEXAS	31.2	69	13,780	45.0	17	4	15		6	48		●			●	
7	BEXAR	TEXAS	28.1	87	4,349	32.4		2	13		3	48	●	●	●			●
8	DADE	FLORIDA	27.1	75	8,955	36.1	7	1			9	70		●	●	●	●	●
9	DALLAS	TEXAS	26.8	88	3,500	30.3	1	4	5		4	15		●				
10	ALLEGHENY	PENNSYLVANIA	25.1	80	6,349	31.5		5	19		18	59	●	●	●	●	●	●
11	SHELBY	TENNESSEE	24.9	85	4,389	29.3	2	3			1	12		●				
12	SAN DIEGO	CALIFORNIA	23.6	92	1,962	25.6	7	1			14	94		●	●			●
13	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	19.4	39	29,762	49.2	12	19	5		2	8		●	●	●	●	●
14	ORANGE	CALIFORNIA	19.4	88	2,697	22.1	2				8	100		●				
15	MARICOPA	ARIZONA	19.3	82	4,355	23.7	17	5	2		10	30		●	●			
16	ST LOUIS	MISSOURI	18.9	58	13,557	32.4	3	5	3		13	71		●	●	●	●	●
17	QUEENS	NEW YORK	18.4	73	6,865	25.2		6	5	1	3	50	●	●	●	●	●	
18	CUYAHOGA	OHIO	17.4	59	12,191	29.6	3	7	15	1	12	37		●		●	●	●
19	BRONX	NEW YORK	17.3	48	19,112	36.4	3	6	2		1	3		●	●	●	●	
20	MIDDLESEX	MASSACHUSETT	16.9	95	912	17.9		4			16	73	●	●				●
21	JEFFERSON	ALABAMA	16.7	65	8,982	25.7	4	1	2		7	64		●	●		●	
22	ORLEANS	LOUISIANA	16.2	61	10,330	26.6	1	3		1	7	47		●	●			●
23	NORFOLK	VIRGINIA	16.2	84	3,000	19.2	3	2			3	60		●				●
24	ERIE	NEW YORK	16.2	80	4,016	20.2		4	3		6	55	●	●	●		●	●
25	SAN BERNARDI	CALIFORNIA	15.6	96	615	16.2	2	1			13	94		●				
26	SUFFOLK	NEW YORK	15.2	94	998	16.2			5		10	100		●	●			
27	HILLSBOROUGH	FLORIDA	15.0	81	3,473	18.5	6				3	100		●				●
28	FULTON	GEORGIA	14.6	59	10,069	24.7	1	2	6		5	40		●	●		●	●
29	TARRANT	TEXAS	14.5	83	3,002	17.5	1	1	4		4	77		●	●			
30	SANTA CLARA	CALIFORNIA	14.4	92	1,205	15.6	5	2	1		9	79		●		●		●
31	BALTIMORE	MARYLAND	14.1	44	17,914	32.0	14	7	3		9	42		●	●	●	●	●
32	BROWARD	FLORIDA	13.4	79	3,519	16.9	6	1			3	55		●			●	
33	HAMILTON	OHIO	13.4	69	5,928	19.3	6	3	6		3	35		●		●	●	●
34	PINELLAS	FLORIDA	13.3	83	2,682	16.0		1			4	56		●				
35	JEFFERSON	KENTUCKY	12.9	76	4,165	17.1		1	1		8	83		●		●		
36	ALAMEDA	CALIFORNIA	12.3	59	8,548	20.9		2	4		13	84		●	●	●	●	●
37	RIVERSIDE	CALIFORNIA	11.8	97	399	12.2		2			7	33	●	●				
38	ESSEX	NEW JERSEY	11.5	63	6,878	18.4		5	2		10	50	●	●			●	●
39	MILWAUKEE	WISCONSIN	11.5	82	2,530	14.0		3	6		13	72	●	●				
40	HIDALGO	TEXAS	11.4	82	2,507	13.9	7		7		4	100		●	●			
41	KING	WASHINGTON	11.4	74	3,997	15.4	6	2	2		16	86		●	●		●	●
42	OKLAHOMA	OKLAHOMA	11.2	87	1,714	12.9		1	3		7	87	●	●				
43	DAVIDSON	TENNESSEE	11.1	68	5,227	16.3		3			5	44		●	●	●		●
44	ESSEX	MASSACHUSETT	11.0	100	50	11.1		1			10	83	●	●				
45	OAKLAND	MICHIGAN	11.0	97	363	11.3		1	2		3	70	●	●				

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
46	LUZERNE	PENNSYLVANIA	10.7	89	1,362	12.1			1		8	100	•	•				•
47	WORCESTER	MASSACHUSETT	10.6	98	168	10.8		2			11	72	•	•				•
48	CHARLESTON	SOUTH CAROLI	10.6	79	2,860	13.5	1	1			4	51		•		•	•	
49	JACKSON	MISSOURI	10.2	70	4,280	14.5		4	15		6	64		•	•	•		
50	BRISTOL	MASSACHUSETT	10.2	100		10.2					6	100	•	•				•
51	PULASKI	ARKANSAS	10.1	90	1,076	11.2	3	1			4	64		•	•		•	
52	SUFFOLK	MASSACHUSETT	10.1	63	5,818	15.9		7				21	•	•		•	•	•
53	DUVAL	FLORIDA	10.0	60	6,634	16.7	9	1			3	27		•				
54	NASSAU	NEW YORK	10.0	79	2,613	12.6		4	4		3	33	•	•				
55	CADDO	LOUISIANA	9.9	98	226	10.2		1		1	3	36		•	•			
56	HAMILTON	TENNESSEE	9.6	98	200	9.8		1			1	45	•	•		•		•
57	MARION	INDIANA	9.5	69	4,330	13.8	15	3	9		3	51		•				•
58	KNOX	TENNESSEE	9.5	86	1,500	11.0		1			3	81		•				
59	HUDSON	NEW JERSEY	9.4	85	1,705	11.1			4		5	100	•	•	•			•
60	PROVIDENCE	RHODE ISLAND	9.4	70	4,106	13.5		1	1		4	68	•	•			•	•
61	WESTMORELAND	PENNSYLVANIA	9.3	100	10	9.3		1			4	78	•	•				
62	HONOLULU	HAWAII	9.3	91	927	10.2	3	2			5	38		•			•	•
63	FRESNO	CALIFORNIA	9.2	83	1,852	11.0	5	1			6	68		•				•
64	MOBILE	ALABAMA	9.1	71	3,793	12.9	5	1			4	63		•			•	
65	PALM BEACH	FLORIDA	9.1	81	2,081	11.2	7				6	100		•			•	
66	MONTGOMERY	OHIO	9.0	82	1,918	10.9		1	11		3	69		•	•	•		•
67	FAIRFIELD	CONNECTICUT	8.8	84	1,615	10.4		6	4		1	9	•	•	•			•
68	TRAVIS	TEXAS	8.7	89	1,075	9.8	5		1		3	100		•	•			•
69	SACRAMENTO	CALIFORNIA	8.7	91	850	9.5		1	1		5	87	•	•	•			
70	MULTNOMAH	OREGON	8.5	79	2,323	10.8		1	2		7	85		•	•	•	•	
71	HINDS	MISSISSIPPI	8.3	88	1,180	9.5		1			3	57		•	•		•	
72	MACOMB	MICHIGAN	8.3	99	58	8.4			1		1	100	•	•	•			
73	MONMOUTH	NEW JERSEY	8.3	96	378	8.7	1	2			1	37		•	•			
74	FRANKLIN	OHIO	8.2	50	8,141	16.4		2	9		3	60	•	•	•			•
75	CAMERON	TEXAS	8.2	93	574	8.8			3		3	100	•	•	•			
76	TULSA	OKLAHOMA	8.2	82	1,747	9.9	1		7		5	100		•		•		•
77	RICHLAND	SOUTH CAROLI	8.1	72	3,099	11.2	5	1			3	59		•				
78	SUMMIT	OHIO	7.8	88	1,067	8.9		2	2		2	45	•	•				•
79	YORK	VIRGINIA	7.8	100		7.8					4	100		•				
80	HARTFORD	CONNECTICUT	7.8	78	2,157	10.0		4	4		3	34	•	•	•		•	•
81	EAST BATON R	LOUISIANA	7.7	79	2,075	9.8		1		1	1	56		•	•			
82	PIERCE	WASHINGTON	7.7	92	709	8.4	1				6	100		•				•
83	GUILFORD	NORTH CAROLI	7.7	92	624	8.3					4	100		•				•
84	WAKE	NORTH CAROLI	7.7	95	425	8.1		1			2	64		•				
85	LAKE	INDIANA	7.7	94	525	8.2			13		4	100	•	•	•			•
86	GREENVILLE	SOUTH CAROLI	7.6	89	954	8.6	1	1			4	32		•	•		•	
87	RICHMOND	GEORGIA	7.6	85	1,365	9.0		1			2	44		•			•	
88	CUMBERLAND	NORTH CAROLI	7.5	87	1,160	8.7					2	100		•				
89	HAMPDEN	MASSACHUSETT	7.5	99	100	7.6		2			4	24	•	•				•
90	JEFFERSON	LOUISIANA	7.4	100		7.4					2	100	•	•				
91	NEW HAVEN	CONNECTICUT	7.4	72	2,859	10.3		1	1		7	66	•	•		•		•
92	ORANGE	FLORIDA	7.3	72	2,908	10.2	4				5	100		•			•	
93	EL PASO	TEXAS	7.3	63	4,198	11.5		1	4		2	83	•					

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
94	NUECES	TEXAS	7.2	75	2,358	9.6			4		2	100	•	•	•			
95	MUSCOGEE	GEORGIA	7.2	82	1,547	8.8					2	100		•				
96	SALT LAKE	UTAH	7.2	94	493	7.7	3	2			3	52		•				•
97	KERN	CALIFORNIA	7.2	86	1,199	8.4	4	1			4	75		•				
98	WESTCHESTER	NEW YORK	7.1	68	3,354	10.5	1	2	14		12	88		•	•			•
99	HENNEPIN	MINNESOTA	7.1	54	6,007	13.1	6	2	1		13	90		•		•	•	•
100	FAYETTE	PENNSYLVANIA	7.1	98	120	7.2		1			2	45	•	•				
101	MONROE	NEW YORK	7.1	70	3,097	10.2		4	7		3	41	•	•		•		
102	PASSAIC	NEW JERSEY	7.1	86	1,118	8.2	1	2	2		4	68		•				
103	DELAWARE	PENNSYLVANIA	7.0	96	315	7.3		2			3	50	•	•				
104	CHATHAM	GEORGIA	6.9	88	942	7.9		2			1	58		•				•
105	CONTRA COSTA	CALIFORNIA	6.9	82	1,528	8.5	6				8	100		•				•
106	SPARTANBURG	SOUTH CAROLI	6.9	88	976	7.9	1				2	100		•				•
107	ST CLAIR	ILLINOIS	6.9	100		6.9					5	100	•	•				•
108	POLK	FLORIDA	6.9	73	2,570	9.5	9	1			6	78						
109	VOLUSIA	FLORIDA	6.9	93	500	7.4	3				3	100		•				
110	LACKAWANNA	PENNSYLVANIA	6.8	97	220	7.0			1		7	100	•	•				
111	SEDGWICK	KANSAS	6.8	98	173	6.9	1				4	100		•				•
112	BERGEN	NEW JERSEY	6.8	82	1,515	8.3	4	3	6		2	30		•	•			
113	JEFFERSON	TEXAS	6.6	88	861	7.4	5				3	100		•				
114	CAMBRIA	PENNSYLVANIA	6.6	100		6.6					5	100	•	•				
115	STARK	OHIO	6.5	98	147	6.7		1	1		3	68	•	•				
116	SAN JOAQUIN	CALIFORNIA	6.5	97	227	6.7	9				5	100		•				
117	PIMA	ARIZONA	6.4	74	2,280	8.7	2	1	1		3	95		•	•			•
118	MADISON	ALABAMA	6.4	87	916	7.3			1		1	100		•	•			•
119	KANAWHA	WEST VIRGINI	6.4	81	1,516	7.9					6	100		•	•		•	
120	MIDDLESEX	NEW JERSEY	6.3	97	201	6.5		2			2	49	•	•				•
121	ROANOKE	VIRGINIA	6.2	100		6.2					3	100		•				
122	VENTURA	CALIFORNIA	6.1	83	1,278	7.4					7	100		•				
123	MONTGOMERY	PENNSYLVANIA	6.1	93	484	6.6		3			4	48	•	•				
124	MONTGOMERY	ALABAMA	6.0	78	1,686	7.7				1	4	100		•	•	•		
125	BIBB	GEORGIA	6.0	91	611	6.6		1						•				
126	NORFOLK	MASSACHUSETT	6.0	97	200	6.2		1			6	74	•	•				
127	LUCAS	OHIO	5.9	63	3,426	9.3	2	4	3		4	48		•				•
128	TUSCALOOSA	ALABAMA	5.9	93	433	6.3					1	100		•				
129	ATLANTIC	NEW JERSEY	5.9	100		5.9		1			2	70	•					•
130	HARRISON	MISSISSIPPI	5.8	97	194	6.0					1	100		•				
131	PRINCE GEORG	MARYLAND	5.8	86	973	6.7	3	1			2	10		•				
132	WEBB	TEXAS	5.7	100		5.7					1	100	•	•				•
133	SCHUYLKILL	PENNSYLVANIA	5.6	100		5.6					5	100	•	•				
134	ESCAMBIA	FLORIDA	5.6	80	1,425	7.1					2	100		•				
135	WASHINGTON	PENNSYLVANIA	5.6	100		5.6					4	100	•	•				
136	OUACHITA	LOUISIANA	5.6	100		5.6					3	100	•	•				
137	TULARE	CALIFORNIA	5.5	90	631	6.1	2				7	100		•				
138	ONONDAGA	NEW YORK	5.4	72	2,167	7.6		1	4		4	78	•	•		•		
139	BREVARD	FLORIDA	5.4	85	957	6.4					4	100		•	•			
140	UNION	NEW JERSEY	5.4	87	828	6.3		2	2		3	50	•	•				•
141	PLYMOUTH	MASSACHUSETT	5.4	100	20	5.4		1			2	23	•	•				

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
142	CAMDEN	NEW JERSEY	5.4	73	2,009	7.4		1	2		3	78	●	●				
143	ROBESON	NORTH CAROLI	5.3	93	416	5.7					1	100		●				
144	ERIE	PENNSYLVANIA	5.3	97	145	5.5		1	1		3	67	●	●				●
145	ST LANDRY	LOUISIANA	5.3	100		5.3					2	100	●					
146	SPOKANE	WASHINGTON	5.3	98	107	5.4					4	100		●				
147	KENT	MICHIGAN	5.3	77	1,578	6.9	6	1	7		2	56		●	●			●
148	STANISLAUS	CALIFORNIA	5.3	95	300	5.6		1			6	80	●					
149	DE KALB	GEORGIA	5.2	71	2,090	7.3	1	1	6		1	100		●		●		
150	BERKS	PENNSYLVANIA	5.1	97	135	5.3		2	2		1	33	●	●	●			●
151	BUNCOMBE	NORTH CAROLI	5.1	89	664	5.8		1			1	53		●	●			●
152	DOUGLAS	NEBRASKA	5.1	78	1,472	6.6	3	1	6		7	87		●	●		●	
153	ONEIDA	NEW YORK	5.1	98	78	5.2			1		4	100	●	●				
154	ST LOUIS	MINNESOTA	5.1	99	49	5.1		1	1		9	100	●	●				●
155	PRINCESS ANN	VIRGINIA	5.1	100		5.1					1	100						
156	SULLIVAN	TENNESSEE	5.0	100		5.0	2	1			1	62		●				
157	FORSYTH	NORTH CAROLI	5.0	76	1,538	6.5		1			2	59				●		●
158	GASTON	NORTH CAROLI	5.0	92	423	5.4					2	100		●				
159	RAPIDES	LOUISIANA	5.0	76	1,606	6.6				1	3	100		●	●			
160	FLORENCE	SOUTH CAROLI	4.9	93	362	5.2	7				2	100		●				
161	PIKE	KENTUCKY	4.8	98	106	5.0					1	100		●				●
162	MONTEREY	CALIFORNIA	4.8	100	23	4.8					5	100		●		●		
163	OCEAN	NEW JERSEY	4.7	98	85	4.8		1			2	60	●	●				
164	LANCASTER	PENNSYLVANIA	4.7	90	530	5.2		1	3		3	57	●	●	●			●
165	PITT	NORTH CAROLI	4.7	93	381	5.1					1	100						
166	GREENE	MISSOURI	4.7	95	270	5.0					2	100		●	●			
167	BERNALILLO	NEW MEXICO	4.7	71	1,925	6.6	46	2	6		1	73		●	●			●
168	GALVESTON	TEXAS	4.7	80	1,149	5.8		2			1	50	●	●				
169	CALCASIEU	LOUISIANA	4.6	100		4.6					4	100	●	●				
170	VERNON	LOUISIANA	4.6	100		4.6							●	●				
171	MADISON	ILLINOIS	4.6	100		4.6					5	100	●	●				
172	CUMBERLAND	MAINE	4.6	100		4.6					6	100	●	●				●
173	GENESEE	MICHIGAN	4.5	61	2,942	7.5		1	3		3	75	●	●				●
174	PITTSYLVANIA	VIRGINIA	4.5	100		4.5					2	100		●				
175	CALHOUN	ALABAMA	4.5	100	21	4.6					2	100		●				
176	LAFAYETTE	LOUISIANA	4.5	100		4.5					3	100	●					
177	ALBANY	NEW YORK	4.5	77	1,321	5.8		1	1		2	66	●	●				●
178	COBB	GEORGIA	4.5	97	154	4.7					1	100						
179	EL PASO	COLORADO	4.4	90	491	4.9	1		1		3	100		●	●			
180	MAHONING	OHIO	4.4	76	1,431	5.8			2		1	100	●	●				
181	BURLINGTON	NEW JERSEY	4.4	96	162	4.6		1			1	26	●	●				
182	RALEIGH	WEST VIRGINI	4.4	100		4.4					1	100	●	●		●		
183	JEFFERSON	ARKANSAS	4.4	94	271	4.6	2				1	100		●			●	
184	WAYNE	NORTH CAROLI	4.3	83	912	5.2					1	100		●			●	
185	SONOMA	CALIFORNIA	4.3	81	994	5.3					4	100		●				
186	SNOHOMISH	WASHINGTON	4.2	97	126	4.4	1				4	100		●				
187	ANDERSON	SOUTH CAROLI	4.2	93	333	4.6	1							●				
188	VANDERBURGH	INDIANA	4.2	87	624	4.8			1		3	100	●	●				
189	LORAIN	OHIO	4.2	100		4.2					4	100	●	●				

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
190	ALLEN	INDIANA	4.2	100		4.2					3	100	•	•				
191	DANE	WISCONSIN	4.2	96	185	4.4		1			4	90	•	•				
192	BELL	TEXAS	4.2	90	438	4.6	1	1			1	23						
193	ORANGE	NEW YORK	4.2	92	341	4.5		1	1		6	66	•	•				
194	TANGIPAHOA	LOUISIANA	4.1	100		4.1					2	100	•	•				
195	LANE	OREGON	4.1	100		4.1					4	100	•	•				
196	LEHIGH	PENNSYLVANIA	4.1	95	225	4.3		1			1	41	•	•				
197	ETOWAH	ALABAMA	4.1	99	60	4.2					2	100						
198	FAYETTE	KENTUCKY	4.1	73	1,519	5.6		1	1		3	73		•				
199	SAN MATEO	CALIFORNIA	4.1	72	1,612	5.7	3	1			4	90		•		•		
200	ONSLOW	NORTH CAROLI	4.0	96	175	4.2					1	100		•				
201	MISSISSIPPI	ARKANSAS	4.0	88	569	4.6	2				2	100		•	•			
202	LAKE	ILLINOIS	4.0	100		4.0					5	100	•	•	•			
203	HILLSBOROUGH	NEW HAMPSHIR	4.0	100		4.0					7	100	•	•				•
204	LUBBOCK	TEXAS	4.0	76	1,224	5.2			4		2	100		•				
205	DOUGHERTY	GEORGIA	4.0	98	68	4.0					1	100		•				
206	LAUDERDALE	MISSISSIPPI	4.0	95	194	4.2					4	100		•				
207	FAIRFAX	VIRGINIA	4.0	100		4.0		1						•				
208	BUCKS	PENNSYLVANIA	4.0	90	425	4.4			1		4	100	•	•	•			
209	BLAIR	PENNSYLVANIA	4.0	97	116	4.1		1			2	39	•	•				
210	CHESTER	PENNSYLVANIA	3.9	96	157	4.1		4	4		2	44	•	•				
211	WASHINGTON	MISSISSIPPI	3.9	87	574	4.5					3	100						
212	NORTHAMPTON	PENNSYLVANIA	3.9	95	215	4.1		1	1		1	56	•	•				
213	SMITH	TEXAS	3.9	97	129	4.0	1				2	100						
214	YAKIMA	WASHINGTON	3.9	95	215	4.1	1				4	100		•	•			
215	INGRAM	MICHIGAN	3.8	84	726	4.6	1	1			3	52		•				
216	SUMTER	SOUTH CAROLI	3.8	94	265	4.1	1				1	100		•	•			
217	WINNEBAGO	ILLINOIS	3.8	100		3.8					3	100	•	•				
218	JOHNSTON	NORTH CAROLI	3.8	95	212	4.0					1	100		•				
219	ALACHUA	FLORIDA	3.8	86	628	4.4	4	1			1	52		•			•	
220	ORANGEBURG	SOUTH CAROLI	3.8	82	853	4.7	3				1	100		•				
221	RICHMOND	NEW YORK	3.8	91	358	4.1		2			2	50	•	•				
222	MCLENNAN	TEXAS	3.7	64	2,069	5.8			3		1	100	•	•	•			•
223	HORRY	SOUTH CAROLI	3.7	88	522	4.2	3				2	100		•				
224	ELKHART	INDIANA	3.7	100		3.7					2	100	•					
225	SAN FRANCISC	CALIFORNIA	3.7	29	9,118	12.8		6	2		6	48		•	•	•	•	•
226	BUTLER	OHIO	3.7	90	406	4.1			2		3	100	•	•				
227	TRUMBULL	OHIO	3.7	95	200	3.9		1					•	•				
228	NEW LONDON	CONNECTICUT	3.6	95	172	3.8		1	1		1	37	•	•				•
229	MERCER	NEW JERSEY	3.6	70	1,549	5.2	1	1	4		3	83		•	•	•		•
230	WASHINGTON	ARKANSAS	3.6	98	69	3.7	1				2	100		•				
231	ST JOSEPH	INDIANA	3.6	95	200	3.8	1	1	1		2	56		•				
232	LEON	FLORIDA	3.6	89	453	4.1					2	100		•				
233	DU PAGE	ILLINOIS	3.6	100		3.6					4	100	•					
234	MARION	OREGON	3.6	100		3.6					4	100	•	•				
235	NEW HANOVER	NORTH CAROLI	3.6	93	263	3.8								•				
236	NORTHUMBERLA	PENNSYLVANIA	3.5	99	49	3.6		1			1	63	•	•				
237	BEAVER	PENNSYLVANIA	3.5	100		3.5					3	100	•	•				

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
238	WICHITA	TEXAS	3.5	100		3.5					3	100	●	●	●			
239	MCDOWELL	WEST VIRGINI	3.5	100		3.5							●	●				
240	DURHAM	NORTH CAROLI	3.5	72	1,375	4.9		1			2	49		●				
241	WILL	ILLINOIS	3.5	100		3.5					2	100	●	●				
242	WILSON	NORTH CAROLI	3.5	98	68	3.5					1	100						
243	CUMBERLAND	NEW JERSEY	3.5	96	150	3.6		2			1	18	●					
244	TALLADEGA	ALABAMA	3.5	96	163	3.6					2	100		●				
245	PEORIA	ILLINOIS	3.5	97	96	3.6		1	1		2	55	●	●				
246	DAVIDSON	NORTH CAROLI	3.5	100		3.5					2	100	●	●				
247	MERCER	WEST VIRGINI	3.4	100		3.4					1	100	●	●				
248	AIKEN	SOUTH CAROLI	3.4	98	76	3.5	1				1	100		●	●			
249	BOLIVAR	MISSISSIPPI	3.4	87	486	3.9					2	100		●		●		
250	ARLINGTON	VIRGINIA	3.4	100		3.4					2	100	●	●				
251	ST TAMMANY	LOUISIANA	3.3	100		3.3					2	100	●					
252	DAUPHIN	PENNSYLVANIA	3.3	69	1,460	4.8		1	4		1	41	●	●	●			
253	UTAH	UTAH	3.3	100		3.3					2	100	●	●				
254	ANNE ARUNDEL	MARYLAND	3.3	72	1,268	4.6	13				2	100		●				
255	SANTA CRUZ	CALIFORNIA	3.3	90	348	3.7				1	4	100		●				
256	MORRIS	NEW JERSEY	3.3	88	436	3.7		1	2		5	74	●	●				
257	SAMPSON	NORTH CAROLI	3.3	98	80	3.4					1	100		●				
258	YORK	SOUTH CAROLI	3.3	86	521	3.8	3				2	100		●				●
259	BERRIEN	MICHIGAN	3.3	100		3.3					4	100	●	●				●
260	SOLANO	CALIFORNIA	3.3	89	387	3.6		1			3	94		●	●			
261	FAYETTE	WEST VIRGINI	3.3	100		3.3					1	100	●					
262	FORREST	MISSISSIPPI	3.3	97	93	3.3					2	100		●				
263	AROOSTOOK	MAINE	3.2	100		3.2					6	100	●	●				
264	CRITTENDEN	ARKANSAS	3.2	99	26	3.3	2				1	100						
265	RENSSELAER	NEW YORK	3.2	100		3.2					3	100	●	●				
266	YORK	PENNSYLVANIA	3.2	66	1,660	4.9		1	6		1	26	●	●	●			
267	DUTCHESS	NEW YORK	3.2	83	670	3.9	1	1	3		3	47		●				
268	CABELL	WEST VIRGINI	3.2	82	693	3.9	1				3	100		●				
269	GREGG	TEXAS	3.2	100		3.2					3	100	●					
270	SANGAMON	ILLINOIS	3.2	100		3.2					2	100	●	●				
271	CHAMPAIGN	ILLINOIS	3.2	90	334	3.5			1	1	3	100	●	●				
272	ULSTER	NEW YORK	3.1	100		3.1					2	100	●	●				
273	MADISON	TENNESSEE	3.1	100		3.1	1				1	100						
274	SCIOTO	OHIO	3.1	99	23	3.2	1	1			1	43		●	●			
275	WASHINGTON	TENNESSEE	3.1	100	13	3.1		1					●	●				
276	JEFFERSON	COLORADO	3.1	100		3.1					1	100	●					
277	HALIFAX	NORTH CAROLI	3.1	87	484	3.6					1	100		●			●	
278	CHAUTAUQUA	NEW YORK	3.1	100		3.1					5	100	●	●				
279	SEBASTIAN	ARKANSAS	3.1	96	115	3.2	1				2	100						
280	MANATEE	FLORIDA	3.1	91	304	3.4					1	100		●				
281	TERREBONNE	LOUISIANA	3.1	100		3.1					1	100	●					
282	MORGAN	ALABAMA	3.1	88	434	3.5					1	100		●				
283	VIGO	INDIANA	3.1	98	48	3.1	1				2	100		●				
284	MONTGOMERY	MARYLAND	3.0	79	815	3.8	5	1	2		3	80		●				
285	YORK	MAINE	3.0	100		3.0					3	100	●	●				

Table 2. 313 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rank Number	County	State	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
286	LENOIR	NORTH CAROLI	3.0	89	359	3.4					2	100		•				
287	GLOUCESTER	NEW JERSEY	3.0	100		3.0					1	100	•	•				
288	JASPER	MISSOURI	3.0	98	65	3.1	1				3	100		•				
289	SCHENECTADY	NEW YORK	3.0	91	305	3.3			1		2	100	•	•				
290	WILKES	NORTH CAROLI	3.0	98	62	3.1					1	100		•				
291	SOMERSET	PENNSYLVANIA	3.0	97	83	3.1		1			2	79	•	•				
292	PENOBSCOT	MAINE	3.0	94	195	3.2		1		1	3	53	•	•	•			
293	DENTON	TEXAS	3.0	100		3.0					1	100	•					
294	HOUSTON	ALABAMA	3.0	93	216	3.2					1	100						
295	NASH	NORTH CAROLI	3.0	85	528	3.5												
296	MARION	FLORIDA	3.0	85	504	3.5	2				1	100					•	
297	COMANCHE	OKLAHOMA	3.0	91	309	3.3		1			1	76		•				•
298	CAMPBELL	VIRGINIA	3.0	100		3.0					2	100		•				
299	CLEVELAND	NORTH CAROLI	3.0	95	154	3.1					3	100		•				
300	WARREN	MISSISSIPPI	2.9	99	44	3.0					3	100						
301	KANE	ILLINOIS	2.9	100		2.9					6	100	•	•				
302	ST. LAWRENCE	NEW YORK	2.9	100	13	2.9		1	1		4	81	•	•				
303	CLACKAMAS	OREGON	2.9	94	200	3.1	1				1	100		•				
304	BERKELEY	SOUTH CAROLI	2.9	92	239	3.1	3				1	100		•				
305	BROOME	NEW YORK	2.9	82	633	3.5			3		4	100	•	•	•			
306	FLOYD	GEORGIA	2.9	98	60	3.0					1	100		•				
307	CLARK	NEVADA	2.9	68	1,334	4.2					3	100		•				
308	ROWAN	NORTH CAROLI	2.9	91	272	3.1					1	100						
309	ST CLAIR	MICHIGAN	2.9	100	6	2.9	1				3	100		•				
310	GIBSON	TENNESSEE	2.9	100		2.9	3				2	100						
311	KALAMAZOO	MICHIGAN	2.9	87	443	3.3	1	1	2		2	44		•	•			
312	GRAYSON	TEXAS	2.9	95	136	3.0	4				3	100					•	
313	CULLMAN	ALABAMA	2.9	93	214	3.1					1	100						

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 3. 516 COUNTIES CONTAINING HALF OF EACH STATE'S UNMET NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES, BY OEO REGION AND STATE: NEED, SERVICE LEVELS, EXISTING AND POTENTIAL FAMILY PLANNING RESOURCES FOR PROGRAM EXPANSION, FY 1968

NOTES TO TABLE 3.

All column headings appear as in Table 1 or Table 2 (see notes to Table 1 and Table 2) except the following:

Column 2

Major City **identifies largest city in the county.**

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
U.S. TOTAL 3072 COUNTIES		**4,593.6**	**86**	**773,111**	**5,366.7**	**813**	**435**	**525**	**30**	**3,870**	**74**	**2,041**	**2016**	**170**	**46**	**79**	**115**
REGION I																	
CONNECTICUT																	
8 COUNTIES	TOTAL	33.9	83	6,803	40.8		12	10		20	43	8	7	2	1	1	4
3 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	24.0	78	6,631	30.6		11	9		11	37	3	3	2	1	1	3
FAIRFIELD	BRIDGEPORT	8.8	84	1,615	10.4		6	4		1	9	•	•	•			•
HARTFORD	HARTFORD	7.8	78	2,157	10.0		4	4		3	34	•	•	•		•	•
NEW HAVEN	NEW HAVEN	7.4	72	2,859	10.3		1	1		7	66	•	•		•		•
MAINE																	
16 COUNTIES	TOTAL	27.5	99	219	27.7		1		2	44	95	16	16	3		1	2
4 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	13.8	99	195	14.0		1		1	18	89	4	4	1			1
CUMBERLAND	PORTLAND	4.6	100		4.6					6	100	•	•				•
AROOSTOOK	PRESQUE ISLE	3.2	100		3.2					6	100	•	•				
YORK	ALFRED	3.0	100		3.0					3	100	•	•				
PENOBSCOT	BANGOR	3.0	94	195	3.2		1		1	3	53	•	•	•			
MASSACHUSETT																	
14 COUNTIES	TOTAL	85.9	92	7,318	93.2		19			67	63	14	14		1	1	5
4 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	48.8	98	1,130	49.9		7			43	79	4	4				3
MIDDLESEX	CAMBRIDGE	16.9	95	912	17.9		4			16	73	•	•				•
ESSEX	LYNN	11.0	100	50	11.1		1			10	83	•	•				
WORCESTER	WORCESTER	10.6	98	168	10.8		2			11	72	•	•				•
BRISTOL	NEW BEDFORD	10.2	100		10.2					6	100	•	•				•
NEW HAMPSHIR																	
10 COUNTIES	TOTAL	13.8	99	110	13.9	2		1		29	100	8	10				1
3 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	7.9	100	33	7.9	1				13	100	2	3				1
HILLSBOROUGH	MANCHESTER	4.0	100		4.0					7	100	•	•				•
ROCKINGHAM	PORTSMOUTH	2.4	99	33	2.5	1				3	100		•				
MERRIMACK	CONCORD	1.5	100		1.5					3	100	•	•				
NEW JERSEY																	
21 COUNTIES	TOTAL	97.8	85	17,125	114.9	7	26	24		52	57	17	21	6	1	1	6
6 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	49.4	81	11,795	61.1	6	14	14		24	52	3	6	3		1	3
ESSEX	NEWARK	11.5	63	6,878	18.4		5	2		10	50	•	•			•	•
HUDSON	JERSEY CITY	9.4	85	1,705	11.1			4		5	100	•	•	•			•
MONMOUTH	LONG BRANCH	8.3	96	378	8.7	1	2			1	37		•	•			
PASSAIC	PATERSON	7.1	86	1,118	8.2	1	2	2		4	68		•				
BERGEN	TEANECK	6.8	82	1,515	8.3	4	3	6		2	30		•	•			
MIDDLESEX	NEW BRUNSW	6.3	97	201	6.5		2			2	49	•	•				•
NEW YORK																	
62 COUNTIES	TOTAL	252.1	72	99,228	351.4	26	65	69	4	172	52	53	48	11	6	5	5
6 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	128.5	61	82,709	211.2	24	48	25	2	31	32	2	6	6	4	5	3
KINGS	NEW YORK	42.0	66	21,956	64.0	9	13	5	1	9	26		•	•	•	•	•

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
NEW YORK																	
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	19.4	39	29,762	49.2	12	19	5		2	8		●	●	●	●	●
QUEENS	NEW YORK	18.4	73	6,865	25.2		6	5	1	3	50	●	●	●	●	●	
BRONX	NEW YORK	17.3	48	19,112	36.4	3	6	2		1	3		●	●	●	●	
ERIE	BUFFALO	16.2	80	4,016	20.2		4	3		6	55	●	●	●		●	●
SUFFOLK	LINDENHURST	15.2	94	998	16.2			5		10	100		●	●			
RHODE ISLAND																	
5 COUNTIES	TOTAL	16.8	80	4,257	21.0		1	3		8	82	5	4			1	1
1 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	9.4	70	4,106	13.5		1	1		4	68	1	1			1	1
PROVIDENCE	PROVIDENCE	9.4	70	4,106	13.5		1	1		4	68	●	●			●	●
VERMONT																	
14 COUNTIES	TOTAL	10.8	99	97	10.9			1		18	100	14	14				1
5 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	6.2	98	97	6.3			1		9	100	5	5				1
CHITTENDEN	BURLINGTON	2.0	95	97	2.1			1		1	100	●	●				●
RUTLAND	RUTLAND	1.4	100		1.4					1	100	●	●				
WASHINGTON	MONTPELIER	1.0	100		1.0					3	100	●	●				
WINDSOR	SPRINGFIELD	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	●	●				
FRANKLIN	ST ALBANS	.9	100		.9					2	100	●	●				
REGION II																	
DELAWARE																	
3 COUNTIES	TOTAL	6.8	63	4,053	10.8	8	2	5		4	30	1	3				1
2 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	4.8	57	3,568	8.4	2	1	2		2	19	1	2				1
NEW CASTLE	WILMINGTON	2.8	46	3,251	6.1		1	1		1	9	●	●				●
KENT	DOVER	2.0	86	317	2.3	2		1		1	100		●				
DIST. OF COL																	
1 COUNTIES	TOTAL	2.4	12	18,333	20.8	11	5	6		4	20		1		1	1	1
1 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	2.4	12	18,333	20.8	11	5	6		4	20		1		1	1	1
WASHINGTON	WASHINGTON	2.4	12	18,333	20.8	11	5	6		4	20		●		●	●	●
KENTUCKY																	
120 COUNTIES	TOTAL	130.4	92	11,473	141.8	9	6	3		76	91	44	97	1	3	5	4
23 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	65.2	89	8,452	73.6	7	6	3		37	89	5	19		2	4	3
JEFFERSON	LOUISVILLE	12.9	76	4,165	17.1		1	1		8	83		●		●		
PIKE	PIKEVILLE	4.8	98	106	5.0					1	100		●				●
FAYETTE	LEXINGTON	4.1	73	1,519	5.6		1	1		3	73		●				
HARLAN	HARLAN	2.8	87	410	3.3	1				1	100					●	
FLOYD	PRESTONSBURG	2.8	92	257	3.0	3	2			1	44		●		●	●	
KENTON	COVINGTON	2.8	100		2.8					2	100	●	●				●
BELL	PINEVILLE	2.7	93	197	2.9	2	1			1	60		●			●	
WARREN	BOWLING GREEN	2.6	95	121	2.7					1	100		●				●
DAVIESS	OWENSBORO	2.4	96	108	2.5					3	100		●				
HARDIN	ELIZABETHTOWN	2.4	100		2.4					1	100	●					
MADISON	RICHMOND	2.2	95	130	2.4			1		3	100		●				
LETCHER	WHITESBURG	2.2	98	46	2.2	1				1	100		●			●	
PULASKI	SOMERSET	2.2	97	72	2.2					1	100		●				

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
KENTUCKY																	
CHRISTIAN	HOPKINSVILLE	2.1	100		2.1					1	100	●	●				
PERRY	HAZARD	2.0	81	479	2.5		1			1	50		●				
HOPKINS	MADISONVILLE	1.9	100	5	1.9					1	100		●				
KNOX	BARBOURVILLE	1.9	88	270	2.2					1	100		●				
MCCRACKEN	PADUCAH	1.8	91	191	2.0					2	100		●				
CAMPBELL	NEWPORT	1.8	100		1.8					1	100	●	●				
BOYD	CATLETTSBURG	1.8	96	79	1.9					1	100						
BARREN	GLASGOW	1.7	100		1.7					1	100	●	●				
LAUREL	LONDON	1.5	91	156	1.7					1	100						
CLAY	MANCHESTER	1.5	92	141	1.7								●				
MARYLAND																	
23 COUNTIES	TOTAL	48.5	66	25,195	73.7	68	9	5		31	57		19	1	1	1	1
4 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	26.2	56	20,970	47.2	35	9	5		16	47		4	1	1	1	1
BALTIMORE	BALTIMORE	14.1	44	17,914	32.0	14	7	3		9	42		●	●	●	●	●
PRINCE GEORG	HYATTSVILLE	5.8	86	973	6.7	3	1			2	10		●				
ANNE ARUNDEL	ANNAPOLIS	3.3	72	1,268	4.6	13				2	100		●				
MONTGOMERY	BETHESDA	3.0	79	815	3.8	5	1	2		3	80		●				
NORTH CAROLI																	
100 COUNTIES	TOTAL	201.7	87	29,424	231.1		6		3	99	86	7	80	8	1	3	4
24 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	101.1	90	10,963	112.1		4			34	84	1	18	2	1	2	3
GUILFORD	GREENSBORO	7.7	92	624	8.3					4	100		●				●
WAKE	RALEIGH	7.7	95	425	8.1		1			2	64		●				
CUMBERLAND	FAYETTEVILLE	7.5	87	1,160	8.7					2	100		●				
ROBESON	LUMBERTON	5.3	93	416	5.7					1	100		●				
BUNCOMBE	ASHEVILLE	5.1	89	664	5.8		1			1	53		●	●			●
FORSYTH	WINSTON-SALEM	5.0	76	1,538	6.5		1			2	59				●		●
GASTON	GASTONIA	5.0	92	423	5.4					2	100		●				
PITT	GREENVILLE	4.7	93	381	5.1					1	100						
WAYNE	GOLDSBORO	4.3	83	912	5.2					1	100		●			●	
ONSLOW	JACKSONVILLE	4.0	96	175	4.2					1	100		●				
JOHNSTON	SMITHFIELD	3.8	95	212	4.0					1	100		●				
NEW HANOVER	WILMINGTON	3.6	93	263	3.8								●				
DURHAM	DURHAM	3.5	72	1,375	4.9		1			2	49		●				
WILSON	WILSON	3.5	98	68	3.5					1	100						
DAVIDSON	LEXINGTON	3.5	100		3.5					2	100	●	●				
SAMPSON	CLINTON	3.3	98	80	3.4					1	100		●				
HALIFAX	HALIFAX	3.1	87	484	3.6					1	100		●			●	
LENOIR	KINSTON	3.0	89	359	3.4					2	100		●				
WILKES	WILKESBORO	3.0	98	62	3.1					1	100		●				
NASH	NASHVILLE	3.0	85	528	3.5												
CLEVELAND	SHELBY	3.0	95	154	3.1					3	100		●				
ROWAN	KANNAPOLIS	2.9	91	272	3.1					1	100						
COLUMBUS	WHITEVILLE	2.9	92	237	3.1					1	100		●	●			
CATAWBA	NEWTON	2.8	95	151	3.0					1	100						
PENNSYLVANIA																	
67 COUNTIES	TOTAL	231.6	88	32,011	263.6		46	51	1	153	62	67	58	6	2	2	6
10 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	116.3	82	26,373	142.7		27	27	1	67	53	10	10	1	2	2	3
PHILADELPHIA	PHILADELPHIA	32.0	65	17,513	49.5		15	6	1	11	26	●	●		●	●	●

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
PENNSYLVANIA																	
ALLEGHENY	PITTSBURG	25.1	80	6,349	31.5		5	19		18	59	•	•	•	•	•	•
LUZERNE	WILKES BARRE	10.7	89	1,362	12.1			1		8	100	•	•				•
WESTMORELAND	N. KENSINGTON	9.3	100	10	9.3		1			4	78	•	•				
FAYETTE	UNIONTOWN	7.1	98	120	7.2		1			2	45	•	•				
DELAWARE	UPPER DARBY	7.0	96	315	7.3		2			3	50	•	•				
LACKAWANNA	SCRANTON	6.8	97	220	7.0			1		7	100	•	•				
CAMBRIA	JOHNSTOWN	6.6	100		6.6					5	100	•	•				
MONTGOMERY	L. MERION	6.1	93	484	6.6		3			4	48	•	•				
SCHUYLKILL	POTTESVILLE	5.6	100		5.6					5	100	•	•				
VIRGINIA																	
98 COUNTIES	TOTAL	143.9	96	6,648	150.5	10	4			62	86	51	43	2		1	2
17 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	72.4	92	6,000	78.4	10	3			29	84	3	11	1			1
NORFOLK	NORFOLK	16.2	84	3,000	19.2	3	2			3	60		•				•
YORK	NEWPORT NEWS	7.8	100		7.8					4	100		•				
ROANOKE	ROANOKE	6.2	100		6.2					3	100		•				
PRINCESS ANN	VA. BEACH	5.1	100		5.1					1	100						
PITTSYLVANIA	DANVILLE	4.5	100		4.5					2	100		•				
FAIRFAX	FALLS CHURCH	4.0	100		4.0		1						•				
ARLINGTON	ALEXANDRIA	3.4	100		3.4					2	100	•	•				
CAMPBELL	LYNCHBURG	3.0	100		3.0					2	100		•				
WASHINGTON	BRISTOL	2.8	100		2.8					1	100		•				
DINWIDDIE	PETERSBURG	2.6	100		2.6					1	100						
AUGUSTA	STAUNTON	2.6	100		2.6					2	100						
ROCKINGHAM	HARRISONBURG	2.5	100		2.5					1	100	•					
HENRY	MARTINSVILLE	2.5	100		2.5					2	100						
PRINCE WILLI	MANASSAS	2.4	100		2.4					1	100						
TAZEWELL	TAZEWELL	2.3	100		2.3							•	•				
BUCHANAN	GRUNDY	2.3	100		2.3								•				
HENRICO	RICHMOND	2.3	43	3,000	5.3	7				4	100		•	•			
WEST VIRGINI																	
55 COUNTIES	TOTAL	76.3	96	3,545	79.8	8	1	1		45	93	45	46	1	1	2	
12 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	38.4	92	3,144	41.5	3		1		21	100	7	11	1	1	2	
KANAWHA	CHARLESTON	6.4	81	1,516	7.9					6	100		•	•		•	
RALEIGH	BECKLEY	4.4	100		4.4					1	100	•	•		•		
MCDOWELL	WELCH	3.5	100		3.5							•	•				
MERCER	PRINCETON	3.4	100		3.4					1	100	•	•				
FAYETTE	FAYETTEVILLE	3.3	100		3.3					1	100	•					
CABELL	HUNTINGTON	3.2	82	693	3.9	1				3	100		•				
HARRISON	CLARKSBURG	2.7	100		2.7					2	100	•	•				
LOGAN	LOGAN	2.7	100		2.7					1	100	•	•				
MINGO	WILLIAMSON	2.6	100		2.6							•	•				
MARION	FAIRMONT	2.3	94	136	2.4	1				1	100		•				
MONONGALIA	MORGANTOWN	2.0	79	540	2.6					3	100		•			•	
WOOD	PARKERSBURG	2.0	89	259	2.3	1		1		2	100		•				

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		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
REGION III																	
ALABAMA																	
67 COUNTIES	TOTAL	142.1	81	33,240	175.3	9	2	5	1	85	88		44	5	2	2	1
14 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	73.4	80	17,933	91.3	9	2	3	1	31	83		9	3	1	2	1
JEFFERSON	BIRMINGHAM	16.7	65	8,982	25.7	4	1	2		7	64		•	•		•	
MOBILE	MOBILE	9.1	71	3,793	12.9	5	1			4	63		•			•	
MADISON	HUNTSVILLE	6.4	87	916	7.3			1		1	100		•	•			•
MONTGOMERY	MONTGOMERY	6.0	78	1,686	7.7				1	4	100		•	•	•		
TUSCALOOSA	TUSCALOOSA	5.9	93	433	6.3					1	100		•				
CALHOUN	ANNISTON	4.5	100	21	4.6					2	100		•				
ETOWAH	GADSDEN	4.1	99	60	4.2					2	100						
TALLADEGA	TALLADEGA	3.5	96	163	3.6					2	100		•				
MORGAN	DECATUR	3.1	88	434	3.5					1	100		•				
HOUSTON	DOTHAN	3.0	93	216	3.2					1	100						
CULLMAN	CULLMAN	2.9	93	214	3.1					1	100						
LEE	AUBURN	2.8	82	622	3.4					1	100						
MARSHALL	ALBERTVILLE	2.8	91	273	3.0					3	100		•				
RUSSELL	PHENIX CITY	2.7	96	120	2.8					1	100						
FLORIDA																	
67 COUNTIES	TOTAL	180.3	79	48,716	229.0	84	7			99	80		38	2	1	17	2
7 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	95.2	76	30,252	125.5	39	4			33	73		7	1	1	4	2
DADE	MIAMI	27.1	75	8,955	36.1	7	1			9	70		•	•	•	•	•
HILLSBOROUGH	TAMPA	15.0	81	3,473	18.5	6				3	100		•				•
BROWARD	FT LAUDERDALE	13.4	79	3,519	16.9	6	1			3	55		•			•	
PINELLAS	ST. PETERSBURG	13.3	83	2,682	16.0		1			4	56		•				
DUVAL	JACKSONVILLE	10.0	60	6,634	16.7	9	1			3	27		•				
PALM BEACH	W.PALM BEACH	9.1	81	2,081	11.2	7				6	100		•			•	
ORANGE	ORLANDO	7.3	72	2,908	10.2	4				5	100		•			•	
GEORGIA																	
158 COUNTIES	TOTAL	179.9	88	25,311	205.2	2	7	12		91	72	7	130	2	1	2	5
25 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	90.8	83	19,014	109.8	2	7	12		32	65		23	1	1	2	4
FULTON	ATLANTA	14.6	59	10,069	24.7	1	2	6		5	40		•	•		•	•
RICHMOND	AUGUSTA	7.6	85	1,365	9.0		1			2	44		•			•	
MUSCOGEE	COLUMBUS	7.2	82	1,547	8.8					2	100		•				
CHATHAM	SAVANNAH	6.9	88	942	7.9		2			1	58		•				•
BIBB	MACON	6.0	91	611	6.6		1						•				
DE KALB	ATLANTA	5.2	71	2,090	7.3	1	1	6		1	100		•		•		
COBB	MARIETTA	4.5	97	154	4.7					1	100						
DOUGHERTY	ALBANY	4.0	98	68	4.0					1	100		•				
FLOYD	ROME	2.9	98	60	3.0					1	100		•				
HALL	GAINESVILLE	2.6	98	47	2.6					1	100		•				•
CLARKE	ATHENS	2.5	90	284	2.8					2	100		•				•
GWINNETT	LAWRENCEVILLE	2.4	97	70	2.5					2	100		•				
TROUP	LA GRANGE	2.2	91	228	2.4					2	100		•				
GLYNN	BRUNSWICH	2.1	97	65	2.2					1	100		•				
LOWNDES	VALDOSTA	2.1	90	245	2.4					1	100		•				
WHITFIELD	DALTON	2.1	95	115	2.2					1	100		•				
CARROLL	CARROLLTON	2.0	100	8	2.0					2	100		•				
CLAYTON	JONESBORO	1.9	97	68	1.9								•				
WALKER	LA FAYETTE	1.8	95	92	1.9								•				

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
GEORGIA																	
THOMAS	THOMASVILLE	1.8	91	178	2.0					1	100		•				
LAURENS	DUBLIN	1.8	91	181	2.0					1	100		•				
SPALDING	SPAULDING	1.7	88	223	1.9					1	100						
BALDWIN	MILLEDGEVILLE	1.7	93	132	1.8					1	100		•				
BULLOCH	STATESBORO	1.6	95	78	1.7					1	100		•				
HOUSTON	PERRY	1.6	94	94	1.7					1	100		•				
MISSISSIPPI																	
82 COUNTIES	TOTAL	122.6	90	13,303	135.9		2		1	68	91	3	37	5	1	2	
21 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	61.5	90	6,607	68.1		1		1	34	88		14	3	1	2	
HINDS	JACKSON	8.3	88	1,180	9.5		1			3	57		•	•		•	
HARRISON	BILOXI	5.8	97	194	6.0					1	100		•				
LAUDERDALE	MERIDIAN	4.0	95	194	4.2					4	100		•				
WASHINGTON	GREENVILLE	3.9	87	574	4.5					3	100						
BOLIVAR	CLEVELAND	3.4	87	486	3.9					2	100		•		•		
FORREST	HATTIESBURG	3.3	97	93	3.3					2	100		•				
WARREN	VICKSBURG	2.9	99	44	3.0					3	100						
LOWNDES	COLUMBUS	2.7	91	273	2.9					1	100						
SUNFLOWER	INDIANOLLA	2.6	89	320	3.0					2	100		•				
JACKSON	PASCAGOULA	2.5	89	306	2.8					1	100		•				
JONES	LAUREL	2.5	87	356	2.8					5	100						
LEFLORE	GREENWOOD	2.4	78	681	3.1					1	100						
COAHOMA	CLARKSDALE	2.3	81	562	2.9								•				
LEE	TUPELO	2.2	98	56	2.3					1	100		•	•			
DE SOTO	HERNANDO	1.9	94	129	2.0				1				•	•			
MONROE	ABERDEEN	1.9	94	119	2.0					2	100		•				
MADISON	CANTON	1.9	85	338	2.2					1	100						
ADAMS	NATCHEZ	1.8	88	238	2.0								•				
HOLMES	LEXINGTON	1.8	88	237	2.0					1	100		•				
PIKE	MCCOMB	1.7	93	127	1.9					1	100		•				
RANKIN	PEARL	1.7	95	100	1.8											•	
SOUTH CAROLI																	
46 COUNTIES	TOTAL	111.8	84	21,310	133.1	82	3		1	53	78	1	46	8	1	2	2
10 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	57.1	85	10,300	67.4	24	3			20	65		10	3	1	2	1
CHARLESTON	CHARLESTON	10.6	79	2,860	13.5	1	1			4	51		•		•	•	
RICHLAND	COLUMBIA	8.1	72	3,099	11.2	5	1			3	59		•				
GREENVILLE	GREENEVILLE	7.6	89	954	8.6	1	1			4	32		•	•		•	
SPARTANBURG	SPARTANBURG	6.9	88	976	7.9	1				2	100		•				•
FLORENCE	FLORENCE	4.9	93	362	5.2	7				2	100		•				
ANDERSON	ANDERSON	4.2	93	333	4.6	1							•				
SUMTER	SUMTER	3.8	94	265	4.1	1				1	100		•	•			
ORANGEBURG	ORANGEBURG	3.8	82	853	4.7	3				1	100		•				
HORRY	CONWAY	3.7	88	522	4.2	3				2	100		•				
AIKEN	AIKEN	3.4	98	76	3.5	1				1	100		•	•			
TENNESSEE																	
95 COUNTIES	TOTAL	173.9	93	12,180	186.1	75	10	2		71	60	24	86	1	2		3
16 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	88.5	88	11,866	100.3	17	10	2		25	48	2	13	1	2		2
SHELBY	MEMPHIS	24.9	85	4,389	29.3	2	3			1	12		•				
DAVIDSON	NASHVILLE	11.1	68	5,227	16.3		3			5	44		•	•	•		•

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
TENNESSEE																	
HAMILTON	CHATTANOOGA	9.6	98	200	9.8		1			1	45	●	●		●		●
KNOX	KNOXVILLE	9.5	86	1,500	11.0		1			3	81		●				
SULLIVAN	BRISTOL	5.0	100		5.0	2	1			1	62		●				
MADISON	JACKSON	3.1	100		3.1	1				1	100						
WASHINGTON	JOHNSON CITY	3.1	100	13	3.1		1					●	●				
GIBSON	TRENTON	2.9	100		2.9	3				2	100						
GREENE	GREENEVILLE	2.8	100		2.8	1				2	100		●				
MONTGOMERY	CLARKSVILLE	2.6	100		2.6	1				1	100						
BLOUNT	MARYVILLE	2.6	100		2.6	1				1	100		●				
RUTHERFORD	MURFREESBORO	2.5	91	250	2.8	1				2	100		●				
SUMNER	GALLATIN	2.3	100		2.3	1				2	100		●				
BRADLEY	CLEVELAND	2.2	100		2.2	1				1	100		●				
PUTNAM	COOKEVILLE	2.2	100		2.2	1				1	100		●				
ANDERSON	OAKRIDGE	2.0	88	287	2.3	2		2		1	100		●				
REGION IV																	
ILLINOIS																	
102 COUNTIES	TOTAL	158.4	80	38,892	197.3	18	10	15	1	201	80	101	60	1	1	1	4
10 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	80.4	67	38,741	119.1	18	10	14	1	86	73	9	9	1	1	1	2
COOK	CHICAGO	44.2	54	38,311	82.5	18	9	12		55	65		●		●	●	●
ST CLAIR	E. ST. LOUIS	6.9	100		6.9					5	100	●	●				●
MADISON	ALTON S MO	4.6	100		4.6					5	100	●	●				
LAKE	WAUKEGAN	4.0	100		4.0					5	100	●	●	●			
WINNEBAGO	ROCKFORD	3.8	100		3.8					3	100	●	●				
DU PAGE	WHEATON	3.6	100		3.6					4	100	●					
WILL	JOLIET	3.5	100		3.5					2	100	●	●				
PEORIA	PEORIA	3.5	97	96	3.6		1	1		2	55	●	●				
SANGAMON	SPRINGFIELD	3.2	100		3.2					2	100	●	●				
CHAMPAIGN	CHAMPAIGN	3.2	90	334	3.5			1	1	3	100	●	●				
INDIANA																	
92 COUNTIES	TOTAL	103.6	94	6,225	109.8	18	4	27		93	89	88	54	3			2
15 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	51.9	89	6,225	58.1	18	4	27		31	84	11	11	1			2
MARION	INDIANAPOLIS	9.5	69	4,330	13.8	15	3	9		3	51		●				●
LAKE	GARY	7.7	94	525	8.2			13		4	100	●	●	●			●
VANDERBURGH	EVANSVILLE	4.2	87	624	4.8			1		3	100	●	●				
ALLEN	FT WAYNE	4.2	100		4.2					3	100	●	●				
ELKHART	ELKHART	3.7	100		3.7					2	100	●					
ST JOSEPH	SOUTH BEND	3.6	95	200	3.8	1	1	1		2	56		●				
VIGO	TERRE HAUTE	3.1	98	48	3.1	1				2	100		●				
MADISON	ANDERSON	2.6	100		2.6					3	100	●	●				
DELAWARE	MUNCIE	2.6	92	220	2.8			2		1	100	●	●				
MONROE	BLOOMINGTON	2.2	89	261	2.5			1		1	100	●	●				
TIPPECANOE	LAFAYETTE	2.0	100		2.0					2	100	●					
WAYNE	RICHMOND	1.8	99	17	1.8	1				1	100		●				
LA PORTE	LA PORTE	1.7	100		1.7					2	100	●					
CLARK	JEFFERSONVILLE	1.6	100		1.6					1	100	●	●				
GRANT	MARION	1.6	100		1.6					1	100	●					

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		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
MICHIGAN																	
83 COUNTIES	TOTAL	141.4	81	32,220	173.6	25	19	33		139	70	53	77	7		1	6
6 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	71.6	73	26,371	98.0	15	16	20		35	57	3	6	3		1	3
WAYNE	DETROIT	38.7	65	20,704	59.4	8	12	7		23	50		•	•		•	•
OAKLAND	ROYAL OAK	11.0	97	363	11.3		1	2		3	70	•	•				
MACOMB	WARREN	8.3	99	58	8.4			1		1	100	•	•	•			
KENT	GRAND RAPIDS	5.3	77	1,578	6.9	6	1	7		2	56		•	•			•
GENESEE	FLINT	4.5	61	2,942	7.5		1	3		3	75	•	•				•
INGRAM	LANSING	3.8	84	726	4.6	1	1			3	52		•				
MINNESOTA																	
87 COUNTIES	TOTAL	70.5	88	9,459	79.9	7	6	7		161	95	85	81		1	2	3
20 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	35.8	79	9,384	45.2	7	5	7		66	94	18	17		1	2	3
HENNEPIN	MINNEAPOLIS	7.1	54	6,007	13.1	6	2	1		13	90		•		•	•	•
ST LOUIS	DULUTH	5.1	99	49	5.1		1	1		9	100	•	•				•
RAMSEY	ST. PAUL	2.8	46	3,293	6.1	1	1	5		8	91		•			•	•
STEARNS	ST CLOUD	2.6	100		2.6					4	100	•	•				
OTTER TAIL	FERGUS FALLS	1.7	100		1.7					2	100	•	•				
BLUE EARTH	MANKATO	1.5	100		1.5					2	100	•	•				
OLMSTED	ROCHESTER	1.4	100		1.4					2	100	•					
DAKOTA	HASTINGS	1.3	100		1.3					3	100	•					
ANOKA	ANOKA	1.3	100		1.3					2	100	•	•				
WINONA	WINONA	1.1	100		1.1					1	100	•	•				
RICE	FARIBAULT	1.1	100		1.1					2	100	•	•				
ITASCA	GRAND RAPIDS	1.1	100		1.1					3	100	•	•				
CROW WING	BRAINERD	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	•	•				
BELTRAMI	BEMIDJI	1.0	97	35	1.0		1			1	80	•	•				
WRIGHT	BUFFALO	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	•	•				
MORRISON	LITTLE FALLS	1.0	100		1.0					1	100	•	•				
POLK	CROOKSTON	1.0	100		1.0					3	100	•	•				
TODD	LONG PRAIRIE	.9	100		.9					3	100	•	•				
BECKER	DETROIT LAKES	.9	100		.9					1	100	•	•				
WASHINGTON	STILLWATER	.9	100		.9					2	100	•					
OHIO																	
88 COUNTIES	TOTAL	179.1	83	37,577	216.7	25	24	58	1	130	67	72	86	10	4	2	7
13 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	90.1	72	35,480	125.5	13	22	52	1	41	52	7	13	3	3	2	6
CUYAHOGA	CLEVELAND	17.4	59	12,191	29.6	3	7	15	1	12	37		•		•	•	•
HAMILTON	CINCINNATI	13.4	69	5,928	19.3	6	3	6		3	35		•		•	•	•
MONTGOMERY	DAYTON	9.0	82	1,918	10.9		1	11		3	69		•	•	•		•
FRANKLIN	COLUMBUS	8.2	50	8,141	16.4		2	9		3	60	•	•	•			•
SUMMIT	AKRON	7.8	88	1,067	8.9		2	2		2	45	•	•				•
STARK	CANTON	6.5	98	147	6.7		1	1		3	68	•	•				
LUCAS	TOLEDO	5.9	63	3,426	9.3	2	4	3		4	48		•				•
MAHONING	YOUNGSTOWN	4.4	76	1,431	5.8			2		1	100	•	•				
LORAIN	LORAIN	4.2	100		4.2					4	100	•	•				
BUTLER	HAMILTON	3.7	90	406	4.1			2		3	100	•	•				
TRUMBULL	WARREN	3.7	95	200	3.9		1					•	•				
SCIOTO	PORTSMOUTH	3.1	99	23	3.2	1	1			1	43		•	•			
CLARK	SPRINGFIELD	2.8	82	602	3.4	1		1		2	100		•				

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		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
WISCONSIN																	
71 COUNTIES	TOTAL	76.4	97	2,748	79.1		4	7		142	92	71	49				
15 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	38.6	93	2,748	41.3		4	7		54	88	15	7				
MILWAUKEE	MILWAUKEE	11.5	82	2,530	14.0		3	6		13	72	•	•				
DANE	MADISON	4.2	96	185	4.4		1			4	90	•	•				
WAUKESHA	WAUKESHA	2.3	99	33	2.3			1		3	100	•					
RACINE	RACINE	2.1	100		2.1					3	100	•	•				
ROCK	JAMESVILLE	2.0	100		2.0					3	100	•	•				
BROWN	GREEN BAY	2.0	100		2.0					3	100	•					
MARATHON	WAUSAU	1.9	100		1.9					2	100	•					
WINNEBAGO	OSHKOSH	1.9	100		1.9					2	100	•					
OUTAGAMIE	APPLETON	1.6	100		1.6					2	100	•					
FOND DU LAC	FOND DU LAC	1.6	100		1.6					3	100	•	•				
LA CROSSE	LA CROSSE	1.6	100		1.6					4	100	•	•				
GRANT	LANCASTER	1.5	100		1.5					5	100	•	•				
SHEBOYGAN	SHEBOYGAN	1.5	100		1.5					3	100	•					
KENOSHA	KENOSHA	1.5	100		1.5					2	100	•					
DODGE	JUNEAU	1.3	100		1.3					2	100	•					
REGION V																	
ARKANSAS																	
75 COUNTIES	TOTAL	101.4	95	5,092	106.5	44	1			58	91	37	48	2		7	1
17 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	51.9	94	3,518	55.4	19	1			24	87	2	12	2		3	1
PULASKI	LITTLE ROCK	10.1	90	1,076	11.2	3	1			4	64		•	•		•	
JEFFERSON	PINE BLUFF	4.4	94	271	4.6	2				1	100		•			•	
MISSISSIPPI	BLYTHEVILLE	4.0	88	569	4.6	2				2	100		•	•			
WASHINGTON	FAYETTEVILLE	3.6	98	69	3.7	1				2	100		•				
CRITTENDEN	W. MEMPHIS	3.2	99	26	3.3	2				1	100						
SEBASTIAN	FT SMITH	3.1	96	115	3.2	1				2	100						
PHILLIPS	HELENA	2.8	99	33	2.8	1				1	100		•				
GARLAND	HOT SPRINGS	2.4	86	405	2.9	1				2	100		•			•	
CRAIGHEAD	JONESBORO	2.4	92	197	2.6	1				1	100						
WHITE	SEARCY	2.3	96	85	2.4	1							•				
UNION	ELDORADO	2.2	93	164	2.4					1	100						
BENTON	BENTONVILLE	2.2	100		2.2					3	100	•	•				
FAULKNER	CONWAY	2.0	98	44	2.1	1				1	100		•				
MILLER	TEXARKANA	1.8	95	102	1.9	1				1	100		•				•
ST. FRANCIS	FORREST CITY	1.8	84	341	2.1	1				1	100		•				
POINSETT	HARRISBURG	1.8	100		1.8							•					
OUACHITA	CAMDEN	1.8	99	21	1.8	1				1	100		•				
LOUISIANA																	
64 COUNTIES	TOTAL	156.1	91	14,777	170.9	1	5		6	67	73	58	31	5			1
12 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	78.5	85	14,237	92.8	1	5		4	32	67	8	8	4			1
ORLEANS	NEW ORLEANS	16.2	61	10,330	26.6	1	3		1	7	47		•	•			•
CADDO	SHREVEPORT	9.9	98	226	10.2		1		1	3	36		•	•			
EAST BATON R	BATON ROUGE	7.7	79	2,075	9.8		1		1	1	56		•	•			
JEFFERSON	GRETNA	7.4	100		7.4					2	100	•	•				
OUACHITA	MONROE	5.6	100		5.6					3	100	•	•				
ST LANDRY	OPELOUSAS	5.3	100		5.3					2	100	•					
RAPIDES	ALEXANDRIA	5.0	76	1,606	6.6				1	3	100		•	•			
CALCASIEU	LAKE CHAS	4.6	100		4.6					4	100	•	•				

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
LOUISIANA																	
VERNON	LEESVILLE	4.6	100		4.6							●					
LAFAYETTE	LAFAYETTE	4.5	100		4.5					3	100	●					
TANGIPAHOA	AMITE	4.1	100		4.1					2	100	●	●				
ST TAMMANY	COVINGTON	3.3	100		3.3					2	100	●					
NEW MEXICO																	
32 COUNTIES	TOTAL	27.0	85	4,942	31.9	21	9	7		32	79	17	22	1			2
7 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	14.2	81	3,252	17.4	12	7	7		7	70	1	7	1			2
BERNALILLO	ALBUQUERQUE	4.7	71	1,925	6.6	6	2	6		1	73		●	●			●
DONA ANA	LAS CRUCES	1.9	86	314	2.2			1		1	100	●	●				
SANTA FE	SANTE FE	1.6	88	224	1.9	1	1			1	83		●				●
MCKINLEY	GALLUP	1.6	75	527	2.1	1	3			2	26		●				
TAOS	TAOS	1.6	93	121	1.7	2	1				100		●				
RIO ARRIBA	TIERRA AMARILLA	1.5	93	112	1.6	1				2	70		●				
SANDOVAL	BERNALILLO	1.3	98	29	1.3	1							●				
OKLAHOMA																	
77 COUNTIES	TOTAL	81.6	89	10,323	92.0	2	10	10		87	92	35	60	19	1		3
13 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	41.1	89	5,216	46.3	1	3	10		27	93	3	12	4	1		3
OKLAHOMA	OKLA CITY	11.2	87	1,714	12.9		1	3		7	87	●	●				
TULSA	TULSA	8.2	82	1,747	9.9	1		7		5	100		●		●		●
COMANCHE	LAWTON	3.0	91	309	3.3		1			1	76		●				●
CLEVELAND	NORMAN	2.6	98	61	2.6					1	100		●				
MUSKOGEE	MUSKOGEE	2.5	87	364	2.9					1	100		●	●			
PITTSBURG	MEALLISTER	2.1	100		2.1					2	100	●	●				●
MCCURTAIN	IDABEL	1.9	100		1.9					1	100	●	●				
CREEK	SAPULPA	1.8	97	55	1.9					3	100		●				
POTTAWATOMIE	SHAWNEE	1.7	93	125	1.8					1	100		●				
PAYNE	STILLWATER	1.6	87	233	1.8					2	100		●	●			
LE FLORE	POTEAU	1.6	79	414	2.0		1			1	60		●	●			
GARFIELD	ENID	1.6	97	47	1.6					2	100						
BRYAN	DURANT	1.4	90	147	1.5								●	●			
TEXAS																	
254 COUNTIES	TOTAL	355.1	89	44,758	399.9	50	15	65	2	227	70	233	92	22		2	6
17 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	179.6	81	41,213	220.8	38	15	63		45	57	8	14	8		1	4
HARRIS	HOUSTON	31.2	69	13,780	45.0	17	4	15		6	48		●			●	
BEXAR	SAN ANTONIO	28.1	87	4,349	32.4		2	13		3	48	●	●	●			●
DALLAS	DALLAS	26.8	88	3,500	30.3	1	4	5		4	15		●				
TARRANT	FT WORTH	14.5	83	3,002	17.5	1	1	4		4	77		●	●			
HIDALGO	MC ALLEN	11.4	82	2,507	13.9	7		7		4	100		●	●			
TRAVIS	AUSTIN	8.7	89	1,075	9.8	5		1		3	100		●	●			●
CAMERON	BROWNSVILLE	8.2	93	574	8.8			3		3	100	●	●	●			
EL PASO	EL PASO	7.3	63	4,198	11.5		1	4		2	83	●					
NUECES	CORPUS CHRISTIE	7.2	75	2,358	9.6			4		2	100	●	●	●			
JEFFERSON	BEAUMONT	6.6	88	861	7.4	5				3	100		●				
WEBB	LAREDO	5.7	100		5.7					1	100	●	●				●
GALVESTON	GALVESTON	4.7	80	1,149	5.8		2			1	50	●	●				
BELL	TEMPLE	4.2	90	438	4.6	1	1			1	23						
LUBBOCK	LUBBOCK	4.0	76	1,224	5.2			4		2	100		●				
SMITH	TYLER	3.9	97	129	4.0	1				2	100						

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
TEXAS																	
MCLENNAN	WACO	3.7	64	2,069	5.8			3		1	100	●	●	●			●
WICHITA	WICHITA FALLS	3.5	100		3.5					3	100	●	●	●			
REGION VI																	
COLORADO																	
63 COUNTIES	TOTAL	32.3	71	13,187	45.5	17	4	25	1	59	86	50	19	3	2	3	2
7 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	17.8	89	2,115	19.9	8	1	9		12	100	2	5	3		1	
EL PASO	COLO SPRINGS	4.4	90	491	4.9	1		1		3	100		●	●			
JEFFERSON	GOLDEN	3.1	100		3.1					1	100	●					
BOULDER	BOULDER	2.3	88	294	2.6	1		1		3	100		●	●			
LARIMER	FT COLLINS	2.2	95	120	2.4	1		1		2	100		●				
PUEBLO	PUEBLO	2.1	80	531	2.6			1		2	100	●	●	●			
WELD	GREELEY	2.0	84	375	2.3	2	1	2			100		●				
ARAPAHOE	ENGLEWOOD	1.7	85	304	2.0	3		3		1	100					●	
IDAHO																	
44 COUNTIES	TOTAL	15.8	99	135	15.9	3				41	100	41	18			1	1
7 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	7.9	98	135	8.0	3				12	100	4	4			1	1
ADA	BOISE	1.9	94	123	2.0	1				2	100		●			●	●
CANYON	CALDWELL	1.8	100		1.8					2	100	●	●				
TWIN FALLS	TWIN FALLS	1.1	100		1.1					1	100	●	●				
BANNOCK	POCATELLO	.9	99	8	.9	1				3	100						
KOOTENAI	COEUR D'ALENE	.8	100		.8					1	100	●					
BONNEVILLE	IDAHO FALLS	.8	100		.8					2	100	●					
NEZ PERCE	LEWISTON	.7	99	4	.7	1				1	100		●				
IOWA																	
99 COUNTIES	TOTAL	64.2	92	5,584	69.8	2	5	9	1	106	87	97	99	5			1
29 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	32.2	88	4,350	36.6	1	4	7		50	83	28	29	4			1
POLK	DES MOINES	2.7	54	2,321	5.0		1	2		4	87	●	●	●			●
SCOTT	DAVENPORT	2.3	100		2.3					2	100	●	●				
WOODBURY	SIOUX CITY	2.1	91	211	2.3			1		3	100	●	●				
BLACK HAWK	WATERLOO	1.8	95	94	1.9	1	1	1		3	71		●				
POTTAWATTAMI	COUNCIL BLUFFS	1.7	100		1.7					2	100	●	●				
LINN	CEDAR RAPIDS	1.7	65	896	2.6		1			1	45	●	●				
DUBUQUE	DUBUQUE	1.7	100		1.7					2	100	●	●				
JOHNSON	IOWA CITY	1.3	83	266	1.6		1			1	29	●	●				
STORY	NEVADA	1.2	100		1.2					2	100	●	●				
CERRO GORDO	MASON CITY	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	●	●				
WAPELLO	OTTUMWA	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	●	●				
WEBSTER	FORT DODGE	.9	100		.9					2	100	●	●				
SIOUX	ORANGE CITY	.9	100		.9					3	100	●	●	●			
CLINTON	CLINTON	.9	81	202	1.1					3	100	●	●				
FAYETTE	WEST UNION	.9	100		.9					2	100	●	●				
MARSHALL	MARSHALLTOWN	.8	100		.8					2	100	●	●				
JASPER	JASPER	.8	100		.8							●	●				
PLYMOUTH	LE MARS	.8	100		.8					1	100	●	●	●			
DES MOINES	BURLINGTON	.8	92	70	.8			1		2	100	●	●	●			
CLAYTON	ELKADER	.7	100		.7					2	100	●	●				
KOSSUTH	ALGONA	.7	100		.7							●	●				

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		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion: Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion: Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
IOWA																	
TAMA	TOLEDO	.7	100	2	.7			1				●	●				
MARION	KNOXVILLE	.7	100		.7					1	100	●	●				
DELAWARE	MANCHESTER	.7	100		.7					1	100	●	●				
LEE	FORT MADISON	.7	71	288	1.0			1		3	100	●	●				
WINNESHIEK	DECORAH	.7	100		.7					1	100	●	●				
BOONE	BOONE	.7	100		.7					1	100	●	●				
MAHASKA	OSKALOOSA	.7	100		.7					1	100	●	●				
BUCHANAN	INDEPENDENCE	.7	100		.7					1	100	●	●				
KANSAS																	
105 COUNTIES	TOTAL	49.5	89	5,984	55.5	21	1	5		127	95	96	26	2			1
15 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	25.6	88	3,523	29.1	17	1	4		31	92	11	10	2			1
SEDGWICK	WICHITA	6.8	98	173	6.9	1				4	100		●				●
SHAWNEE	TOPEKA	2.8	87	428	3.2	1				2	100		●				
JOHNSON	OVERLAND PARK	2.0	94	115	2.1			1		2	100	●					
CRAWFORD	GIRARD	1.5	100		1.5					2	100	●	●	●			
RENO	HUTCHINSON	1.4	100		1.4					2	100	●					
WYANDOTTE	KANSAS CITY	1.4	34	2,729	4.1	14	1	3		4	66		●				
LEAVENWORTH	LEAVENWORTH	1.3	100		1.3					2	100	●	●				
MONTGOMERY	INDEPENDENCE	1.2	94	78	1.3	1				3	100		●	●			
RILEY	MANHATTAN	1.2	100		1.2					2	100	●					
LABETTE	OSWEGO	1.2	100		1.2							●	●				
GEARY	JUNCTION CITY	1.1	100		1.1					1	100	●					
LYON	EMPORIA	1.1	100		1.1					2	100	●	●				
COWLEY	WINFIELD	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	●					
CHEROKEE	COLUMBUS	.9	100		.9					2	100	●	●				
BULTER	EL DORADO	.8	100		.8					1	100	●	●				
MISSOURI																	
114 COUNTIES	TOTAL	118.5	86	19,388	137.9	8	10	22		78	81	104	114	7	4	1	2
17 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	59.4	76	19,170	78.5	6	10	20		36	76	10	17	5	3	1	1
ST LOUIS	ST LOUIS	18.9	58	13,557	32.4	3	5	3		13	71		●	●	●	●	●
JACKSON	KANSAS CITY	10.2	70	4,280	14.5		4	15		6	64		●	●	●		
GREENE	SPRINGFIELD	4.7	95	270	5.0					2	100		●	●			
JASPER	JOPLIN	3.0	98	65	3.1	1				3	100		●				
BUCHANAN	SAINT JOSEPH	2.2	94	150	2.3					2	100	●	●	●			
BUTLER	POPLAR BLUFF	2.1	100		2.1							●	●				
BOONE	COLUMBIA	2.0	79	534	2.5		1			1	53	●	●				
CAPE GIRARDE	JACKSON	1.9	100		1.9					1	100	●	●				
JEFFERSON	HILLSBORO	1.8	94	110	1.9					1	100		●				
PEMISCOT	CARUTHERSVIL	1.8	95	88	1.9	1				1	100		●				
DUNKLIN	KENNETT	1.7	97	45	1.7	1				1	100		●				
NEW MADRID	NEW MADRID	1.6	100		1.6							●	●				
PULASKI	WAYNESVILLE	1.6	100		1.6							●	●				
CLAY	LIBERTY	1.5	96	71	1.6			2		3	100	●	●	●	●		
JOHNSON	WARRENSBURG	1.5	100		1.5					1	100	●	●				
SCOTT	BENTON	1.5	100		1.5							●	●				
CASS	HARRISONVILLE	1.4	100		1.4					1	100	●	●				

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		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
MONTANA																	
56 COUNTIES	TOTAL	14.6	92	1,209	15.8	12	3			48	96	54	18	2			2
9 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	7.7	91	800	8.5	12				15	100	8	6	1			2
YELLOWSTONE	BILLINGS	1.4	100		1.4					2	100	•	•				
CASCADE	GREAT FALLS	1.4	100		1.4					2	100	•	•				
SILVER BOW	BUTTE	1.1	100		1.1					2	100	•	•				•
FLATHEAD	KALISPELL	.9	100		.9					2	100	•					
GALLATIN	BOZEMAN	.7	100		.7					1	100	•					
RAVALLI	HAMILTON	.6	100		.6					1	100	•	•				
LEWIS AND CL	HELENA	.5	100		.5					2	100	•	•				•
VALLEY	GLASGOW	.5	100		.5					1	100	•					
MISSOULA	MISSOULA	.5	37	800	1.3	12				2	100		•	•			
NEBRASKA																	
93 COUNTIES	TOTAL	35.5	95	1,813	37.3	4	2	7		90	95	91	35	1		1	
16 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	18.3	91	1,776	20.0	4	1	7		34	94	14	7	1		1	
DOUGLAS	OMAHA	5.1	78	1,472	6.6	3	1	6		7	87		•	•		•	
LANCASTER	LINCOLN	2.7	90	300	3.0	1				4	100		•				
BUFFALO	KEARNEY	1.0	100		1.0					1	100	•	•				
HALL	GRAND ISLAND	1.0	100		1.0					2	100	•	•				
SARPY	PAPILLION	.9	100	4	.9			1				•					
GAGE	BEATRICE	.9	100		.9					2	100	•					
DODGE	FREMONT	.8	100		.8					1	100	•					
SCOTTS BLUFF	GERING	.8	100		.8					2	100	•	•				
MADISON	MADISON	.8	100		.8					3	100	•					
ADAMS	HASTINGS	.8	100		.8					1	100	•					
LINCOLN	NORTH PLATTE	.7	100		.7					3	100	•					
DAWSON	LEXINGTON	.6	100		.6					3	100	•	•				
PLATTE	COLUMBUS	.6	100		.6					2	100	•					
SAUNDERS	WAHOO	.6	100		.6							•					
CUSTER	BROKEN BOW	.6	100		.6					2	100	•	•				
KNOX	BLOOMFIELD	.5	100		.5					1	100	•					
NORTH DAKOTA																	
53 COUNTIES	TOTAL	17.3	98	314	17.6	1	2			48	97	52	1	1			1
12 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	8.9	97	270	9.1	1	1			21	97	11	1	1			1
WARD	MINOT	1.4	100		1.4					3	100	•					
GRAND FORKS	GRAND FORKS	1.2	100		1.2					3	100	•					
CASS	FARGO	1.0	88	140	1.2	1				3	100		•	•			•
BURLEIGH	BISMARCK	.8	100		.8					2	100	•					
STUTSMAN	JAMESTOWN	.7	100		.7					1	100	•					
MORTON	MANDAN	.7	100		.7					1	100	•					
STARK	DICKINSON	.6	100		.6							•					
RICHLAND	WAHPETON	.6	100		.6					1	100	•					
WALSH	GRAFTON	.5	100		.5					3	100	•					
MCLEAN	WASHBURN	.5	100		.5					2	100	•					
ROLETTE	ROLLA	.4	77	130	.6		1			1	19	•					
BARNES	VALLEY CITY	.4	100		.4					1	100	•					

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
SOUTH DAKOTA																	
67 COUNTIES	TOTAL	21.4	98	384	21.8		7			45	92	67	21				
16 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	10.8	99	116	10.9		3			19	98	16	10				
MINNEHAHA	SIOUX FALLS	1.9	100		1.9					2	100	•	•				
BROWN	ABERDEEN	1.0	100		1.0					1	100	•					
PENNINGTON	RAPID CITY	.8	95	44	.8		1			1	100	•	•				
BROOKINGS	BROOKINGS	.7	100		.7					1	100	•	•				
YANKTON	YANKTON	.7	100		.7					1	100	•					
BEADLE	HURON	.7	100		.7					1	100	•					
MEADE	STURGIS	.6	100		.6							•					
ROBERTS	SISSETON	.6	92	45	.6		1			1	49	•	•				
CODINGTON	WATERTOWN	.6	100		.6					2	100	•					
CHARLES MIX	LAKEANDES	.5	95	27	.6		1			2	73	•	•				
HUTCHINSON	OLIVET	.5	100		.5					2	100	•	•				
DAVISON	MITCHELL	.5	100		.5					2	100	•	•				
LINCOLN	SANTON	.5	100		.5							•	•				
TURNER	PARKER	.5	100		.5					1	100	•	•				
CLAY	VERMILLION	.5	100		.5					1	100	•					
BON HOMME	TYNDALL	.4	100		.4					1	100	•	•				
UTAH																	
29 COUNTIES	TOTAL	19.4	98	493	19.9	4	3			25	65	27	11				1
2 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	10.5	96	493	11.0	3	2			5	62	1	2				1
SALT LAKE	SALT LAKE CITY	7.2	94	493	7.7	3	2			3	52		•				•
UTAH	PROVO	3.3	100		3.3					2	100	•	•				
WYOMING																	
23 COUNTIES	TOTAL	5.9	99	35	6.0					24	100	22	8				
5 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	3.0	99	35	3.1					7	100	4	3				
LARAMIE	CHEYENNE	.8	96	35	.8					2	100		•				
NATRONA	CASPER	.7	100		.7					1	100	•					
ALBANY	LARAMIE	.6	100		.6					1	100	•	•				
FREMONT	LANDER	.6	100		.6					2	100	•	•				
SHERIDAN	SHERIDAN	.4	100		.4					1	100	•					
REGION VII																	
ARIZONA																	
14 COUNTIES	TOTAL	39.9	83	8,287	48.2	22	15	3		37	53	10	14	2			1
2 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	25.7	79	6,635	32.3	19	6	3		13	43		2	2			1
MARICOPA	PHOENIX	19.3	82	4,355	23.7	17	5	2		10	30		•	•			
PIMA	TUCSON	6.4	74	2,280	8.7	2	1	1		3	95		•	•			•
CALIFORNIA																	
58 COUNTIES	TOTAL	303.1	80	75,361	378.5	80	27	22	5	275	82	16	39	10	6	3	7
4 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	152.5	80	37,793	190.3	29	8	12	1	93	82		4	2	1	1	2
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES	93.8	74	32,519	126.3	18	6	12	1	58	77		•	•	•	•	•
SAN DIEGO	SAN DIEGO	23.6	92	1,962	25.6	7	1			14	94		•	•			•
ORANGE	SANTA ANA	19.4	88	2,697	22.1	2				8	100		•				
SAN BERNARDI	SAN BERNAR	15.6	96	615	16.2	2	1			13	94		•				

Table 3. 516 Counties Containing Half of Each State's Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services, by OEO Region and State: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked in Each State by Number of Medically Indigent Women Not Served; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

		Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion											
						Estimated Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
OEO Region, State and County	Major City	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 3 ÷ Col. 6)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Number of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 11 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Ctr.	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program
NEVADA																	
17 COUNTIES	TOTAL	5.3	69	2,417	7.7		2			12	98	15	17			1	
1 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	2.9	68	1,334	4.2					3	100		1				
CLARK	LAS VEGAS	2.9	68	1,334	4.2					3	100		•				
OREGON																	
36 COUNTIES	TOTAL	39.8	93	3,121	42.9	8	1	3		55	94	28	21	1	1	1	
5 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	21.5	90	2,523	24.1	1	1	2		18	91	3	5	1	1	1	
MULTNOMAH	PORTLAND	8.5	79	2,323	10.8		1	2		7	85		•	•	•	•	
LANE	EUGENE	4.1	100		4.1					4	100	•	•				
MARION	SALEM	3.6	100		3.6					4	100	•	•				
CLACKAMAS	OREGON CITY	2.9	94	200	3.1	1				1	100		•				
JACKSON	MEDFORD	2.4	100		2.4					2	100	•	•				
WASHINGTON																	
39 COUNTIES	TOTAL	54.7	91	5,154	59.8	9	2	2		86	95	34	29	2		1	2
4 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	28.6	85	4,939	33.6	8	2	2		30	92		4	1		1	2
KING	SEATTLE	11.4	74	3,997	15.4	6	2	2		16	86		•	•		•	•
PIERCE	TACOMA	7.7	92	709	8.4	1				6	100		•				•
SPOKANE	SPOKANE	5.3	98	107	5.4					4	100		•				
SNOHOMISH	EVERETT	4.2	97	126	4.4	1				4	100		•				
ALASKA																	
1 COUNTIES	TOTAL	2.7	54	2,292	5.0		8			10	66						1
1 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	2.7	54	2,292	5.0		8			10	66						1
ALASKA	ANCHORAGE	2.7	54	2,292	5.0		8			10	66						•
HAWAII																	
4 COUNTIES	TOTAL	12.5	92	1,041	13.5	4	2			16	50	2	4			2	1
1 COUNTIES	HALF UNMET NEED	9.3	91	927	10.2	3	2			5	38		1			1	1
HONOLULU	HONOLULU	9.3	91	927	10.2	3	2			5	38		•			•	•

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 4. UNMET NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN 984 COUNTIES WITH MORE THAN 30 PERCENT FARM POPULATION, BY OEO REGION AND STATE, FY 1968

NOTES TO TABLE 4.

All column headings appear as in prior tables except the following:

Columns 3, 5, 7

More than 30 Percent Farm Population: **Counties with more than 30 percent farm population were selected on the basis of rural-farm residence of each county in 1960 as shown in *County and City Data Book, 1962.***

Table 4: Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 984 Counties with More than 30 Percent Farm Population by OEO Region and State, FY 1968. (■ Designates No Counties in State with More than 30% Farm Population.)

	Counties		Population (000's)		Unmet Need (000's)		Counties with More Than 30 Percent Farm Population															
							Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion												Population		
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
OEO Region and State	Total Number	Number with More than 30% Farm Population	Total	In Counties with More than 30% Farm Population	Total	In Counties with More than 30% Farm Population	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births Col. 12 Hospitals as % Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Less than 10,000 Population	Counties with 10-24,999 Population	Counties with 25-100,000 Population
U.S. Total	**3,072**	**984**	**195,699.2**	**12,918.7**	**4,593.6**	**571.0**	**80**	**11**	**4**	**3**	**665**	**99.0**	**738**	**583**	**14**	**2**	**6**	**1**	**464**	**423**	**97**
REGION I Total	150	1	36,111.4	3.2	538.7	.1							1	1					1		
Conn.	8	■	2,878.2	■	33.9	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Me.	16	■	977.6	■	27.5	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Mass.	14	■	5,403.0	■	85.9	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
N.H.	10	■	676.3	■	13.8	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
N.J.	21	■	6,899.2	■	97.8	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
N.Y.	62	■	17,968.0	■	252.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
R.I.	5	■	897.8	■	16.8	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Vt.	14	1	411.2	3.2	10.8	.1							1	1					1		
REGION II Total	467	133	30,958.8	2,123.7	841.6	116.3	2			1	50	100.0	51	98	4		2		51	64	18
Del.	3	■	513.0	■	6.8	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
D.C.	1	■	805.6	■	2.4	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Ky.	120	70	3,181.1	829.2	130.4	44.4	1				25	100.0	29	55	1				30	37	3
Md.	23	■	3,610.9	■	48.5	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
N.C.	100	36	4,973.5	958.3	201.7	53.1				1	21	100.0	1	30	3		2		7	16	13
Pa.	67	■	11,600.8	■	231.6	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Va.	98	22	4,464.9	295.3	143.9	16.4					3	100.0	17	9					10	10	2
W.Va.	55	5	1,808.9	41.0	76.3	2.4	1				1	100.0	4	4					4	1	
REGION III Total	515	169	22,641.2	3,217.3	910.6	183.3	68	1		2	94	99.7	17	119	6	2	3	1	41	90	38
Ala.	67	19	3,510.9	447.5	142.1	24.5					13	100.0		8		1				13	6
Fla.	67	3	5,893.4	22.6	180.3	1.1	3							1			3		2	1	
Ga.	158	39	4,445.4	427.9	179.9	24.5					10	100.0	2	33					20	18	1
Miss.	82	46	2,336.6	929.3	122.6	54.8		1		1	28	98.8	2	20	3	1			4	34	8
S.C.	46	12	2,589.3	483.8	111.8	24.0	26			1	13	100.0		12	3					3	9
Tenn.	95	50	3,865.6	906.3	173.9	54.5	39				30	100.0	13	45				1	15	21	14
REGION IV Total	523	144	42,308.3	2,611.5	729.3	82.6					179	100.0	144	121	1				27	87	30
Ill.	102	22	10,785.9	298.3	158.4	9.9					12	100.0	22	11					10	10	2
Ind.	92	19	4,951.3	303.9	103.6	8.6					11	100.0	19	11					3	15	1
Mich.	83	5	8,467.6	133.5	141.4	4.0					6	100.0	5	5					1	1	3
Minn.	87	59	3,572.3	1,004.2	70.5	33.2					90	100.0	59	58					10	40	9
Ohio	88	8	10,364.3	189.3	179.1	5.8					8	100.0	8	8	1					5	3
Wis.	71	31	4,167.0	682.3	76.4	21.0					52	100.0	31	28					3	16	12

Table 4: Unmet Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 984 Counties with More than 30 Percent Farm Population by OEO Region and State, FY 1968. (■ Designates No Counties in State with More than 30% Farm Population.) continued

	Counties		Population (000's)		Unmet Need (000's)		Counties with More Than 30 Percent Farm Population														
							Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion												Population		
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
OEO Region and State	Total Number	Number with More than 30% Farm Population	Total	In Counties with More than 30% Farm Population	Total	In Counties with More than 30% Farm Population	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births Col. 12 Hospitals as % Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Less than 10,000 Population	Counties with 10-24,999 Population	Counties with 25-100,000 Population
REGION V Total	502	109	19,797.7	1,125.2	721.2	54.9	7				59	100.0	99	41			1		63	41	5
Ark.	75	25	1,955.6	408.9	101.4	23.9	6				11	100.0	19	17			1		8	13	4
La.	64	7	3,616.7	112.4	156.1	7.1					2	100.0	7	3					1	5	1
N.M.	32	1	1,002.3	1.6	27.0	.1							1						1		
Okla.	77	18	2,476.5	157.0	81.6	5.9					18	100.0	14	9					14	4	
Tex.	254	58	10,746.6	445.3	355.1	17.9	1				28	100.0	58	12					39	19	
REGION VI Total	746	422	17,041.3	3,778.4	394.3	131.6	3	10	4		277	96.7	420	200	3				277	139	6
Colo.	63	13	1,955.4	53.5	32.3	1.5			1		7	100.0	13	1					13		
Idaho	44	22	697.3	183.0	15.8	4.5					15	100.0	22	5					16	5	1
Iowa	99	72	2,760.2	1,128.6	64.2	35.2	1	1	2		61	100.0	71	72	2				12	58	2
Kan.	105	51	2,275.3	372.0	49.5	11.8					44	100.0	51	8					40	11	
Mo.	114	64	4,563.5	727.8	118.5	33.8	2		1		16	100.0	63	64	1				33	28	3
Mont.	56	25	701.5	127.8	14.6	3.4		2			16	82.6	25	6					22	3	
Neb.	93	71	1,439.2	468.4	35.5	16.3		1			51	98.2	71	25					58	13	
N.D.	53	44	643.0	313.5	17.3	10.2		2			32	89.2	44						36	8	
S.D.	67	52	679.2	352.4	21.4	13.7		4			28	85.5	52	18					41	11	
Utah	29	2	1,007.2	10.2	19.4	.2					1	100.0	2						2		
Wyo.	23	6	319.3	41.2	5.9	.9					6	100.0	6	1					4	2	
REGION VII Total	169	6	26,840.5	59.3	457.9	1.5					6	100.0	6	3					4	2	
Ariz.	14	■	1,602.8	■	39.9	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Calif.	58	■	18,802.2	■	303.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Nev.	17	■	430.7	■	5.3	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Ore.	36	2	1,972.8	27.0	39.8	.7					2	100.0	2	1					1	1	
Wash.	39	4	3,040.4	32.3	54.7	.8					4	100.0	4	2					3	1	
Alaska	1	■	264.8	■	2.7	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Hawaii	4	■	726.7	■	12.5	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 5. 438 COUNTIES WITH NO IDENTIFIABLE FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS: POTENTIAL HEALTH AND ORGANIZATIONAL RESOURCES FOR PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED INDICES, FY 1968 (Ranked by Family Planning Need: Selected Counties Have Family Planning Need of 1,000 or More Women)

NOTES TO TABLE 5.

All column headings appear as in prior tables except the following:

Column 5

***Counties with Assigned Health Officer:* Bullet identifies counties in which there are local areas which state health officers consider as organized to provide public health service; local units without the services of an administrative head or health officer have not been included (*Directory of Local Health Units 1966,* U.S. Public Health Service, Department of Health, Education and Welfare).**

Table 5. 438 Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs: Potential Health and Organizational Resources for Program Development and Related Indices, FY 1968 (Ranked by Family Planning Need; Selected Counties Have Family Planning Need of 1,000 or More Women; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
	TOTAL	**438 COUNTIES**	**810.5**	**371**	**752**	**433,149**	**310**	**9,129**	**32**	**1,329**	**5**	
1	BRISTOL	MASSACHUSETT	10.2	•	6	7,285	•	116	28	27	6	21.3
2	JEFFERSON	LOUISIANA	7.4	•	2	1,568	•	42	15	25	9	22.2
3	ST CLAIR	ILLINOIS	6.9	•	5	5,497	•	68	25	15	6	27.8
4	CAMBRIA	PENNSYLVANIA	6.6	•	5	3,126	•	61	32	10	5	24.5
5	ATLANTIC	NEW JERSEY	5.9	•	3	2,830	•	68	37	10	5	27.5
6	WEBB	TEXAS	5.7	•	1	2,002	•	16	21	3	4	23.7
7	SCHUYLKILL	PENNSYLVANIA	5.6	•	5	2,503	•	85	52	6	4	22.2
8	WASHINGTON	PENNSYLVANIA	5.6	•	4	2,957	•	75	35	8	4	22.3
9	OUACHITA	LOUISIANA	5.6	•	3	4,167	•	28	25	11	10	26.1
10	ST LANDRY	LOUISIANA	5.3	•	2	827		25	30	6	7	37.9
11	CALCASIEU	LOUISIANA	4.6	•	4	3,045	•	36	27	12	9	27.6
12	VERNON	LOUISIANA	4.6	•				6	10			32.8
13	MADISON	ILLINOIS	4.6	•	5	3,583	•	71	29	16	7	23.1
14	CUMBERLAND	MAINE	4.6	•	6	3,391	•	68	35	18	9	24.5
15	LAFAYETTE	LOUISIANA	4.5	•	3	5,023		31	30	7	7	30.8
16	RALEIGH	WEST VIRGINI	4.4	•	1	464	•	15	21	6	8	22.1
17	LORAIN	OHIO	4.2	•	4	3,857	•	68	28	12	5	22.9
18	ALLEN	INDIANA	4.2	•	3	5,688	•	102	39	12	5	22.2
19	TANGIPAHOA	LOUISIANA	4.1	•	2	777	•	18	27	4	6	38.5
20	LANE	OREGON	4.1	•	4	3,530	•	61	30	14	7	20.6
21	LAKE	ILLINOIS	4.0	•	5	4,906	•	80	23	18	5	21.3
22	HILLSBOROUGH	NEW HAMPSHIR	4.0	•	7	4,284	•	67	32	12	6	20.8
23	WINNEBAGO	ILLINOIS	3.8	•	3	4,876	•	62	27	17	7	23.0
24	ELKHART	INDIANA	3.7	•	2	2,724		45	37	5	4	22.9
25	DU PAGE	ILLINOIS	3.6	•	4	5,784		128	32	30	7	17.9
26	MARION	OREGON	3.6	•	4	2,382	•	50	35	10	7	21.4
27	BEAVER	PENNSYLVANIA	3.5	•	3	2,504	•	61	30	7	3	19.5
28	WICHITA	TEXAS	3.5	•	3	1,484	•	39	31	8	6	22.0
29	MCDOWELL	WEST VIRGINI	3.5	•			•	9	15	1	2	35.9
30	WILL	ILLINOIS	3.5	•	2	3,940	•	58	26	13	6	24.7
31	DAVIDSON	NORTH CAROLI	3.5	•	2	1,187	•	18	19	2	2	27.8
32	MERCER	WEST VIRGINI	3.4	•	1	377	•	18	28	3	5	24.7
33	ARLINGTON	VIRGINIA	3.4	•	2	4,998	•	85	30	33	12	22.2
34	ST TAMMANY	LOUISIANA	3.3	•	2	725		15	26	4	7	29.7
35	UTAH	UTAH	3.3		2	2,637	•	45	35	8	6	17.3
36	BERRIEN	MICHIGAN	3.3	•	4	2,770	•	41	25	7	4	24.5
37	FAYETTE	WEST VIRGINI	3.3	•	1	230		15	27	1	2	26.6
38	AROOSTOOK	MAINE	3.2	•	6	1,421	•	27	28	3	3	26.2
39	RENSSELAER	NEW YORK	3.2	•	3	2,644	•	48	31	9	6	21.6
40	GREGG	TEXAS	3.2		3	1,282		47	63	3	4	22.5
41	SANGAMON	ILLINOIS	3.2	•	2	3,146	•	36	23	18	11	22.8
42	ULSTER	NEW YORK	3.1	•	2	796	•	53	39	9	7	24.5
43	JEFFERSON	COLORADO	3.1	•	1	1,522		53	27	11	6	19.2
44	CHAUTAUQUA	NEW YORK	3.1	•	5	2,707	•	50	33	7	5	24.0
45	TERREBONNE	LOUISIANA	3.1	•	1	1,633		18	25	5	7	31.5

Table 5. 438 Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs: Potential Health and Organizational Resources for Program Development and Related Indices, FY 1968 (Ranked by Family Planning Need; Selected Counties Have Family Planning Need of 1,000 or More Women; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
46	YORK	MAINE	3.0	●	3	1,009	●	34	32	2	2	24.3
47	GLOUCESTER	NEW JERSEY	3.0	●	1	1,087	●	45	29	8	5	20.7
48	DENTON	TEXAS	3.0		1	872		26	38	4	6	19.4
49	KANE	ILLINOIS	2.9	●	6	6,233	●	80	33	18	7	24.9
50	AVOYELLES	LOUISIANA	2.8	●			●	16	39			35.7
51	ACADIA	LOUISIANA	2.8	●	2	586		17	33	4	8	29.9
52	KENTON	KENTUCKY	2.8	●	2	2,850	●	38	31	6	5	23.5
53	POTTER	TEXAS	2.8	●	1	1,023	●	34	28	6	5	25.2
54	ST MARY	LOUISIANA	2.8	●	2	1,143	●	18	30	3	5	30.5
55	ATHENS	OHIO	2.7	●	3	3,635	●	20	35			23.8
56	CLEARFIELD	PENNSYLVANIA	2.7	●	3	1,105	●	17	22	1	1	19.8
57	LAFOURCHE	LOUISIANA	2.7	●	2	1,483	●	19	29	5	8	23.2
58	BRAZORIA	TEXAS	2.7	●	2	907		32	34	1	1	19.5
59	HARRISON	WEST VIRGINI	2.7	●	2	1,217	●	18	24	2	3	20.9
60	BOSSIER	LOUISIANA	2.7	●	1	430	●	8	13	2	3	31.2
61	LOGAN	WEST VIRGINI	2.7	●	1	342	●	19	36	2	4	29.0
62	ROCKLAND	NEW YORK	2.6	●	2	2,756	●	49	25	18	9	20.7
63	SAN PATRICIO	TEXAS	2.6	●	1	198	●	16	32			26.5
64	CENTRE	PENNSYLVANIA	2.6	●	2	1,948	●	27	29	4	4	19.0
65	NATCHITOCHES	LOUISIANA	2.6	●	1	274	●	10	27			40.4
66	FRANKLIN	PENNSYLVANIA	2.6	●	2	1,887	●	34	35	5	5	17.7
67	MADISON	INDIANA	2.6	●	3	2,502	●	51	38	4	3	26.3
68	STEARNS	MINNESOTA	2.6	●	4	2,603	●	34	38	5	6	24.4
69	MINGO	WEST VIRGINI	2.6	●			●	9	24	1	3	36.2
70	ROCK ISLAND	ILLINOIS	2.6	●	3	3,462		48	29	12	7	26.6
71	INDIANA	PENNSYLVANIA	2.6	●	1	940	●	21	28	1	1	20.2
72	COLUMBIANA	OHIO	2.5	●	3	1,911	●	43	40	3	3	21.3
73	RANDOLPH	NORTH CAROLI	2.5	●				18	26	3	4	22.0
74	ALLEN	OHIO	2.5	●	3	3,452	●	47	42	4	4	27.4
75	SARATOGA	NEW YORK	2.5	●	2	809	●	29	28	3	3	22.4
76	ROCKINGHAM	VIRGINIA	2.5	●	1	1,280		22	37	3	5	17.6
77	BUTLER	PENNSYLVANIA	2.5	●	1	1,660		27	23	3	3	17.2
78	KENT	RHODE ISLAND	2.5		1	1,676	●	32	24	6	5	21.2
79	MACON	ILLINOIS	2.5	●	2	2,600	●	28	23	8	6	24.5
80	IBERIA	LOUISIANA	2.4	●	1	73		25	43	3	5	31.1
81	HARDIN	KENTUCKY	2.4		1	852		14	18			26.2
82	JACKSON	OREGON	2.4	●	2	1,264	●	24	26	6	7	19.0
83	LAWRENCE	PENNSYLVANIA	2.4	●	3	1,882	●	29	26	7	6	21.4
84	OSWEGO	NEW YORK	2.4	●	2	1,449		31	32	4	4	23.9
85	CUMBERLAND	PENNSYLVANIA	2.4	●	3	2,427	●	56	40	8	6	18.6
86	ARMSTRONG	PENNSYLVANIA	2.3	●	1	731	●	25	32			21.6
87	KENNEBEC	MAINE	2.3	●	4	1,861	●	28	31	5	6	24.0
88	TAZEWELL	VIRGINIA	2.3	●			●	16	38	2	5	26.4
89	SCOTT	IOWA	2.3	●	2	2,323	●	33	24	7	5	23.4
90	JEFFERSON	OHIO	2.3	●	2	1,577	●	30	30	5	5	25.2
91	VERMILION	ILLINOIS	2.3	●	3	1,824	●	38	40	5	5	28.4
92	ANGELINA	TEXAS	2.2		2	1,113		15	31	4	8	24.2
93	STEUBEN	NEW YORK	2.2	●	3	1,569	●	40	39	4	4	26.4

Table 5. 438 Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs: Potential Health and Organizational Resources for Program Development and Related Indices, FY 1968 (Ranked by Family Planning Need; Selected Counties Have Family Planning Need of 1,000 or More Women; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
94	ANDROSCOGGIN	MAINE	2.2	●	2	1,805	●	25	28	7	8	21.8
95	EVANGELINE	LOUISIANA	2.2	●			●	10	29			38.6
96	WASHINGTON	LOUISIANA	2.2	●	3	962	●	12	27	3	7	37.1
97	JACKSON	MICHIGAN	2.2	●	2	2,503	●	38	28	6	4	24.4
98	JACKSON	ILLINOIS	2.2	●	3	932	●	12	22	4	7	21.3
99	HAMPSHIRE	MASSACHUSETT	2.2	●	2	1,511	●	42	37	5	4	21.0
100	BRAZOS	TEXAS	2.2	●	1	754		15	29	3	6	32.2
101	MONTGOMERY	VIRGINIA	2.2	●	1	1,267	●	18	36	4	8	22.7
102	MCLEAN	ILLINOIS	2.2	●	2	1,152		23	24	6	6	18.4
103	ST MARTIN	LOUISIANA	2.2	●				5	15			36.9
104	MUSKINGUM	OHIO	2.2	●	2	2,262	●	22	27	4	5	20.6
105	VICTORIA	TEXAS	2.2	●	1	420	●	22	41	4	8	28.5
106	BENTON	ARKANSAS	2.2	●	3	687	●	19	43			25.8
107	RACINE	WISCONSIN	2.1	●	3	3,123	●	48	31	10	6	23.9
108	MONROE	MICHIGAN	2.1	●	2	1,340	●	24	21	2	2	20.9
109	PITTSBURG	OKLAHOMA	2.1	●	2	652	●	9	23	1	3	21.7
110	ECTOR	TEXAS	2.1	●	1	1,893		16	17	8	9	20.6
111	COLLIN	TEXAS	2.1	●	1	421		23	43			22.1
112	CHRISTIAN	KENTUCKY	2.1	●	1	526	●	17	31	2	4	48.9
113	BUTLER	MISSOURI	2.1	●			●	17	48	2	6	29.8
114	BAY	MICHIGAN	2.0	●	2	2,059	●	30	27	5	4	22.0
115	LAKE	OHIO	2.0	●	1	2,236	●	39	22	11	6	21.4
116	ROCK	WISCONSIN	2.0	●	3	2,583	●	36	29	9	7	21.5
117	CRAWFORD	PENNSYLVANIA	2.0	●	3	1,395	●	29	37	2	3	21.5
118	CLARK	WASHINGTON	2.0	●	1	1,252	●	32	29	7	6	22.6
119	VERMILION	LOUISIANA	2.0	●	3	581		14	34	3	7	24.0
120	ASHTABULA	OHIO	2.0	●	3	1,459	●	31	33	2	2	24.0
121	BROWN	WISCONSIN	2.0	●	3	3,265		38	28	9	7	21.5
122	BARNSTABLE	MASSACHUSETT	2.0	●	2	1,091	●	49	60	2	2	23.9
123	HUNT	TEXAS	2.0	●	1	480		9	20	3	7	35.2
124	WAYNE	WEST VIRGINI	2.0	●			●	5	13			27.3
125	NACOGDOCHES	TEXAS	2.0		1	390	●	12	36			30.5
126	FORT BEND	TEXAS	2.0	●	2	602		17	35	1	2	37.5
127	TIPPECANOE	INDIANA	2.0	●	2	2,982		28	27	9	9	20.2
128	CAPE GIRARDE	MISSOURI	1.9	●	1	1,154	●	19	38	4	8	19.6
129	IBERVILLE	LOUISIANA	1.9	●			●	12	39			33.6
130	LITCHFIELD	CONNECTICUT	1.9	●	4	1,668		55	41	8	6	19.4
131	IMPERIAL	CALIFORNIA	1.9	●	5	1,551	●	22	28	4	5	28.4
132	MINNEHAHA	SOUTH DAKOTA	1.9		2	1,933	●	35	38	6	6	19.6
133	MARATHON	WISCONSIN	1.9	●	2	1,314		25	27	4	4	21.0
134	WILLIAMSON	ILLINOIS	1.9	●	2	673	●	17	34			28.4
135	ADAMS	ILLINOIS	1.9	●	2	1,380		12	17	6	9	18.9
136	MCCURTAIN	OKLAHOMA	1.9	●	1	214	●	6	21			29.2
137	ELLIS	TEXAS	1.9		2	637	●	16	35	1	2	30.4
138	WALKER	TEXAS	1.9		1	312		9	33			20.3
139	WINNEBAGO	WISCONSIN	1.9	●	2	2,075		34	29	9	8	18.9
140	ASCENSION	LOUISIANA	1.9	●				9	27			27.5
141	KITSAP	WASHINGTON	1.9	●	1	1,096	●	33	36	5	6	25.6

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					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
142	MOREHOUSE	LOUISIANA	1.9	●	1	338		16	46			33.2
143	CAPE MAY	NEW JERSEY	1.9	●	2	664	●	31	55	3	5	22.5
144	LAMAR	TEXAS	1.9	●	3	718		13	36	2	5	29.4
145	CLINTON	NEW YORK	1.8	●	2	1,187	●	13	17	4	5	22.4
146	TUSCARAWAS	OHIO	1.8	●	2	1,389	●	25	32	2	3	26.5
147	SHASTA	CALIFORNIA	1.8	●	3	1,716	●	33	44	4	5	23.2
148	CAMPBELL	KENTUCKY	1.8	●	1	1,886	●	33	38	5	6	26.4
149	CATTARAUGUS	NEW YORK	1.8	●	3	1,326	●	32	38	5	6	21.9
150	JIM WELLS	TEXAS	1.8				●	11	31	1	3	22.6
151	WAYNE	OHIO	1.8	●	2	1,062	●	29	35	3	4	19.2
152	CANYON	IDAHO	1.8		2	1,063	●	26	43	1	2	25.4
153	MONTGOMERY	TEXAS	1.8		1	460		10	30	1	3	25.6
154	WHARTON	TEXAS	1.8		3	821		15	39	5	13	26.1
155	ROSS	OHIO	1.8		1	1,351	●	18	29	3	5	21.2
156	POINSETT	ARKANSAS	1.8					9	30			21.0
157	WILLIAMSON	TEXAS	1.8	●			●	15	41			31.8
158	KANKAKEE	ILLINOIS	1.8	●	2	1,860	●	36	37	8	8	24.3
159	MECKLENBURG	VIRGINIA	1.8	●	1	402		11	35			38.4
160	WHATCOM	WASHINGTON	1.8	●	2	1,048	●	28	37	4	5	20.8
161	LENAWEE	MICHIGAN	1.8	●	4	1,747		35	44	2	2	22.2
162	LA PORTE	INDIANA	1.7	●	2	1,190		38	36	5	5	24.9
163	LEE	VIRGINIA	1.7	●			●	6	26			30.8
164	OTSEGO	NEW YORK	1.7	●	2	788	●	13	23	4	7	20.4
165	POTTAWATTAMI	IOWA	1.7	●	2	1,361	●	16	19	7	8	19.4
166	LIVINGSTON	LOUISIANA	1.7	●	1	86		3	9			26.3
167	STARR	TEXAS	1.7				●	3	15			20.5
168	BARREN	KENTUCKY	1.7	●	1	788	●	12	40			25.1
169	MIAMI	OHIO	1.7	●	3	1,475	●	33	41	3	4	24.4
170	OTTER TAIL	MINNESOTA	1.7	●	2	156	●	22	47	2	4	23.7
171	LEBANON	PENNSYLVANIA	1.7	●	1	1,157		40	43	4	4	21.0
172	WYOMING	WEST VIRGINI	1.7	●			●	3	9			31.0
173	LIBERTY	TEXAS	1.7		1	338		13	41			26.7
174	DUBUQUE	IOWA	1.7	●	2	2,035	●	10	11	6	7	23.4
175	OUTAGAMIE	WISCONSIN	1.6	●	2	1,670		38	34	6	5	20.4
176	GUADALUPE	TEXAS	1.6		1	428	●	12	36			29.5
177	LA SALLE	ILLINOIS	1.6	●	4	1,844		47	43	3	3	21.5
178	WARREN	OHIO	1.6	●			●	17	21			20.6
179	NEW MADRID	MISSOURI	1.6	●			●	6	22	1	4	48.5
180	LEE	ARKANSAS	1.6					5	21			36.3
181	TAZEWELL	ILLINOIS	1.6	●	2	848		38	35	1	1	19.7
182	COLUMBIA	PENNSYLVANIA	1.6	●	2	1,043		23	41	3	5	26.1
183	VENANGO	PENNSYLVANIA	1.6	●	2	1,011	●	22	35	2	3	18.9
184	FAIRFIELD	OHIO	1.6	●	1	1,155	●	25	36	3	4	18.6
185	WAYNE	NEW YORK	1.6	●	2	929	●	27	36	3	4	28.8
186	RUSK	TEXAS	1.6		2	418	●	11	31			27.8
187	FOND DU LAC	WISCONSIN	1.6	●	3	1,783	●	33	41	4	5	20.0
188	BEDFORD	PENNSYLVANIA	1.6	●	1	443	●	13	29	1	2	20.9
189	FRANKLIN	ILLINOIS	1.6	●	2	429		16	41			22.7

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					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
190	FRANKLIN	LOUISIANA	1.6					10	39			43.3
191	PULASKI	MISSOURI	1.6	●			●	2	4			54.4
192	CLARK	INDIANA	1.6	●	1	844	●	30	45	1	1	22.1
193	HUNTINGDON	PENNSYLVANIA	1.6	●	1	664	●	10	26	2	5	23.5
194	LA CROSSE	WISCONSIN	1.6	●	4	2,013	●	17	22	10	13	23.9
195	JASPER	TEXAS	1.6	●				12	44			28.8
196	WARREN	NEW JERSEY	1.6	●	1	870	●	28	39	4	6	21.8
197	WOOD	OHIO	1.6	●	1	767	●	33	42	1	1	18.9
198	GRANT	INDIANA	1.6	●	1	1,679		22	28	3	4	20.9
199	BOONE	WEST VIRGINI	1.5	●	1	272	●	9	34			22.7
200	LAWRENCE	TENNESSEE	1.5	●	2	539	●	11	37			24.4
201	CARBON	PENNSYLVANIA	1.5	●	2	600	●	23	45	4	8	22.2
202	MIDDLESEX	CONNECTICUT	1.5	●	1	1,266	●	39	36	5	5	17.3
203	WASHINGTON	MAINE	1.5	●	2	339	●	15	50			30.7
204	THURSTON	WASHINGTON	1.5	●	1	931	●	22	34	6	9	21.5
205	GRANT	WISCONSIN	1.5	●	5	734	●	24	52			22.7
206	INDEPENDENCE	ARKANSAS	1.5				●	14	62			22.8
207	BLUE EARTH	MINNESOTA	1.5	●	2	1,039	●	13	26	4	8	19.5
208	COCHISE	ARIZONA	1.5	●	5	668	●	19	33	1	2	27.7
209	SHEBOYGAN	WISCONSIN	1.5	●	3	1,688		26	28	4	4	19.5
210	MERRIMACK	NEW HAMPSHIR	1.5	●	3	1,220	●	26	35	6	8	21.1
211	CARROLL	VIRGINIA	1.5	●	1	84	●	4	14			23.7
212	WEAKLEY	TENNESSEE	1.5		1	112	●	9	34			19.5
213	MCHENRY	ILLINOIS	1.5	●	3	1,091		34	34	5	5	20.6
214	CRAWFORD	KANSAS	1.5	●	2	446	●	14	35			16.8
215	MAVERICK	TEXAS	1.5	●	1	336	●	5	26			27.6
216	RICHLAND	LOUISIANA	1.5					10	41			39.4
217	WINDHAM	CONNECTICUT	1.5	●	1	728	●	21	27	6	8	20.5
218	JOHNSON	MISSOURI	1.5	●	1	296	●	10	29			38.3
219	VAN BUREN	MICHIGAN	1.5	●	2	709	●	20	36			28.8
220	SCOTT	MISSOURI	1.5	●			●	10	29			28.2
221	LINN	OREGON	1.5	●	2	959	●	28	43	1	2	24.5
222	VAL VERDE	TEXAS	1.5	●	1	249	●	11	39	2	7	33.9
223	KENOSHA	WISCONSIN	1.5		2	1,876		24	21	5	4	20.0
224	DE KALB	ILLINOIS	1.5	●	2	579		19	30	5	8	23.3
225	SOUTHAMPTON	VIRGINIA	1.5	●	1	274		13	48	2	7	36.5
226	MACOUPIN	ILLINOIS	1.5	●	2	320	●	22	45			19.0
227	HARDIN	TEXAS	1.5	●	1	328		7	23			18.5
228	LIMESTONE	TEXAS	1.5					9	40			42.4
229	DE SOTO	LOUISIANA	1.5		1	91		4	17			35.2
230	KAUFMAN	TEXAS	1.5					14	45			49.4
231	YELLOWSTONE	MONTANA	1.4		2	1,527	●	14	17	8	10	23.0
232	GREENE	PENNSYLVANIA	1.4	●	1	408	●	9	23	3	8	23.3
233	HOWARD	INDIANA	1.4	●	2	1,841		23	29	6	8	27.0
234	COLUMBIA	ARKANSAS	1.4		1	271		12	45			25.1
235	OLMSTED	MINNESOTA	1.4	●	2	2,009		16	22	21	29	20.1
236	MATAGORDA	TEXAS	1.4	●	2	560	●	13	43	1	3	31.9
237	RENO	KANSAS	1.4	●	2	885		17	27	3	5	20.7

Table 5. 438 Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs: Potential Health and Organizational Resources for Program Development and Related Indices, FY 1968 (Ranked by Family Planning Need; Selected Counties Have Family Planning Need of 1,000 or More Women; • Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
238	CASCADE	MONTANA	1.4	•	2	1,327	•	19	24	8	10	24.0
239	CASS	MISSOURI	1.4	•	1	265	•	4	10			26.2
240	FRANKLIN	NEW YORK	1.4	•	3	829	•	18	39	2	4	27.4
241	FLOYD	INDIANA	1.4	•	1	1,090	•	22	41			27.6
242	WHITESIDE	ILLINOIS	1.4	•	2	1,130	•	18	29	3	5	19.3
243	GREENE	ARKANSAS	1.4		1	398	•	9	37			24.3
244	RUTLAND	VERMONT	1.4		1	750	•	19	39	3	6	31.0
245	ONTARIO	NEW YORK	1.4	•	3	1,613		24	31	5	7	20.7
246	HENDERSON	TEXAS	1.4		1	235		11	43			40.6
247	FRANKLIN	MISSOURI	1.4	•	2	1,156	•	17	33			18.9
248	POINTE COUPE	LOUISIANA	1.4	•	1	317	•	6	26			41.2
249	JEFFERSON	PENNSYLVANIA	1.4	•	2	688	•	19	44			20.8
250	NEWTON	MISSOURI	1.4	•			•	10	30			19.8
251	WASHINGTON	NEW YORK	1.4	•	2	259	•	19	35	3	6	21.6
252	ALLEGANY	NEW YORK	1.4	•	2	524		27	62			22.2
253	CUMBERLAND	TENNESSEE	1.4	•	1	387	•	7	34	2	10	31.8
254	DARKE	OHIO	1.4	•	1	736	•	17	34			19.8
255	RUSSELL	VIRGINIA	1.4	•			•	6	24			27.1
256	ST CHARLES	MISSOURI	1.4	•	1	1,412	•	8	11	8	11	19.7
257	STODDARD	MISSOURI	1.4	•			•	4	15			31.2
258	PRESTON	WEST VIRGINI	1.4	•	1	262	•	6	23			28.6
259	TOLLAND	CONNECTICUT	1.4	•	2	626	•	21	23	1	1	17.7
260	HENDERSON	KENTUCKY	1.4	•	1	658	•	12	36	2	6	24.4
261	COWLITZ	WASHINGTON	1.4	•	2	1,260	•	19	31	3	5	20.3
262	ST FRANCOIS	MISSOURI	1.4	•	1	124	•	13	34	1	3	21.0
263	CONCORDIA	LOUISIANA	1.4	•	1	171	•	6	25			31.9
264	SALINE	ILLINOIS	1.4	•	1	121		11	40	1	4	23.2
265	HIGHLAND	OHIO	1.4		2	377	•	16	50			24.0
266	ANDERSON	TEXAS	1.4		1	291	•	12	41			28.7
267	NICHOLAS	WEST VIRGINI	1.4	•	1	162	•	7	28			26.7
268	HARDIN	TENNESSEE	1.4		1	386	•	6	31			35.8
269	KNOX	INDIANA	1.4	•	1	804	•	12	29	3	7	26.7
270	STRAFFORD	NEW HAMPSHIR	1.4	•	2	1,242	•	20	31	3	5	25.6
271	KLEBERG	TEXAS	1.4		1	847	•	9	29	2	7	28.6
272	WARD	NORTH DAKOTA	1.4	•	3	1,170		13	21	3	5	23.6
273	HANCOCK	OHIO	1.4	•	1	1,104	•	17	27	2	3	20.0
274	HENRY	INDIANA	1.3	•	1	914	•	18	34	2	4	23.0
275	CHEROKEE	GEORGIA	1.3	•	1	326	•	7	26			28.5
276	CALLOWAY	KENTUCKY	1.3	•	1	421	•	6	24	2	8	13.5
277	ERIE	OHIO	1.3	•	2	1,038	•	25	33	4	5	26.1
278	RANDOLPH	WEST VIRGINI	1.3	•	2	580		6	22	1	4	30.3
279	COLES	ILLINOIS	1.3	•	2	942	•	17	37	1	2	20.9
280	SULLIVAN	NEW YORK	1.3	•	2	499	•	23	45	1	2	31.5
281	CRAWFORD	ARKANSAS	1.3		1	158	•	6	25			19.8
282	JEFFERSON DA	LOUISIANA	1.3	•	2	801	•	13	45	1	3	29.6
283	DAKOTA	MINNESOTA	1.3	•	3	1,097		29	27	1	1	20.9
284	UNION	SOUTH CAROLI	1.3	•	2	608	•	9	29			33.2
285	LOUDOUN	VIRGINIA	1.3	•	1	533		13	38	1	3	24.0

Table 5. 438 Counties with No Identifiable Family Planning Programs: Potential Health and Organizational Resources for Program Development and Related Indices, FY 1968 (Ranked by Family Planning Need; Selected Counties Have Family Planning Need of 1,000 or More Women; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County) continued

					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
286	SABINE	LOUISIANA	1.3					11	52			32.4
287	ADAMS	PENNSYLVANIA	1.3	●	1	853	●	20	37	1	2	21.5
288	MCNAIRY	TENNESSEE	1.3		1	196	●	4	21			21.1
289	DODGE	WISCONSIN	1.3	●	2	676		26	40			21.7
290	BEAUREGARD	LOUISIANA	1.3	●	2	407	●	4	18			29.0
291	SALEM	NEW JERSEY	1.3	●	1	568	●	22	35	2	3	34.5
292	DELAWARE	NEW YORK	1.3	●	6	837	●	16	35	3	7	28.7
293	LINCOLN	WEST VIRGINI	1.3	●			●	4	20			33.2
294	ASSUMPTION	LOUISIANA	1.3	●				5	25			34.2
295	MARION	OHIO	1.3	●	1	1,191	●	16	25	6	9	24.7
296	MONTGOMERY	NEW YORK	1.3	●	2	991	●	24	41	2	3	21.8
297	JOHNSON	TEXAS	1.3		1	574		14	35	2	5	22.6
298	ALLEGAN	MICHIGAN	1.3	●	3	772	●	19	31	3	5	20.8
299	MIFFLIN	PENNSYLVANIA	1.3	●	1	934		15	34	1	2	25.2
300	CROSS	ARKANSAS	1.3		1	349	●	6	29			39.5
301	LEAVENWORTH	KANSAS	1.3	●	2	473	●	11	20	3	6	20.7
302	ANOKA	MINNESOTA	1.3	●	2	2,004	●	20	16	5	4	18.4
303	STEPHENSON	ILLINOIS	1.3	●	1	968	●	13	25	3	6	23.8
304	CLAY	ARKANSAS	1.3				●	7	32			19.1
305	MARION	ILLINOIS	1.3	●	2	649	●	19	49	2	5	25.6
306	WALWORTH	WISCONSIN	1.3	●	1	597		30	51			20.3
307	CASS	TEXAS	1.2	●	1	77	●	10	42			25.4
308	GRAND FORKS	NORTH DAKOTA	1.2	●	3	1,175		15	22	5	7	21.8
309	BROWN	TEXAS	1.2	●	2	384		9	34			23.1
310	MADISON	NEW YORK	1.2	●	2	998		16	28	3	5	23.4
311	SHELBY	TEXAS	1.2		1	158	●	5	23			32.3
312	ST JOHN THE	LOUISIANA	1.2					4	18			32.3
313	GRAYS HARBOR	WASHINGTON	1.2	●	3	1,002	●	21	36	2	3	25.8
314	SEMINOLE	OKLAHOMA	1.2	●	2	288	●	9	34			24.1
315	MCKEAN	PENNSYLVANIA	1.2	●	4	754	●	16	30	1	2	25.3
316	HENRY	ILLINOIS	1.2	●	3	718		23	44			22.5
317	LAPEER	MICHIGAN	1.2	●	2	1,291	●	13	27	2	4	24.4
318	SOMERSET	MAINE	1.2	●	4	660	●	14	33			23.5
319	PRINCE GEORG	VIRGINIA	1.2	●	1	358		13	27	1	2	23.7
320	HOWELL	MISSOURI	1.2	●	2	453	●	10	44	1	4	26.3
321	TUSCOLA	MICHIGAN	1.2	●	3	391	●	11	23			23.5
322	MEDINA	OHIO	1.2	●	3	1,172		29	40	4	5	21.5
323	FULTON	NEW YORK	1.2	●	1	738	●	24	44	5	9	25.9
324	KOSCIUSKO	INDIANA	1.2	●				17	36			22.4
325	ST BERNARD	LOUISIANA	1.2	●				8	17			23.6
326	CLARION	PENNSYLVANIA	1.2	●			●	7	18			18.4
327	BREATHITT	KENTUCKY	1.2	●			●	3	20			22.2
328	CORYELL	TEXAS	1.2		1	170		6	19			18.4
329	CARTER	KENTUCKY	1.2				●	2	9	1	5	25.6
330	SENECA	OHIO	1.2		2	1,159	●	25	42	5	8	23.8
331	RILEY	KANSAS	1.2	●	2	608		12	28	3	7	21.0
332	AMHERST	VIRGINIA	1.2	●				4	15	1	4	34.8
333	BENTON	OREGON	1.2	●	1	836	●	17	35	3	6	18.3

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					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
334	STORY	IOWA	1.2	●	2	1,015	●	17	32	3	6	16.8
335	ISABELLA	MICHIGAN	1.2	●	1	702	●	9	23	2	5	20.4
336	LIVINGSTON	NEW YORK	1.2	●	1	367		23	46			25.2
337	MADISON	LOUISIANA	1.2		1	65	●	4	23			40.8
338	SHIAWASSEE	MICHIGAN	1.2	●	1	1,202	●	10	17	2	3	21.9
339	CHENANGO	NEW YORK	1.2	●	1	595	●	16	33	2	4	18.1
340	FAUQUIER	VIRGINIA	1.2	●	1	495	●	13	45			26.9
341	GUERNSEY	OHIO	1.2	●	1	590	●	12	32	1	3	18.3
342	HENRY	TENNESSEE	1.2		1	299	●	7	31			21.4
343	BARTHOLOMEW	INDIANA	1.2	●	1	1,598	●	19	35	3	5	25.0
344	LABETTE	KANSAS	1.2	●			●	13	46	1	4	25.6
345	HOUGHTON	MICHIGAN	1.2	●	2	554	●	11	32			23.3
346	MAYES	OKLAHOMA	1.2	●	1	148	●	4	18			21.0
347	HANCOCK	MAINE	1.2	●	4	516	●	19	59	3	9	29.6
348	COLUMBIA	NEW YORK	1.2	●	1	735		14	27	2	4	20.9
349	ALLEN	LOUISIANA	1.2	●			●	8	38	1	5	30.5
350	EAU CLAIRE	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	2	1,240	●	20	35	4	7	19.4
351	SHAWANO	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	2	485	●	13	36	1	3	25.6
352	PORTAGE	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	1	787	●	9	21	2	5	17.0
353	OXFORD	MAINE	1.1	●	2	542	●	17	39			21.9
354	HURON	MICHIGAN	1.1	●	1	137	●	12	36	1	3	25.0
355	EATON	MICHIGAN	1.1	●	2	544	●	18	32			17.7
356	JEFFERSON	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	2	1,064		26	47			22.7
357	HILL	TEXAS	1.1		1	3	●	15	66			44.3
358	FRANKLIN	MASSACHUSETT	1.1	●	2	665	●	26	45	4	7	19.3
359	CHIPPEWA	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	3	841	●	19	42			21.5
360	BERKELEY	WEST VIRGINI	1.1	●	1	247		14	39	1	3	22.1
361	SILVER BOW	MONTANA	1.1	●	2	1,082	●	11	24	3	6	28.5
362	CACHE	UTAH	1.1		2	1,126	●	14	33	4	10	12.1
363	DE WITT	TEXAS	1.1	●	3	213		8	38			35.4
364	GEARY	KANSAS	1.1	●	1	219		7	20			23.8
365	JACKSON	OHIO	1.1	●	1	215	●	11	39	1	4	20.8
366	JEFFERSON	ILLINOIS	1.1	●	2	464		11	34	1	3	26.4
367	LAWRENCE	INDIANA	1.1	●	1	622	●	16	42	2	5	21.8
368	HOUSTON	TEXAS	1.1	●				5	27	1	5	23.6
369	WINONA	MINNESOTA	1.1	●	1	726	●	10	23	3	7	25.4
370	MANITOWOC	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	3	1,314		22	28	4	5	17.6
371	RICE	MINNESOTA	1.1	●	2	663	●	17	43	1	3	19.0
372	ATASCOSA	TEXAS	1.1	●	1	214	●	5	25			30.3
373	PLAQUEMINES	LOUISIANA	1.1					5	19			26.8
374	FULTON	ILLINOIS	1.1	●	2	587		20	48	1	2	19.6
375	DICKSON	TENNESSEE	1.1	●				7	32			28.9
376	WINN	LOUISIANA	1.1					5	30			29.6
377	LEWIS	WASHINGTON	1.1	●	2	606		18	42	1	2	25.0
378	PORTER	INDIANA	1.1	●	1	1,524		25	33	4	5	21.8
379	GENESEE	NEW YORK	1.1	●	2	1,396		20	33	4	7	20.4
380	PETTIS	MISSOURI	1.1	●	1	618	●	14	43	2	6	34.1
381	WOOD	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	2	1,652	●	16	26	4	6	21.4

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					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
382	DAVIS	UTAH	1.1	●	1	735	●	23	27	3	3	16.0
383	SAUK	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	3	741	●	20	53	1	3	27.4
384	CORTLAND	NEW YORK	1.1	●	1	1,001	●	12	26	3	7	22.3
385	LAWRENCE	ARKANSAS	1.1		1	203	●	6	35			22.6
386	RHEA	TENNESSEE	1.1	●	1	261	●	6	36			25.6
387	FALLS	TEXAS	1.1		1	116		4	21	1	5	33.5
388	UNION	LOUISIANA	1.1	●			●	5	27			27.7
389	BIENVILLE	LOUISIANA	1.1					6	35			38.7
390	WHITE	TENNESSEE	1.1		1	281	●	7	43			40.7
391	MAUI	HAWAII	1.1	●	4	717	●	17	37	4	9	25.2
392	ITASCA	MINNESOTA	1.1	●	3	508	●	17	46			27.2
393	ADAMS	OHIO	1.1	●	1	348	●	10	48			24.2
394	LOGAN	KENTUCKY	1.1	●	1	395	●	8	37			28.9
395	LAWRENCE	MISSOURI	1.1	●	1	205	●	6	24			21.7
396	CRAWFORD	OHIO	1.1	●	3	964	●	24	46	1	2	25.6
397	HOT SPRING	ARKANSAS	1.1		1	351	●	11	49			22.8
398	OGLE	ILLINOIS	1.1	●	1	361	●	16	37	1	2	20.5
399	JOSEPHINE	OREGON	1.1	●	1	495		12	32	2	5	18.6
400	HUNTERDON	NEW JERSEY	1.1	●	1	751	●	26	41	2	3	22.4
401	MIAMI	INDIANA	1.1	●	1	403		13	32			22.6
402	SANILAC	MICHIGAN	1.1	●	2	361	●	14	41			23.1
403	PALO PINTO	TEXAS	1.1		1	300	●	6	24	1	4	21.0
404	CLARK	WISCONSIN	1.1	●	1	162		11	36			21.0
405	TWIN FALLS	IDAHO	1.1	●	1	767	●	15	34	2	5	22.4
406	ST CHARLES	LOUISIANA	1.1	●	1	166		9	35			27.7
407	LYON	KANSAS	1.1	●	2	586	●	9	29	1	3	22.2
408	EAST FELICIA	LOUISIANA	1.1	●				6	31	1	5	42.9
409	ZAVALA	TEXAS	1.1	●			●	4	30			48.4
410	DELAWARE	OKLAHOMA	1.1	●	2	97	●	5	30			25.4
411	HURON	OHIO	1.0	●	3	1,028	●	29	57			23.9
412	LEE	ILLINOIS	1.0	●	1	553	●	19	43			24.8
413	GONZALES	TEXAS	1.0					3	16			46.0
414	GREENE	INDIANA	1.0	●	1	351	●	12	45			28.1
415	OHIO	KENTUCKY	1.0	●	1	163	●	6	34			19.1
416	HANOVER	VIRGINIA	1.0	●				6	18			23.1
417	HOWARD	TEXAS	1.0	●	2	336		8	19	3	7	31.0
418	MEIGS	OHIO	1.0	●	1	107	●	7	33			21.4
419	WAUPACA	WISCONSIN	1.0	●	5	743		18	47			20.3
420	ADAIR	MISSOURI	1.0	●			●	5	23			30.9
421	MISSISSIPPI	MISSOURI	1.0	●			●	5	27			51.6
422	VALENCIA	NEW MEXICO	1.0	●			●	8	22			35.9
423	GALLIA	OHIO	1.0	●	1	890	●	6	24	3	12	30.7
424	SKAGIT	WASHINGTON	1.0	●	3	836		31	62			22.7
425	UPSHUR	WEST VIRGINI	1.0	●	2	356	●	8	44			27.6
426	BARRON	WISCONSIN	1.0	●	4	483	●	17	51			22.1
427	YAVAPAI	ARIZONA	1.0	●	2	414	●	21	61			29.6
428	BUFFALO	NEBRASKA	1.0	●	1	488	●	12	41			19.4
429	COOS	OREGON	1.0	●	3	840	●	20	37	3	6	25.2

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					Non-Profit General Care Hospitals			General Practitioners		Obstetrician-Gynecologists		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rank	County	State	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	Counties with Assigned Health Officer	Number	Births	Counties with Community Action Agency	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Number	Ratio per 100,000 Population	Infant Mortality Rate
430	NODAWAY	MISSOURI	1.0	•	1	302	•	6	26			14.7
431	ST JAMES	LOUISIANA	1.0		1	467	•	8	41			29.3
432	WILLACY	TEXAS	1.0		1	262	•	6	32			34.6
433	ESSEX	NEW YORK	1.0	•	4	444	•	22	63			16.9
434	CERRO GORDO	IOWA	1.0	•	2	722	•	21	44	3	6	21.7
435	PARKER	TEXAS	1.0		1	370		10	39			19.4
436	DOUGLAS	WISCONSIN	1.0	•	1	279	•	13	30	2	5	23.0
437	FANNIN	TEXAS	1.0					9	42			23.6
438	WAPELLO	IOWA	1.0	•	2	675	•	16	37			21.3

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 6. NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN 290 COUNTIES WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF EXCESS INFANT DEATHS: NEED, FY 1968; EXCESS DEATHS, 1961-65

NOTES TO TABLE 6.

All column headings appear as in prior tables.

Table 6. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 290 Counties with Highest Number of Excess Infant Deaths: Need, FY 1968; Excess Deaths, 1961-65 (Ranked by Number of Excess Infant Deaths, Defined as Those in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Rank Number	County	State	Major City	Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births, by Residence of Mother	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services
	U.S. (3072 Counties)—Total			**148,709**	**5,366,747**
	High Excess Infant Death Counties—Total			92,706	2,686,320
	Percent of U.S. Total			62.3	50.1
1	Cook	Illinois	Chicago	4,998	82,490
2	Los Angeles	California	Los Angeles	3,557	126,348
3	Kings	New York	New York	3,016	63,973
4	New York	New York	New York	2,950	49,183
5	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	2,763	49,469
6	Wayne	Michigan	Detroit	2,170	59,380
7	Washington	District of Columbia	Washington	1,580	20,781
8	Baltimore	Maryland	Baltimore	1,494	32,006
9	Essex	New Jersey	Newark	1,269	18,410
10	Harris	Texas	Houston	1,221	45,014
11	Bronx	New York	New York	1,219	36,441
12	Cuyahoga	Ohio	Cleveland	1,187	29,564
13	St. Louis	Missouri	St. Louis	1,112	32,412
14	Orleans	Louisiana	New Orleans	1,049	26,579
15	Shelby	Tennessee	Memphis	918	29,273
16	Dallas	Texas	Dallas	890	30,285
17	San Diego	California	San Diego	872	25,611
18	Allegheny	Pennsylvania	Pittsburgh	864	31,467
19	Norfolk	Virginia	Norfolk	848	19,236
20	Fulton	Georgia	Atlanta	846	24,678
21	Bexar	Texas	San Antonio	770	32,430
22	Dade	Florida	Miami	729	36,077
23	Jefferson	Alabama	Birmingham	629	25,685
24	Jefferson	Kentucky	Louisville	612	17,092
25	Alaska	Alaska	Anchorage	611	5,013
26	Milwaukee	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	608	14,031
27	Marion	Indiana	Indianapolis	603	13,802
28	Duval	Florida	Jacksonville	602	16,657
29	Lake	Indiana	Gary	589	8,196
30	Jackson	Missouri	Kansas City	558	15,506
31	Erie	New York	Buffalo	558	20,194
32	Maricopa	Arizona	Phoenix	530	23,656
33	Hillsborough	Florida	Tampa	506	18,458
34	Tarrant	Texas	Ft. Worth	490	17,481
35	Broward	Florida	Ft. Lauderdale	483	16,884
36	Denver	Colorado	Denver	479	10,437
37	Hartford	Connecticut	Hartford	436	9,957
38	Lubbock	Texas	Lubbock	436	5,205
39	Suffolk	Massachusetts	Boston	427	15,882
40	Mecklenberg	N. Carolina	Charlotte	426	10,956
41	San Francisco	California	San Francisco	417	12,801
42	Davidson	Tennessee	Nashville	415	16,338
43	Alameda	California	Oakland	413	20,881
44	Hinds	Mississippi	Jackson	413	9,487
45	Hidalgo	Texas	McAllen	406	13,946
46	Oklahoma	Oklahoma	Oklahoma City	395	12,947
47	Providence	Rhode Island	Providence	393	13,478
48	Mobile	Alabama	Mobile	384	12,867
49	Orange	California	Santa Ana	382	22,102
50	Hudson	New Jersey	Jersey City	376	11,087

Table 6. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 290 Counties with Highest Number of Excess Infant Deaths: Need, FY 1968; Excess Deaths, 1961-65 (Ranked by Number of Excess Infant Deaths, Defined as Those in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births) continued

1	2	3	4	5	6
Rank Number	County	State	Major City	Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births, by Residence of Mother	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services
51	Queens	New York	New York	373	25,224
52	Coahoma	Mississippi	Clarksdale	369	2,896
53	Montgomery	Ohio	Dayton	367	10,888
54	Cameron	Texas	Brownsville	365	8,772
55	Palm Beach	Florida	W. Palm Beach	362	11,155
56	Montgomery	Alabama	Montgomery	347	7,709
57	Caddo	Louisiana	Shreveport	345	10,175
58	Hamilton	Ohio	Cincinnati	345	19,289
59	Charleston	S. Carolina	Charleston	344	13,474
60	Guilford	N. Carolina	Greensboro	340	8,312
61	Washington	Mississippi	Greenville	339	4,488
62	San Bernardino	California	San Bernardino	338	16,193
63	El Paso	Texas	El Paso	337	11,479
64	New Haven	Connecticut	New Haven	332	10,264
65	Middlesex	Massachusetts	Cambridge	329	17,856
66	Prince Geo.	Maryland	Hyattsville	328	6,724
67	York	Virginia	Newport News	322	7,820
68	Pulaski	Arkansas	Little Rock	313	11,157
69	Franklin	Ohio	Columbus	311	16,366
70	St. Clair	Illinois	E. St. Louis	310	6,903
71	Genesee	Michigan	Flint	305	7,484
72	Passaic	New Jersey	Paterson	304	8,177
73	Riverside	California	Riverside	297	12,164
74	King	Washington	Seattle	297	15,365
75	Richland	S. Carolina	Columbia	294	11,171
76	Cumberland	N. Carolina	Fayetteville	292	8,707
77	Oakland	Michigan	Royal Oak	289	11,346
78	Hamilton	Tennessee	Chattanooga	282	9,820
79	Bolivar	Mississippi	Cleveland	279	3,871
80	Clark	Nevada	Las Vegas	275	4,228
81	Robeson	N. Carolina	Lumberton	272	5,747
82	Worcester	Massachusetts	Worcester	271	10,815
83	Greenville	S. Carolina	Greenville	270	8,593
84	Orange	Florida	Orlando	268	10,220
85	Leflore	Mississippi	Greenwood	268	3,118
86	Douglas	Nebraska	Omaha	266	6,583
87	Suffolk	New York	Lindenhurst	265	16,157
88	Fairfield	Connecticut	Bridgeport	264	10,393
89	Escambia	Florida	Pensacola	261	7,058
90	Bernalillo	New Mexico	Albuquerque	256	6,598
91	Summit	Ohio	Akron	255	8,894
92	Delaware	Pennsylvania	Upper Darby	252	7,326
93	Bibb	Georgia	Macon	250	6,600
94	Ramsey	Minnesota	St. Paul	249	6,079
95	El Paso	Colorado	Colorado Springs	248	4,936
96	Lucas	Ohio	Toledo	248	9,344
97	Honolulu	Hawaii	Honolulu	245	10,228
98	Multnomah	Oregon	Portland	242	10,839
99	Sedgewick	Kansas	Wichita	241	6,941
100	Union	New Jersey	Elizabeth	240	6,250
101	Westchester	New York	Yonkers	240	10,493
102	E. Baton Rouge	Louisiana	Baton Rouge	237	9,784
103	Forsyth	N. Carolina	Greensboro	233	6,512
104	Muskogee	Georgia	Columbus	230	8,760
105	St. Landry	Louisiana	Opelousas	227	5,322

Table 6. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 290 Counties with Highest Number of Excess Infant Deaths: Need, FY 1968; Excess Deaths, 1961-65 (Ranked by Number of Excess Infant Deaths, Defined as Those in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births) continued

1	2	3	4	5	6
Rank Number	County	State	Major City	Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births, by Residence of Mother	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services
106	Florence	S. Carolina	Florence	227	5,241
107	Pittsylvania	Virginia	Danville	224	4,534
108	Mississippi	Arkansas	Blytheville	221	4,594
109	Nassau	New York	Hicksville	218	12,601
110	Chatham	Georgia	Savannah	217	7,886
111	Jefferson	Texas	Beaumont	216	7,435
112	Sunflower	Mississippi	Indianolla	215	2,956
113	Monroe	New York	Rochester	214	10,185
114	Stark	Ohio	Canton	214	6,683
115	Gadsden	Florida	Quincy	211	2,638
116	Pinellas	Florida	Tampa	210	16,025
117	Navajo	Arizona	Holbrook	205	2,215
118	Tulsa	Oklahoma	Tulsa	204	9,915
119	Polk	Florida	Lakeland	201	9,471
120	Oneida	New York	Utica	201	5,187
121	Erie	Pennsylvania	Erie	201	5,469
122	Pima	Arizona	Tucson	200	8,679
123	Hennepin	Minnesota	Minneapolis	198	13,135
124	Mercer	New Jersey	Trenton	196	5,164
125	Essex	Massachusetts	Lynn	195	11,088
126	Wake	N. Carolina	Raleigh	195	8,107
127	Orangeburg	S. Carolina	Orangeburg	194	4,651
128	Sacramento	California	Sacramento	192	9,504
129	Albany	New York	Albany	192	5,849
130	Macomb	Michigan	Warren	191	8,357
131	Madison	Alabama	Huntsville	188	7,293
132	Dallas	Alabama	Selma	185	3,378
133	Rapides	Louisiana	Alexandria	184	6,566
134	McLennan	Texas	Waco	184	5,805
135	Nueces	Texas	Corpus Christi	184	9,587
136	Kane	Illinois	Aurora	181	2,916
137	Lauderdale	Mississippi	Meridian	181	4,162
138	Spokane	Washington	Spokane	181	5,411
139	Calcasieu	Louisiana	Lake Charles	180	4,645
140	Apache	Arizona	St. Johns	179	2,793
141	McKinley	New Mexico	Gallup	179	2,122
142	Onondaga	New York	Syracuse	179	7,615
143	Pierce	Washington	Tacoma	175	8,414
144	Kern	California	Bakersfield	174	8,366
145	Pinal	Arizona	Florence	173	2,224
146	Kent	Michigan	Grand Rapids	173	6,881
147	Monmouth	New Jersey	Long Branch	172	8,656
148	Horry	S. Carolina	Conway	172	4,210
149	Lafayette	Louisiana	Lafayette	171	4,529
150	Camden	New Jersey	Camden	171	7,388
151	Tangipahoa	Louisiana	Amite	169	4,138
152	Niagara	New York	Niagara Falls	169	3,493
153	Crittenden	Arkansas	W. Memphis	168	3,269
154	Onslow	N. Carolina	Jacksonville	168	4,204
155	Marlboro	S. Carolina	Bennettsville	168	1,919
156	Coconino	Arizona	Flagstaff	167	1,885
157	Will	Illinois	Joliet	167	3,488
158	Volusia	Florida	Daytona	166	7,392
159	Cumberland	New Jersey	Vineland	166	3,621
160	Muskegon	Michigan	Muskegon	165	2,841

Table 6. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 290 Counties with Highest Number of Excess Infant Deaths: Need, FY 1968; Excess Deaths, 1961-65 (Ranked by Number of Excess Infant Deaths, Defined as Those in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births) continued

1	2	3	4	5	6
Rank Number	County	State	Major City	Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births, by Residence of Mother	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services
161	Edgecombe	N. Carolina	Rocky Mount	164	3,024
162	Wyandotte	Kansas	Kansas City	163	4,137
163	Christian	Kentucky	Hopkinsville	162	2,083
164	Brevard	Florida	Titusville	160	6,393
165	Halifax	N. Carolina	Halifax	160	3,595
166	Travis	Texas	Austin	160	9,791
167	Saginaw	Michigan	Saginaw	158	3,764
168	Talladega	Alabama	Talladega	157	3,630
169	Spartanburg	S. Carolina	Spartanburg	156	7,884
170	Dillon	S. Carolina	Dillon	155	2,130
171	Pemiscot	Missouri	Caruthersville	154	1,874
172	Arlington	Virginia	Alexandria	154	3,365
173	Fairfax	Virginia	Arlington	154	3,957
174	Atlantic	New Jersey	Atlantic City	153	5,860
175	Columbus	N. Carolina	Whiteville	153	3,091
176	Panola	Mississippi	Batesville	151	1,846
177	Gaston	N. Carolina	Gastonia	149	5,395
178	Rock Island	Illinois	Rock Island	148	2,567
179	Roanoke	Virginia	Roanoke	148	6,203
180	Tulare	California	Visalia	147	6,081
181	Terrebonne	Louisiana	Houma	147	3,065
182	Montgomery	Maryland	Bethesda	147	3,849
183	Pitt	N. Carolina	Greenville	147	5,084
184	Jefferson	Louisiana	Gretna	144	7,436
185	Calhoun	Alabama	Anniston	144	4,550
186	Sussex	Delaware	Georgetown	143	2,452
187	Lackawanna	Pennsylvania	Scranton	143	6,999
188	Bristol	Massachusetts	New Bedford	142	10,152
189	Tunica	Mississippi	Tunica	140	1,263
190	Warren	Mississippi	Vicksburg	140	2,962
191	Cumberland	Maine	Portland	139	4,572
192	Durham	N. Carolina	Durham	139	4,892
193	Knox	Tennessee	Knoxville	139	10,955
194	Dougherty	Georgia	Albany	138	4,041
195	Buncombe	N. Carolina	Asheville	138	5,799
196	Dinwiddie	Virginia	Petersburg	138	2,611
197	Nansemond	Virginia	Suffolk	138	2,234
198	Lorain	Ohio	Lorain	136	4,215
199	Luzerne	Pennsylvania	Wilkes Barre	135	12,090
200	Darlington	S. Carolina	Darlington	135	3,215
201	Richmond	Georgia	Augusta	134	8,984
202	Madison	Illinois	Alton	134	4,586
203	Tuscaloosa	Alabama	Tuscaloosa	133	6,349
204	Gila	Arizona	Globe	133	896
205	Winnebago	Illinois	Rockford	133	3,828
206	Anne-Arundel	Maryland	Annapolis	133	4,578
207	Harrison	Mississippi	Biloxi	133	5,997
208	Mahoning	Ohio	Youngstown	133	5,847
209	Bell	Texas	Temple	133	4,602
210	Yakima	Washington	Yakima	132	4,071
211	Beaufort	S. Carolina	Beaufort	131	2,689
212	Madison	Mississippi	Canton	130	2,217
213	Etowah	Alabama	Gadsden	129	4,162
214	Tallahatchie	Mississippi	Charleston	129	1,586
215	Orange	New York	Newburgh	129	4,497

Table 6. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 290 Counties with Highest Number of Excess Infant Deaths: Need, FY 1968; Excess Deaths, 1961-65 (Ranked by Number of Excess Infant Deaths, Defined as Those in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births) continued

1 Rank Number	2 County	3 State	4 Major City	5 Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births, by Residence of Mother	6 Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services
216	Chester	Pennsylvania	W. Chester	129	4,081
217	Fayette	Pennsylvania	Uniontown	128	7,238
218	Galveston	Texas	Galveston	128	5,802
219	Allen	Indiana	Ft. Wayne	127	4,205
220	Norfolk	Massachusetts	Quincy	127	6,150
221	New Castle	Delaware	Wilmington	125	6,059
222	Laurens	Georgia	Dublin	125	1,951
223	Dauphin	Pennsylvania	Harrisburg	125	4,783
224	Russell	Alabama	Phenix City	124	2,843
225	Lake	Illinois	Waukegan	124	3,994
226	St. Joseph	Indiana	South Bend	124	3,803
227	Kanawha	W. Virginia	Charleston	124	7,883
228	Hampden	Massachusetts	Springfield	123	7,603
229	Hale	Texas	Plainview	123	1,486
230	McDowell	W. Virginia	Welch	123	3,521
231	Jones	Mississippi	Laurel	122	2,807
232	Middlesex	New Jersey	New Brunswick	122	6,543
233	Madison	Indiana	Anderson	121	2,606
234	Berrien	Michigan	Benton	121	3,264
235	Nash	N. Carolina	Nashville	120	3,500
236	Lowndes	Mississippi	Columbus	119	2,945
237	Buchanan	Virginia	Grundy	119	2,285
238	Ventura	California	Ventura	118	7,409
239	Quitman	Mississippi	Marks	118	1,424
240	Cambria	Pennsylvania	Johnstown	118	6,571
241	Wilson	N. Carolina	Wilson	117	3,546
242	New London	Connecticut	New London	116	3,814
243	Aroostook	Maine	Presque Isle	116	3,245
244	Craven	N. Carolina	New Bern	116	3,009
245	Humphreys	Mississippi	Belzoni	115	1,482
246	Yazoo	Mississippi	Yazoo City	115	2,145
247	Allen	Ohio	Lima	115	2,530
248	Leon	Florida	Tallahasee	114	4,050
249	St. Lucie	Florida	Ft. Pierce	114	2,082
250	Lee	Alabama	Auburn	114	3,403
251	Ouachita	Louisiana	Monroe	114	5,605
252	Holmes	Mississippi	Lexington	114	2,005
253	Johnston	N. Carolina	Smithfield	114	4,019
254	Peoria	Illinois	Peoria	113	3,556
255	Montgomery	Tennessee	Clarksville	112	2,591
256	Alachua	Florida	Gainesville	111	4,429
257	Iberia	Louisiana	New Iberia	111	2,412
258	Berks	Pennsylvania	Reading	111	5,277
259	Washoe	Nevada	Reno	110	1,655
260	Salem	New Jersey	Salem	110	1,289
261	Haywood	Tennessee	Brownsville	110	1,340
262	Solano	California	Vallejo	109	3,646
263	Campbell	Virginia	Lynchburg	109	2,960
264	Racine	Wisconsin	Racine	108	2,145
265	Delaware	Indiana	Muncie	107	2,815
266	Polk	Iowa	Des Moines	107	5,002
267	Calhoun	Michigan	Battle Creek	107	2,549
268	Fayette	Kentucky	Lexington	106	5,598
269	New Madrid	Missouri	New Madrid	106	1,619
270	Wayne	N. Carolina	Goldsboro	106	5,233

Table 6. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 290 Counties with Highest Number of Excess Infant Deaths: Need, FY 1968; Excess Deaths, 1961-65 (Ranked by Number of Excess Infant Deaths, Defined as Those in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births) continued

1	2	3	4	5	6
Rank Number	County	State	Major City	Infant Deaths in Excess of 17.8 per 1,000 Live Births, by Residence of Mother	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning Services
271	Potter	Texas	Amarillo	106	2,778
272	Henry	Virginia	Martinsville	106	2,475
273	Imperial	California	El Centro	105	1,933
274	St. Mary	Louisiana	Franklin	105	2,750
275	Union	N. Carolina	Monroe	105	2,188
276	Smith	Texas	Tyler	105	3,992
277	Southampton	Virginia	Courtland	105	1,458
278	Houston	Alabama	Dothan	104	3,201
279	Lee	Mississippi	Tupelo	104	2,262
280	San Juan	New Mexico	Aztec	104	1,233
281	Halifax	Virginia	Halifax	104	2,242
282	Jefferson	Arkansas	Pine Bluff	103	4,621
283	Pike	Alabama	Troy	102	1,985
284	Pueblo	Colorado	Pueblo	102	2,599
285	Vermilion	Illinois	Danville	102	2,250
286	Catawba	N. Carolina	Newton	102	2,963
287	Fort Bend	Texas	Richmond	102	1,979
288	Plymouth	Massachusetts	Brockton	101	1,421
289	Bossier	Louisiana	Shreveport	100	2,670
290	Burlington	New Jersey	New Hanover	100	4,558

TABLE 7. NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN 17 COUNTIES CONTAINING HALF OF U.S. HOME-BASED MIGRANT POPULATION: NEED, SERVICE LEVELS, EXISTING AND POTENTIAL RESOURCES FOR PROGRAM EXPANSION, FY 1968

NOTES TO TABLE 7.

All column headings appear as in prior tables except the following:

Column 20

Counties with Migrant Health Project Grant Assistance: **Bullet indicates a county in which there are one or more Personal Health and Sanitation Services Projects supported by a Migrant Health Project Grant from the Community Health Service, HSMHA, PHS, DHEW; a blank indicate no agricultural migrant grant-assisted services.**

Table 7. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 17 Counties Containing Half of U.S. Home-Based Migrant Population: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

			Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion												
							Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies					Related Health and Organizational Resources							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
County	State	Home-Based Migrants	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 4 ÷ Col. 7)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 12 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neighborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with Migrant Health Project Grant Assistance
Total		**212,540**	**14.7**	**76.2**	**33,693**	**19.3**	**58**	**10**	**29**		**58**	**65.2**	**7**	**16**	**8**	**1**	**4**	**4**	**3**
Hidalgo	Texas	37,500	11.4	82.0	2,507	13.9	7		7		4	100.0		●	●				
Palm Beach	Florida	20,977	9.1	81.3	2,081	11.2	7				6	100.0		●			●		
Pinal	Arizona	15,000	1.8	83.0	379	2.2	2	1			3	77.5		●					
Bexar	Texas	15,000	28.1	86.6	4,349	32.4		2	13		3	48.1	●	●	●			●	●
Cameron	Texas	15,000	8.2	93.5	574	8.8			3		3	100.0	●	●	●				
Seminole	Florida	12,500	2.7	84.3	507	3.2	4				1	100.0		●					
Broward	Florida	12,076	13.4	79.2	3,519	16.9	6	1			3	54.7		●			●		
Dade	Florida	11,000	27.1	75.2	8,955	36.1	7	1			9	69.8		●	●	●	●	●	
Imperial	California	10,787	1.9	100.0		1.9					5	100.0	●	●					●
Maricopa	Arizona	10,000	19.3	81.6	4,355	23.7	17	5	2		10	29.9		●	●				
San Miguel	New Mexico	10,000	.6	42.4	788	13.7	1				1	100.0		●					
Orange	Florida	9,000	7.3	71.5	2,908	10.2	4				5	100.0		●			●		
Nueces	Texas	7,500	7.2	75.4	2,358	9.6			4		2	100.0	●	●	●				●
Webb	Texas	7,500	5.7	100.0		5.7					1	100.0	●	●				●	
Collier	Florida	6,800	.9	68.2	413	1.3	3				1	100.0							
Maverick	Texas	6,200	1.5	100.0		1.5					1	100.0	●	●	●			●	
Zavala	Texas	5,700	1.1	100.0		1.1							●	●	●				

SECTION II. DETAILED TABLES

TABLE 8. NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN 50 COUNTIES WITH 75 PERCENT OF INDIAN POPULATION SERVED BY THE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE: NEED, SERVICE LEVELS, EXISTING AND POTENTIAL RESOURCES FOR PROGRAM EXPANSION, FY 1968

NOTES TO TABLE 8.

All column headings appear as in prior tables except the following:

Column 1

***Rank Number* shows the ranking, from high to low, of the 50 selected counties with highest Indian population (Column 4).**

Column 21

***Counties with P.H.S. Indian Hospital:* Bullet identifies a county in which there is is a Public Health Service Indian Hospital.**

Table 8. Need for Subsidized Family Planning Services in 50 Counties with 75 Percent of Indian Population Served by the Indian Health Service: Need, Service Levels, Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion, FY 1968 (Ranked by Size of Indian Population; ● Designates Location of One or More Programs or Resources within County)

				Estimated Family Planning Need and Service Levels				Existing and Potential Resources for Program Expansion												
								Existing Family Planning Clinics and Agencies				Related Health and Organizational Resources								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Rank Number	County	State	Indians Under Indian Health Service Jurisdiction	Medically Indigent Women Not Served (000s)	Percent Unserved (Col. 5 ÷ Col. 8)	Medically Indigent Women Served	Medically Indigent Women in Need of Family Planning (000s)	No. of Known Health Dept. Clinic Locations	Number of Hospitals	Number of Planned Parenthood-Affiliated Clinics	Number of Other Agencies Reporting Services	Hospitals Not Reporting Family Planning Services	Births in Col. 13 Hospitals as % of Hospital Births	Counties without Health Department Family Planning Services	Counties with Community Action Agency	Counties with OEO-Funded Family Planning Project	Counties with OEO or PHS Neigborhood Health Center	Counties with Maternity and Infant Care Project	Counties with Model City Program	Counties with P.H.S. Indian Hospital
	Total		**302,285**	**99.3**	**83.4**	**20,062**	**119.0**	**42**	**44**	**19**		**97**	**68.5**	**31**	**37**	**7**	**1**		**5**	**26**
1	**Alaska**	**Alaska**	48,800	2.7	54.3	2,292	5.0	1	8			10	66.0						●	●
2	**Apache**	**Arizona**	26,740	2.6	91.4	239	2.8		1			3	61.6	●	●					●
3	**McKinley**	**New Mexico**	25,730	1.6	75.2	527	2.1	1	3			2	26.3		●					●
4	**Navajo**	**Arizona**	24,540	1.7	77.3	503	2.2		3			3	43.8	●	●					●
5	**San Juan**	**New Mexico**	16,700	.9	74.0	321	1.2	1	1			1	52.8		●					●
6	**Conconino**	**Arizona**	15,670	1.5	79.9	379	1.9	1	2			2	59.8		●					●
7	**Maricopa**	**Arizona**	8,480	19.3	81.6	4,355	23.7	17	5	2		10	29.9		●	●				●
8	**Pima**	**Arizona**	7,770	6.4	73.7	2,280	8.7	2	1	1		3	95.4		●	●			●	●
9	**Sandoval**	**New Mexico**	6,730	1.3	97.8	29	1.3	1							●					
10	**Shannon**	**S. Dakota**	5,640	.3	67.3	158	.5		1					●						●
11	**Pinal**	**Arizona**	5,590	1.8	83.0	379	2.2	2	1			3	77.5		●					●
12	**Valencia**	**New Mexico**	5,530	1.0	100.0		1.0							●	●					
13	**Oklahoma**	**Oklahoma**	5,300	11.2	86.8	1,714	12.9		1	3		7	86.7	●	●					
14	**Rolette**	**N. Dakota**	5,100	.4	77.3	130	.6		1			1	19.3	●						●
15	**Glacier**	**Montana**	4,940	.2	53.6	175	.4		1			1	39.1	●						●
16	**Tulsa**	**Oklahoma**	4,830	8.2	82.4	1,747	9.9	1		7		5	100.0		●		●		●	
17	**Yakima**	**Washington**	4,370	3.9	94.7	215	4.1	1				4	100.0		●	●				
18	**San Juan**	**Utah**	3,800	.2	100.0		.2					2	100.0	●	●					
19	**Bernallilo**	**New Mexico**	3,780	4.7	70.8	1,925	6.6	6	2	6		1	73.2		●	●			●	●
20	**Fremont**	**Wyoming**	3,700	.6	100.0		.6					2	100.0	●	●					
21	**Gila**	**Arizona**	3,520	.8	86.7	119	.9		1			3	75.7	●	●					●
22	**Big Horn**	**Montana**	3,520	.3	73.8	102	.4		1			1	32.6	●						●
23	**Cherokee**	**Oklahoma**	3,190	1.1	68.1	494	1.6		2				42.2	●	●					●
24	**Caddo**	**Oklahoma**	3,120	1.3	95.2	68	1.4	1				1	100.0		●					
25	**Adair**	**Oklahoma**	3,080	1.1	96.4	40	1.1	1				1	100.0		●					
26	**Todd**	**S. Dakota**	3,080	.2	69.3	96	.3		1					●						●
27	**Beltrami**	**Minnesota**	2,900	1.0	96.5	35	1.0		1			1	79.9	●	●					●
28	**Roosevelt**	**Montana**	2,880	.4	100.0		.4					2	100.0	●						
29	**Pennington**	**S. Dakota**	2,700	.8	94.7	44	.8		1			1	100.0	●	●					●
30	**Rio Arriba**	**New Mexico**	2,600	1.5	93.2	112	1.6	1				2	70.0		●					
31	**Commanche**	**Oklahoma**	2,540	3.0	90.5	309	3.3	1	1			1	76.1		●				●	●
32	**Seminole**	**Oklahoma**	2,340	1.2	100.0		1.2					2	100.0	●	●					
33	**Dewey**	**S. Dakota**	2,180	.2	93.3	14	.2		1					●						●
34	**Delaware**	**Oklahoma**	2,130	1.1	100.0		1.1					2	100.0	●	●					
35	**Okanogan**	**Washington**	2,130	.7	100.0		.7					3	100.0	●	●					
36	**Corson**	**S. Dakota**	2,035	.3	100.0		.3					1	100.0	●						
37	**McCurtain**	**Oklahoma**	2,030	1.9	100.0		1.9					1	100.0	●	●					
38	**Sioux**	**N. Dakota**	1,980	.2	78.6	44	.2		1					●						●
39	**Muskegee**	**Oklahoma**	1,920	2.5	87.3	364	2.9	1				1	100.0		●	●				
40	**Blaine**	**Montana**	1,750	.1	40.8	126	.2		1					●						●
41	**Osage**	**Oklahoma**	1,740	.9	90.7	87	.9	1				3	100.0		●	●				
42	**Pottawatomie**	**Oklahoma**	1,740	1.7	93.1	125	1.8	1				1	100.0		●					
43	**Lake**	**Montana**	1,710	.4	100.0		.4					2	100.0	●						
44	**Swain**	**N. Carolina**	1,710	.6	100.0		.6					2	100.0	●	●					
45	**Mayes**	**Oklahoma**	1,710	1.2	100.0		1.2					1	100.0	●	●					
46	**Cass**	**Minnesota**	1,710	.7	89.8	75	.7		1					●	●					●
47	**Thurston**	**Nebraska**	1,700	.3	100.0		.3					2	60.2	●	●					●
48	**Bingham**	**Idaho**	1,650	.7	100.0		.7					1	100.0	●						
49	**Yuma**	**Arizona**	1,630	1.4	97.7	33	1.4		1			1	94.7	●	●					●
50	**Okmulgee**	**Oklahoma**	1,630	1.2	75.3	407	1.6	1				1	100.0		●	●				

Section III

Definitions, Sources and Limitations of the Data

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SECTION III. DEFINITIONS, SOURCES AND LIMITATIONS OF THE DATA†

A. GEOGRAPHIC CODING AND CONSOLIDATIONS

Data were gathered from many sources, none of which used the same conventions in assigning numeric location codes. It was necessary to code or re-code all data on a uniform basis, and for this purpose the *Geographic Location Codes*, published by General Services Administration, October 1966, were used.

1. Consolidations

The geographic data base of the information gathered was so varied that it was necessary to make a number of consolidations in order to maintain consistency and present all data uniformly by county. The following list identifies the consolidations by state:

State	County	Geographic Location Included in County
Alaska	None — State Total Only	All subdivisions
Georgia	Muscogee	Chattahoochee County
Hawaii	Maui	Kalawao County
Idaho	Fremont	Yellowstone National Park Part
Maryland	Baltimore	Baltimore City
Missouri	St. Louis	St. Louis City
Montana	Gallatin	Yellowstone National Park Part
Virginia	Albemarle	Charlottesville*
"	Alleghany	Covington* Clifton Forge*
"	Arlington	Alexandria*
"	Augusta	Staunton* Waynesboro*
"	Campbell	Lynchburg*
"	Carroll	Galax*
"	Chesterfield	Colonial Heights*
"	Dinwiddie	Petersburg*
"	Fairfax	Falls Church* Fairfax*
"	Frederick	Winchester*
"	Halifax	South Boston*
"	Henrico	Richmond*
"	Henry	Martinsville*
"	James City	Williamsburg*
"	Montgomery	Radford*
"	Nansemond	Suffolk*
"	Norfolk	Chesapeake* Norfolk* Portsmouth* South Norfolk*
"	Pittsylvania	Danville*
"	Prince George	Hopewell*
"	Princess Anne	Virginia Beach*
"	Roanoke	Roanoke*
"	Rockbridge	Buena Vista*
"	Rockingham	Harrisonburg*
"	Southhampton	Franklin*
"	Spotsylvania	Fredericksburg*
"	Washington	Bristol*
"	Wise	Norton*
"	York	Hampton* Newport News*
Wisconsin	Shawano	Menominee County
Wyoming	Park	Yellowstone National Park Part

2. SMSA Designation

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (Column 3) have been defined in accordance with the 1967 publication of the Bureau of the Budget.* In New England, where the Bureau of the Budget defines SMSAs by towns rather than counties, State Economic Areas (SEA)** and entire counties were used rather than SMSAs because vital statistics and population estimates are available on a county basis and cannot be accurately subdivided into towns. (Table I, following page)

In addition to the above SMSAs, 79 potential Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas as defined by *Sales Management* in the 1968 *Survey of Buying Power**** were also identified. These potential SMSAs have a central city that does not yet meet the 50,000 population test. Based on analysis of their growth and development patterns they can, however, be expected to meet all SMSA requirements in the near future.

The coding employed in Column 3 follows:

1 – Counties in SMSAs with 50,000 to 500,000 pop.
2 – Counties in SMSAs with 500,000 to 1,000,000 pop.
3 – Counties in SMSAs with 1,000,000 to 5,000,000 pop.
4 – Counties in SMSAs with 5,000,000 or more pop.
5 – Counties considered potential SMSAs
6 – Counties in SEAs with 50,000 to 500,000 pop.
7 – Counties in SEAs with 500,000 to 1,000,000 pop.
8 – Counties in SEAs with 1,000,000 to 5,000,000 pop.
9 – Counties in SEAs with 5,000,000 or more pop.
Blank – Non-SMSA/SEA Counties

Code position numbers above identify counties in SMSAs or SEAs by population size of the entire metropolitan area (or potential metropolitan area) of which the counties are a part; e.g., a county coded 1 in Column 3 of Table 1 indicates that this county is *part* of a defined SMSA with a population between 50,000 and 500,000. The code appearing in Column 3 is *not* to be understood to define the range of *county population size* unless (as is the case in Los Angeles), the entire SMSA consists of a single county.

B. POPULATION ESTIMATES

1. Total Population

Population estimates for July 1, 1966 (Column 4) were obtained from the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census. These figures had been published previously by the Bureau of the Census in *Current Population Reports,* Series P-25, Nos. 401, 404, 407 and 409. A detailed discussion and analysis of these county population figures will be given in a forthcoming summary report, *Current Population Reports,* Series P-25, No. 427, "Estimates of The Population of Counties and Metropolitan Areas, July 1, 1966, A Summary Report."

2. Home-Based Migrants

The source of estimates on number of migrants by county (Column 5) is mostly unpublished data, as of February, 1969, developed by the Public Health Service from U.S. Department of Labor reports, The Good Neighbor Commission of Texas and reports of migrant health project grants for 1967-1968. Some of these data appear in the 1969 Report of the Committee on Labor and Public Welfare, United States Senate, on S. Res. 222, made by its Subcommittee on Migratory Labor (Report No. 91-83). These data were made available by Spencer A. Larsen, M.D., Acting Assistant Chief for Migrant Projects, Comprehensive Care Systems Branch, Division of Health Care Serv-

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† Column numbers cited in the text refer to columns in Table 1, Section II.

* Independent cities which are customarily treated as independent jurisdictions by the state have been combined with the county in which they are located in order to maintain consistency of county coding; e.g., Alexandria, Virginia, is not separately identified in our code, but is included with Arlington County.

* *Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas,* Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D. C., 1967, as amended January 15, 1968.

** *Current Population Reports,* Series P-23, No. 7, Nov. 19, 1962. Correspondence from Herman P. Miller, Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census.

*** *Marketing Magazine,* June 10, 1968, pp. C-13 to C-15.

TABLE I. NEAREST EQUIVALENT STATE ECONOMIC AREA OR COUNTY FOR NEW ENGLAND STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area(s)	1960 Population	Nearest Equivalent	1960 Population
Bridgeport, Stamford, Norwalk, Conn.	609,741	Connecticut SEA A	653,589
Hartford, New Britain, Conn.	654,604	Connecticut SEA C	689,555
New Haven, Waterbury, Meriden, Conn.	545,160	Connecticut SEA B	660,315
New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.	156,913	New London County, Conn.	185,745
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	70,295	Androscoggin County, Maine	86,312
Portland, Maine	120,655	Maine SEA A	182,751
Boston, Lawrence-Haverhill, Lowell, Mass.	2,934,884	Massachusetts SEA C	3,109,158
Brockton, Mass.	149,458	Massachusetts SEA D	248,449
New Bedford, Mass., and Fall River, Mass.-R. I.	281,332	Massachusetts SEA E	398,488
Worcester, Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.	405,792	Massachusetts SEA B	583,228
Pittsfield, Mass.	73,839	Massachusetts SEA F	142,135
Springfield, Mass.	478,592	Massachusetts SEA A	532,582
Manchester, N. H.	95,512	New Hampshire SEA A	178,161
Providence-Pawtucket, R. I.-Mass.	816,148	Rhode Island SEA A	718,543

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-23, No. 7, Appendix A, November 19, 1962.

ices, HSMHA, USPHS, DHEW, and Grace K. White, Program Analyst, Program Review Branch, Division of Health Care Services, HSMHA, USPHS.

The data supplied for each migrant county included "number of home-based migrants," "number of in-migrants," and identification of grant-assisted health and sanitation services available to migrants.

The in-migrant data contain duplication since migrants may work in several counties during the year. Since overall duplication is estimated to occur as much as two or three times for the year, only the home-based figures have been employed inasmuch as these are the only unduplicated counts.

Less than 50 home-based migrants in a county are not shown in Table 1 since Column 5 has been rounded (000s); these small numbers of migrants are, however, included in state and U.S. totals.

3. Indian Population

Unpublished estimates as of January 1968, of Indian population for 1968 (Column 6) were secured from George Spatafore, Chief, Office of Program Planning and Evaluation, Indian Health Service, HSMHA, USPHS, DHEW, and Everett E. White, Special Assistant for the Office of Program Planning and Evaluation.

The estimates are for 276 counties which contain Indians for whom the Indian Health Service provides medical care. The estimates are not inclusive of all Indian populations since there are Indians not included in the above program of delivery of health services.

4. Women 15-44

Estimates for each county of the number of women 15 to 44 years of age (Column 7) as of July 1, 1966, are also part of the data received from the Bureau of the Census. These estimates were derived by a cohort-component method in which the net migration rate for females 15 to 44 years of age, for each county, was derived from the implied net migration rate for the total population of the county. The figures were adjusted to tie in with separately derived state and U.S. totals in this age-sex group.

C. NEED FOR SUBSIDIZED FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES

The number of medically indigent women in need of subsidized family planning services (Column 8) was estimated by applying the Dryfoos-Polgar-Varky (DPV) formula to the Census Bureau estimates of women aged 15-44 in 1966 for each county.

This universe was defined as all fertile women who are exposed to the risk of unwanted pregnancy and who cannot afford private medical care. It consists of all women who are: a) medically indigent; b) fertile; c) exposed to risk of pregnancy; and d) not currently pregnant or seeking a desired pregnancy.

For purposes of approximating a national level of medical indigency, the near-poverty level formulated by the Social Security Administration* appears to be the only standard applicable nationally which is a relatively realistic criterion of the need for subsidized medical care.** The SSA standard is a sliding scale relating income to family size. In 1966 the income cutoff for a non-farm family of four, for example, was $4,345 annually, with higher or lower income levels for larger or smaller families.

There exists no data, nationally or on a county level, with which to enumerate precisely women who have the characteristics listed above. The DPV formula attempts to approximate this number by using available socio-economic and demographic information, combined with relevant findings of social and biological research.

The formula*** was developed in 1964 by Stephen Polgar, Ph.D., then PPWP Research Director (currently Associate Director, Carolina Population Center), and Mrs. Joy G. Dryfoos (currently CFPPD's Chief of Planning Methods), with the help of Oscar Ornati, Ph.D., of the New School for Social Research, and approved by Planned Parenthood-World Population's Social Science Committee, then headed by Charles F. Westoff, Ph.D., of Princeton University's Office of Population Research. New statistical information was incorporated in 1968 by George Varky, PPWP Research Economist.

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* M. Orshansky, "Recounting the Poor—A Five-Year Review," *Social Security Bulletin*, April, 1966.

** This follows the procedure used to define medical indigency by the Department of Health, Education and Welfare, Office of Program Analysis, in *Delivery of Health Services to the Poor (1967)*, page 6.

*** Its original version was cited in F. S. Jaffe, "Financing Family Planning Services," *American Journal of Public Health*, 56:917, June 1966.

It should be emphasized that the purpose of the formula is to estimate *the level of services needed*, not to define *eligibility* for services. Thus, while the formula employs certain age and income criteria for purpose of calculation, those who need service are not necessarily limited to these age and income groups; nor are all members of these groups exposed to risk of unwanted pregnancy and in need of services. For instance, the formula uses an age bracket of 18-44 to define the childbearing years which actually begin earlier. Yet not all women aged 18-44 are exposed to pregnancy, while some below 18 are. It is considered that those above 18 not exposed to pregnancy offset those below 18 who are. This also applies to the use of a fixed income measure of medical indigency.

In calculating the number of women exposed to the risk of unwanted pregnancy at any given time, the formula takes into account that low-income parents have consistently stated that they want an average of three children. It accordingly counts them as potential contraceptors only when they are not seeking or having an average of three desired pregnancies. For those not exposed to pregnancy due to permanent impairment of fecundity, it uses estimates made by Arthur A. Campbell, Associate Director, Center for Population Research, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, DHEW.*

The yardsticks of annual cash income figures used by the SSA to determine those below the near-poverty level vary with family size and are different for farm and non-farm families. Since the detailed data on local population by income and family size needed to apply these yardsticks directly for any given community generally are not available, the DPV formula uses the percentage of all families with less than a single average annual income for purposes of computation. On analysis, the most suitable and available average family income for this purpose was found to be the percentage of families with incomes below $3,000 as reported in the 1960 Census of Population.

The two apparently disparate income standards are in fact compatible, as shown by the closeness of the estimates obtained for the nation as a whole by the application of this formula, and by a more precise count made for PPWP by the U.S. Bureau of the Census applying the detailed SSA near-poverty yardsticks by family size to national data gathered through its *Current Population Survey* of March 1966. Both estimates yielded nearly 5.3 million women as the approximate number in need of family planning service as of that date. This compatibility springs principally from the following factors:

1) There is a disproportionately large number of elderly persons, who are not potential contraceptors, among families with incomes below $3,000 a year. Hence, the use of the percentage of the general population with family incomes below this figure defines, in effect, a childbearing population at a higher income level.

2) Family incomes have risen since 1960. Thus, applying the percentage of families with incomes below $3,000 in 1960 to the estimated 1966 population defines a higher income level as of the latter date.

The 1968 revision of the DPV formula also applies a final adjustment factor to account for the different income levels used to define "near-poverty" among non-farm and farm families. These farm-non-farm adjustment coefficients were derived from analysis of the Census Bureau's special tabulation (mentioned above) of women – by age, selected characteristics, and specified poverty levels – for areas of the United States classified by the proportion of the population living on rural farms.

The DPV formula was applied in this study as follows:

Steps	**Data Employed**
1. Estimate the number of *women of childbearing age* (18-44) for each county.	Census Bureau estimates for each county of the number of women aged 15-44 in 1966, reduced by 13.2% (the proportion of all women 15-44 who were aged 15-17 as reported in the 1960 Census).
2. Multiply this number by the proportion of families with incomes below $3,000 in 1960 to estimate the number of *medically indigent women of childbearing age.*	Percent of families with incomes below $3,000 for each county, as reported in the 1960 Census.
3. Multiply the above number by .75 in order to deduct from it those women who do not need protection from pregnancy at *any given time*, either because of inability to conceive or because they are pregnant or actively seeking a pregnancy. This deduction is based on the following steps: (a) 13% is deducted for natural or postoperative sterility.* (b) from the remaining population another 14% is deducted to allow for the time period needed by a woman to have an average of three wanted children.** The combined effect of these two deductions is to have a remainder which is .87 × .86 = .75 of the starting number.	
4. Since the same cash income represents a higher real income for a farm family than for a non-farm family (because of such items as food which are not purchased), the application of the same income measure for both would tend to exaggerate the family planning need in farm areas and, by the same token, underestimate it for urban areas. Hence the number yielded by	Percent of population living on farms for each county, as reported in 1960 Census.

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* A. A. Campbell, "The Role of Family Planning in the Reduction of Poverty," *Journal of Marriage and the Family* 30:236, May, 1968.

* As per estimate by Campbell, op. cit., based on evidence from the 1960 survey of American wives reported in P. K. Whelpton, A. A. Campbell and J. E. Patterson, *Fertility and Family Planning in the United States*, Princeton, 1966; the 13 percent excludes sub-fecundity since contraception would be needed where sterility has not been definitely established.

** A live birth makes contraception unnecessary for a total of 15 months, composed of an average of six months of seeking a pregnancy and a further nine months until term. A fetal death similarly accounts for nine months, composed of six months of seeking a pregnancy and another three months until fetal death. Assuming that fetal deaths approximate to about 15 percent of live births, the time for which a woman on the average does not need protection corresponding to each live birth = 15 + .15 × 9 months = 16.35 months. The total period for three live births = 16.35 × 3 = 49.05 months. Of all births 95 percent happen in the age period 18-44 (deduced from *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*, 15, No. 11 (February 10, 1967) p. 5. Hence period of time for which contraception is not needed due to three desired pregnancies between 18-44 = 49 × .95 months. The proportion of the 27-year period $= \frac{49 \times .95}{12 \times 27} \times 100 = 14.4\%$, rounded off as 14% in the text.

Steps	Data Employed
step 3 was adjusted for farm population concentration by use of the following formula*:	

If % of the Total Population That Is Rural Farm (F) Is:	Multiply the Number Resulting from Step 3 by:
equal to or greater than .020	$\frac{1.2}{F^{0.11}}$
less than .020	1.12

D. CURRENT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICE LEVELS

To determine the number of medically indigent women receiving family planning services through organized programs in each county in FY 1968 (Column 9), service statistics were sought from the major organized channels through which medical family planning services are delivered. These included hospitals, health departments, clinics operated by Planned Parenthood-World Population (PPWP) Affiliates and other agencies, and OEO-funded projects in which the medical services are not delivered through hospitals, health departments or PPWP Affiliates.

1. Objectives and Definition of the Study Universe

The basic objectives were to 1) obtain, as accurately as possible, an unduplicated count of medically indigent patients receiving family planning services in the study year, and 2) identify the locations of facilities providing these services by city and county.

Achievement of these objectives was limited by the poorly structured state of the family planning field. At the outset of the study, for example, there was no established universe of facilities providing family planning services to medically indigent patients, although disparate information existed of varying extent and quality on agencies providing services. It was clear from previous studies that the record systems in different types of clinics varied so considerably that many facilities could not be expected to provide accurate information on *patients* served (as distinguished from *visits*) or on income status of their patients. These limitations required that the study adopt methods of triangulation from previously known data for purposes of defining the universe and securing the best approximation possible of the current level of family planning services.

To establish a provisional universe of organized family planning services, previous surveys, miscellaneous governmental and non-governmental reports and other data were examined. From these diverse sources, an initial list was made of the agencies reported to be involved in the provision of organized family planning medical services (whether in free-standing clinics or as part of larger systems of care). This list included public and voluntary hospitals, health departments, Planned Parenthood clinics, OEO family planning projects, Neighborhood Health Centers, Maternity and Infant Care projects, and other agencies known to be engaged in demonstration or research projects related to family planning. Analysis of the list led to the conclusion that a differentiated survey approach, as detailed below, would be required for each major type of agency.

In order for the data to be comparable, patient service level information was sought for fiscal year 1968 (July 1, 1967-June 30, 1968). Health departments and hospitals usually report statistics on a fiscal year basis, and monthly reports of Planned Parenthood Affiliates could be grouped by any selected 12-month period.

2. Definition of Family Planning

For the surveys, the following definition of family planning was adopted:

Family planning is defined as any medical means by which conception is prevented or postponed. It is also called fertility regulation, contraception, birth control, planned parenthood and includes the rhythm method.

3. Hospitals

The provisional universe for the hospital survey was constructed from the following sources:

1) The American Hospital Association, in its 1968 survey of affiliated institutions, included questions which yielded information on hospitals providing family planning services. The survey included 4,345 non-federal, short-term general hospitals; 254 respondents stated that they provided family planning services.*

2) In 1967, the Center for Population Planning of the University of Michigan, in cooperation with the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists and the American Public Health Association, conducted a survey of 364 hospitals with Ob/Gyn residency programs. This yielded information on number of ward deliveries, postpartum return rates and family planning service levels; 238 of the hospitals responding to this survey stated that they provided family planning services.**

3) During the summer of 1967, Planned Parenthood-World Population sent detailed questionnaires to a group of hospitals selected on the basis of data available from the 1966 Hospital Guide Issue of the *Journal of the American Hospital Association*. The 1,279 hospitals surveyed included all hospitals with more than 1,000 deliveries and others listed in the Guide as reporting the provision of family planning services. This survey yielded 444 respondents, of which 204 hospitals reported the provision of medical family planning services through their facilities.

4) As part of a special project, the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Hospital Associations conducted surveys in 1968 to determine the availability of family planning services in affiliated hospitals with more than 500 deliveries annually. Of the combined total of 202 hospitals surveyed by the two Associations, 71 respondents reported that they provided these services.***

In all, the Michigan, Planned Parenthood-World Population, Pennsylvania and New Jersey surveys yielded a total of 513 hospitals which had reported the provision of family planning services. Elimination of duplicates resulted in a list of 421 separate hospitals which had responded affirmatively to one or more of the four previous surveys. A deck consisting of these entries was then sent to the AHA so that a comparison could be made with their 1968 survey data. This cross-check with responses to the AHA survey did not yield any additional hospitals claiming to provide family planning services. Where AHA respondents provided estimates of family planning patient visits, however, the figures were entered on the cards and returned to CFPPD so that these data could provide an additional check on the reliability of responses to the Center survey.

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* The estimates of women in need, obtained by step 3 of the formula for a set of eight separate segments of the U.S. population, showed differences from the direct counts of them obtained from the March 1966 CPS data mentioned above. These were strongly correlated with the percent of the total population in these segments living on rural farms in 1960. The above equation is derived from a least square regression of an eight-point scatter of farm adjustment coefficients known accurately from the special tabulation of CPS data of March 1966. The regression was manually adjusted to improve the fit at the smaller values of F.

* We are indebted to James Cooney, Ph.D., of the American Hospital Association for providing the tabulations from this survey in advance of publication.

** Johan W. Eliot, M.D., Ph.D., of the Center for Population Planning, University of Michigan, generously permitted us to obtain data from his files.

*** We are indebted to John S. Worman, Executive Director, Hospital Association of Pennsylvania and Jack Owen, Director, New Jersey Hospital Association for sharing the results of their surveys.

Copies of this unduplicated list were then mailed to all Planned Parenthood Affiliates with a request to inform the Center of any other hospitals providing services in their communities which were not included. An additional 10 hospitals resulted from this request. Reports on hospital family planning services also were requested from the Indian Health Service of the Health Services and Mental Health Administration which added 30 hospitals to the file. The survey of Maternity and Infant Care Projects (discussed below) yielded data on eight additional hospitals.

Thus, the final universe of hospitals surveyed for this study came to 469. Since the previous surveys and the AHA questionnaire covered most hospitals which were likely to be providing family planning services, it is believed that this universe constitutes most, if not all, hospital-based family planning services in FY 1968.

4. Health Departments

The selection of a universe for obtaining data on the family planning activities of official health departments was made particularly difficult by the inadequate information available regarding the organization and programs of local public health agencies. It was known from previous studies conducted by the American Public Health Association that many local health departments provide few if any personal health services.* A survey of all health units in more than 3,000 counties, and of those city health units which are not within the jurisdiction of those counties, seemed neither feasible in terms of time and budget constraints, nor purposeful in terms of the likelihood of obtaining usable information. Attempts were made to obtain information on county health departments providing personal health services, a universe which would have been more appropriate to this study and which would have reduced the health department survey to more manageable proportions. However, such information apparently has never been collected by federal agencies or professional organizations.

In developing a feasible approach to the health department survey, the following earlier surveys and reports were analyzed:

1) The American Public Health Association survey, "Family Planning Policies and Activities of State Health and Welfare Departments, 1967."**

2) The Children's Bureau reports, "Family Planning Services: Maternal and Child Health Programs," for FY 1967 and FY 1968 (preliminary) compiled by the Research Division of the Child Health Studies Branch, Social and Rehabilitation Service, DHEW.

3) The Children's Bureau reports, "Statistical Summary of Patients Served under Maternity and Infant Care Projects," for FY 1967 and FY 1968, compiled by the National Center for Social Statistics, SRS, DHEW.

The APHA data showed an increase over previous years in the number of state health departments providing family planning service data. A comparison of the data submitted for fiscal 1967 by state health departments to APHA and the Children's Bureau (in the MCH report) was made by ranking the states by the number of family planning patients reported, as shown in Table II (following page).

Each tabulation resulted in a listing of 15 jurisdictions which appeared to account for nearly 95 percent of all reported health department family planning activity. (The table also illustrates the wide variation in the reporting of family planning services by state health departments.)

Together, the two reports covered 19 states and the District of Columbia. This list was analyzed and reduced by eliminating those state health departments known to be reporting family planning services which were provided primarily or wholly by Maternity and Infant Care (MIC) projects or by Planned Parenthood, or which were financed primarily under OEO grants. This left 14 states and the District of Columbia which defined a universe of particular interest to the study: those jurisdictions which appeared to contain almost all of the family planning services provided through normal health department channels and financed primarily through federal Maternal and Child Health (MCH) formula grants and local matching funds. These 14 states and the District of Columbia (whose family planning program is funded, in part, by a direct Congressional appropriation) were selected for more persistent follow-up than the remaining 36 state health departments. Although questionnaires requesting patient data and clinic locations for each county in their jurisdictions were mailed to the directors of all 51 Maternal and Child Health programs, the directors of the 15 selected programs were contacted by telephone beforehand to inform them of the survey and to ascertain the nature of the data they would be reporting.

At the same time, questionnaires requesting patient data by clinic location were sent to 50 MIC project directors, since experience had shown that accurate information about family planning services provided through these projects was not always available at the state agency level.

5. Planned Parenthood

The survey of Planned Parenthood-World Population Affiliates involved a clearly defined universe of 128 local agencies providing medical contraceptive services in free-standing clinics, hospitals, or health departments in FY 1968. (There were, in addition, 31 PPWP Affiliates which provided no medical services and these were not surveyed.)

Statistics on new and old patients and visits, and socio-economic data for new patients, were available at the national office of Planned Parenthood-World Population in annual reports provided on a calendar year basis by each Affiliate. In addition, similar data were available on a monthly basis for the 89 Affiliates participating in the Planned Parenthood Automated Record System (ARS), as of June 1968. For the purposes of this study, it was necessary to obtain patient data for fiscal 1968 and to secure local clinic addresses and the number of patients served by clinic location for those Affiliates providing services at more than one facility and, occasionally, in more than one county. In addition, Affiliates were asked to indicate the participation of other agencies (OEO, health departments, and/or hospitals) in either funding or staffing the service at each clinic location. This information was needed to enable the staff to approximate the number of patients reported by Planned Parenthood who were duplicated in the data reported by the other agencies, since the operation of family planning clinics often involves multi-agency participation.

For Affiliates in the ARS, patient data collected from the system's monthly printouts were entered for each clinic location on the survey forms by code number (the only means of identifying the clinic on the printout). These Affiliates were asked to verify or correct the patient figures allocated, and also to provide street addresses for each numerically coded location. Affiliates not participating in the ARS were asked to summarize their monthly records for each clinic location and to provide street addresses.

6. OEO Family Planning Programs

The Office of Economic Opportunity had funded 168 family planning programs prior to July 1968; the medical services in most of these programs were provided by health departments, Planned Parenthood Affiliates or hospitals. A separate survey of OEO-funded programs operated by these service agencies was unnecessary since patient data was to be collected directly through surveys of the delivery agencies. However, it was necessary to obtain information

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* Donald Harting, M.D., Director, Family Planning Program, APHA, provided useful advice on this question.

** D. Harting, L. Corsa, J. Eliot, *Public Health Reports*, 84:127 February, 1969.

TABLE II. COMPARISON OF PATIENTS RECEIVING FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN FISCAL 1967, AS REPORTED TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION AND THE CHILDREN'S BUREAU, DHEW

APHA SURVEY OF HEALTH DEPARTMENT FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES, FY '67*

State	Number of Family Planning Patients	Cumulative Total	Cumulative Percent
California	95,423	95,423	
Virginia	59,673	155,096	
Illinois	34,090	189,186	
Florida	28,600	217,786	
Georgia	20,701	238,487	68.0%
Alabama	18,285	256,772	
North Carolina	16,443	273,215	
Washington, D.C.	10,700	283,915	
South Carolina	10,093	294,008	
Maryland	8,401	302,409	86.2
Tennessee	7,137	309,546	
New York	6,219	315,765	
Pennsylvania	6,000	321,765	
Michigan	5,257	327,022	
West Virginia	2,714	329,736	94.0
Total patients for 51 reporting jurisdictions:		350,629	

CHILDREN'S BUREAU MCH REPORT OF FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES, FY '67**

State	Number of Family Planning Patients	Cumulative Total	Cumulative Percent
Alabama	45,000	45,000	
Florida	28,704	73,704	
California	28,165	101,869	
Virginia	24,899	126,768	
Mississippi	13,736	140,504	61.2%
Georgia	13,208	153,712	
North Carolina	13,165	166,877	
South Carolina	12,803	179,680	
Tennessee	7,433	187,113	
Kentucky	6,632	193,745	84.4
Maryland	6,448	200,193	
Texas	5,793	205,986	
New York	4,299	210,285	
Kansas	3,775	214,060	
Arkansas	2,446	216,506	94.3
Total patients for 31 reporting jurisdictions:		229,487	

* The American Public Health Association survey, "Family Planning Policies and Activities of State Health and Welfare Departments, 1967," reported in Harting, *et al., op. cit.*

** Children's Bureau reports: "Family Planning Services: Maternal and Child Health Programs, FY 1967" (preliminary), compiled by the Research Division of the Child Health Studies Branch, SRS, DHEW.

on the programs administered by Community Action Agencies where medical family planning services were *not* provided by a health department, hospital or Planned Parenthood Affiliate. Data on 28 of these programs, including patient statistics, were made available for this study by Bio-Dynamics, Inc., which had surveyed all OEO-funded family planning services during the fall of 1968.*

A special reference should be made here to the Louisiana Family Planning Program, Inc., funded primarily by OEO, which initiated and operates a state-wide program. Patient data and clinic addresses for FY 1968 by parish (county) were obtained for this program directly from the Center for Population and Family Studies of the Tulane University School of Medicine.

7. Other Family Planning Programs

Two other programs which were known to be providing family planning services to medically indigent women were also surveyed:

1) The clinics of the Family Planning Centers of Los Angeles, Inc.

2) The clinics operated by Better Family Planning, Inc., in Philadelphia, a demonstration project supported by the Population Council.

8. Design, Pretesting and Fielding of the Surveys

The lack of a national family planning patient reporting system determined the method and design of the hospital and health department surveys. Based upon experience with other family planning surveys, it was expected that much of the data submitted would be difficult to interpret. Simple questionnaires were believed essential to secure the largest possible response, minimize the difficulties for survey coders and reduce the possibility of error for respondents.

The questionnaires (see Section III-G) were thus designed to ask a minimum of questions and to place emphasis on defining family planning as any medical means by which conception is prevented or postponed, including the rhythm method. (The questionnaires noted that other terms for family planning include fertility regulation, contraception, birth control, planned parenthood.) A distinction was drawn between patients and visits. Although more detailed questionnaires might have aided in interpreting the data, longer forms were less likely to yield adequate returns.

Eight cities were selected for field testing of the survey instruments. Criteria for selection included whether or not they had a hospital family planning clinic, an OEO-funded project, an MIC project or a PPWP Affiliate. Approximately 10 days in the field during December 1968 were devoted to pretesting the hospital and PP Affiliate survey instruments and obtaining information on the family planning activities of related MIC Projects and CAP Agencies.

All of the questionnaires were mailed during the first two weeks in January, accompanied by letters which explained the purposes of the surveys. The hospital questionnaires were directed to the Chiefs of Ob/Gyn, with information copies to hospital administrators and to the executives of the state hospital associations.*

Completion rates for collection of service data are shown in Table III (following page):

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* We are indebted to John Bowen of Bio-Dynamics, Inc., for making the results of these questionnaires available.

* The American Hospital Association did not co-sponsor the survey, but did lend its approval, which was noted in the covering letter.

TABLE III. COMPLETION RATES FOR COLLECTION OF SERVICE DATA

Agency	Total Number of Agencies in Universe	Total Number of Agencies, Data Obtained*	Total Number of Agencies, No Data Obtained	Completion Rate
Hospitals	469	455**	14	97%
State Health Dept. Programs	51	50***	—	98%
Planned Parenthood	128	128	—	100%
MIC Projects	50	50	—	100%

* Most of the data on patients served were obtained through the mail survey. In the case of a few non-respondents to the CFPPD hospital survey, data were obtained from recent surveys conducted by the New Jersey and Pennsylvania Hospital Associations.

** Data were obtained for 455 out of the total of 469 hospitals surveyed: Affirmative data were coded for 435 hospitals; 20 others reported no organized family planning services during fiscal 1968.

*** One state department of health (Tennessee) did not respond to the survey; information on some county programs in the state was obtained directly from the programs and was entered in the file.

9. Estimation of Medical Indigency Status of Reported Patients

Since data on the income status of patients were available only for Planned Parenthood Affiliates, estimates of the number of medically indigent patients receiving family planning services through hospitals, health departments and other agencies surveyed were based on certain assumptions. It was known that different agencies (e.g., hospitals and OEO programs) have very varied eligibility requirements for free family planning services.

By definition, the medically indigent family is unable to afford the cost of private medical care and is therefore more likely to utilize clinic facilities when health services are needed. The assumption was made that the family planning services of hospitals, health departments and OEO-funded clinics (regardless of the operating agency providing the service) were, in all likelihood, utilized primarily by medically indigent women. Thus, the patient figures reported by these agencies to the surveys were coded, after editing for consistency, with no effort made to distinguish the proportion of patients who were medically indigent. This procedure undoubtedly overestimates the number of medically indigent women receiving services through these agencies, since *some* patients above the medical indigency level probably were served. In the absence of detailed socio-economic data on the characteristics of patients, however, there was no alternative but to accept the reported figures as representing medically indigent patients.

Planned Parenthood Affiliates serve both the medically indigent and those at slightly higher income levels. Income, family size and parity data on new patients served by a representative sample of 21 Affiliates which participate in the Automated Record System (ARS) were used to develop a procedure for estimating the number of medically indigent patients in all Planned Parenthood clinics.* The income/family size standards developed by the Social Security Administration to define the "near-poverty" level** (adjusted upward to reflect the cost of living increase since 1966) were applied to the actual data obtained from the ARS on income and family size of new patients in the 21 sample Affiliates.

The estimating procedure assumes that the distribution of medical indigency status is the same for new and old patients since the proportion of Planned Parenthood's new patients with incomes below $75 weekly has been relatively constant for nearly a decade when changes in consumer prices are taken into account. It also assumes that the proportion of patients who are medically indigent does not vary significantly between Affiliates participating in the ARS and those which do not. The method is based on the linear correlation (positive) between the percentage of new patients who are medically indigent and the average number of living children of all new patients.

For ease in calculation, the estimation of the percentage of patients who are medically indigent was undertaken in two steps. The first step involves calculation of medically indigent new patients as a percentage of all patients with weekly incomes of $100 or less. The second step adjusts this percentage to apply to all new patients, including those with incomes of $100 or more.

To develop the estimating formula, individual patient records from the 21 sample Affiliates for the first quarter of 1968 – approximately 10,000 cases – were classified according to the SSA poverty, near-poverty and non-poverty standards, and by weekly incomes below and above $100. This procedure established for each Affiliate the number and percent of all new patients who were medically indigent, and the number of new patients with weekly incomes below $100. The proportion, all medically indigent patients divided by the total number of new patients with incomes below $100, (Y), and the average number of living children per patient per Affiliate, (X), was then plotted on a graph and the linear regression was calculated. The resulting equation is: $Y = 36.2 + 19.6X$.

As would be expected, the degree of association between Y and X was high, with a correlation coefficient of .85. (A coefficient of 1.0 indicates perfect correlation.) When the values of Y obtained from calculation of the regression equation are compared with the actual values obtained for the 21 sample Affiliates from ARS records, the average difference was five percentage points.

Calculated values of Y were then multiplied by the ratio of new patients with weekly incomes below $100 to the total number of new patients reporting an income, in order to convert Y to YZ (the percentage of *all* new patients who are medically indigent). Thus,

$$YZ = \frac{\text{number of medically indigent patients}}{\text{total number of patients with incomes below \$100}} \times \frac{\text{total number of patients with incomes below \$100}}{\text{total number of patients with known incomes}}$$

This method was applied to all Affiliates regardless of whether they participated in the ARS. Since the Affiliate survey provided data by clinic location, it was possible to obtain figures on the medically indigent proportion of the total caseload for each clinic by applying the percentages derived from the procedure described above, and these figures were entered into the file.

The estimates are subject to some error, in that the basic data from which they are derived represent the average for each Affiliate. Some Affiliates operate more than one clinic (i.e., in different locations) and, hence, the estimate for an individual clinic is expected to show some deviation from the average for the Affiliate. For hospital, health department, and OEO clinics operated by Planned Parenthood Affiliates, the assumption was made that these clinics were primarily utilized by medically indigent patients, and the figures for those individual clinics were coded as reported. This followed the assumption used for reports from health department, hospital and OEO clinics operated by other agencies, as noted above.

10. Coding Methodology and Elimination of Duplications

The nature of the data obtained from the hospital, health department

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[*] The procedure was developed by Eleanor Snyder, Ph.D., Director, and George Varky, Research Economist of PPWP's Department of Research.

[**] Orshansky, op. cit.

and MIC project surveys was so diverse as to require formal methods of analysis and interpretation in order to yield an approximation of the number of family planning patients served by these agencies.

For the hospital survey, responses to the questions regarding the location and organization of the services (i.e., separate family planning clinic, postpartum clinic, etc.), the number of visits and the average number of visits per patient were used to interpret the figures on patients served. Hospitals with separately organized family planning clinics were best able to provide relatively firm statistics on the number of women served. In those instances where figures were available only for the number of visits, the respondent was usually able to estimate the number of patients based on an annual average of two to three visits per patient.

More ambiguous responses were provided by hospitals in which family planning services were delivered through obstetric and postpartum clinics. In these cases other sources were used to validate or modify the response. A similar procedure was adopted where the respondent could not provide separate patient data on family planning, or where the figures entered were questionable (when checked, for example, against the number of deliveries for that hospital). For example, the University of Michigan study of Ob/Gyn residency programs yielded data for most of the 238 responding hospitals reporting the provision of family planning services on: the number of non-private deliveries; postpartum return rates of non-private patients and percentages of postpartum patients receiving family planning care. These rates were used to calculate an estimate of the hospitals' new family planning patients in the study year. To estimate continuing patients from the previous years it was assumed that approximately the same number of postpartum patients were provided family planning services in the previous year and that half of them returned for an annual re-examination in FY 1968. This percentage was applied to the previous year's new patients to yield a figure for continuing patients. Continuing and new patients were combined to estimate the total number of women receiving family planning services through the hospitals. Table IV (below) illustrates the estimating method employed on the data obtained from the Michigan study.

Responses to the CFPPD survey from hospital programs which had also responded to the Michigan questionnaire were compared with the patient estimates derived through this method. Where the Michigan-derived estimates were judged to be more accurate than the response to the CFPPD survey, the former were coded; this occurred in less than 10 percent of the cases.

Additional resources used for validating hospital responses were the AHA report on the number of births for each hospital, and the previous hospital family planning surveys conducted by Planned Parenthood-World Population and the two state hospital associations. For the hospitals least able to identify the number of family planning patients (usually those whose services were provided through gynecological or general outpatient clinics) the figures submitted were analyzed by employing a method similar to that illustrated in Table IV. However, since data on postpartum return rates and on the proportion of all deliveries which were non-private were not available for these hospitals, it was conservatively estimated that 50 percent of all deliveries returned for postpartum care and 50 percent of the postpartum patients received family planning. Where the respondents stated that no estimate could be made, the analyst did not attempt to determine a figure. In 28 such cases, the hospitals were coded in the report as providing services, but no patient figures were assigned.

The data provided on family planning activities of health department programs also posed certain difficulties. When responses from the surveys of Maternal and Child Health programs and Maternity and Infant Care projects were checked against previous reports to the Children's Bureau and the American Public Health Association, the figures in some instances were not comparable. In dealing with the incomparability of the data, no single method was used to substantiate or modify the estimates. In most instances the procedure was to write or telephone the respondent and, where possible, to consult with persons at the local level who were considered knowledgeable about the delivery of family planning services through health department clinics.

Two state health departments presented particular problems in the coding of the data by county. Tennessee had reported some county data to the APHA survey but did not respond to the CFPPD study. Information was obtained for some Tennessee counties from other sources, and these figures were coded.

The response from the Virginia Health Department was scrutinized closely for a number of reasons. The Department had reported 59,673 family planning patients to the APHA for FY 1967, and 24,899 to the Children's Bureau for the same fiscal period. Furthermore, figures obtained from the health departments in Richmond, Norfolk and Alexandria for the PPWP 1967 SMSA study* had been questioned by two PPWP Affiliates in the state. (Through OEO funding, these Affiliates had assigned personnel to provide educational services in several public health clinics and were thus quite knowledgeable about the service levels in their areas.) In response to the CFPPD survey, the state health department reported a statewide total of 30,628 patients in FY 1968. Further checking with the health department, the Affiliates involved and other resources made clear that the county and state figures reported by the state health department probably represented visits, not patients; and there was some evidence that the figures may have represented cumulative visits since 1960. Moreover, it was apparent that "patients" did not necessarily mean women receiving medical family planning services; in some counties it appeared to define educational contacts. Therefore, since the data provided by the state could not be distributed among the counties and independent cities, only the data for Norfolk and Richmond, where estimates could be made based on informed local judgment, were coded.

In relation to all channels through which services were reported, a further difficulty arose from duplicate reporting as a consequence of the multiple participation of agencies in the delivery of these services in some public health or hospital facilities. Thus, the patient

TABLE IV. ESTIMATING METHOD FOR HOSPITAL CLINICS (BASED ON MICHIGAN STUDY)

Number of non-private deliveries	Estimated postpartum return rate	Estimated number of patients returning postpartum	Estimated % of postpartum patients receiving family planning	Estimated number of new family planning patients (N)	Estimated number of continuing patients from previous year	Estimated total number of family planning patients (P)
2,000	80%	1,600	80%	1,280	640 (50% N)	1,920 (N + 50% N = P)

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* F. S. Jaffe and C. J. Bernsohn, *Closing the Gap in Subsidized Family Planning Services in 110 SMSAs with More Than 250,000 Population*, PPWP, 1967.

served by a Planned Parenthood Affiliate using its staff and budget in a health department location was often reported twice, as was the patient served by a health department in a hospital clinic. If the services were funded by an MIC project grant, the same patient could appear on three different reports.

An attempt was made to sort out these duplications when the data were entered on the county worksheet used for keypunching. This worksheet was designed so that all facilities and agencies could be identified with the patient data each claimed in their responses to the Center survey. Reported figures were entered in the appropriate agency columns assigned to hospitals, Planned Parenthood clinics, health departments, MIC projects, OEO programs (other than health department, Planned Parenthood or hospital-operated) and other organized family planning services. (For a copy of the worksheet, see Section III-G.)

These separate figures were then examined, county by county, against the reported addresses for the particular facilities. In many cases, it was clear that two or more agencies were reporting the same patients. The duplicated data were then recorded on the worksheet in the overlap column. The data did not permit a determination to be made of which agency was primarily responsible for providing the services in these cases of duplicate reporting, and no attempt was made to ascribe the patients to one or another service agency. In instances where the state MCH director reported that family planning services were available in some counties, or in the state as a whole, only through an MIC project, the figure provided was entered only in the MIC column. All columns were totaled and the estimated figure for patients served through all agencies was obtained by subtotaling the agency columns and subtracting the overlap figures. Patients reported by MIC projects but who were also reported by the agencies providing the family planning service (e.g., health departments or hospitals) accounted for the largest single part of the overlap total. The balance consists of patients duplicated usually as a consequence of multiple service agency involvement in a single location.

It should be emphasized that this procedure eliminated only the most obvious duplications, leaving an unknown amount of duplication in the published figures. Nevertheless, it provided at least a minimum estimate of the extent of duplicate reporting: Even after the survey responses were edited for consistency and visit data translated into patient figures, of the 839,058 patients claimed as family planning patients in the separate responses of health departments, hospitals, Planned Parenthood Affiliates and other clinics, 64,532 or eight percent were weeded out as obvious duplications, leaving a net figure of 773,111 patients served in FY 1968 by all agencies.

The estimated unmet need for family planning services in each county (Column 10) was derived by subtracting the total served (Column 9) from the total in need (Column 8). The percent unserved is presented in Column 11.

E. SELECTED HEALTH AND DEMOGRAPHIC INDICES

Basic population and socio-economic information was employed in this study to approximate the size or *scope* of need for subsidized family planning services. In addition, a number of health and demographic indices were assembled as approximate measures of the *intensity* of need for family planning services. These include data on infant mortality, birth order, illegitimacy and prematurity, since the reduction of these rates is among the significant secondary objectives of a family planning program.

1. Infant Mortality and Excess Infant Deaths

The infant mortality rate used (Column 12) is the average number of deaths of infants under one-year per 1,000 live births, by residence of mother, in the five-year period 1961-65. The number of these deaths in excess of 17.8 per 1,000 live births is presented in Column 13.

These data are derived from the Children's Bureau Study of excess infant deaths done by the George Washington University Operational and Demographic Analysis for Maternal and Child Health Project.[*]

The number of excess infant deaths was calculated for each county by multiplying the positive difference between 17.8 and the actual recorded infant mortality rate for each county by the number of births for the five-year period. The rate of 17.8 represents the upper limit of the first decile in the U.S. array of county rates for 1961-65, as defined in the Children's Bureau Study:

> The concept of excess infant mortality in an area is based on the difference between the actual number of infant deaths occurring there in the stipulated period of time, and the smaller number which would have occurred if a lower death rate, which had been achieved by certain other areas, had prevailed in the area in question. In these studies, the five-year county infant mortality rate which occupied the tenth percentile position in the national array of county rates was selected as the ceiling risk above which newborn populations should not be exposed. In counties with infant mortality rates equal to or lower than the tenth percentile rate, there were by definition no excess deaths. For all other counties, the excess was estimated, as just mentioned, by the difference between actual numbers of deaths and numbers expected if the tenth percentile rate prevailed.[**]

To conform to the geographic coding employed in this study, information for a small number of locations identified in the Children's Bureau publication was combined, as indicated earlier (Section III-A).

A special problem was presented by the infant mortality rate for New York City which, in the Children's Bureau publication, represents a summary for the entire city with no separate figures for the five individual counties. To obtain county data for this study, infant mortality rates for each county in New York City were summarized from data available at the Bureau of Records and Statistics of the New York City Health Department. For the five-year period 1961-65, the New York City records provided a total of 767,483 live births, which is 23,509 less than the 790,992, shown in the Children's Bureau study.[***] This difference may be attributed to the fact that the N.Y.C. Health Department does not record births to city residents occurring outside of the city, whereas the National Center for Health Statistics, which provided the basic data for the Children's Bureau study, does allocate such births to residence of mothers.

National and state infant mortality rates shown are taken directly from the cited source. Totals for excess infant deaths were calculated after adjustments described above.

2. Estimated Fertility Rates

Data on births in each county in 1966 was secured from the natality tape file provided by the Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics, Health Services and Mental Health Administration, USPHS, DHEW.[†] The 1966 natality tapes represent a 50 percent sample of all births occurring in the United States, and the data are therefore subject to some sampling error, particularly in respect to counties with small populations.*

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[*] U.S. Children's Bureau, *Infant and Perinatal Mortality Rates by Age and Color: U.S., Each State and County, 1956-60, 1961-65,* 1968.

[**] *Ibid.*, p. VII.

[***] *Ibid.* p. 252.

[†] The cooperation and assistance of Robert D. Grove, Ph.D., Director; Robert A. Israel, M.S., Deputy Director; and John E. Patterson, Chief, Natality Statistics Branch, is gratefully acknowledged.

Data summarized by county from the 1966 natality tapes and used in this study (Columns 14-18) were based on place of residence of mother. Estimated county fertility rates (Column 14) – the number of births per 1,000 women aged 15 to 44 – were calculated using 1966 births to women aged 15 to 44 as the numerator and the Census Bureau estimate of women aged 15 to 44 in 1966 as the denominator.

3. Birth Order, Illegitimacy and Prematurity

Data on live birth order is based on the number of children born alive to the mother, including the birth in 1966. Live first births (Column 15) and live births of fifth or higher birth order (Column 16) are presented as percents of all live births in the county.

Out-of-wedlock births were reported in 1966 in 34 states and the District of Columbia. For these states, the ratio of out-of-wedlock births per 1,000 live births (illegitimacy ratio) is presented in Column 17. No ratio is shown for the following 16 states which did not report out-of-wedlock births:

Arizona
Arkansas
California
Colorado
Connecticut
Georgia
Idaho
Maryland
Massachusetts
Montana
Nebraska
New Hampshire
New Mexico
New York
Oklahoma
Vermont

An index of prematurity by weight is presented in Column 18, using infants weighing 2,500 grams or less at birth as the numerator, and all live births as the denominator.

F. EXISTING AND POTENTIAL RESOURCES FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS

In collecting service data, the study gathered information on existing family planning programs under a variety of auspices. In addition, a considerable amount of data was assembled on resources in each county which are potentially available for delivery of family planning medical services or for participation in a family planning program. These potential resources were defined as: 1) existing health service agencies and personnel in both public and private sectors; 2) special health projects relevant to maternal or family health care; and 3) other organizational resources and supportive programs. The array of information (Columns 19-36) provides a brief summary of the major resources available in each county which might participate in expansion of family planning programs.

1. Physicians

Data on non-federal physicians in patient care (Columns 19-24) were extracted from the American Medical Association's master tape file of all physicians in the U.S. and possessions for 1968, comprising approximately 300,000 names.** Counts were run of the number of physicians in each county categorized in three groupings:

Physicians – The number of physicians, defined by the AMA as not employed by governmental agencies, who are in active practice delivering medical care to patients. Excluded, for example, are physicians primarily concerned with research, administration and full-time teaching; also excluded are interns, residents and fellows. Column 19 presents the total number of physicians as defined above, with office addresses in the county. Column 20 presents the ratio of this number per 100,000 population, using as the denominator the Census estimate of 1966 population.

General practitioners – The number of physicians included in Column 19 who identify their primary specialty as "general practice." Column 21 presents their number, and Column 22 the ratio of general practitioners per 100,000 population, derived in the same manner as described above.

Obstetrician-Gynecologists – The number of physicians included in Column 19 who identify their primary specialty as "obstetrics and gynecology." Column 23 presents the number, and Column 24 the ratio of obstetrician-gynecologists per 100,000 population, again derived in the same manner as described above.

2. Hospitals* and Medical Schools

From the American Hospital Association's (AHA) 1967 Annual Survey tape the following information for each county was extracted: The number of short-term, general service, non-profit hospitals** reporting births, operated by private agencies and non-federal governmental agencies, including, however, the Public Health Service and Indian Health Service hospitals. The number of these hospitals is presented in Column 25. Births in 1967 in these hospitals, as reported to AHA, are presented in Column 26.

All hospitals which reported providing organized family planning services in fiscal 1968 in response to the CFPPD survey are enumerated in Column 27. (See Section III-D.)

The 1967 *American Medical Association Directory* lists 89 approved medical schools in the United States. A bullet (•) in Column 28 denotes the location in a county of one or more of these approved schools.

3. OEO Programs

Columns 29-31 summarize Office of Economic Opportunity programs of special relevance to the expansion of family planning services.

Community Action Agencies (CAAs) are the local groups which organize and direct the anti-poverty program in each community. Counties with functioning CAAs, as of August 1968, are identified by a bullet in Column 29; the list was derived from *Community Action Agency Atlas* (OEO Manual 6003-1, August 1, 1968) which enumerates 1,012 CAAs throughout the country. Many CAAs operate in more than one county; thus the total number of counties with active CAAs is 2,016.

OEO Family Planning Project grants have been a major source of funds for expansion of family planning services since 1966. The grants are usually administered by the CAA and delegated to a health department, Planned Parenthood Affiliate or other agency for operation of the family planning service. Counties with one or more OEO family planning project grants, as of November, 1968, are noted by a bullet in Column 30, identified from a list compiled by Bio-Dynamics, Inc., of Cambridge, Massachusetts, for a survey which they conducted for OEO in the fall of 1968. Their cooperation in making this and other data available is gratefully acknowledged.

OEO Neighborhood Health Center grants are designed to establish programs in urban or rural areas to provide comprehensive health care to low-income families. Counties with one or more OEO-funded Neighborhood Health Centers, as of October 1968, are identified by a bullet in Column 31, from a list supplied by the Office of Health Services, Community Action Program, OEO.

4. Other Federal and Local Resources

Columns 32-36 summarize other federally supported programs and local resources relevant to the provision or support of family planning services.

---

* See National Center for Health Statistics, *Vital Statistics of the United States, 1966*, Volume I, Section 4.

** *Distribution of Physicians in U.S.*, American Medical Association, Chicago, (various years).

* For assistance and cooperation in securing data from the American Hospital Association, we are indebted to James P. Cooney, Ph.D., Director, Bureau of Research Services and Allen S. Stone, Director, Division of Data Collection.

** Non-profit excludes proprietary hospitals.

Model City grants, administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), have been awarded to enable cities to plan and develop needed programs in housing, employment, education, social and health services (including family planning). As of December 1968, according to information reported by HUD, 130 cities had been awarded Model City planning grants. Counties with one or more of these grants are identified by a bullet in Column 32.

Maternity and Infant Care (MIC) Project grants, administered by the Children's Bureau, SRS, DHEW, have made it possible for some local health departments and hospitals to provide comprehensive health and social services (including family planning) to "high-risk" mothers and infants, particularly in low-income areas. As of 1968, 50 MIC projects were functioning in 80 communities. Counties with one or more MIC projects in fiscal 1968 are identified by a bullet in Column 33.

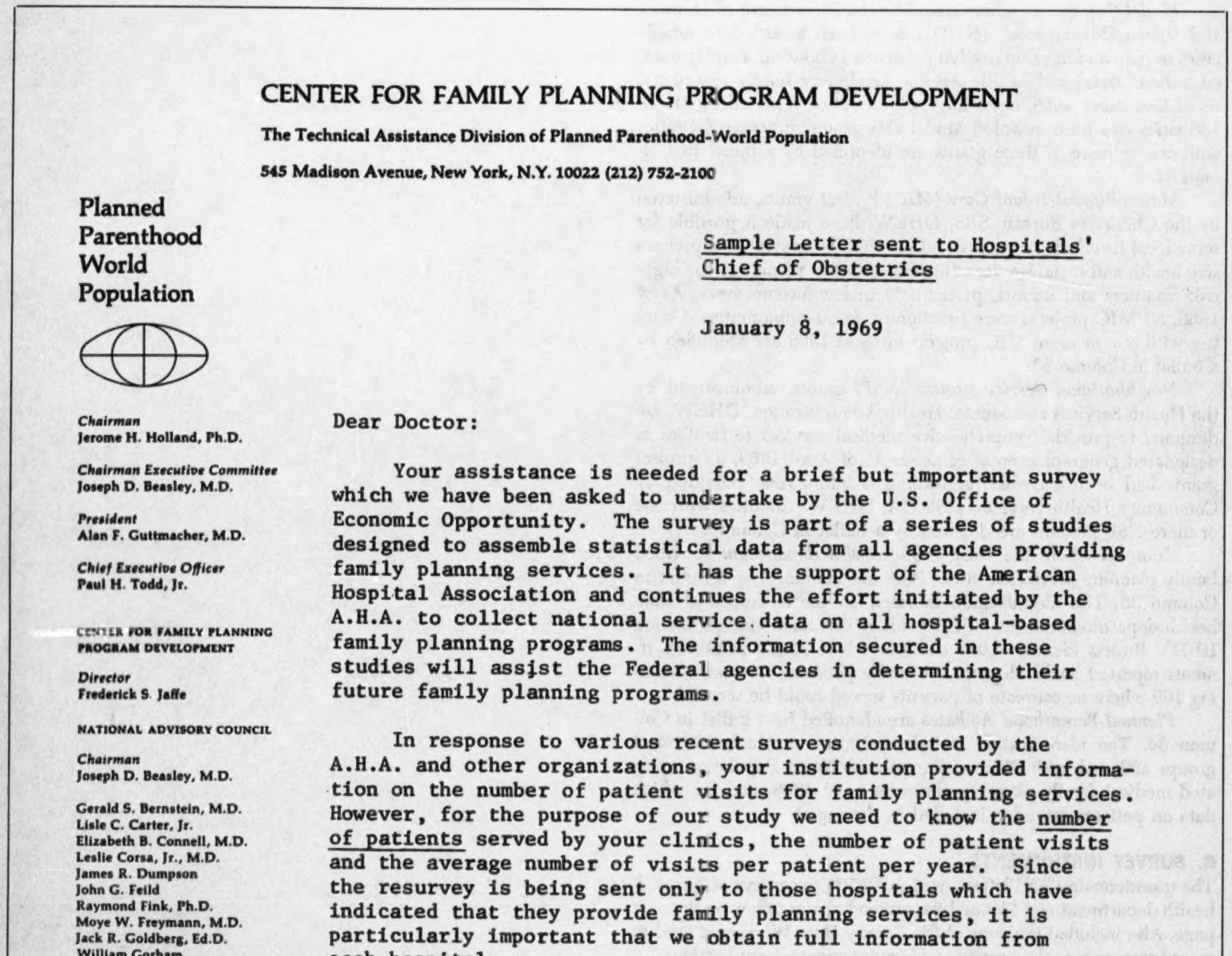
Neighborhood Service Project (NSP) grants, administered by the Health Services and Mental Health Administration, DHEW, are designed to provide comprehensive medical services to families in designated geographic areas of need. As of April 1969, 17 project grants had been awarded, according to information provided by Community Health Services, HSMHA, DHEW. Counties with one or more NSP projects are denoted by a bullet in Column 34.

Counties where the *local public health department* provided family planning services in fiscal 1968 are identified by a bullet in Column 35. The identification is based on the responses of state health departments to the CFPPD survey discussed above (Section III-D). Bullets identify 1,031 counties where state health departments reported health department family planning services, including 169 where no estimate of patients served could be secured.

Planned Parenthood Affiliates are identified by a bullet in Column 36. The identification includes counties in which 128 local groups affiliated with Planned Parenthood-World Population operated medical family planning clinics in fiscal 1968, and for which data on patients served is included in the report.

G. SURVEY INSTRUMENTS

The questionnaires and letters used in CFPPD's surveys of hospital, health department and Planned Parenthood clinics follow on the next page. Also included is a copy of the County Data Worksheet used to record responses to the surveys and sort out apparent duplications.



CENTER FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT
The Technical Assistance Division of Planned Parenthood-World Population
545 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022 (212) 752-2100

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Sample Letter sent to Hospitals'
Chief of Obstetrics

January 8, 1969

Dear Doctor:

Your assistance is needed for a brief but important survey which we have been asked to undertake by the U.S. Office of Economic Opportunity. The survey is part of a series of studies designed to assemble statistical data from all agencies providing family planning services. It has the support of the American Hospital Association and continues the effort initiated by the A.H.A. to collect national service data on all hospital-based family planning programs. The information secured in these studies will assist the Federal agencies in determining their future family planning programs.

In response to various recent surveys conducted by the A.H.A. and other organizations, your institution provided information on the number of patient visits for family planning services. However, for the purpose of our study we need to know the number of patients served by your clinics, the number of patient visits and the average number of visits per patient per year. Since the resurvey is being sent only to those hospitals which have indicated that they provide family planning services, it is particularly important that we obtain full information from each hospital.

Would you be kind enough to fill out the enclosed questionnaire and return it to us by January 18, 1969? A stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed for your convenience in replying.

Your cooperation is deeply appreciated and we thank you for taking the necessary time in behalf of this project.

Sincerely, yours,

Alan F. Guttmacher, M.D.
President

Raymond L. Lerner
Director of Planning

th: 12/30/68

CENTER FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT
PLANNED PARENTHOOD-WORLD POPULATION

Seq. #________

Hospital Family Planning Survey

Name of Hospital________________________________

Street Address__________ (Number) ____________________ (Street)

__________ (City) __________ (County) __________ (State) ________ (Zip Code)

---

1. **Does your hospital provide medical services in family planning? Family planning is defined as any medical means by which conception is prevented or postponed. It is also called fertility regulation, contraception, birth control, planned parenthood and includes the rhythm method.**

Yes_____ No_____

If so, are these services provided through (Check all that apply):

_____ family planning clinic organized separately from other clinics

_____ combined obstetrics/gynecology clinic

_____ separately organized gynecology clinic

_____ maternity clinic and/or separately organized post partum clinic

_____ other (Specify)______________________________

2. **Please enter the following patient data for fiscal year 1968** (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968):

Total Number Family Planning Patients Served (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968)	
Total Number Family Planning Patient Visits (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968)	
Average Number of Visits per Patient per Year (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968)	

____
(Name of Respondent — Please Print)

____
(Title)

____
(Date)

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Sample of Letter sent to Hospital
Directors of Maternal and Child Health

January 10, 1969

Dear

The Center for Family Planning Program Development, under contract to the Office of Economic Opportunity, is conducting surveys of health departments, hospitals, and clinics in the United States which provide family planning services.

The purpose of the present brief but important survey of health departments, which has the support of the American Public Health Association, is to obtain current service level data on family planning clinics administered or financed through state and local health departments. Such programs would include Maternal and Child Health programs, Maternity and Infant Care Projects, and other programs which may exist in particular localities.

We have been close consultation with Dr. Donald Harting, Director of the Family Planning Program of the APHA, in relation to previous APHA studies, since the present survey continues these efforts.

In response to the APHA's 1967 questionnaire, information was provided on the number of clinics and patients served in your state for a one-year period. For your convenience, we have listed on the enclosed worksheet the counties for which services were reported.

Would you please be kind enough to enter on the enclosed form the requested data for each county for Fiscal Year 1968 (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968), as follows:

(Please list additional counties where applicable, and delete any where services were not provided in Fiscal Year 1968.)

Column I:	Name of county where any medical family planning service administered or financed by the health department was delivered during Fiscal Year 1968. (Exclude any service providing only referrals.)
Column II:	Number of clinic locations within the county for Fiscal Year 1968.

Column III: Total number of family planning patients served during Fiscal Year 1968.

Column IV: If data available to you permit only a rough estimate for Column III, please indicate by a check (✓) in Column IV.

Column V: If figure in Column III includes MIC Project patients, please enter in Column V the number (or your best estimate) of MIC patients included.

We would also appreciate receiving from you the name and address of each clinic location where patients currently receive family planning service. Such information received from health departments, hospitals, clinics, and other agencies will enable us to assemble a national list of service locations which we believe will be of great value to the health field.

We would deeply appreciate the return of this form by January 24, 1969. A stamped, self-addressed envelope has been enclosed for your convenience.

Thank you very much for your valued assistance in this project. Any additional comments you wish to make will be most welcome.

Data from this and the other national studies we are conducting will be available on request.

Sincerely yours,

Alan F. Guttmacher, M.D.
President

Raymond C. Lerner
Director of Planning

AFG/RCL:tr
enclosure

CENTER FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT
PLANNED PARENTHOOD-WORLD POPULATION

Survey of Family Planning Services Administered or Financed by Health Departments

Name of Respondent____________________ **State**______________ **Seq. #**__________

Title ____

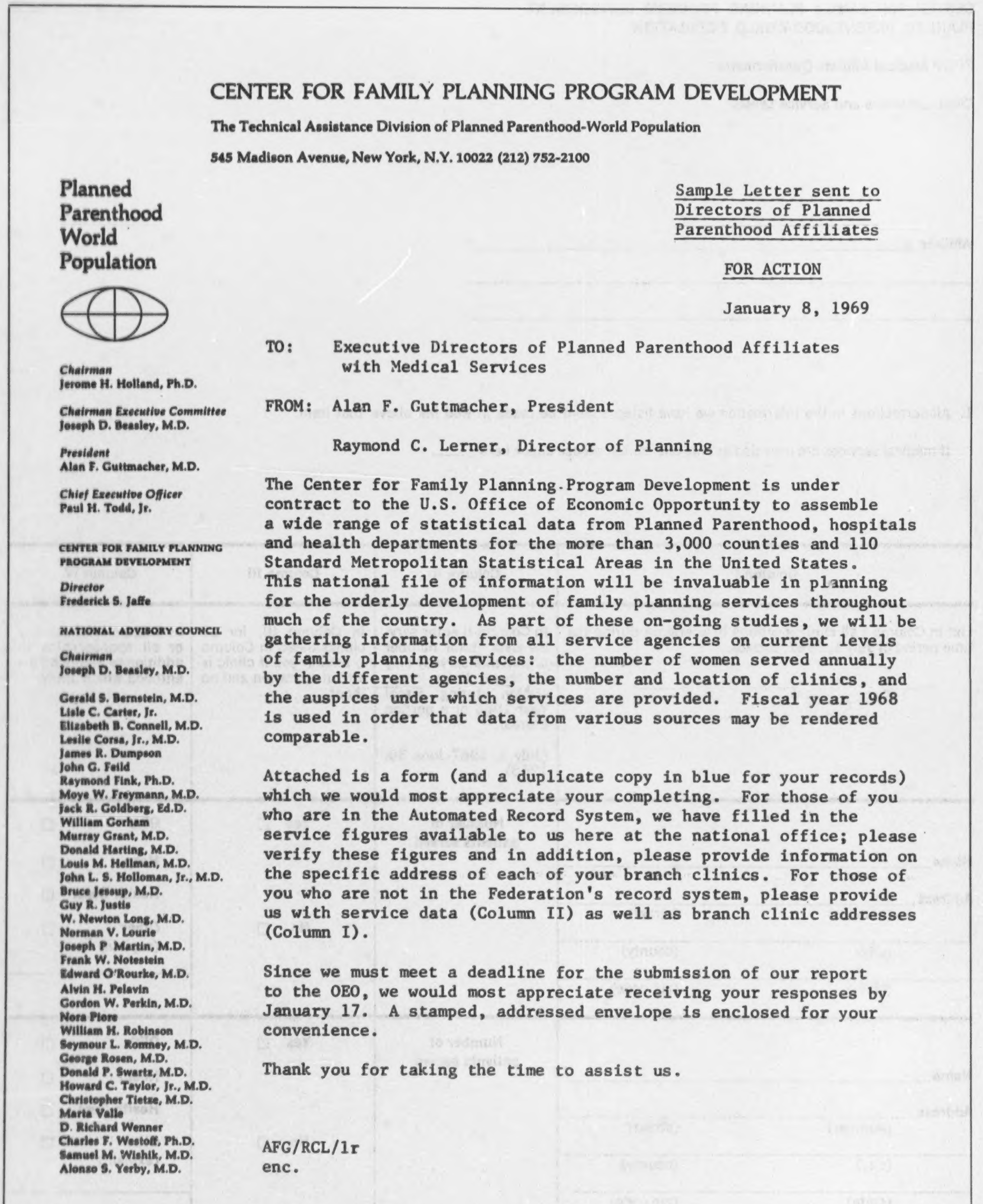
Date ____

(Family Planning is defined as any medical means by which conception is prevented or postponed. It is also called fertility regulation, contraception, birth control, planned parenthood, and includes the rhythm method.)

1. **If there have not been any family planning services provided by or through the state or local health departments, please check here __ and return form to us.**

2. **If family planning services were administered or financed by the state or local health departments during fiscal year 1968 (July 1, 1967 - June 30, 1968), please list below the following information for each county:**

I Name of county	II Number of clinics in county during Fiscal Year 1968	III Total number of family planning patients served during Fiscal Year 1968	IV If figure in Column III is estimate, check here	V Number of MIC project patients included in Column III (if any)



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The Technical Assistance Division of Planned Parenthood-World Population

545 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022 (212) 752-2100

Planned
Parenthood
World
Population

Sample Letter sent to
Directors of Planned
Parenthood Affiliates

FOR ACTION

January 8, 1969

TO: Executive Directors of Planned Parenthood Affiliates with Medical Services

FROM: Alan F. Guttmacher, President

Raymond C. Lerner, Director of Planning

The Center for Family Planning Program Development is under contract to the U.S. Office of Economic Opportunity to assemble a wide range of statistical data from Planned Parenthood, hospitals and health departments for the more than 3,000 counties and 110 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas in the United States. This national file of information will be invaluable in planning for the orderly development of family planning services throughout much of the country. As part of these on-going studies, we will be gathering information from all service agencies on current levels of family planning services: the number of women served annually by the different agencies, the number and location of clinics, and the auspices under which services are provided. Fiscal year 1968 is used in order that data from various sources may be rendered comparable.

Attached is a form (and a duplicate copy in blue for your records) which we would most appreciate your completing. For those of you who are in the Automated Record System, we have filled in the service figures available to us here at the national office; please verify these figures and in addition, please provide information on the specific address of each of your branch clinics. For those of you who are not in the Federation's record system, please provide us with service data (Column II) as well as branch clinic addresses (Column I).

Since we must meet a deadline for the submission of our report to the OEO, we would most appreciate receiving your responses by January 17. A stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed for your convenience.

Thank you for taking the time to assist us.

AFG/RCL/lr
enc.

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CENTER FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT
PLANNED PARENTHOOD-WORLD POPULATION

Seq. #________

PPWP Medical Affiliate Questionnaire

Clinic Locations and Service Levels

Affiliate____

1. All corrections in the information we have listed should be made in Red Ink above that item.

If medical services are provided at only one center, please check here _____.

Column I	Column II	Column III	Column IV
List in Column I all clinic locations in operation during the time period of July 1, 1967, to date.	In Column II enter service data (total number of patients served) only for those clinics in operation during Fiscal Year 1968 or a portion thereof. (July 1, 1967-June 30, 1968)	In Column III, for all clinics listed in Column I, answer yes if clinic is still in operation and no if not.	In Column IV check any or all sponsorships in addition to Planned Parenthood which apply.
Name________ Address________ (number) (street) (city) (county) (state) (zip code)	Number of patients served	Yes ☐ No ☐	OEO ☐ Hosp. ☐ Health Dept. ☐ Other (explain) ☐
Name________ Address________ (number) (street) (city) (county) (state) (zip code)	Number of patients served	Yes ☐ No ☐	OEO ☐ Hosp. ☐ Health Dept. ☐ Other (explain) ☐

CENTER FOR FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT
PLANNED PARENTHOOD-WORLD POPULATION

COUNTY DATA WORKSHEET

STATE ____________________

COUNTY ____________________

CODED BY ________ DATE ________

CHECKED BY ________ DATE ________

SHEET ______ OF ________

NO. OF FAMILY PLANNING PATIENTS FY '68

FACILITY IDENTIFICATION	HOSPITAL	PP	HD	MIC	OEO	OTHER	SUB-TOTAL	ASSUMED OVERLAP	COUNTY TOTAL
PATIENT TOTAL									

FACILITY SUMMARY	NO. OF HOSPITALS SURVEYED	NO. OF HOSPITAL RESPONSES	NO. OF HOSPITAL F.P. SERV.	NO. OF PP CLINICS	NO. OF HD CLINICS	NO. OF MIC FACIL.	NO. OF OEO FACIL.	NO. OF OTHER FACIL.

CODING COMPLETE FOR K.P. ☐

DATE ____________________

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